political crisis, Page 28

World News

US, Soviet arms control rallies talks make headway

The United States and the Soviet Union said they had made progress at the start of two days of arms control negotiations in Moscow between Mr Eduard loan losses, loan loss provision and nonaccrual loans from the ciem Minister, and Mr George of arms control negotiations in Moscow between Mr Eduard Shevardnadze, the Soviet For-eign Minister, and Mr George Schultz, the US Secretary of

State.

The two sides are trying to agree final details of a treaty banning medium and short-range nuclear weapons and to decide a date for a super-

Battle for Jaffna

Indian troops and Tamil rebels were locked in battle for con-trol of Jaffna as Sri Lankan politicians squabbled over details of a peace accord. Page 4

Laurel urges amnesty Philippines Vice-President Salvador Laurel called for amnesty for coup plotters who renounce violence as extra security was ordered for President Corazon Aquino after the military learned of a plot to kill or kid-

Literature prize

Soviet poet Joseph Brodsky, once sentenced to a labour camp and now living in exile in the US, won the Nobel Prize in Literature.

Sikh rally stopped

Militant Sikhs failed to hold a planned rally at the Golden Temple as paramilitary govern-ment police surrounded the holy Sikh shrine. Police enforced a curfew in Amritsar after ar-rests of about 250 Sikhs.

Township violence

A 10-year-old boy was beheaded and two more people were killed in a series of attacks in the violence-plagued black townships of Pietermaritzburg. Police also said that 533 people, mostly black, were arrested in the township of Soweto and other areas around Johannesburg.

War game deaths

Three civilians were killed and three British soldiers were seriously injured in separate accidents during military exercises in northern West Germany. The manoeuvres involved 33,000 sol-diers from Britain, Belgium, the Netherlands

Murphy in Syria

US Assistant Secretary of State Richard Murphy met Syrian Vice President Abdul Halim Khaddam in Damascus for talks on the Middle East, the Gulf war

Tokvo plane crash

A light plane crashed into a public bath house in northern Japan killing all three people on board. There were no immediate reports of injuries on the ground. The bath house had not opened when the Cessna plane slammed into the roof.

US bases in Greece Greece and the United States will reopen talks on the future of four US military bases on No-

vember 9. Page 3 Candidate teargassed

Roh Tae Woo, presidential can-didate of South Korea's ruling Democratic Justice Party was teargassed for a second day as he campaigned in the prov-

Dinosaur find Canadian and Chinese scientists announced they have exca-vated fossils of one of what could be a new species of car-nivorous dinosaur up to 30 me-tres (100 feet) long.

Missionaries freed

Four British missionaries dein Lusaka cells. No charges have been pressed against the

Business Summary

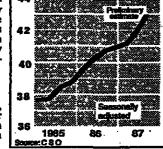
BankAm back into profit

previous quarter. Page 29

FERMENTA, Swedish animal health and chemicals group, said talks with Trans Resources Inc, privately-owned US holding company, on the sale of Fermenta's assets had broken down. Page 23

CONSUMER SPENDING in UK grew by 2½ per cent to £42.9bn(\$68.6bn) in the third quarter, against 1.7 per cent the

Consumers' Expenditure £ bn at 1980 prices



previous quarter, an annus growth rate of almost 5.2 per cent, according to preliminary figures. Page 12

ANGLO AMERICAN of South Africa's main gold mines suf-fered severe losses in their Sep-tember-quarters after the three-week strike by black min-

SINGER, formerly world's biggest sewing machine manufacturer but which now makes aerospace and marine electronic systems, reported third-quarter net earnings of \$18.2m or 80 cents a share against \$17.4m or 77 cents. Page 29

GOLD rose \$4.75 on the London bullion market to close at \$471.50 In Zurich it rose \$5.00 to

DOLLAR closed in New York at DM18175; FF16.0635; SF11.5065; Y144.95. It remained unchanged in London at DM1.8135; FF16.05; SFr15055; but rose to Y14460 figures the dollar's exchange rate index rose to 101.00 (100.9). Page 38

STERLING closed in New York at \$1.6470. It fell in London to \$1.6500 (\$1.6525); to \$F12.4850 (\$F72.4875); to FF79.9825 (FF79.9975); but rose to Y238.50 (Y238.25). The pound's exchange rate index remained unchanged at 73.4. Page 38

GENERAL Dynamics, big US defence contractor, reported an 11.5 per cent increase in third quarter net profits on improved results in its Cessna general aircraft unit and a lower income

tax rate. Page 29 SALOMON, large Wall Street investment firm that is struggling to regain control of its sprawling business, reported a collapse in earnings in the quarter to September because of weak revenues and higher securities

trading costs. Page 30 CHASE Manhattam, second largest US bank group, plans to eliminate 1,000 jobs, mainly in its US domestic operations, as it reported moderately higher underlying profits for third-quarter. Page 29

RENAULT. French state-owner RENAULT, French state-owned vehicle producer which recently withdrew from US car market, says it is seeking to increase its holding in Mack Trucks, US maker of heavy trucks. Page 29; Renault search for new sharehalders, Page 39

GOODYEAR, world's largest tyre-maker, reports a strong third-quarter improvement in profitability and increased its earnings estimate for the year to a record \$7 a share, or about \$400m. Page 29

tained by Zambian police as alleged South African agents have been freed after two weeks producer, is to raise R300m rica's second largest platinum producer, is to raise R300m (\$146.5m) from shareholders to help finance a new R406m mine. Page 31

World equities fluctuate wildly

WORLD EQUITY markets remained extremely volatile and nervous yesterday. Tokyo continued to recover strongly, Lon-don slumped again and Wall Street swung wildly in both di-

Yesterday's rise of more than 470 points in the Nikkei index of leading Japanese stocks meant that the Tokyo market had recouped 65 per cent of the ground it lost in Tuesday's re-

ground it lost in Tuesday's re-cord fall.

However, this confidence did not carry through into other eq-uity markets and both the Lon-don and US share prices fell sharply again. Bourses in Brus-sels, Amsterdam, Zurich, Milan, Stockholm and Madrid also turned lower.
The slump on the London

The slump on the London stock exchange yesterday morning came as a shock after record rises on all major exchanges on Wednesday which many traders had hoped signalled the end of this week's collapse in equity prices worldwide.

The broadly-based FT-SE 100 index dropped more than 180 points during hectic morning trading to its lowest level since the first week of January before staging a partial recovery.

the FT-SE ended yesterday 110.6 points lower at 1833.2 while the FT Ordinary index closed down 92 points at 1435.3.

BY JANET BUSH IN LONDON AND JAMES BUCHAN IN NEW YORK

Dow Jones Industrial Average

1900 Hourly

New York

FURTHER CUT IN US PRIME RATE FAILS TO RESTORE CONFIDENCE.

Friday October 23 1987

Turmoil in the markets, Page 2 Cirrational day on the London exchange, Page8 Thatcher's response, Page 15 ●Why the buils are

hopeful, Page 27 CLex. Page 28 **OCurrencies, Page 39 CLondon** stock exchange, Page 46 •World stock market reports, Page 50

termoil as wild swings in both bonds and equities highlighted of Wall Street's uncertainty about the direction of the US economy.

The New York Stock Exchange decided yesterday to temporarily shorten trading to help the market in later trading. In the first hour, the index of to help the market in later trading. In the first hour, the index of to help the market in later trading. In the first hour, the index of to help the market in later trading. In the first hour, the index of to help the market in later trading. In the first hour, the index of to help the market in later trading. In the first hour, the index of the product of the product of the loss by 2.30cm and fell below the 2,000 level at 1,899.87.

House said President Reagan backed the action.

Movements

800 Close October 22,1967 Close

London

FT-SE 100 Share Index

1900 1800 Hourly

Hourty
Movements
1700
Close October 22,1987 Clos

that he told subscribers to his telephone hot-line service that the market was probably headed downwards.

D 8523 A

In extremely nervous trading, stocks pulled back from their low point after news that sever-al major US banks had cut their prime rates to 9 per cent and when the Federal Reserve Board, the US central bank, made generous movements to add liquidity to the financial

As stocks tumbled, investors took refuge in fixed-income securities, with Treasury bond prices soaring over three points in longer maturities at one stage, to yield little more than \$1 per cent. The rush into 9.1 per cent. The rush into short-term US paper caused short rates to fall half a percent-

Bond markets worldwide con-tinued to profit from the per-ception that the US was unlikely to raise its discount rate in view of the collapse in world share prices which could dent economic growth and moderate wage expectations.

The economic adjustment that we'll see in the US as a result of the stock market crash will reduce the trade deficit

Major US commercial banks cut prime

counter the crisis of confidence on Wall Street, cut their prime lending rates yesterday to 9 per cent from 9.25 per cent, writes Stewart Fleming in Washington. Stewart Fleming in Washington.

The move was lead by Citieorp which announced the reduction just before trading
opened on the New York Stock
Exchange at 9.30cm. The Citicorp cut was quickly followed
by several leading east- and

MAJOR US commercial banks, west-coast banks including bank loans in the money marresponding to moves by the
Pederal Reserve to pump money into the financial markets to in Los Angeles, California.

west-coast banks including bank loans in the money marbets, the Fed-administered Fednated last week when two New intervene in the markets if the
York banks raised their prime
US currency were to slide.

Traders said that the US cur-In the past few days as the Federal Reserve has moved aggressively to pump liquidity into the financial markets to try to shore up confidence and pre-vent the collapse in asset values on the stock market from trig-gering a liquidity shortage, in-terest rates have fallen sharply, reducing the cost of funds to commercial banks.

Security Pacific National Bank in Los Angeles, California.

In the past few days as the point in the past week. Rates on Federal Reserve has moved aggressively to pump liquidity into the financial markets to try to shore up confidence and prevent the collapse in asset values on the stock market from triggering a liquidity shortage, interest rates have fallen sharply, reducing the cost of funds to commercial banks.

The cost of overnight inter
eral Funds rate, has dropped by more than a full percentage lending rates to 9.75 per cent, a level which other banks did not match and which was quickly reversed on Tuesday.

The cut appeared to be large by ignored, however, by the stock market from triggering a liquidity shortage, interest rates have fallen sharply, reducing the cost of funds to commercial banks.

The cost of overnight inter-

intervene in the markets if the US currency were to slide. Traders said that the US cur-

Louvre accord does not set precise rates for dollar

meetings of the group the joint

Details of the exchange rate
pledge to underpin the dollar is
section of February's accord
based on looser, more pragmatic understandings between govscure by finance ministers and

THE COMMITMENT of the present levels. The recent college markets lise the dollar under the Louve had reinforced the consensus accord does not involve a set of precise, jointly agreed, exchange rate bands for the US in particular, the US was unlikely to repeat previous threats to talk down the dollar.

According to participants in the US talk down the dollar.

Description of the Exchange the Exchange of world stock markets that the bands may have been moved following the grade of Seven did not review a have been moved following the grade of seven did not review a have been moved following the grade of seven did not review a particular, the US was unlikely to repeat previous threats to talk down the dollar.

Description of the Exchange of world stock markets that the bands may have been moved following the grade of Seven did not review a particular, the US was unlikely to repeat precise fig.

based on looser, more pragmatic understandings between governments and central banks.

The sources said that this did not diminish the determination of the seven - the US, Japan, west Germany, France, Britain, Couraged by a number of broad Italy and Canada - to maintain the dollar's value at close to bands by Mr Nigel Lawson,

Britain's Chancellor of the Exchequer.

More recently there have persistent rumours in financial
markets that the bands may of of Seven did not review a
have been moved following the "grid" of acceptable exchange
recent row over West German
interest rates between Bonn

Thereyone may have precise fig-

and Washington.
But the participants said that the Seven were not operating the Louvre accord on the basis of automatic trigger points for intervention or for shifts in monetary policies.

One source commented: There is a determination to keep rates where they are and to make sure that they do not ures in their own minds but they do not tell the others. This did not exclude bilateral understandings between central banks, although details of such agreements were not made available to the group as a

Another source explained that on occasions when the dol-Continued on Page 28



0 14 150 Iran missile hits main oil terminal in Kuwait

KUWAIT 9 MINA AL

Saudí

Arabia

A tongue-tied Belgian

mayor sparks

Sea Island Oil Termina

By Andrew Gowers and Richard Johns in London

IRAN struck and badly damaged Kuwait's main oil export terminal yesterday with a medi-um-range Silkworm missile. The incident represents Iran's most serious attack on a country not directly involved in the Gulf

war. The US, however, said it would not retaliate for the at-tack, indicating that the recent bout of tit-for-lat clashes be-tween the US and Iran might be over, at least for the time being. The State Department con-demned Iran for the attack and said the US would consider the sale of Stinger missiles to Bah-rain to ward off similar inci-

The assault on the offshore The assault on the offshore Sea Island terminal, which handles between a quarter and a third of Knwaiti crude exports, appeared to be in retaliation for Monday's US attack on two Iranian oil rigs in the Gulf. It prompted immediate fears that Knwait - currently the eighth biggest exporter in Opec - might have to declare force majeure on crude shipments, and contributed to yesterday's fall on world stock markets and to a jump in the prices of gold and jump in the prices of gold and

It is also a serious embarrass-It is also a serious embarrassment for the Reagan Administration, which decided at the weekend against bombing Iran's Silkworm missile sites on the occupied Fao peninsula in southern Iraq.

Yesterday's attack set the terminal on fire, sending a dark plume of smoke into the sky, but Kuwaiti officials said the flames were doused two hours later. The extent of the damage to the terminal had not been assessed last night but officials of

the Kuwait Petroleum Corporation acknowledged that the company faced formidable lo-gistical problems in maintaining crude exports at the level of 300,000 barrels per day permit ted under its Opec quota. Kuwait, which has been singled out for attack by Iran be-

Continued on Page 28

Prices ricochet hits Japanese warrants

BY STEPHEN FIDLER, EUROMARKETS CORRESPONDENT IN

JAPANESE share prices dropped sharply in Europe yesterday as international investors became jittery about the prospects for the Tokyo stock is market.

Prices in the related market in Japanese equity warrants -instruments entitling holders to instruments entitling holders to buy Japanese shares at a fixed price before some future date-also collapsed. This London-based market is usually very volatile and is accustomed to sharp price swings but business was so one-sided that trading was halted after only 10 minutes yesterday afternoon.

The drop in the price of Japa-nese shares in over-the-counter trading was cited as one of a number of factors which pushed the skittish London market lower yesterday morning. International fund managers,

International and the concerned don, were said to be concerned that the Tokyo market was still too highly valued. Tokyo is only some 10 per cent off its all-time peak while the falls in the other markets been much sharper.

Worries about the Japanese customers - as opposed to other traders - through the market closure yesterday afternoon.

Japanese share prices fell by up to 10 per cent after the Tokyo and price declines of 30 per and price declines of 30 per cent or more were not unusual in the equity warrants market before trading was halted. Many warrants fell sharply below the value as implied by the closing Tokyo price yesterday morning. Traders reported forced sell-

represents only a small fraction of those traded inside Japan, even when the shares underlying the warrants are taken into

Traders reported forced sell-ing of warrants by fund manag-ers as a result of clients' deci-sions to liquidate their investments in the funds. Two types of funds are inves-tors in the warrants market -small warrants funds of a highly speculative nature and bigger institutional funds which use warrants as a substitute for the underlying equity. Both types were said to be sellers. Nevertheless, the volume of shares traded outside Tokyo

Prospects gloomy for **BP** issue

By Richard Tomkins in London ANALYSTS believe that yester

day's downturn in the London stock market has destroyed any lingering hopes that the £7.2bn (\$11.9bn) British Petroleum share offering can succeed. BP's existing shares closed at another low of 282½p last night, 14½p down on the day, and 47½p below the price at which the new shares are to be sold.

British Government's advisers still hope that an upturn before then could save the day. But stockbrokers analysts say that after yesterday's continued market volatility, even a sharp upturn in share prices would be insufficient to restore investor confidence in time. I think the latest downturn has probably fi-

The offer does not close until 10am next Wednesday and the

intest downturn has properly in-nally done it," said a leading an-alyst. This volatility is going to leave a lasting impression. It will take more than three trad-ing days to dispel it."

The Treasury nevertheless reiterated that the offer would go was no intention to extend the offer date beyond October 28. This was in response to ru-

Continued on Page 28

The st name in Danish Securities.

Today Privatbanken's Capital Markets Division celebrates its first birthday.

It's been a year that's seen us grow from modest beginnings to London's premier dealer in the Danish market.

If you would like to join the growing number of people who have discovered the attractions of Danish securities please call us direct on (01) 600 0192.

PRIVATbanken Limited, Capital Markets Division. 107 Cheapside, London EC2V 6DA. (Reuter Pages: PLDA/B/C.)

CONTENTS

Europe . Companies. America . Companies. Overseas. Companies World Trade ..

8-15 Britain 34-37 Companies. Aris - Reviews World Guide _ 34-35 _34-35

Intl. Capital Markets. Market Monitors Hen and Matters Wall Street 43,46-50 Technology Unit Tracts 49-43



AN ELDER POLITICAL ARENA

Tanzania's former President Julius Nyerere is set to retain his political

influence, Page 4

Portugal: The highest trade deficit in Istanbul: Changing an historical sky-Management: Queens Moat hotels' incentive schemes for managers 20

Hong Kong; Banking alliances

Argentina: Muted reaction to inflation plans three years .. STATESMAN

> Editorial comment: Slow reform in China; Computer skills in short supply . 26 Lembard: Why the bulls are hopeful 27

<u>Stays in the</u>

Lex: The markets; Harris Queensway;

A time for gurus on Wall Street to keep mum

BY JAMES BUCHAN IN NEW YORK

PITY POOR Mr Bob Prechter. the same a few months later? The fresh-faced, young Geor- But Mr Prechter, a Yale psy-gian, who has become the lead- chology graduate and former ing guru of the five-year bull rock drummer who believes he market in US stocks. has to tell can detect a pattern in investis thousands of subscribers which way the stock market is going. And this week, with the Dow Jones Industrial Average of the bull market in August, compressing decades of movecompressing decades of movement into an hour, this is not easy even for the Elliott Wave Theorist

Yesterday, the Dow lost 127 resterday, the Dow lost 121 points in the first hour while rumours swirled round the market that Mr Prechter, 38, had turned from a bull to a bear of

Wall Street traders said Mr Prechter had left an overnight message for the 6,000-odd subscribers to his telephone bot the ebb and flow of crowd psy-line service but it was fairly vague. He apparently said that Wednesday's rally in the Dow environment, rather than vice had failed to pierce a resistance level at around 2,100 and the index was probably headed south.

ministration and the Federal Reserve Board, an assistant said from a prepared statement.

of the bull market in August, 1982, its lull in 1984 and two sharp corrections last year. His learned monthly newsletter, the Elliott Wave Theorist, now has about 18,000 subscribers.

come from ignoring traditional forecasting in favour of a theory devised by a Los Angeles ac-countant Mr Ralph Elliott who lost most of his savings in the 1929 correction and spent the rest of his life trying to find out why. Mr Elliott concluded that versa. with the stock market

moving in waves.
As the Dow soared to its late-Down at his lakeside home in Gainesville. Georgia, Mr Prechter was lying low amid ring telephones and scurrying assistants. In times such as these, the best spokesmen to the nation are those from the Administration.

On Monday, this came to pass Wall Street chews gurus. Remember Mr Joe Granville, who and Mr Prechter has given up

sent the market into a dive in making public statements, at early 1981 and then failed to do least for a week or two. Perverse scenario that

fuels US bond rally BY ANATOLE KALETSKY IN NEW YORK

dollar stabilises effortlessly at around its current level. And the prospect of an inflationary acceleration which so terrified the world's financial markets as recently as a few days ago, be-comes a complete irrelevance however much money the Fed-eral Reserve Board pumps into the economy to keep Wall Street Yet, as Mr Soria goes on to add,

the characteristically perverse scenario which has provided. the fundamental economic ra-tionalisation for one of the steepest bond market rallies ever seen on Wall Street.

it also seems to be the expla-stability has been re-estabnation for one of the strangest. lished.
though least noticed, financial But what about the biggest developments around the the dollar possibly maintain its world. Despite the stock market strength if Japanese investment world. Despite the stock market crash, the plunge in US interest rates and the Fed's promise to print money like there was no tomorrow, there has been relatively little selling pressure on the dollar.

the dollar. In fact, the dollar, whose ear-lier misfortunes had been largely responsible for catalyslier misfortunes had been largely responsible for catalysing the stock market debate after the appalling US trade figures announced last week, has strengthened by nearly 2 per cent during the last three days. Foreign exchange dealers in New York admit to having will see in the US will reduce our trade deficits and our demand for foreign funds by cutting US investment and consumer spending," says Ms Carol Stone, a senior economist at Nomura.

SUPPOSE the stock market "great difficulty in coming to crash pushes the US economy grips with this mystery about into a recession. The US trade the dollar's strength," as Mr deficit then solves itself. The Kevin Rafael, who runs Merrillgrips with this mystery about the dollar's strength," as Mr Kevin Rafael, who runs Merrill-Lynch's currency trading puts

There is a widespread fear that "the collapse of the dollar has only been delayed - we are just putting our fingers in the dyke," in the words of Mr Albert there seems to be an equal and In the last three days, this is the characteristically perverse scenario which has provided the fundamental economic ramajor nation has looked over

will indeed fall off sharply. Yet the Wall Street crash itself pro-

Bank of Japan governor calls for investor calm

BY STEFAN WAGSTYL IN TOKYO MR SATOSHI Sumita, governor of the Bank of Japan, yesterday ery effort to instill confidence urged investors to stay calm, in the money and capital marsaying there was 'no justifiable kets as well as in the foreign ex-

saying there was "no justifiable ground for the precipitous fall of stock prices, given the present robust economic activity in major industrial countries."

Mr Sumita told a meeting of foreign bankers in Tokyo that the central bank would stand by its commitment to support the Louvre agreement - the pact by leading industrial countries to maintain stable exchange rates.

New York specialists bear heavy burden

By Roderick Oram in New York

SOME 400 men on the New York Stock Exchange floor, the spe-cialists designated to make orderly markets in issues, have borne perhaps the great-est financial and physical pressures of anyone in the financial community during this week's violent market

Together they lost some \$750m of their firms' money, the NYSE estimates, during the collapse of stock prices on Monday and the wildly erratic partial recovery on Tuesday.
hey might have recouped some
losses during Wednesday's
rally but were probably suffering again yesterday when sell orders swamped the ex-

So far only one of the 50 firms of So far only one of the 50 firms of specialists has succumbed. A.B. Tompane & Co. a 60-year old firm which had survived the 1929 crash, is to be taken over by Merrill Lynch.

The exchange said the firm had lost about \$20m earlier in the week but insisted that the taken over the content of the taken of the content of the

takeover was "in the works" before the market's collapse. It added that the largest loss sustained by a firm was \$40m but declined to identify it.

Most other firms have resorted to hank lines of credit to tide.

to bank lines of credit to tide them over these unprecedent-Three other member firms have ceased to trade, though they were not specialists but small brokers trading heavily on

their own accounts.

It is inevitable that this week's events have caused other con-siderable strains for other members of the securities in-dustry, yet all rumours have been denied and little con-crete evidence has surfaced. Each specialist mans a trading post on the floor at which he makes markets in a few is-

Some concentrate solely on one big capitalisation stock each. They act as go-betweens conducting an auction at their post between floor brokers on the sell and buy sides of or-ders but they do not get in-volved in every trade. small orders are matched elec-

tronically at the last market price and many big orders are matched by the specialist and

matched by the specialist and his staff, increasingly with computer help.
But in all cases the specialist is essentially setting the price and ensuring trades are fairly executed at it. In normal times he will commit his firm's capital to smoothe out. order imbalances by buying when everyone else wants to sell and selling when the tide

Obviously, a specialist cannot, Floor traders in a fierce struggle yesterday to buy and sell stocks on turn the tide with his own capital so he keeps adjusting the share prices to try to generate a rough balance between buy

and sell orders.

This week, many issues have been halted temporarily, particualry at the opening of ses-sions, while specialists iron out order imbalances.

dvocates of the electronic over-the-counter market say the specialist system is an anachronism, yet the special-ists have won high praise from brokers and other mem-bers of the financial community this week for the way they
have managed to keep the
market going.
Tompane's problem was partly

that it played its role too well. Mr John Phelan, chairman of the NYSE said. "One of the reasons for their losses was that they performed so well. They provided more liquidity to the market than they should have."

Specialist firms have been consolidating register.

solidating rapidly into large and better capitalised units over recent years. Recently the exchange changed its rules to allow specialist firms to be owned by brokerage firms which should accelerate

Bear Stearns had owned some small specialists for a while but Merrill's acquisition marks the first major move in-

David Dodwell reports on critical moves to head off financial ruin for members

Hong Kong's secret bid to rescue futures

As officials at all levels replans for a HK\$3bn issue, said fused comment, it emerged that informally that the chances of in spite of mounting impatience going ahead were slim as subover continuing suspension of underwriters fell back on force trading on the stock exchange, it might not be until the weekend that acceptable proposals can be thrashed out. Whatever the outcome, inter-

national fund managers and stockbrokers argued yesterday that the reputation of the futures exchange, and perhaps also of the full stock exchange, has been permanently dam-

The territory's Stock Ex-change Council confirmed after the second emergency meeting of the week that the market would remain closed until Monwould remain closed until Mon-day. At the same time, it has be-come clear that the over-riding reason for the unprecedented suspension of trading was fear that a collapse of the futures market would have a domino ef-fect at the trade of the collapse. fect on the stock market which would in turn bankrupt many small to medium-sized stock-

The original excuse for closure - that brokers needed time to settle a massive backlog of contracts that had built up over a number of weeks of hectic trading volume - was apparently not a complete smokescreen. but was used to deflect concern from the true arena of crisis. It was also learned yesterday

THE FATE of Hong Kong's fu-tures exchange hung in the bal-ket prices has put in jeopardy ance yesterday as top government officials met secretly to devise a rescue plan aimed at writers for Chinese Estates, the saving many of its members from financial ruin.

As officials at all levels replans for a HK\$3bn issue, said plans for a HK\$3bn issue, said majeure clauses to avoid possi-

bly crippling losses. Underwriters of rights issue for companies controlled by Mr Li Kashing, which amount to HK\$10bn, said the issues were too advanced for recourse to force majeure clauses, but said there would be pressure on Mr Li to abandon voluntarily his fund-raising plans. Since Mr Li is himself committed to taking up almost a quarter of the rights being offered, it is thought he might be sympathetic to ap-peals from hard-pressed under-

writers.
Meanwhile, the Securities Commission and the stock ex-change issued a joint statement warning against grey market trading in shares while the stock market suspension continued. The warning conceded that such trading was not illegal, but reminded investors that the ex-change offered no protection in the event of defaults of disputes over grey market transactions. The crisis on the futures ex-change focussed on the Hang Seng index futures contract, which was until a week ago regarded as a spectacularly suc-cessful complement to the local

Trading in these contracts,

stock exchange.

Robert Fell : recalled from re-

age of 1,600 in May last year, had risen to an average last month of 24,000 as speculators theoretically hedging their equity positions found rich pickings in the bull market of the past year.

past year.

It now appears, however, that a market intended to insulate investors from risk has in the bullish euphoriz of recent months in fact put the fate of the whole equity market in incomardy.

jeopardy. When Mr Ronald Li, chairman When Mr Ronald Li, chairman of the stock exchange, telephoned Hong Kong's financial secretary before dawn on Tuesday to warn him of the likely suspension of trading, he was staring at the prospect of a fall in the Hang Seng index of about 800 points to 2,600.

After a 420 point fall on Monday, he judged that many of the 130 futures exchange members

In just over three weeks' time.

Eurotunnel, the Anglo-French Channel tunnel consortium, is

due to be floated on the London and Paris stock markets through an offer for sale expec-ted to raise about £750m.

than a short delay.

Battle to find Topic fault

ic, the viewdata system through which the International Stock came at the end of a long period Exchange disseminates price in which Topic and Seaq had information, off the air for almost three hours on Wednesday handling ever-increasing num-

software fault, but it was not day. I did not see that written one that we had ever experienced before so we are still diagnosing what went wrong.

"The first thing in these situations is to get the system back on the air and then figure out what the hell happened."

The break, which exasperated market makers and brokers alike and caused furious grum-

THE FAULT which forced Top- blings about the quality of the screen prices are indicative on-

handling ever-increasing num-bers of transactions.

In the five months to last

Wednesday, Seaq had been out of action for a total of two min-

utes and Topic about the same. The system was getting an un-fair share of bad publicity be-cause the London market was

still relatively new to computer

"When I was in the US last

month, one major system on which 40 or 50 per cent of the

business of the New York Stock

Exchange depends was out of operation for most of a whole

day. I did not see that written up in any newspaper."

based trading, Mr Hayter said.

Eurotunnel keeps nerve

faced imminent bankruptcy, and that their efforts to meet massive liabilities would force them to sell shares so heavily that the already-grave problems facing stock exchange members could become fatal.

It emerged yesterday that a slump in the Hang Seng index to around 2,600 would have presented futures traders with liabilities passing HK\$3bn. To put this into perspective, the guarantee fund of the futures exchange, set up to protect investors in the event of defaults, has a total of HK\$22m in its coffers. With the price of each index

futures contract based on HK\$50 per index point, traders who on Friday had been bidding HK\$180,000 per contract faced the prospect of those contracts on Tuesday being priced attention of a central clearing system. HK\$50,000 lower. Since the margin paid on each

contract is fixed at HK\$15.000, traders faced losses more than three times their original investment. With more than 60,000 contracts outstanding (for Octowhen trading was suspended on Monday, this implied potential losses of more than HK\$3bn. Last night Hambros were appointed to advise the Government on saving the futures ex-

Earlier a number of proposals had been put to the Government aimed at salvaging the situa-tion. These ranged from annul-ling all outstanding contracts to fixing the opening futures index prices on Monday at levels that could be financially tolerated

tem. It was confirmed that Mr Robert Fell, who arrived in Hong Kong six years ago as sec-retary for securities and retired just two months ago as banking commissioner, had been asked to return to the territory to adclearing system.

Either of these options would

draw fierce criticism, in partic-ular from traders who because

of short positions were poises

to gain from the crash in prices. Intervention of any kind was

likely to puncture the interna-

tional credibility of the exchange, stock brokers said yes-

lenged the stock exchange's

claim that closure was needed

to enable brokers to catch up

with a mounting backlog of set-

tlements. The stock exchange yesterday extended until Satur-day the deadline for all settle-

Meanwhile, observers chal-

Mr Fell played a key part in setting up Talisman, the London stock exchange's computer-ised clearing system, before he retired in 1981 as the London exchange's chief executive. Over the past year, the Hong Kong Bank has presented pro-posals for a system, as has a group of banks led by the Bank of East Asia, and a group head-ed by Mr Ronald Li, stock exchange chairman. There have been objections to all of these

Property no longer safe

A SLOGAN proclaiming 'Property the safe investment was swiftly added to an advertiseswitty added to an advertise-ment extolling the virtues of £295,000 Dockland appartments when Wednesday night's edi-tion of the London Evening

Although this sum is only the not be sold on the basis of curtion of the London Evening Standard went to press.

The advertisement placed in the newspaper's business sec-tion appeared to be seeking to smaller part of the estimated total cost of the project, it is crucial to its future. This is because the recently completed
international syndication of
25bn in loan finance for the tunnel's construction is conditional
on the successful completion of

fish in loan finance for the tunnel's construction is conditional on the successful completion of the equity offering.

Eurotunnel cannot begin to draw down the loan finance unaside now with the aim of securing of the first of the conditional opens in 1852.

The applicant which Eurotunnel hopes to attract is not the speculative punter, but the impost of the conditional opens in 1852.

The applicant which Eurotunnel hopes to attract is not the speculative punter, but the impost of the conditional opens in 1852. til the flotation has taken place, ing an income in five or six and it does not have sufficient years' time.

"An investment in Eurotannel

This is because the issue will

"An investment in Eurotunuel has nothing to do with price lev-The consortium itself is confi-The consortium itself is conficels on the stock market now. It dent that the flotation will go has everything to do with price ahead as planned in spite of levels in 1994." Mr Morton said.

Mr Hayter said that the use of

the "fast markets" indicator did not indicate that there was any-

thing amiss with the technology. The market supervision depart-

ment took the decision to de-

clare fast markets on the grounds that market makers

vould be more likely to answer

the telephone and be prepared to trade free of the fear that if he was held to his screen prices

a competitor would take him to the cleaners.

Mr Hayter added that Topic in the last two days had been han-

the last two days had been handling 8m enquiries (requests for price information) compared with 4m in the week immediately following Big Bang last year.

Loading on the Seaq system in the past two days was three times the level following Big Bang - there had been over

Bang - there had been over 100,000 trade reports and 100,000 quote changes each day. Improvements and refinements in the software had made it possible to sustain these massive increases in volume massive increases.

increases in volume without substantial new investment in

YESTERDAY'S further volatilities week's upset in the stock ty in world stock markets has prompted speculation that BP's UK co-chairman, said a post-f7.2bn share offering might not be the only big equity issue to as houses tion. The nears not even worthy of discussion." The reason for this confidence is Eurotunnel's view that its shares cannot be compared with those of any other company, and are not sensitive to day-to-day swings in the stock market. By Andrew Taylor

tion appeared to be seeming to reassure would-be purchasers that residential property remained a secure investment even if the world's stock mas-

kets were going mad.
Houses and appartments in
London's former Docklands
have been more than a secure investment for the past two to three years. Prices have dou-bled and trebled as owners, many of them young rich professionals employed in the City's rising securities markets, have made small fortunes on the

This week, as share prices have plummeted, people have been beginning to wonder whether house prices have also gone over the top and whether

the London property bubble is about to deflate. Plans to build millions of square feet of new office buildgs in central London are also

being questioned. Will large financial services

conglomerates, some of which had already started unloading staff before the world stock markets plunged, require ail the office space proposed for the City and also in Docklands?

It is difficult to see how the momentum can be more proposed. momentum can be maintained in the housing market when the very same City professionals which were credited with sparking the house price boom could now be in danger of losing their jobs or incurring heavy

their jobs or incurring heavy There have already been one two or indications that the Lontwo or indications that the Lon-don housing market has no lon-ger been moving ahead at quite the same roller coaster pace. The rate at which prices have been rising, although still well above that of general inflation, has slowed. House prices in East Anglia have been rising faster than those in London for several months.

An informal surroy of london

several moutes.

An informal survey of London estate agents and housebuilders carried out this week by stockbrokers SBCI Savory Milln stockbrokers SBCI Savory Milln showed there is some nervousness about the vulnerability of the housing market in London and the Southeast.

One agent reported an increase in valuations in Kensington and Chelsea which might point to future sales. Most agents said it was too early assess the impact of the colleges.

sess the impact of the collapse of share prices on the housing market but most said that prices would be unlikely to continue to sustain the recent very high rates of growth.

rates of growth.

Some agents, like the one advertising Dockland appartments in the London Evening Standard, believe that property will be regarded as a safe haven compared with equity investment. None the less, it is difficult to imagine City profession. cult to imagine City professionals wanting to increase their mortgages in the current uncertainty

tainty.

House prices in Britain stag-Broking firms which have taken principal positions in the share market and in the futures and options markets will also be hurting if they have been caught the wrong way.

Where clients are refusing to settle, the problem will revert back to the banks which have back to the banks which have made loans against the security of shares. Write offs by brokers

House prices in Britain staginated for several years when the stock market plunged following the 1973 oil runsite in the stock market plunged following th

Chris Sherwell reports from Sydney on a resource-based economy's extreme vulnerability to external shocks

had still not been identified late yesterday afternoon.

recognised the fault as a soft-ware problem in the link be-

tween the Epic computers, which calculate mid-prices and

the FT-SE100 index, and the Seaq computers which pro-

cesses market information, but were unable to pinpoint the er-

ror or explain why it had oc-

Mr George Hayter, head of in-formation and settlement systems at the Exchange, said

yesterday: "It was apparently a software fault, but it was not

Exchange technicians quickly

Australians point the finger of blame for instability at US

Market-makers

phones, says SE

THE STOCK Exchange yester-day denied claims by a handful

of its member firms that market-makers have been refusing to answer their telephones, preferring to do business with other market-makers rather

than ultimate customers. In the first three days of this

week, customer business amounted to £5.5bm, said the Exchange yesterday - 60 per cent more than in an average three-day period last month. Business between market-makers, at £3.42bm, was 45 per cent bushes.

cent higher. Firms admit that congestion

has slowed down their response when the market has been particularly active, but deny that they have a policy of taking some calls but not others.

'Our volume is running four

or five times higher than most weeks," said Mr Tim Brown, head of Phillips & Drew's equity sales team. You can only talk on one 'phone at any one time. I can understand why same vecule are setting from the same vecule.

some people are getting fras-

not ignoring

To them, the blame for the ther reverse if there is no quick stock market fall lies with the massive payments imbalances in the world economy and, in the world economy and, in

twin-deficit problem offer a leason for the US.

thing that the market has suffered a correction which takes

world which Australia supplies months ago. with wheat, wool, meat, coal. That was not how people felt iron ore, gold and even swash-buckling entrepreneurs is going the fact that the Reserve Bank. to slide into recession, perhaps stood ready to supply liquidity, even a depression. stood ready to supply liquidity, and Mr Paul Keating, the Trea-

tion remains unanswered that noises expected of a politician. Australian stock markets con-Both he and the market now tinue to display clear nervous-ness and have shown little incli-nation to "bounce" along with cording to Senator John Stone,

AS LOCAL share prices distributed in the others in the past 48 hours.

In outspoken former chief played their stupefying plunge. That it had bounced at all has the come as a real relief. A second ed opposition politician, the rearried once again how acutely successive 500-point slump whole basis of Mr Keating's ecovulnerable their resource— would have been cataclysmic.
based economy is to external But even now there are undershocks.

Standable worries about a furblown away."

particular, the failure of the US uted to the original plunge. In to deal with its budget and cur- their view, the Australian market had become worryingly high In such circumstances it is in recent weeks, buoyed in part small comfort to be told that by the over-confidence the gov-their government's tough poli-cies for dealing with its own

It is therefore seen as no bad

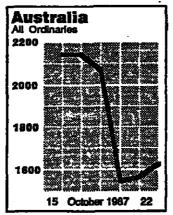
What matters is whether the it back to levels of just a few, o slide into recession, perhaps stood ready to supply liquidity, the overall position. On and Mr Paul Keating, the Treatit is partly because this question, made the reassuring cured an adjournment of this

ed opposition politician, the whole basis of Mr Keating's eco-

In Mr Stone's view, Mr Keating's assurances that little had changed were as mendaciously over-confident as they are transparently unfounded." An early mini-budget to cut spend-ing was needed, and "an end to nonsense that we can now afford another wage increase."

The government hotly disputes suggestions that its revenues from corporate taxes and capital gains taxes will blast a hole in its revenue forecasts, at least for the current year. But it has begun reviewing

week's hearings on wage in-creases under the present twotier system. This duly irritated the trade union movement, whose princi-



pal leader, Mr Simon Crean, complained loudly about such a move being made on the basis of one day's trading on the stock exchange.

Mr Crean, however, knows the dynamics of the Australian onomy as well as anyone, and that it cannot possibly escape the implications of the prices

plunge, even if the principal Bond, who has made massive rich causes mostly lie elsewhere. Bond, who has made massive rich personal forays into gold in re-Immediate attention is fo-cused on the stocks of companies controlled by high-profile entrepreneurs - people like Robert Holmes a Court, Rupert Murdoch, John Elliott, Alan Bond, Ron Brierley, John Spal-vins, Allan Hawkins, Bruce Judge and Larry Adler.

A confident Mr Holmes a Stating the obvious, they say Court, whose Bell Group and that those who are heavily Bell Resources were both badly geared, sitting on large quantibit this week, said yesterday the

mentals of the economy were unchanged.

During the worst falls on Tuesday, Mr Elliott and Mr Adler both said they had become ler both said they had become buyers, and yesterday Mr Elliott claimed his forays had made money. Mr Brierley is reported to have been making further

share purchases too. Little has been heard from Mr

personal forays into gold in recent months, or from Mr Murdoch.

Brokers point out that it is virtually impossible to know how each of these financiers has actually been affected by the prices shifts, and add that market perceptions may be quite different from underlying realisation.

High technology businesses dependent on venture capital also look likely to suffer from the fall. And there is plenty of concern among ordinary workers about the threat to pay-outs from superannuation funds.

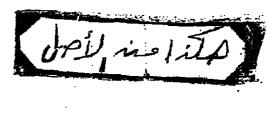
Other areas where the impact has been felt immediately are different from underlying realisation.

bit this week, said yesterday the suddenness and severity of the slide was a good thing. Companies which had raised capital in rees manket months were in good shape, he said, and the fundations where the said, and the fundations were in good shape. The said and the fundations were supposed to be hurting, while those which had raised expital in the supposed and enjoying cash flows en principal positions in the shape where the said and onlines warkets will also and the fundation warkets will also and the fundation will be a supposed to be hurting, while those warkets will also and the fundation warkets will also and th

long-term view in favour of a more cautious short-term opinion hinging on perceptions about world economic growth. Again, much depends on whether individual companies are burdened with debt or cashHigh technology businesses

company floats, share place-ments and paper-based takeovers. Where these are underwritten at prices prevailing before the plunge, the underwriters are now wondering whether they should or can pro-

of shares. Write offs by brokers and banks have already begun.
But no financial institution is thought to be in danger of fail
both where people live and work.



EUROPEAN NEWS

Gonzalez clash with labour in the making

MR NICULAS REDUNDO, the leader of the Union General de Trabajadores (UGT) who resigned his Socialist seat in Parliament on Wednesday, said in a letter to Prime Minister Felipe Gonzalez that he had done so because of his terronal convicbecause of his "personal convic-tions" and to avoid a "political confrontation" between the par-

ty and its fraternal union.

The confrontation is inescapable, however, because Mr Redondo's decision to back up his convictions by walking out of Parliament has fuelled the first serious debate within the So-cialist party on "whither social-ism" since a nascent militant

ism' since a nascent militant tendency was summarily expelled a decade ago.

Party local associations up and down the country are split between those who maintain that 'Nico' (as the UGT leader is known) is right, and the 'Felipistas,' who side with the Prime Minister In Muraia a strumbly. Minister. In Murcia, a staunchly Socialist province in the southeast, a 60-strong association turned in its party cards en masse at the local UGT head-purposes.

Personalities

The debate is political but it is hopelessly mixed up with personalities, for both the trade unionist and the politician are indisputably charismatic men. Mr Redondo, who rarely wears a tie, who shares a small flat with fellow Basque UGT members when he is Madrid and whose austere lifestyle is and whose authore hiestyle is legendary, stands for loyalty to working class roots and for the traditional socialism of the Bil-bao steelyards where he grew

up and worked.
Mr Gonzalez, who at 45 is 15 years Mr Redondo's junior, has long shed the open necked shirts of a decade ago and has acquired the polish that comes with high office. He is increasingly interested in grand themes such as the unity of Europe and, more to the point, so-cialism in the 21st century.

When he came to power in 1982 Mr Gonzalez expertly sold the message to rank-and-file Socialists that wealth had first to be created in order to be later redistributed.

redistributed.
The problem is that, with the economy growing at 4 per cent, with large corporation profits being announced on a daily basis and with some 2.8m regis tered at employment offices the same Socialist grassroots are becoming restless about the goods that Mr Gonzalez promised to deliver.

The Prime Minister claims he

is delivering. The 1988 budget introduces substantial tax cuts at the lower end of the income bracket and offers a 4 per cent rise in public sector wages and in pensions which will be one point above the project

tion rate of 3 per cent.
Mr Redondo, who resigned on the specific issue of the 4 per cent guideline, says this is not enough. But essentially he is questioning Mr Gonzalez's com-mitment to socialism as he unmitment to socialism as ne understands it. Mr Redondo's personal conviction is that the
Prime Minister and his cabinet
have fallen prey to the "aristocratic embrace."

Local associations are curently debating a key political

notion drawn up by Mr Gonza-lez's supporters for presenta-tion to the party congress in January which sketches out the role of the party in government as the corrector of capitalist excess and as the guarantor of a welfare state and of a compas-

Capitalist

The left-wing critics have siezed on this to argue that the motion is inconsistent with socialism and highlights the inherent contradiction of Mr Gon-zalez's pragmatic-style of government if there is "capital-ist excess," the critics say, it is because the Government has allowed it to emerge with its dedi-cated sponsorship of private

sector profits.

Mr Redondo himself wants no part in the debate in the party congress. He wishes now to build up the independence of the UGT from the governing party and this will be a fulltime task for the union is heavily subsidised by the Socialist par-ty. But Mr Redondo has emboldened the critics and acted as a

catalyst for the confrontation. Oddly this would never have happened had Mr Redondo decided in 1974 to become party secretary general - a job that was his his for the asking. He decided instead to lead the UGT and he was kingmaker in Mr Gonzalez's election to head

FINANCIAL TIMES Published by The Financial Times (Europe) Ltd., Frankfurt Branch, represented by E. Hugo, Frankfurt Main, and, as members of the Board of Directors, F. Barlow, R.A.F. McClean, G.T.S. Damer, M.C. Gorman, D.E.P. Palmer, London. Printer: Frankfurter Societats-Druckerei-GmbH, Frankfurt/Main. 4, 6000 Frankfurt am Main 1, Tel 75980; Th: 416193; FAX: 722677. © The Financial Times Ltd. 1987. The Financial Times Ltd. 1987. FINANCIAL TIMES, USPS No. 190640, published daily except Surdays and holidays. U.S. subscription rates \$365,00 per annum. Second class postage paud at New York, N.Y. and at additional mailing offices. POSTMASTER: send address changes to FINANCIAL TIMES, U.S. aut 80th Street New York, N.Y.

14 East 60th Street, New York, N.Y.

FRENCH PRESIDENT VIRTUALLY RULES OUT SHORTER-RANGE ARMS

Mitterrand explains N-weapons policy

BY IAN DAVIDSON IN HANOVER

AT THE conclusion of his four-day state visit to West Germany, President François Mitterrand yesterday spelled out his new definition of French nuclear doctrine, by virtually ruling out the use of France's shorter-range nuclear weapons.

President Mitterrand also called for a strengthening of the European Monetary System (EMS). A Euro-pean central bank should be set up to supervise monetary liquidity in Europe, and a European currency should be established, which should eventually prevail over the national currencies, he said.

But the main theme of his press

tion of his latest rethinking of French nuclear doctrine.

In practice this amounts to a sharp downgrading of the use of short-range weapons.

At present France has the Pluton missile, with a range of 120 km, and in 1992 it will have developed the Hades with a range of 350 km.

Neither could be fired from France without striking some part of German territory. President Mitterrand earlier this week strongly indicated that this was no longer acceptable as French policy.

In principle, these weapons were originally conceived as "pre-strate-

gic systems", to give an aggressor a final warning before the firing of French strategic nuclear weapons. In earlier speeches during this week's state visit, President Mitter-

rand strongly hinted that these "pre-strategic" weapons would not detonated on German soil. Yesterday he went further, and stressed that all nuclear weapons

tional weapons. As for the French doctrine of the

The implication of President Mitterrand's new and austere version of French deterrence doctrine, is that the final warning would have to be delivered either by one of the country's submarine-launched strategic ballistic missiles, or by a medium-range air-launched missile (ASMP), which has yet to be devel-

necessarily belonged to the strategy In either event, the new formulaof deterrence, and could not be retion looks like an audacious return garded as an extension of convento simpler notions of deterrence dating back to the 1950s; in its implementation, France's final warning might not be distinguishfinal warning, "deterrence requires that one reaches the territory of the the territ



Call to suspend sell-off of Mediobanca shares

BY ALAN FRIEDMAN IN MILAN

A GROUP of Christian Democrat shared by members of the opposibackbench MPs yersterday tabled a tion Communist party. resolution in the Italian parliament urging the Government to suspend. Amato, the Socialist deputy prime a decision on the planned privatisa- minister and Treasury minister, tion of Mediobanca, the Milan mer-

The resolution which against the official position of the group that controls Medichanca five parties of the ruling coalition government in favour of the pro- the proposal the final decision ject, is to be voted upon today, but would rest with the government is not expected to cause major problems for the historic Mediobanca

content in some parts of the Chris- leave effective joint control of the tian Democrat party at the privati- merchant bank in the hands of both sation plan, a lack of enthusiasm private and state shareho ters.

Earlier this week Mr Giuliano

spoke in favour of the privatisation. Yesterday, Prof Romano Prodi, goes chairman of the IRI state holding

said that while IRI had approved

Prof Prodi said the privatisation proposal, which would see the state share of Mediobanca dropping from It nonetheless is a symbol of dis- 56.9 per cent to 20 per cent, would

Study fails to sort out French social security reform

hoped to avoid controversy by turning the problem of how to reform the social security sys-tem over to a committee of wise men, it has not succeeded.

men, it has not succeeded.

The report delivered by the six sages has been generally welcomed as a far reaching analysis of the structural defects of the social security system, which is expected to show a deficit of FFT34bn(E340m) in 1988 even after some emergen-1988, even after some emergency funding measures this year.

But the process of consultation through regional assemblies has not settled the profound differences over the right approducts.

OPunitive taxation on alcohol and tobacco, and an immediate ban on all advertising for these products. IF THE French Government But the process of consultation proach to adopt to the deficit, or shifted France's entrenched interest groups from their posi-

> The main proposals of the wise men are:
> The rebasing of the system of social security contributions to include a proportional tax on all incomes, removing the ceiling on contributions.

The gradual raising of the retirement age, and an end to the more favourable pension rights enjoyed by miners, railwaymen, sailors and public em-

whose fees should in the long imbursement for prescription run be set on the same basis as drugs.

●More rational management of the hospital system, with fewer employees and higher wages, competition for catering and laundry services, the closure of some small maternity and psy-chiatric hospitals.

●Refocussing the health system to concentrate on the prevention of illness, with a larger place for general practitioners

●The ending of price controls on medicaments, real competition in the pharmaceuticals market, and a single rate of re-

Prime Minister Jacques Chirac has already given notice that ac has already given hotice that some of the proposals are politically unthinkable before next year's presidential elections. Raising the price of tobacco and alcohol, for example, would have an unacceptable affect on France's rate of inflation, while the tax levied on all incomes is also misd out before the elecalso ruled out before the elec-

Lisbon trade blow

BY DIANA SMITH IN LISBON

PORTUGAL'S trade deficit worsened by 58.4 per cent be-tween January and August, reaching Es377.5bn(£1.6bn). the highest in three years. In dollar terms, it increased 68.1 per cent. Imports totalled Esl.2 bn by August, up 43 per cent in dollar terms; exports reached Es830.7bn, up 37 per

Export growth, though buoyant, was not enough to keep up with import pressure from a consumer boom and brisk de-

mand for new factory equipmand for new factory equip-ment that reflects an increase in productive investment of nearly 15 per cent in the first nine months of this year.

The authorities would be The authorities would be more worried by the trade defi-cit were it not that invisible earnings from tourism and em-igrants remittances, an justux of direct foreign investment. and portfolio investment have led to an upsurge in foreign

VW hangs on to its lead - just By Kenneth Gooding, Motor

THE Volkswagen group of West Germany, which includes Audi Germany, which includes Audi and Seat, retained sales leadership of the West European car market in the first nine months of 1987. But it is being chased hard by Fiat of Italy and there will clearly be a neck-and-neck finish to the year.

It is also increasingly likely that the record 11.7m cars sold in Western Europe in 1986 will

in Western Europe in 1986 will be overtaken this year. By the end of the first nine months, registrations in the 17 major European markets were 5.7 per cent ahead of the same months in 1986 at 9.46m, according to reliable industry estimates.

liable industry estimates. Fiat in January added Alfa Romeo to its list of subsidiaries which already included Lancia, Ferrari and Autobianchi and has also benefited from the

W. EUROPE CAR MARKET

First nine months 1986 1987

Total volume	8.95m 9.46r
VW-Audi-Seat Fiat-Alfa-Lancia Ford Peugeot-Citroen General Motors (Opel-Vauxhali) Renault Mercedes Rover Nissan Toyota BMW	M a r k e shares (%) 14.5 14.9 14.1 14.4 11.8 12.1 11.1 11.6 11.2 10.8 10.0 10.2 3.7 3.6 3.7 3.5 3.1 3.0 2.8 2.6 2.4

strength of demand in its do mestic market where it is protected from Japanese imports and has a 60 per cent share. The West German car market got away to a much slower start

got away to a much stower start because as many as 50,000 extra cars were registered last De-cember to take advantage of tax benefits on "clean" cars (those with pollution control equip-ment) which were reduced on Innuary ! Japuary 1. However, after nine months the West German market had improved by 3 per cent to 2.2m while Italy was 8.8 per cent up

The Japanese share of West European car markets slipped from 12.1 per cent to 11.5 per cent in the first nine months fol-

lowing a warning from the Japa-nese Ministry of International Trade and Industry that the car producers risked a further up-surge of protectionism if they did not stop their push into Europe. But the volume of Japanese

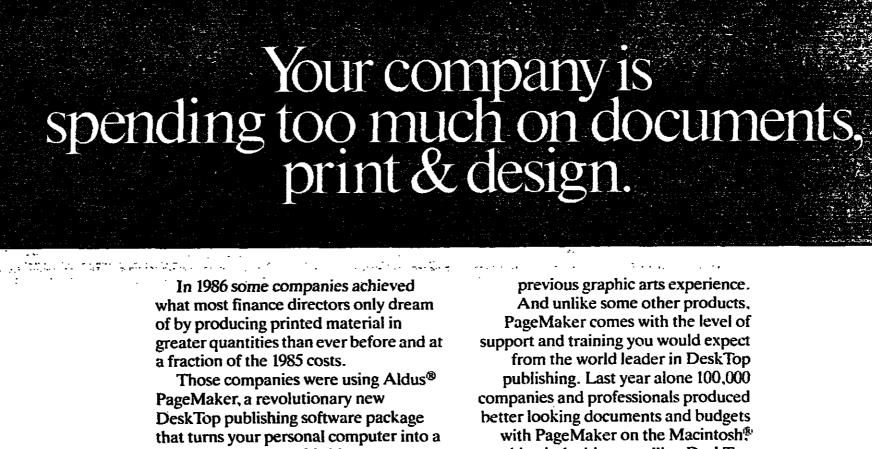
But the volume of Japanese car sales increased, from 1.078m to 1.084m and in West Germany, where the Japanese increased their penetration substantially last year, their share has remained stable at the record level of 14.8 per cent.

Among the other members of the European "big six", Peugeot-Citroen, which has overtaken General Motors, the Opel-

en General Motors, the Opel-Vauxhall group, made the most progress in the nine months. GM's fall in share was mainly caused by a steep drop in sales in the UK, where its penetration was down from 15.1 per cent to 13.3 per cent in the nine months, because it is well-known GM's best-selling Vauxhail Cavalier (sold elsewhere as the Opel Ascona) is to be replaced next year.

Date for bases talks

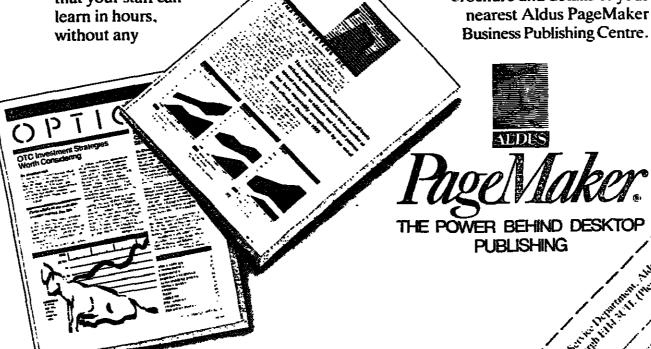
The next round of talks on the future of the four US military bases in Greece will take place in Athens on November 9, a Greek government spokesman confirmed yesterday writes Au-driana lerodizconou. The bases are currently operating under a five-year defence and economic co-operation agreement



powerful business publishing system.

PageMaker can produce anything from the simplest pricelist to the most complex company report in a fraction of the time taken by conventional methods and all without your staff leaving their desks. PageMaker combines text and graphics in a powerful page design program that your staff can

making it the biggest selling DeskTop publishing software in the world. Now Aldus introduce PageMaker for the P.C. Put PageMaker in your office and you will soon be producing stunning reports in all departments, and at under £600 it's probably one of the best looking economy measures you'll ever take. Post the coupon today for a free brochure and details of your



Financial Times writers analyse the implications of Iran's missile attack on Kuwait's Sea Island oil terminal

Kuwait drawn deeper into war

YESTERDAY'S Silkworm missile attack on Kuwait's Sea Island oil terminal is one more lions of dollars into the Iraqi wait says it has no choice but to confirmation that the tiny, vulnerable emirate is being inexonerable emirate. faction from into the Gulf conflict. An accident of geography have felt they have had no has placed the Kuwaitis, whose per capita income is one of the support to Iraq, even though highest in the world, virtually in the cye of the storm.

Many of Kuwait's problems Much of Iraq's \$30bn Arab are the result of the escalating debt is owed to Kuwait. The Kutanbar was Iraq tanker war. Iran, exasperated at waitls also assist in other imrepeated Iraqi strikes against portant ways.
shipping and oil installations, East bloc arms for Iraq, parhas been threatening for ticularly Soviet arms, are months to hit back by attacking shipped through a special Kulraq's Arab allies.

Kuwait, at the northern end of accused Kuwait of materially the Guif, is among the most vulnerable of Iraq's allies.

It is also, together with Saudi that Kuwait permits Iraqi jets to

Arabia, Iraq's most important fly over its territory in their backer. Kuwait has poured bil-missions over the Gulf. But Ku-

For Kuwait neutrality is not

really an option, and yet the cost of siding with a regional power can be considerable. Iran's displeasure with Ku-wait has also been fuelled by when Knwait late in 1986 in-

vited the US to help provide es-corts for its tankers, no one had any idea that Washington would boost its naval forces far beyond requirements necessary for a tanker escort operation. Kuwait's invitation helped

underwrite the US strategy in the Gulf, which today appears to be to contain and intimidate Ir-an in the hope that it can be forced into agreeing to a United Nations sponsored ceasefire. While Kuwait's efforts to internationalise the conflict proba-bly succeeded beyond its lead-ers' wildest dreams, the US presence is something of a dou-ble edged sword for small Gulf

no means an absolute, guarantee of protection. On the other hand, it has angered a powerful, predatory and possibly vinding. tive neighbour. Yesterday's attack showed

once again that Kuwait is virtually defenceless against Iranian missiles fired from the nearby Fao pensinula on Iraqi territory Ayatellah Khemelni: weary of



Attack shows Iran shying away from clash with US

THE IRANIAN attack on Ku-wait's oil terminal, while obvi-ously serious from the Kuwaiti point of view, was further evi-dence of Tehran's desire to us in the Gulf within bounds.

The Iranians have been the US attack on two Iranian oil platforms in the Gulf on Monday to retailed.

with "a crushing blow". But they have also been hesitant to provoke the full force of American retribution. An attack on Kuwait was the obvious answer, since Iran holds the Kuwaitis responsible for involving US forces in the Gulf in the first place but Washington has not spelled out any commitment to

defend Kuwait.

Iran's options are limited by its weakened military capability and its awareness of the destructive potential of the US national force in the Gulf. Even hard-liners in the Government have no wish to provoke the US.

which have repeatedly been hinted at by Iranian leaders of late, may have been weakened

month ago.

That is not to say, however, that the US attempt to stop Iran attacking tankers will succeed in subduing it. On the contrary, the evidence is that recent events - including the deaths of Iranians in the Gulf and the carnage at Mecca last summer -have served to unite the country, which earlier in the year had been showing signs of war-

One of the leading banks in the world.

Head Office: Jürgen-Ponto-Platz 1, 6000 Frankfurt/Main. London Branch: 8, Frederick's Place, London, EC2R SAT.

BY SCHEHERAZADE DANESHKHU

co-ordinates the role of the different branches of the armed forces, including the Revolu-tionary Guards. While corresponding bodies in other countries are often headed by senior military figures, in Iran the Supreme Defence Council is confirmation of civilian control

over the military.

It is headed by President Seyed Ali Khamenei, but its most influential member is Mr Ali Akbar Hashemi Rafsanjani, the parliament speaker. Other members include the Prime Minister, Mr Mir Hussein Moussavi, the Minister for the Revo-lutionary Guards, Mr Mohsen Rafiq-Doust, and representa-tives from the army and the for-

on the war is the Supreme Defence Council, which submits the military, the Revolutionary its decisions to Ayatollah Rudhollah Khomeini. The council ment Policy is, therefore, usument. Policy is, therefore, usu-ally a compromise designed to accommodate, at least in part, the differing views. These range from the hard line espoused by Mr Rafiq-Doust and Mr Moussa-Mr Ratiq-Doist and Mr Monssa-vi to the relatively pragmatic line adopted by Mr Rafsanjani, Mr Khamenei and Mr Mohsen Rezai, commander of the Revoultionary Guards.

> The Ayatollah himself tends to stay above factional in-fight-ing, and although he has had ing, and although he has had strong views on the war in the past, he has spoken in recent months of his weariness with questions of politics. In his last major speech three weeks ago, he confined himself to reiterat-ing the importance of national

the belief that they cannot be seen bowing to US pressure. Under these circumstances it would be difficult to imagine the US succeeding in imposing peace in the area. Conflict between the two sides has so far been contained, and it is likely that both sides will continue to try and keep it under control.

Nevertheless, the balance between saving face and preventing an escalation is a precarious one, and it could yet result in an all-out-lesh

in an all-out-clash.

There is a further point. The Iranian Government still thinks it has time on its side. One day, it reasons, US forces will have to leave the region, leaving Iran dominanting by winter of its size. dominating by virtue of its size, population and geographical position. The Reagan Administration knows it must therefore avoid creating a situation which the countries of the Gulf cannot

an at the London School of Eco-

Tamil Tigers 'form kamikaze squads' to attack Indian troops

INDIAN troops and Tamil rebels were locked in battle for mous powers in the north and
control of Jaffna yesterday as
Sri Lankan politicians squab. Raja Gunasekera, senior
bled over details of a peace accord, Reuter reports from Celsirima Bandaranaike, in his
court argument said a bill

ciare force majerie on its crade ell contracta as a result of yesterday's Iraniacrude oil contracts as a result of yesterday's Iranian missile attack on its See Island terminal 12 miles of there.

The missile struck the contre of the platform, setting it ablaze. The fire was extinguished within reveral hours and three men were reported to have been injured.

The extent of the damage had still not been assessed last night. The Kuwait Petroleum Corporation expressed hopes that the terminal could still be used. Ignoring new surrender ap-peals, Liberation Tigers of Tamil Eelam guerrillas were reported to have raised suicide aguads to try to hold back Indi-an troops pushing into their. Jaffna stronghold at the north-ern tip of the island.

A Sri Lankan journalist just

hack from the Tamil Tiger stronghold quoted Tiger deputy leader Mahattaya as saying about 500 fighters had volunteered to form kamikaze squads for missions against Indian troops and armour in the final phases of the battle for Jaffaa to

EFC officials athiewledged, however, that the company faced fermidable legistical problems in attempting to maintain exports of crude at the 300,000 barrels a day per-mitted by its quota under the Organisation of Potroleum Ex-porting Countries production allew main Tiger units to melt organization or recurrent ex-perting Countries production sharing pact after taking into account shipments of refined products and descentic con-

products and demostic con-sumption.

All three of the erade carri-crs among the 11 vessels regis-tered under the US flag by the Knwait Oll Tanker Company, a KPC subsidiary, are too large to dock at the beriks at Kn-wait's main crude terminal, Mina al Ahmadi, which, with a draft of only 57 feet, can only accomodate tankers of up to 250,000 deadweight tons and then only partially load them. Even if the terminal proves to be serviceable, it clearly re-mains a target exposed to fu-ture Silkworm attacks. Ka-wait's main oil complex at Al Ahmadi is beyond the missile's range.

Kuwaitis

meet oil

contracts

By Richard Johns

KUWAIT might have

unlikely to

gange.

Kawait is fertunate that its large refining capacity enables it too export 500,000 barrels a day of refined products.

amending the constitution to provide for the councils in-fringed people's sovereignty.

The Supreme Court is hearing petitions against a government plan to set up a provincial council in the north and east under a July 29 Indo-Sri Lankan pact to end a guerrilla war for a sepa-rate homeland for Sri Lanka's Tamil minority.

India has sent an estimated 20,000 treops to enforce the ac-cord which has been repudi-ated by the Tigers, the most powerful guerrilla group.

Defending the proposed de-centralisation, President Jun-On the political front, Sri Lanka's main opposition party rights had to be recognised urged the Supreme Court to rule as unconstitutional a proposed provincial council giving unitary state of the country. rights had to be recognised, adding: It is those rights we hope to give while maintaining the

Amnesty call for leader of Philippines 'mutiny'

BY RICHARD GOURLAY IN MANILA

PHILIPPINES Vice-President the mutiny have, after all, for PHILIPPINES Vice-President the mutiny have, after all, for Salvador Laurel yesterday suggested that the Government he effectively left last month should grant amnesty to the should grant amnesty to the scribe what Mr Laurel called a "mutiny" on August 28 as a grab close to toppling President Corazion Aquino in August.

Mr Laurel said Cot Gregorio Honassan should be granted amnesty as part of a policy of "national reconciliaton" and to the coup failed for better conditions and present the mutiny have, after all, for the mutiny have, after all, for the mutiny have, after all, for the motiny have, after all, for the moting have a leader of a coup which came close to toppling President Coraziona Aquino in August.

Mr Laurel said. Most people describe what Mr Laurel called a "mutiny" on August 28 as a grab for power that would probably as a proposition of the coup fail to the coup fail for the moting have a leader of a coup which came close to toppling President Coraziona Aquino in August.

Mr Laurel said Most people describe what Mr Laurel called a "mutiny" on August 28 as a grab for power that would probably as a grab for power that would prob

unite the divided and still re-bellious military.

The grievances that provoked the Communist-led insurgents.

have no wish to provoke the US unduly. And Iran's ability to eign ministry. Although Ayatollah Khomeini The top decision-making body has the final say, even he has to the factions are now burying nomics. carry out terrorist actions, ABIDJAN ASUNCION BOGOTA BRAZZAVILLE **BUENOS AIRES** BILLHMBURA **GUATEMALA CITY** HARARE HONG KONG ISTANBUL JAKARTA JOHANNESBURG KIGALI KINSHASA LIBREVILLE LIMA LOME TONDON LOS ANGELES LUXEMBOURG LYONS MACRID MANAMA MELBOURNE MEXICO CITY MIAMI MIL AN MONTEVIDEO We're redefining the limits of PANAMA PARIS international financial services. QUITO RIO DE JANEIRO ROME And that takes more than just SANTIAGO SAO PAULO a global presence. SINGAPORS ST-ETTENNE STRASBOUR TEHRAN TOKYO TORONTO Dresdner Bank

S Korea candidate teargassed

ROH TAE WOO, presidential Bring back our husbands.

andidate of South Korea's ruling Democratic Justice Party, yesterday encountered tear gas for the second day running as the campaigned in the provinces.

Bring back our husbands.

At least 200 people died when the army put down the rebellion. Deep resentment remains against the President and Mr. Bob.

A group of 50 youths were dispersed by police after scuffling with party officials outside a generation where he was giving a speech in Jorgio, north Cholla

arosince.
On Wetnesday Mr. Boh himself was the targettof the tear gas canisters when he visited Rwangju, in south Cholla province. Relatives of victims of the bloody suppression of the 1960 Kwangju rebellion against the military government of Presimilitary government of President Chun Doo Hwan threw tear gas at Mr Roh and shouted Down with dictatorship and

Mr Roh later had talks with some of the victims families and promised compensation and the erection of a monument to those who died.

The Government had earlier announced development plans for the province, which has been starved of funds in the past. Many believe the city has been punished for the rebellion nomic deprivation.

Mr Roh also revealed that plans to hold an outdoor rally in his home town of Taegu tomor-

al animosities. Rallies are to be held indoors for the present. The decision suggests that Mr Roh is finding it difficult to attracting support from the pub-lic, unlike the opposition candi-

Regional feeling is emerging as a major concern among vot-ers and politicians preparing for December's election. The large turnout of more than 500,000 people supporting Mr Kim Young Sam last weekend at a rally in his home town of Pusan has prompted claims that he is more popular than his rival Mr Kim Dae Jung.

On a visit to the latter's home town of Kwangju, which is much smaller than Pusan, about row were to be changed be-cause of the problem of region-

Nyerere set to stay inside the political arena

TANZANIA'S elder statesman, Julius Nyerere, looks set to maintain his influence in the country he led to independence in 1961. in 1961.

His nomination this week for the post of chairman of the ruling Chama Cha Mapinduzi party brings to an end over two years of speculation about the political future of the man who laid the foundations of sociolism in

the foundations of socialism in When the 65-year-old leader When the 65-year-old leader stood down as president two years ago he retained the key post of chairman of Tanzania's sole legal party. Although he told his people at the time that he would step down from the party job at the 1987 congress which opened in the capital, Dodoma, this week, he never repeated the statement - thus raising doubts as to whether he really was prepared to leave the

ally was prepared to leave the political arena.

In the view of many observers, In the view of many observers, at stake was Tanzania's cautions but significant move away from the socialist model esponsed by Mr Nyerere, towards policies endorsed by the International Monetary Fund and the World Bank which allow a greater role for private entergreater role for private enter-

prise. President Ali Hassan Mwinyi, Mr Nyerere's successor, had to take account of two rival views when he addressed the CCM's national executive committee sariler this week on the subject of the party chairmanship.

In one camp are the party nambars who have metad in

members who have vested in-terests in a socialist system which saw a massive expansion in the state bureaucracy, nota-bly through overstaffed and in-efficient state-owned corpora-

The corporations offered both jobs and patronage and many private sector and foreit party officials see their livelichange controls relaxed.

Reconomic indicators

PORMER Tanzanian president Julius Nyerere, pictured above, reaffirmed his country's commitment to socialism yesterday when he opened a country's raing Chama Cha Mapindani party.

The party will not brush saide or relax its strict stand on socialism and self-reliance, he told 2,000 delegates packed inte a grain warehou Dodema

He also praised his succes-ser, All Hassan Mwinyi, who has steered Tanzania away from erthodox socialism to-wards a more liberal economic wards 2 more morral economics policy backed by the Interna-tional Menetary Fund. He said Mr Mwinyi had helped Tanza-nia to maintain its unity and

private sector and foreign ex-Reconomic indicators offer reform of the state sector - a process which is slowly getting under way.

In the other camp is the business community which generally welcomes the changes of the past two years, in which price:

the controls have been lifted, some state enterprises offered to the controls have been lifted, some state enterprises offered to the controls have been lifted, some state enterprises offered to the controls have been lifted, some state enterprises offered to the controls have been lifted, some state enterprises offered to the controls have been lifted, some state enterprises offered to the controls have been lifted, some state enterprises offered to the controls have been lifted, some state enterprises offered to the controls have been lifted, some state enterprises offered to the controls have been lifted, some state enterprises offered to the controls have been lifted, some state enterprises of the controls have been lifted, some state enterprises of the controls have been lifted, some state enterprises of the controls have been lifted, some state enterprises of the controls have been lifted, some state enterprises of the controls have been lifted, some state enterprises of the controls have been lifted, some state enterprises of the controls have been lifted.

the country's 23m population, and is expected to reach 3.5 per cent this year. Exports are picking up, with the 1987 forecast expires of \$400m well up on

ang up, with the 1997 forecast earnings of \$400m well up on last year's \$348m.

In the meantime relations with the IMF - a frequent target of criticism when Mr Nyerere was president - are sound. Last month Tanyania amonth month Tanzania agreed to a fur-ther devaluation of the shilling and by January next year the rate is expected to have fallen from the present level of 71 shil-lings to the dollar to 90.

Both schools of thought about

Tenzania's economic develop-ment are represented at Do-doma, where the congress is be-ing attended by 1,700 delegates and observers from other African states, leading donor countries and the Eastern bloc.
According to the banners on display, economic direction would not appear to have changed. Building of socialism

and self reliance in Tanzania is a permanent task," proclaims one.

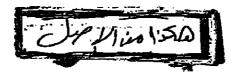
The debate within the conference chamber, however, might have a slightly different flavour. One party member says that the most important discussion document, "Socio-economic directives until 1990," raises the role of a capitalist sector.

of a capitalist sector.

Whether Mr Nyerere's nomination as party chairman, almost certain to be confirmed by the congress when they vote next week, will tilt the balance one way or the other remains to

Some observers argue that his further term in office owes more to the desire of party members to ensure continuity and stability rather than a desire to put a brake on economic change Although Mr Nyerere's socialist model for Tanzania proved far from successful, his own integrity and personal pro-bity won him the respect of many of his people.

The clearest indication of Tanzania's programme for the years ahead is likely to come from Mr Mwinyi himself, due to deliver a major policy address to the congress, expected to last



Bank with imagination

A FIRM GRIP ON THE FUTURE

At Allied Steel and Wire Limited, we've made a few changes.
Amongst them, our name and our shareholders.

After six years of increasingly profitable performance, we have a confident view of our future as an independent company. A view shared by the many prominent
City institutions supporting us.

Our shareholders include The British Steel Corporation, and we are delighted that our management and employees will also be participating.

You'll hear a lot more of us in the future. As ASW.

A shorter name, certainly. But one that's developing fast.



ASW HOLDINGS PLC P.O. BOX 83, CASTLE WORKS, CARDIFF CF1 5XQ

Muted home reaction to Argentina's inflation plans

A REVAMPED debt-capitalisa-tion scheme and a further open-ing up of the potentially lucra-tive oil and telecommunications cure inflationary hedges such as government bonds and for-eign currency - the black mar-tive oil and telecommunications ket for which has now been lesectors in Argentina, are reasons enough to make the champagee corks pop in the offices of the foreign banks and multinationals in Buenos Aires.

President Raul Alfonsin's latest anti-inflation package, an-

Tim Coone analyses a scheme that should please foreign banks and companies

nounced last week, has drawn a price freezes have forced many of the weaker companies to the rather muted response, however, from the normally vociferous political leadership, as the full effect of the wide-ranging ruptcies. In last August alone and complex set of measures

and complex set of measures
takes time to sink in.

Most of the political opposition has made carefully ambiguous comments on the package,
preferring to reserve judgment.

Much will hinge on the public's inflationary expectations

Those who takes time to sink in.

State white takes white tak

below the public's general in-flationary expectations, deposi-per cent in the past week will are desperately trying to fan ters would shift their funds out all raise company costs. With with the new economic mea-of the banks and into more settle new price freeze superim-sures and his appeals for pa-

compete with each other to re-tain their share of deposits and to prevent liquidity crises on their books.

Mr Eduardo de la Fuente, the president of the Argentine In-dustrial Union (UIA) said that if real interest rates do not come down there will be little incentive for new investment in the package. High interest rates and a lack of credit have been major complaints of industrial leaders over the past two years and together with successive

Power struggle threatens trade union movement

THE ARGENTINE trade union movement is facing its most severe split in more than four years, writes Tim Coone in Buenos Aires.

Efforts to unity a strategy of industrial action against government economic measures have fallen foul of a power struggle in the General Confederation of Workers (CGT) and the opposition Capable of Teversing the economic policy of Tresident Rout Alexandron polic

The CGT, under its secretary-general, Mr Saul Ubal-dini, this week resolved to go ahead with industrial action against a price and wage freeze introduced last week.

This is likely to include a re-newal of the one-day general strikes which characterised the country's industrial relations

Not all has been as bleak as

will have an important bearing supporting the rest, said Preston interest rates and wage demands. If expectations are high, experts say interest rates will drop only with difficulty, especially as the Central Bank has now given a free rein to the market.

If rates were to drop sharply below the public's general inflationary expectations of supporting the rest, said Preston the rest, said Preston the rest, said Preston the UIA would like everyone to believe however. Industrial outpast has grown steadily over the past 18 months (albeit from deported and property over the past leading the past 18 months (albeit from deported and property over the past leading the UIA would like everyone to believe however. Industrial outpast has grown steadily over the past 18 months (albeit from deported and property over the past leading the past 18 months (albeit from deported and property over the past 18 months (albeit from de

the US. As Technology Minister, Mr Archer had controlled the nationalistic Special Informat-ics Secretariat (SEI) that admin-isters and applies laws protect-

Mr Lorenze Mignel one of the traditional right-wing trade union barons' in Argentina, and leader of the UOM, objected to a CGT nomination for a vice-presidential post within the Peronist party and instructed his group of followers to walk out of a CGT directorate meeting. This was followed by their resignations from the CGT leadership. tience and political agreements with the opposition. Growth in industrial exports is seen as the

Mr Lorenzo Miguel one of the

long-term panacea for the nation's ills.

But where have the funds for industrial growth and investment come from so far if not from the financial system? According to surveys carried out by FIEL, an industry-sponsored economic research body, real wages in manufacturing industries fell by 23 per cent in the year ending last June. The fall has been aggravated by the inflationary surge since July, which has cut real incomes fur-

the CGT leadership and whose opposition to the "renovation" leadership of the party threat-ened to weaken the Peronista chances at the polls last Septem-

It was elements of the "ortho-dox" wing of the party which this year agreed wage deals with the government behind the backs of

In the event, the Perenists wen a surprising victory in the mid-term elections because of wide-spread dissatisfaction with the

ther by an estimated 10 to 20 per the CGT and by opposition from substantial leverage. cent.
Mr Saul Ubaldini, the secretary general of the powerful unions. General Confederation of Work- A pac

The fight over the share-out of the national pie is one which President Alfonsin has sought to attenuate with his latest package. "A defusing of the in-flationary bomb," he termed it, but it will at best achieve only a the Perpuist party, traditionally the party representing the trade

geverament's economic policy. The poll results strengthened the "renovation" wing which wants to prevent the "orthodox" wing from again obtaining key posts in the party leadership. The Peronists are further weakened by differences of opinion between Mr Ubaldini and the "renovation" partyleadership led by Mr Antonio Caffero, who wishes to secure government guarantees over provincial government finances.

Mr Caffero is worried that all-out industrial action might

all-out industrial action might prevoke retaliation by the gev-ermment and a reduction in sub-sidies to the provinces (mostly controlled by the Peronists), whereas Mr Uhaldini is more

concerned with recovering the lest purchasing power of his membership's wages.

temporary respite. President Alfonsin warned on Wednesday night that the fall in world commodity prices and steady climb in international interest rates will involve the transfer of an extra \$700m more than planned to the exterior this year alone, "creating an explosive mixture

Canadian car workers reach deal with GM

By David Owen in Toronto

GENERAL MOTORS of Canada ers union this week reached a tentative three-year labour agreement bringing to a close seven weeks of talks with the Big Three auto manufacturers who dominate the industry. The agreement, which averted the threat of a strike by ed the threat of a strike by \$7,000 workers, was reached in spite of a wildcat stoppage by workers at one of the company's four Osbawa plants. It followed the resolution of a host of thorny local issues which threatened to precipitate a

While terms of the agreement were not disclosed, it is believed to conform to the pattern set in previous negotia-tions with Chrysler and Ford

This provides for a base rate wage increase of 3 per cent in the first year and 25 cents an hour in each of the second and hour in each or the second must third years, together with par-tial indexation of pensions against inflation and the con-tinuation of a cost-of-living al-

CAW president Mr Beb White said GM had matched Ford's commitment that job guarantees in the US would not result in job lesses in Can-ada.

Sarney limits Cabinet changes

day greeted President Jose Sarney's limited reshuffle of the Brazilian Cabinet, formally announced late on Tuesday night.
After nearly two weeks of speculation on the moves, politicians, media commentators ticians, media commentators and businessmen have judged the changes to be far less than was originally promised when the president announced his plan to create a 'national unity' government in a nationwide television broadcast on October

Instead, the administrative and Technology to the vacant country of MS-Dos software proreforms presented this week Social Welfare ministry. Two duced by Microsoft. It is unclear have involved the sacking of other ministers have been moved sideways and the land reform agency has been refling of four others.

Mr Sarney's suggestion that the moved sideways and the land reform agency has been reciliatory.

Business interests had been been reduced in status.

Business interests had been have ready to close agencies. Mr Sarney's suggestion that he was ready to close agencies and even ministries and make

the necessary changes 'without

cessions' has failed to materialise, analysts said.

In a scathing editorial headlined 'Masked Ball', the influential Rio de Janeiro daily, Jornal do Brasil, commented: 'Mr Sarrey (PMDB) and the rival centre-right Liberal (PFL).

The move of Mr Archer to the Social Weifare portfolio could have considerable significance for Brazil's trade relations with the US As Technology Minister. tial Rio de Janeiro daily, Jornal do Brasil, commented: Mr Sar-ney, who had promised an earthquake, has not succeeded in changing the image of the team with which he intends to govern.It's exactly the same team.

governit's exactly team.'

Mr Sarney dismissed Mr Raphael de Almeida Magalhaes and shifted the controversial Mr Renato Archer from Science and Technology to the vacant country of MS-Dos software produced by Microsoft It is unclear whether Mr Laiz Henrique, the new minister, will be more con-

In political terms. the hoping that at least four minischanges have done little to shift tries would be wound up in a the balance between the domi-

Sematech receives \$3m grant

BY LOUISE KEHOE IN SAN FRANCISCO

SEMATECH, the US semi-conductor industry's ambitious cooperative plan to re-establish US leadership in chip manufacturing technology, has received a \$5m grant from the National Science Foundation to fund its start-up activities.
Federal funding for the \$250m-a-year project remains uncertain, however. The grant, which is the first non-industry financing received by Sematech, will enable the inby Sematech, will enable the inment to participate in the dustry group to continue a programme of workshops to refine The grant comes to Sematech its technical goals while it via the Semiconductor Reawaits word from Washington on the outcome of Congressional discussions.
Sematech funding of \$100m for two years is included in the Senate Defence Authorisation Bill, while the House version would give Sematech \$25m a

Sematech leaders had hoped to obtain federal funding for the project by September, but now say that they are optimistic that say that they are optimistic that
the funding will be approved by
the end of the year.

Mr Larry Sumney, who is acting as managing director of the
project, said the foundation
grant is a strong indication of
government support for Sematech and it provides an excellent mechanism for the government to participate in the search Co-operative, an industry sponsored research fund. Sematech has postponed the selection of a site for its planned semiconductor manufacturing technology development operations 'until we are Non-US owned semiconductor confident of government fund- makers have been excluded ing the group said.

Also awaiting word on funding are 13 companies that have "indicated a desire to join" Sematech. Sematech's business plan calls for member companies to provide half the funding for the project, with the government and state and local authorities together providing matching funda.

Among the companies that Among the companies that have said they would join Sematech are Advanced Micro Devices, AT&T, Digital Equipment, Harris, Hewlett-Packard, Intel, IBM, LSI Logic, Micron Technology, Motorola, National Semiconductor, Rockwell and Teyras Instruments. Texas Instruments.

Together they represent the leading merchant and captive semiconductor producers. Non-US owned semiconductor

WOODLAND TRUST **HURRICANE APPEAL**

Thousands of manue trees were uprooted, and thousands more will have to be felled due to irreversible storm damage. Trust woods in Kent, Sussex and Norfolk were especially affected; whole landscapes were destroyed, one emire wood was virtually flattened and trees that have taken hundreds of years to

But with your help we can begin to turn this devastation into restoration. Money is needed urgently for the clearance of fallen trees, tree planting and to restore woods as areas for quiet recreation and as wildlife habitats.

Please send your donation to: The Woodland Trust Restoration Appea The Woodland Trust, Ref. 1330

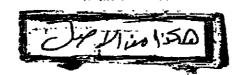
Saul Ubeldini:

FREEPOST.

WARNING: Woods will remain dangerous until restoration work can be undertaken.

First Class means never having to settle for less.

We're not talking about the spacious seating, delicious meals or comfortable headphones you'll find in our First Class. A lot of airlines offer that. In fact, many of them have gone to great lengths just to provide those very luxuries Swissair First Class passengers have enjoyed for so long. What we're talking about, however, is a clear advantage fewer and fewer other airlines can claim, namely, offering a First Class on all its aircraft, both on long-haul flights and throughout Europe. After all, if an airline's at its best only part of the time, it simply isn't first class.



WORLD TRADE NEWS

en EC animal hormone ban faces new test

By Tim Dickson in Brussels

♠ A NEW LÉGAL challenge to the European Community's ban on the use of hormones in meat production by a group of leading animal health

The European Federation of Animal Health (FEDESA), which represents a range of European manu-facturers of veterinary products in-chiding Bayer, Ciba Geigy, and Monsanto, announced that it has filed an action in Luxembourg on behalf of the French group Distriv-et disputing the Luxembourg Gow-ernment's decision to implement the relevant EC Directive 85/649.

Mr Michael Leathes, FEDESA's secretary general, vowed that the group would fight to overturn the formones prohibition and warned that similar legal moves would be made in other member states, if

The plan, which does not come in-to effect until January 1 next year, was agreed by EC Agriculture Ministers in December 1985 and has since been reflected in new national egislation in all countries of the Community, except France.

The decision, which was widely The decision, which was widery seen as politically inspired and without scientific justification, has particularly infuriated the US, which maintains that more than \$130m of meat exports to the EC produced with the help of so called growth promoters - will be hit.

The Reagan Administration has threatened to start a new trade war, though the indications in Brussels this week are that the two sides are moving towards a compromise which could allow implementation of the hormones directive to be de-

The latest initiative from the animai health industry comes at a time when a US challenge in the General Agreement of Tarriffs and Trade (GATT) appears to be bogged down and only days after the Advocate General of the European Court of Justice handed down an opinion which rejected a series of largely procedural complaints by the UK against the pessing of the ban.

ate access to several joint ven-tures in China and an opportunity to participate di-rectly in the Chinese economy's

expansion.

The group is raising A\$37m through a public float and will use part of the funds to acquire the China-related activities in-

volving Singapore's Metro

= New venture to capitalise

on Singapore-China links

A COMPANY with links to Singapore is being launched in Australia to capitalise on the island state's growing business links with China.

A COMPANY with links to Singapore is enterprise Norinco. They will be a representative on the bard.

Another 53.5 per cent will be held by the public, while the re-

The company, called Asian-Link Corporation, is being billed as a chance for Australian investors to obtain immediate access to several initial acces

group.

About 4 per cent of AsianLink will be held by institutions from China, including the investment bank Citic and the industrial

Pirelli signs \$13m tyre

plant order with China

David Barchard on schemes for a project that will change an historical natural skyline

Istanbul gets go ahead for third bridge

ISTANBUL'S energetic mayor, have general elections. Mr DalMr Bedrettin Dalan, received an, a popular mayor leading the permission to go ahead with plans for a third Bosporus an opposition stronghold, has Bridge last week, several months after indicating to Trafalgar House of the UK that such a project was possible.

This month the last sections of the platform on the second bridge are due to be lowered into place.

Mr Dalan, an a popular mayor leading the ruling party in what used to be be used his political clout to the maximum to press ahead with such a projects.

Though the people of Istanbul mourn the loss of the natural skyline of the Bosporus, they all recognise the urgent need to develop the city's transport system, which twice a day comes to the 1,200m long bridge would be

the 1,200m long bridge would be a virtual standstill, sometimes opened for tender in the near for several hours.

opened for tender in the near for several hours.

future, has hinted that the project, to be sited half a kilometre due south of the existing bridge, C. Itoh of Japan at a contract would probably be constructed on the build-own-operate franchise model invented by the prime minister, Mr Turgut Ozal. Its likely cost is estimated at \$800m.

June, although an additional yen soft loan for Y10.46bn public spending in Turkey at (£44m) was recently needed to the moment, the project might he project. Previous loans of the country were not about to Y24.3m and Y27.3bn havec also

been provided.

The access roads may not be ready for several months after the second bridge is completed, but temporary access roads are

Mr Dalan wants the new bridge to be built on a franchise model and there has been talk of a deal with Trafalgar House without the contract going to an international tender. It is not clear that the Turkish Transury clear that the Turkish Treasury in Ankara would go along with

Backing from the British Export Credit Guarantees Department would probably be the deciding factor, but not all UK ciding factor, but not all UK officials believe that the third bridge would be the most fitting candidate to scoop Britain's notoriously meagre pool of funding for Turkish projects.

The next few weeks should determine whether or not the project is put up for international tender, in which case Trafalgar House could face

al tenders which Istanbul is in done a feasibility study. the process of awarding. When be took office, Mr Dalan took ro (the city has a one stop metro immediate steps to ease the city's transport system by purchasing five buses from Norway Asea of Sweden last year won a for \$30m. Now he has moved on contract to build a light rail to long term projects.

to long term projects. trans Next week the Istanbul mu- city. Next week the Istanbul municipality will announce the award of a contract to build a \$200m road and bridge project stretching 10km from Besiktas to Samatya. Nine international gret the fact that from 1990 they companies including Costain International, George Wimpey and Tarmac, all of the UK, have put in bids. The contract will include the construction of a fourth bridge across the Golden Horn.

Other projects under way in-

from the Japanese, who won the and work on a computerised second bridge tender in 1985 system for monitoring traffic despite strong criticism from flows. Plans are now being laid the UK Government.

The content of the latest strong criticism from flows. Plans are now being laid for a tube and tunnel rail cross-The Bosporus Bridge is just ing under the Bosporus. for one of a number of internation—which Bouygues of France have

Plans for a new Istanbul mettransit system for part of the

agreement on a long-term framework. This, the Cairns

products at zero or at low levels.

lowed for in Gatt would be pro-hibited under the long-term framework. This provision would force the EC to do away with its variable levies, which

seek to ensure that prices of im-ported products do not conflict

with prices paid to domestic

producers.
Other countries would have to

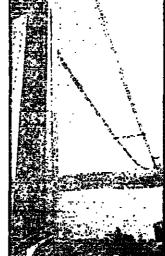
abandon the minimum import prices they now impose.

Some exceptions would be allowed under the framework

proposed by the Cairns Group.
Agricultural trade has become the centrepiece of Gatt's trade-liberalising Uruguay Round and the touchstone of its

success. With the tabling next week of the Cairns and EC pro-

posals, the three biggest blocs of farm traders will have staked



The second Bosporus bridge

the Golden Horn. Venerable disappearing to make it possible for Istanbul commuters to get home each night in some-thing less than the infuriating

Egypt, Uganda near \$300m barter deal

Group proposes, should include a binding of all tariffs on farm EGYPT and Uganda are close to concluding a \$300m barter deal under which Egypt will build (Under Gatt a country agrees to bind individual tariffs at a 10,000 housing units in Kampala and help Uganda develop wheat given level. If it then increases a tariff rate, other countries can exports to pay for them, Reuter reports from Kampala Mr Shamir Abdallah.the demand compensation.)
All measures not explicitly al-

Egyptian ambassador, said yes-terday that preliminary agreements for the deal had already been signed.

He said that Uganda would pay 90 per cent of the \$300m construction costs in the form of coffee and wheat exports to Egypt.The remaining 10 per cent would be paid in hard cur-

A final agreement between the finance ministries of the two countries is due to be signed before March. This would set out detailed terms of payment and the extent of Egyp-tian technical assistance for

wheat growing in Uganda.
The ambassador said Egyptian companies would build 10,000 new housing units in Kampala and two new roads to open up potential wheat grow-ing areas in eastern and west-

S Korea surplus rises to record

SOUTH KOREA announced its biggest monthly current ac-count surplus yesterday, showing that its economy had weathered a wave of summer strikes, Reuter reports from Seoul. But government officials ex-

pressed acute concern over widespread inflationary sures at home, and the likeli-hood of tougher US calls for Seoul to open its markets and revalue its won currency

The Bank of Korea said soar-ing exports and increased tourism earnings had helped to take the current account surplus to

January and September.
The figure came close to the \$7bn ceiling for the whole of June during talks with the International Monetary Fund aimed at averting too fast a revaluation of the won.

Bank officials predicted the surplus would reach \$9bn for the whole of 1987 against \$4.65bn last year. Bank officials attributed the

sharp rise in exports to brisk shipments of electronics, cars, textiles, machinery and footwear. Tourism earnings rose to \$1.69bn in the first nine months

from \$1.05bn a year ago. Bank officials said Septem-ber's record surplus was partly due to a resumption of export deliveries after delays caused by a wave of strikes Trade Ministry officials said

with Seoul's trade surplus with the United States forecast to reach \$8.5bn this year against \$7.4bn in 1986, they were brac-ing themselves for more pres-

Madeira deal for Finns

Nokia Oy,the Finnish telecommunication company, has signed an agreement with the Portuguese Telephone Authori-ty to deliver a mobile telephone system designed for sparse pop-ulations on the island of Madeira, Renter reports from Helsinki.
The system, due to be completed in 1989-89 at an undisclosed price, will be set up in the Madeiran capital, Funchal, and then the whole island,

Hawke unveils plan for farm trade reform

MR BOB HAWKE, the Austra-dies by the end of the century. Itan prime minister, yesterday The European Community will unveiled the most detailed plan also submit next week its more so far for the reform of world cautious two-stage programme

pared to eliminate all quantitative restrictions on imports of manufactured goods and to negotiate reductions in the tariffs protecting Australian industry.

The farm trade plan will be formally submitted next week to the group negotiating on agriculture in the Uruguay Round of the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade.

It follows a sweeping US proposal tabled in July for the abolition of all farm trade subsi-

Kong investment company con-trolled by Metrobilt directors.

Among the projects in which AsianLink will be involved are a Peking hotel, commercial and residential complex, the redevelopment of a building in Guangzhou, and the management of a number of other construction projects.

struction projects.

It will also establish an elec-

so far for the reform of world agricultural trade.
Elaborated by 13 nations of the Cairns Group, it calls for a three-stage approach, starting with a freeze on production and export subsidies.

This would be followed by a 10-year programme to roli back government farm supports and negotiation of a long-term framework for agricultural trade, to come into effect at the end of the 10 years.

In a speech at the Geneval headquarters of the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade (Gatt) Mr Hawke also announced that Australia was prepared to eliminate all quantitative restrictions on imports of and the EC.

Solutions two-stage programme for improving agricultural trade. The Cairns Group accounts for more than a quarter of world agricultural exports. In Mr Hawke's words, it is 'fed up with being caught in the crossfire' of the farm subsidies war waged between the US and the EC.

Billing themselves as fair traders, Argentina, Australia, In Argenement on Tariffs and Uruguay concluded an alliance in Cairns, Australia, in August, 1986. They constitute the third force in international farm trade alongside the US

Under the Cairns plan early relief measures would be implemented by the end of 1968. They would include a ban on new quantitative restrictions on farm imports. This would, for instance, prevent the EC ex-

tending its variable levies to new commodities.

All export and production subsidies would be frozen. Governments would make a politi-cal commitment to dispose of their current enormous surplus stocks in ways that would not disrupt markets. disrupt markets.
From the end of 1988, the Cairns group suggests, countries should demonstrate their political will for improved farm trade by agreeing to an across-the-board cut in all export and production subsidies.

Diving the subscenant 10.

During the subsequent 10-year reform programme coun-access by reducing tariffs and

the phasing out of export and Full liberalisation of farm out their opening positions in other subsidies and to the "systrade would be realised by the negotiating group.

programme to roll back government farm supports, with renegotiation for a long-term framework for farm trade access' by reducing tariffs and

The plan calls for a

by a 10-year

three-stage approach -

starting with a freeze on

production and export

subsidies, to be followed

year retorm programme countries would undertake to reduce and eliminate trade distorting policies. Each country would follow a schedule of reductions, based on an agreed measure of its aggregate farm support and implemented in a Gatt non-discontinuiting for intertaint of the state of the second state of t

implements as ternational cooperation.

Priority treatment would go to application.

Priority treatment would go to application.

Full liberalisation of farm

CHRIS BOON CARRIES AN AIR CALL PAGER. (HE'S THE LAST ONE TO RECOMMEND IT.)

Chris is in no doubt at all.

He reckons Air Call's pager saves time and trouble in his job at Copygraphic stationery suppliers.

Like any good salesman, however, Chris believes the customer's opinion is allimportant.

And since we share this view at Air Call, we're only too pleased to give Chris's customers the first say...

(() could buy many of the same products at the same prices elsewhere. But I call Copygraphic and I know he'll be on the phone in minutes.

It means I get personal attention on every order and every query. Air Call paging certainly gives Chris the competitive edge.77

Jo Rowden, Stationery Buyer New Media Group

66The operators are excellent, they always repeat the message so I'm sure it's right and I'm confident it always gets to him.

tt's a highly efficient service, therefore it must be a real benefit to us.77

David Mallery, Assistant Director Bell Nicholson Henderson (Lloyds Re-insurance Brokers)

44 Chris uses a visual pager, so my order goes straight to him. We get rapid delivery - within hours sometimes.77 Katie Bradshawi, Stationery Buyer Original Additions

(Beauty Products)

44 Air Call paging is a real customer benefit. Chris gets in touch within minutes, so it saves me time and gets goods delivered

I like the message retention too. I know if he's in a meeting and doesn't want to be disturbed, his pager will retain the message – it's even better than a phone in that respect.

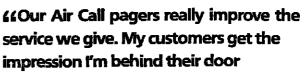
7

So Clements, Manager's Assistant RER Forwarding (Mailing House)

LLIf I'm in danger of missing a deadline, I page Chris and get fast delivery of the goods.

That pager has got us out of trouble more than once. It makes life much easier generally.77

Joanna Grieco, Buyer Medical Market Studies (Market Research)



waiting to step out the second they need me.

In many ways, I prefer it to a cellphone, especially with its message retention. It's discreet, and I always

get the message." Chris Boon Copygraphic Plc

We're happy, of course, to leave the last word with Chris. For now, you can get more details of Air Call's service – for your customers on 01-200 0 200. Or write to

Jane Maxwell, Marketing Department, Air Call Communications Limited, Freepost, London, SW1P 1YZ.

cables group, has signed a \$13m contract with China to help build a radial tyre factory The deal, agreed with the China National Chemical Construction Corporation, calls for Pirel The deal, agreed with the China National Chemical Construction Corporation, calls for Pirel tion Corporation, calls for Pirel The Italian company will also help to train Chinese technicians in Peking. Why Swansea is 1st CHOICE for Business! modern premises plus the the superb coastal city OR RING MICHAEL BURNS DIRECT

TO: MICHAEL BURNS, ASSISTANT DIRECTOR, SWANSEA CENTRE FOR TRADE & INDUSTRY, SINGLETON STREET, SWANSEA SA1 30H. PLEASE SEND ME YOUR BUSINESS FILE PLUS DETAILS OF GRANTS AND INCENTIVES



exceptional benefits of an Enterprise Zone location. A tresh start for business that can take adventage of ironment which Swansea has to offer. We can assemble the business package tailored to your requirements. COMPLETE THE COUPON FOR YOUR SWANSEA BUSINESS FILE ON **0792 476666.**

UK NEWS

Consortium buys Allied Steel and Wire for £181m

ALLIED Steel and Wire, the investors' confidence but also first of the Phoenix joint ventures to be established between the state-owned British Steel corporation and private companies.

The because BSC's sale of a majority of its shareholding marked a significant reduction in public count on book value, would be used to reduce borrowing.

GEN's divestment included to require the property of the Corporation and private compa-nies, was sold for £181m

nating overlapping production of the UK steel industry, Allied has moved from an operating loss of £13.9m on sales of £306m and Allied's chief executive in the 18 months to the end of \$19.9m on sales of £228m in 1986.

Yesterday's bay-out is intended to lead to a stock market flo-language steel ground with Kobe and Kyoèi Steel, two Yesterday's buy-out is intend-ed to lead to a stock market flotation within two years. It was hailed by Mr Kenneth Clarke, a overnment economics, as "an important milestone for the UK steel industry, not only be-ed its policy of selling peripher-cause it reflected institutional al activities to concentrate on

Ispanese steel groups, which have established 'best world standards' against which Allied can monitor its performance.
GEN said its disposal reflect-

IT WAS the day that calm ratio—was up 16 points. It looks like a and record level of share op-nality was expected to return to flat, normal day," said one re-tions expiring in London.

Keeping a stiff upper lip

as London fails to revive

the market.

lieved trader, eyeing large
At 8am yesterday an equities patches of blue figures - indicatanalyst stood up at the regular ing rising prices - on his Topic
morning meeting of share salesshare information screen.

men and market makers in a But the next few hours were

leading London securities to bring another day of wild gy-house and confidently de-rations in share prices, demon-clared: "We have passed the strating the extreme nervous-phase of stiff upper lip, knee-jerk responses to what's going morning's surface confidence.

The state of the state

on. It is now time to start the Every market maker had his rational pursuit of cheap stocks own views on precisely what combination of factors caused

on low pies."

At first, it looked as if he, and a hundred other experts, were going to be right. New York had closed the night before with a Japanese stocks in London durrecord rise and Tokyo had also finished up-though it had been due to heavy selling of closed well below its peak for the scale of London and New York. Others cited a sharp drop.

the day.

York Others cited a sharp drop
By 10.24 the FT-SE 100 index in the German equity market

GKN, the motor components and industrial services group which was BSC's partner in the company created in 1981, has sold its interest for £34m in cash. BSC, however, has taken a 20 per cent stake in ASW Holdings, the buy-out vehicle, while extracting £44m in cash. Since it was established as the prototype for the co-operative ratioualisation (by eliminating overlapping production) of the UK steel industry, Allied has moved from an operating Mr Alan Cox, formerly of GKN

With capital investment total-law cent stake in ASW, 24 managers have subscribed a total of £700,000 to take a 18 per cent stake in ASW, 24 managers have subscribed a total of £700,000 to take a 18 per cent stake in ASW, 24 managers have subscribed a total of £700,000 to take a 18 per cent stake in ASW, 24 managers have subscribed a total of £700,000 to take a 18 per cent stake in ASW, 24 managers have subscribed a total of £700,000 to take a 18 per cent of ordinary shares is split evenly between Charterhouse Bry-out Fund, Mercury Asset Management and 3i, the venture capital group. Employees will shortly be granted share options.

S.G. Warburg, the merchant bank moved from an operating industries. It also makes nails and wire.

Mr Alan Cox, formerly of GKN

arranged an £85m medium-term loan facility, of which £85m is likely to be needed immediate-

BSC's other large Phoenix joint ventures are United Engi-neering Steels (also with GKN) and Sheffield Forgemasters (with Johnson Firth Brown). Smaller ventures are British Bright Bar, Clyde Shaw, Cold Drawn Tubes and United Mer-

Another blow to confidence was the mid-morning news, tan-noyed across the dealing room

floors, that the Iranians had atacked a Kuwaiti oil terminal

No further details were available... but a US response was

expected...The flickering num-bers on the screens began changing from blue to red.

yesterday's plunge, the various potential enlprits underlined afresh the close inter-relation-ship of moods between the ma-

for world markets. But I'm far from sure whether we're lead-ing New York or New York is leading us," said the head of

market-making at one large



Sir James Blyth

Boots names a new chief executive

By Lize Wood

SIR JAMES BLYTH, the forme managing director of Plessey, the UK electronics group, has been appointed chief executive of Boots, the pharmaceuticula and retailing group.

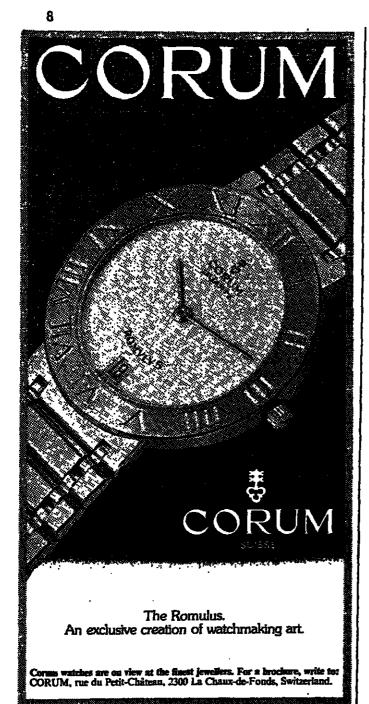
Mr Robert Gunn, who has until now combined the role of chairman and chief executive of chairman and chief executive at challenge.

Sir James resigned from Plas-sey earlier this month, the day after the announcement of a merger of Plessey's telecommunember of russey's telecommit-nications interests in a \$0-00 joint venture with those of the General Electric Company, Sir James's resignation from

Plessey followed weeks of spec-ulation about a rift between him and Sir John Clark, the group's long-serving chi Boots, the fourth largest com-pany in the retail sector in terms of market capitalisation. has been seeking to change It

ing retailer. Mr Gunn decided some time ago that he wished to split the role of chairman and chief ex-

ecutive so as to give him more time for strategic consider-ations and external relations. Sir James, who is aged 47, started his career in marketing and sales and worked at Hobil Oil, Mars and General Foods He was a general man Lucus Batteries and then Lucis Aerospace before being second-ed to the Ministry of Defence as a head of sales. He joined Plessey in Pebruary 1986.



SWITZERLAND BANKING, FINANCE & INVESTMENT The Financial Times proposes to publish this

survey on TUESDAY 15th DECEMBER 1987 For further information please contact:

Gunter Breitling on 022/311 604 Financial Times (Switzerland) 15 rue du Cendrier, 1201 Geneva or Patricia Surridge Bracken House, 10 Cannon Street London EC4P 4BY ~ Tel: 01-248 8000 extn 3426

> FINANCIAL TIMES EUROPE'S BUSINESS NEWSPAPER

Canada

Pity the poor

pension scheme trustee...

As a busy truster you may find yourself asking the following questions:

• Do I want a pooled managed find?

• Or a segregated portfolio?

• How can I be sure the fund managers I have chosen invest selectively enough to exactly match my needs?

• Does the team I have chosen compare favourably in performance terms with other groups?

• Has it performed as consistently until as they made out in their

Will be give me constraint and the Valuations?
Valuations?
Valuations?
Tampaction statements?
Tampaction statements?
In cone fund management team enough – or should I have two or more?
The first goes on. One thing you can be sure of is that they will all tell you that they are the best. Number one. Bop performers.
But are they? Who can really tell which group is the best and for what sort of fund management. The short answer is Pensions Management.
Pensions Management is a monthly magazine published by the Pinaucial Times to cover the booming pensions marketplace. Already thousands of trustees and advices have come to rely on us for expert impartial advice on all sensets of pensions.

What's more in around 18 pages of performance statistics we give the relative performance of most individual UK pension funds. You can see for yourself how each fund is performing. And we carry a major survey every month. These cover such topics as mused/managed fund, segregated fund management groups and small self administered schemes – so you can see which fund would suit your particular pension scheme.

which thind would suit your paractuar pension scheme.

Every month we my to provide the trustee with the kind of help he needs.

If you are a pensions trustee then you too should be reading Pensions

Management. Simply fill in the compon and take advantage of a no-risk trial

subscription to the largest selling pensions magazine in the UK.

TWO FREE ISSUES

TWO FREE ISSUES

We will send you the next two issues of the magazine with no obligation. If
you fire what you see you can continue as a full time subscriber and receive
the following 12 issues.

If you don't like the magazine, simply cancel. Any money you have paid
will be refunded in full. If you chose to have us bill you and then cancel you
will own mothing.

The two fire issues will still be yours to keep.

25.00 SAVING

In addition when you reply now you can also take advantage of an introductory saving of 20% off the full subscription rate. You pay just £24.00 rather than the normal UK rate of £30.00 (overseas subscribers pay £40.00 storing £5.00).

Yes. Please enter my Subscription to PENSIONS MANAGEMENT at the special First-Time annual rate of £24 – saving £5 off the normal UK subscription rate of £30. (Overseas subscribers pay £40, saving £5.) I understand that I will receive 14 issues: the first two issues are tree.

MONEY BACK GUARANTEE - After receiving my two free issues of PENSIONS MANAGEMENT I can cancel.

Any payment I make now will be refunded in full. If I choose to have you bill me, and then cancel, I will owe nothing.

BLOCK CAPITALS PLEASE

Will my fund manager keep me in touch with how the inv

How many other funds will be be managing?

STATISTICS

MONEY BACK GUARANTEE

Piense return to: FT Business Information Ltd., Graystoke Pince, Petter Lane, London ECAA IND.

☐ I wish to pay by credit card. Please debit my account.
VISA/ACCESS/AMERICAN EXPRESS/DINERS.

FINANCIAL TIMES BUSINESS INFORMATION. CREYSTOKE PLACE, FETTER LANE, LONDON BOWN IND.

enclose a cheque to the value of £_______navable to FT Business Information Ltd.

ORDER FORM

You can start big

Keep

adding to your portfolio



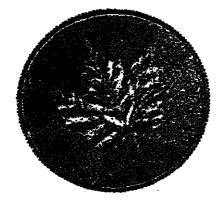
663010

A bit at a birthday



Use your tax refund

You can start small



Money left over when buying



Build up a golden reserve

Nost wise investors hold from 10 to 15% of their investment portfolio in gold. They know that gold can anchor their portfolio, as history has proven that gold is the ultimate store of value. But, when you buy gold, you also want the assurance that you can trade it discretely for cash on demand at its full value. Around the world, only the Gold Maple Leaf can meet this demand. Each Gold Maple Leaf coin is 999.9/1000 fine pure gold, and is legal tender at its face value. Independent tests have even shown that the Royal Canadian Mint

gives a little gold away to guarentee each coin's minimum weight. Because of its large numbers sold, its unquestioned reputation, and the government guarantee of weight and purity control, the Gold Maple Leaf has achieved the status of the standard by which all other gold coins are measured.

When you buy Gold Maple Leaf coins, you can be sure that you can easily and discretely obtain cash for them whereyer gold is traded, there is no time-consuming and costly assay, usually required with other forms of gold that do not

enjoy universal recognition. No other physical bullion product can offer all the advantages of the Gold Maple Leaf - all of which add up to make it, with over 10 million ounces sold, the bestselling investment coin in the world today And, just maybe worth even more to you than its weight in gold.



Gold Maple Leaf. The world's gold coin standard.

V/e hadn't been back W to Skye since our honeymoon, but nothing had changed.

Lochalsh was just as breathtaking, Helen just as lovely.

"You're still an admirer then?" she said, indicating the Volvo.

"More than ever," I replied fervently and it was quite clear that I didn't mean the car.

Which was a little awkward, considering we'd been divorced for nearly three years.

The timely arrival of the ferry saved me from further confusion and we were across the loch and heading for Harlosh before Helen asked the inevitable question.

"So what are you doing here? A sentimental journey?"

"Not at all," I replied a little too quickly. "I had some business in Inverness and, well, it's a chance to try out the car. I only took delivery on Monday."

Helen must have caught a note of pride in my voice, for she snuggled deeper into the leather seats and looked up impishly at me.

"A little extravagant for you, isn't it?"

I refused to rise to the bait.

"It cost £19,800 excluding number plates and delivery," I said mildly.

"For that, I get a 2.3 litre, turbocharged, fuel-injected engine, capable of speeds far in excess of anything I need these days, but pleasing all the same."

"It's extremely comfortable, as you may have noticed, very reliable and it has a hint of luxury

that I not only like, but feel I've earned."

The smile faded from Helen's face.

"Were we part of the price?"

There was no answer to that, so I didn't attempt one. To give myself a breathing space, I slipped a tape into the player and filled the car with Thelonious Monk.

seemed lost in the music, whilst I was pleasantly absorbed in noting how effortlessly the 760's new suspension coped with the bumpy, twisting mountain road.

And then, inevitably, the nearer we got to Harlosh, the farther back

For the next few miles, Helen | touch with old friends this way," I said flippantly and instantly regretted it when I caught the flash of pain in her eyes.

> "I came up here to do some research for the rag," she volunteered, "and I suppose the fact that it would have been our anniversary

"Unlike us," murmured Helen in a voice so low I could barely catch it.

I counted silently to three, took a deep breath and plunged.

"We should be there in time for dinner, if you'd care to join me?"



my thoughts drifted.

Thirteen years ago, I had driven down this same road, in the same make of car, with the it be funny if it was 🦳 same girl in the passenger seat.

My first love, my first car. I'd no idea what happened to the Volvo, but Helen and I had followed a welltrodden path.

We hadn't so much drifted apart as sailed full steam in opposite directions, both of us so busy building our separate careers that one day we found we'd made separate lives as well.

"Richard?"

Her voice cut through the Monk and the memories and I looked across at her.

> "Were you surprised to see me at the ferry?" I nearly choked. Surprised? Just because I drive into a remote Scottish port that I haven't

visited for thirteen years and find my ex-wife waiting at the dockside, calmly asking for a lift to the hotel where we'd spent our honeymoon?

put the idea into my head."

"Anyway, when I saw the Volvo drive up, I thought God, wouldn't

Richard and then when you got out..."

"It wasn't so funny after all," I finished for her.

"Something like that."

There was an odd note in her voice and I waited, wondering what was coming next.

"Do you remember that old Volvo we had?"

I thought of the battered snapshot in my wallet and said nothing.

"No electric sun-roof," she continued, "no electronic climate control, no electronic anything, but it was a sweet little car."

Ahead of me the lights of Harlosh flickered in the gathering gloom, and I slowed, searching for the turning to the hotel.

"What do you think happened to it, Richard?"

"Knowing Volvos," I said casually, "Not at all, I always keep in it's probably still going strong."

"For old time's sake?" she asked. I shook my head and thought, oh well, in for a penny, etc.

"They say the average life of

a Volvo is about twenty-one years," I said carefully.

Helen merely looked at me.

"It occurred to me," I went on, "that if you're not doing anything for the next

decade or so, we could put this one to the test."

There was a long silence and my heart lurched.

Then she said quietly, "Don't you trade your car in every three years or so?"

"Usually," I replied and noticed I was gripping the wheel a little too firmly.

"But just lately I've learnt that some things become even more valuable, the longer you hold on to them."

"I am," said Helen slowly, "quite remarkably hungry."

The new Volvo 760 Turbo.

ep

ief

!∀6

ng



Sometimes required reading can be desired reading.



Directors urge radical policies for economy

THE INSTITUTE of Directors today, launches a renewed attempt to urge the Government to have further radical policies in all sectors of the economy.

"A New Agenda for Government to ministers, calls for lower taxation, substantial cuts in public spending and an expansion of privatisation in the areas of the welfare state.

The policy document says the Chancellor's aim of a basic rate of 25p income tax must not be the final goal. The aim should be a far lower basic rate, as low as 10 to 15 per cent, if this country is to become truly competitive in a world market increasingly shaped by Pacific Basin performance."

It also calls for the tax structure to be reformed to levy tax proportionately across all incompt thresholds. Tax would still be progressive at lower levels because of the tax exempt personal allowances and the present stepped rates of national insurance contributions. Capital gains and inheritance taxes

must be given greater opportunity to make their own welfare it is nearly 43 per cent in the provisions with their own moncurrent year, differing little ey, with government only profrom the proportion in 1978/9."

THE INSTITUTE of Directors viding support for those who

present stepped rates of national insurance contributions. Capital gains and inheritance taxes should be abolished.

Sir John Hoskyns, IoD director general, says government spending must be reduced to enable the cut in taxes. People has not been significantly remarks be given greater agreement dued as a recent content.

Zeebrugge disaster crew 'badly treated'

PENINSULAR and Oriental Steam Navigation was criticised yesterday over its treatment of crew survivors of the ferry Herald of Free Enter-

Only four of the 42 surviving crew have jobs at sea, according to a Press Association in-

Others said they were suffer-ing from psychiatric stress, money worries, marital prob-lems and fears of long-term un-employment. They claimed to be largely unaided by the com-P & O yesterday promised

P & O yesterday promised immediate action over the complaints. Mr Peter Ford, chairman of P & O European Ferries, formerly Townsend Thoresen, said the company's managers had done everything passible to help the crew.

Mr Leslie Stephenson, deputy managing director, urged the Government to set up a specialist unit to give advice to companies on how to handle the aftermath of a tragedy.

The PA investigation discovered that all Herald crew on return from Zeebrugge were 'doched' out of their annual leave for the three weeks the company told them to take off.

Mr David Shaw, Conservative MP for Dover, said that it

P & O plots victory course in the Channel

horseback.

The statues symbolise a determination to be on the winning side, especially when it comes to the business of crossing the Channel, about which amed P & O European Ferries, is under new management, but something of a disagreement

some years ago.

Sir Jeffrey also has a fight on his hands if he is to protect P & O from the consequences of possibly ruinous competition when the Channel Tunnel opens in

six years' time.

Up to now he has played his cards close to his chest, taking little part in the campaign against the tunnel orchestrated their case.

His strategy was to wait and see whether Eurotunnel, the fixed link consortium, could raise enough money to finance construction, before entering

the fray. Sir Jeffrey has now revealed his hand however, with a decla-ration that the Office of Pair Trading will soon be asked to approve detailed talks between ferry operators on rationalising

The timing of the announcement was not accidental: it came on the same day that Townsend Thoresen, the P & O subsidiary which operated the

SIR JEFFREY STERLING, ill-fated Herald of Free Enterchairman of P & O, keeps two prise, officially ceased to exist.

The sinking of the Herald in March, with the loss of 188 lives, with the loss of 188 lives, effectively destroyed the Flexing to stop the tunhorseback.

The statues symbolise a determination to be on the winconcentrated on the alleged

is under new management, but it will be a long time before P & O is able to put the Herald trag-edy behind it, but there is unlikely to be a better time to launch a campaign.

There are four elements to P & O's strategy:

Achieving "substantial" cuts in the 6,000 staff of European Ferries, particularly in the numbers at sea. P & O wants to against the tunnel orchestrated by Flexilink, the consortium formed by ferry operators to put their case.

His strategy was to wait and see whether Europapan the strategy was to wait and see whether Europapan the strategy was to wait and see whether Europapan the strategy was to wait and see whether Europapan the strategy was to wait and see whether Europapan the strategy was to wait and see whether Europapan the strategy was to wait and see whether Europapan the strategy was to wait and see whether the strategy was to wait union leaders.

union leaders.

O Upgrading the image of ferry travel by re-equipping modern ships with better facilities and replacing older tonnage.

O Determined lobbying in whitehall for cast-iron guarantees against predatory pricing by Eurotunnel, parity of treatment in areas such as speeded up customs and immigration agreement with Sealink, which

up customs and immigration services, and improved road communications to Dover. ● Talks with Sealink and other France, compared with P & O's companies on rationalisation of services, joint marketing, issuing of tickets and manage.

Given that P & O and its Belgian associate, Regie voor Meri-



Kevin Brown reports on a ferry chief's plans to deal with tunnel competition

Sir Jeffrey Sterling: has the will

ment, for which OFT permisment, for which Or 1 permission is required.

P & O has also had initial talks with Dover Harbour Board and Belgian, French and Dutch ferry operators, all of which have small shares of the Channal burgings.

The key to achieving this is an agreement with Sealink, which has 36 per cent of the passenger market on short sea routes to

that the threat from the tunnel is sufficient to justify this virtual monopoly of the sea routes.

As an incentive, the ferry companies are likely to undertake to freeze fares in real terms, or even to cut them, while the restructuring takes place. Once the tunnel is operating, the argument runs, prices will have to reflect market realities, and a monopoly of sea routes will be meaningless.

Sir Jeffrey says P & O will produce figures proving that revenue and market share this year.

Sir Jeffrey says P & O will produce figures proving that revenue and market share this year.

Sir Jeffrey says P & O will produce figures proving that revenue from the existing services cannot finance necessary re-

cannot finance necessary re-dundancies, or replacement ships - especially the "jumbo" ferries needed to compete with the tunnel.

The group is vulnerable, how-ever, to accusations that it is us-ing the tunnel threat to force through large scale economies, of the sort which have provoked

tiem Transport, also have 98 per cent of the market from Dover to Belgium, such an arrangement would clearly have huge competition implications.

competition implications.

Sir Jeffrey recognises that the OFT will take some persuading gest market share; modern that the threat from the tunnel ships, including the two biggest

stinct is to use European Fer-ries strength to take on Sealink in the market place, but points out that a pricing battle would weaken both companies before the tunnel even opens. It could also allow a new competitor into the market.

Sir Jeffrey says he has a sum-ple message for ministers: "What the Government has to decide is whether it wants strong and effective competibitter strikes in other ferry companies, without a fight.

Sir Jeffrey says there is an awareness among the staff that there have to be changes if the company is to survive the tun-

there have to be changes if the company is to survive the tunnel competition. The OFT is likely, however, to want to know why these changes cannot be achieved without the formation of a cartel with P & O's biggest competitor.

What is clear is that P & O will about it."

About it."

He plans to use all his personal influence in the coming months - he is an adviser to dustry Secretary, and a member of the Cabinet privatisation committee - to get this message across.

MSC plans revamp of adult training

training by the turn of the year, and other expenses. Partici-The changes would be implemented in autumn 1988. abenefit-plus basis.

THE 10-strong policy-making becoming more alike. Senior officials indicated that Commission yesterday endorsed a paper proposing a the two schemes was integrating provisions for the adult unemployed.

MSC officials hope to draw up a detailed agenda for implementing a thorough re-organisation and simplification of adult is intended to cover travelling training by the turn of the year, and other expenses. Partici-

mented in autumn 1988.

Sir Bryan Nicholson, the retiring commission chairman, said there was a growing recognition that the Job Training Scheme (which offers a mix of the JTS to expand as quickly as ministers hoped when it was launched nationally in April. About 20,000 people are on the and the Community Programme (the main programme for the scheme, while the Government the end of the year.

Texaco discovers oil near North Sea Tartan field

Tartan field.
Further drilling would be needed to establish the extent of the find, Texaco said, but if successful the field would be developed and tied into the existing platform. The well, drilled on block 14/20b, flowed at a rate of 6,725 barrels of oil a day.

Analysts said the field, which may contain about 50m barrels of oil; could be developed profitably at present oil prices using similar subsear techniques to those used by Texaco for its Petronella and Highlander fields.

Shell has placed orders work on its Tern and Eider fields in the North Sea. The contracts, which cover the final commissioning of the platforms, laying pipelines.

Shell has placed orders work on its Tern and Eider fields in the North Sea. The contracts, which cover the final commissioning of the platforms, laying pipelines.

Tern and Eider field and hiring flotels have been awarded to Press Offshore UK and AOC International.

Tern and Eider are the only big projects underway in the depressed offshore supplies industry, and together will have provided 6,000 jobs during the development phase.

may contain about 50m barrels of oil, could be developed profitably at present oil prices using similar "subsea" techniques to those used by Texaco for its Petronella and Highlander fields.

The find is typical of the sort of discovery now being made in 1989 at a cost of £1.2bn.

BY LUCY KELLAWAY

TEXACO, the US oil company. the North Sea. About 100 such made an oil discovery in the North Sea close to its producing platforms and pipelines. Tartan field.

National Heritage Fund given grant of £20m

THE National Heritage Memorial Fund yesterday received an unexpected grant of £20m from Mr Nicholas Ridley, Environment formation of £20m from Environment formation of £20m from Figure 1 is greater this month the Heri-

ment Secretary.

The fund, established in 1960, has the task of safeguarding the national heritage, and its annual grant of £3m is proving inadequate to the task in a period of booming saleroom prices for works of art. The Government has stepped in with a generous top up, but now expects the fund to get on with its work without complaints of limited resources.

The last time the Government found substantial additional resources for the fund was in 1985, when £25m was handed over to safeguard three threatened stately homes: Kedleston Hall, Weston Park and Nostell Priory. This time there is no imminent emnergency, although the fund

Community work scheme for jobless criticised

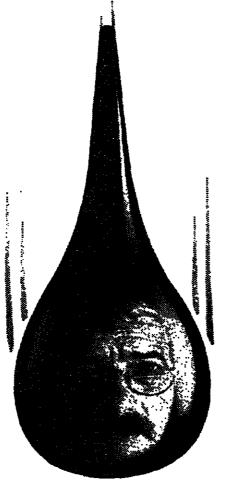
THE PROSPECT of the unemployed having to undertake programme and called for joint action by local authorities and

welfare payments was condemned yesterday as a "night-mare of the distant past" by Mr Ron Todd, general secretary of the Transport and General Workers' Union.

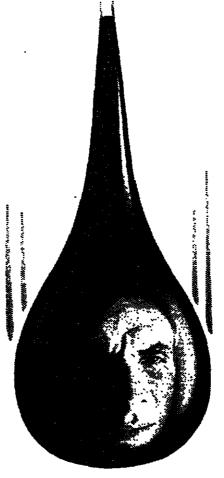
Mr Todd said Britain was only a step away from introducing a system of unemployment bene
action by local authorities and trade unions to stop the move.

He said the change in the title of the Manpower Services Commission to the Training Commission was irrelevant compared with the change in its composition, which he described as gerrymandering.

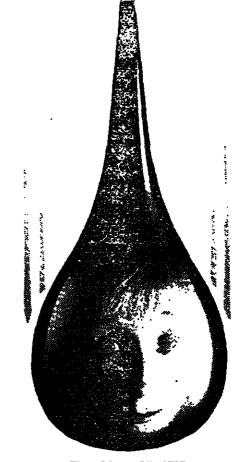




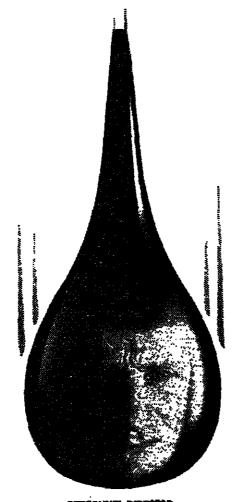
PRODUCTION DIRECTOR As long as he gets his products out the door, he doesn't on much energy disappears through the roof.



MARKETING DIRECTOR He sees his responsibilities as either above the line or below the line. On energy costs, he simply draws the line.



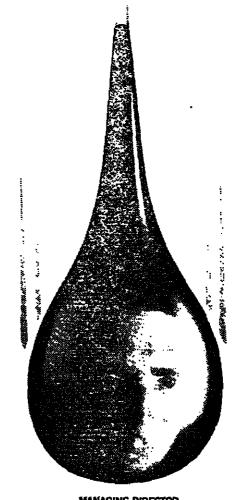
EXPORT SALES DIRECTOR She's so busy unravelling the mysteries of the Far East, she can't see that energy costs are stitching her up at home.



PERSONNEL DIRECTOR He has enough on his plate keeping up with interviews without worrying who leaves the lights on.



He's more concerned about the staff's petrol bills than the company's fuel bills. What he needs is a lock up the bottom-line.



MANAGING DIRECTOR With so many priorities, he's more concerned about wasting his own energy than the company's.



Post Office challenged by TNT overnight service

THE POST OFFICE, still smart-manager of TNT's overnight de-craft it is buying from British ing from bitter criticism from livery division, said he was "gothe Mail Users' Association,
yesterday faced a fresh onslaught from the express delivery division of the world's larery division of the world's lardet interpretation of the world's lardet interpretation of the world's lar-

gest transport company.

TNT Express, a subsidiary of Australian-based Thomas Nationwide Transport, announced an overnight postal service ager of TNT Express, said the said at the business market ager of TNT Express, said the said and invalidation of the world's largest transport transport, announced an overnight postal service levels that are to post, which has offered guaranted overnight delivery for two today's rapidly expanding business world.

Mr Ken McCell, general managuarantees delivery by 10am and invalidations in the competing with Data-would be competing with Data-would be competing with Data-post, which has offered guaranteed overnight delivery for two parameters. aimed at the business market ager of TNT Express, said the served by the Post Office's Data- Post Office was 'a first class fail-

just days after the association pany out of business.

The Post Office delivers as little as 43 per cent of the Mail Users' Association surfirst class mail on the day after posting, compared with an ad-vertised rate of 87.9 per cent.

It also coincides with a ballot on industrial action by the Union of Communications Workers, which is claiming a week
In addition, TNT made clear
that the launch was only the
first shot in a campaign to challenge the Post Office monopoly

lenge the Post Office monopoly of non-express mail, entrenched in legislation.

The announcement set off claim and counter-claim by the two sides over the merit and cost of their respective systems.

TINT claimed it would have a post box on every street cornering 10 years, which is illegal under existing legislation.

Mr Chris Atkinson, general

a basic fee of £3.

TINT will offer proof of delivery pared to pay above normal postal rates for guaranteed delivery of urgent documents.

Mr John Emery, chairman of Emery, chairman of Emery by 10.38am £1.

TINT will offer proof of delivery on request, through its companies preval to pay above normal postal rates for guaranteed delivery of urgent documents.

Mr John Emery, chairman of Emery by 10.38am £1.

TINT will offer proof of delivery of urgent documents.

Mr John Emery, chairman of Emery by 10.38am £1.

TINT will offer proof of delivery of urgent documents.

Mr John Emery, chairman of Emery by 10.38am £1.

TINT will offer proof of delivery of urgent documents.

Mr John Emery, chairman of Emery by 10.38am £1.

TINT will offer proof of delivery of urgent documents.

Mr John Emery, chairman of Emery by 10.38am £1.

TINT will use vehicles operated to pay above normal postal rates for guaranteed delivery of urgent documents.

Mr John Emery, chairman of Emery by 10.38am £1.

TINT will use vehicles operated to pay above normal postal rates for guaranteed to pay above normal postal rates for guaranteed to pay above normal postal rates for guaranteed delivery of urgent documents.

Mr John Emery, chairman of Emery by 10.38am £1.

TINT will use vehicles operated to pay above normal postal rates for guaranteed to pay above normal postal rates for

post subsidiary. ure," and claimed its success. The announcement comes rates would put a private com-

vey was inaccurate, responded showed Datapost led the market by questioning the independence of market research carried out by TNT and claiming its service contained hidden service contained hidde surcharges."
The verbal fencing almost ob-

a basic fee of £9. TNT will offer proof of deliv-

Aerospace.
The Post Office said TNT: eriticism of its first class post was irrelevant since Supamail

provision for consequential loss

should a letter go astray.

Mr Michael Maister, director
of Royal Mail Parcels Marketing, said research commissioned by the Post Office showed Datapost led the market

ability and speed.

He said: The results of this research are obviously pleasing to us because Datapost operates in a market place where a lot of three-hour cut in the working week.

In addition, TNT made clear that the launch was only the first shot in a campaign to challed in a campaign to challed in a campaign to challed in the launch was only the first shot in a campaign to challed in the launch was only the first shot in a campaign to challed in the launch was only the first shot in a campaign to challed in the launch was only the first shot in a campaign to challed in the launch was only the first shot in a campaign to challed in the launch was only the first shot in a campaign to challed in the product being in a market place where a lot of extravagant claims are made by some competing operators.

Yesterday's row reflects the importance of overnight delivery before noon of ery services to companies pre-pared to pay above normal post-

Growth in consumer spending speeds up

By Ralph Atkins

THE PACE of consumer expenditure growth accelerated in the three months to September and pushed the annual rate of increase above 5 per cent, ac-cording to official figures pubished yesterday.

Preliminary estimates by the Central Statistical Office show consumer spending grew by 2½
per cent in the third quarter to
£42.9bn. This compares with a
1.7 per cent rise in the previous

CSO statisticians said the figures represent a return to a strong upward trend after relatively slow growth in the first six months of 1987.

six months of 1987.

Consumer expenditure for the three months to September was nearly 5½ per cent higher than at the same time last year. In the second quarter, it was 4.2 per cent higher than in the same period last year.

The recent unswing was due The recent upswing was due to increases in most categories of goods and services, but car sales were particularly buoy-

An acceleration in the pace of growth was expected by most in-dependent economists. However, the strength of the increase surprised some and is likely to add to fears of rising inflation and increases in imported con-

Poaching trip that typifies City's new competitive spirit

POACHING teams of financiers has become a feature of the competitive spirit unleashed on

the City by Big Bang.

However, the background to this week's resignation of 12 corporate financiers from Hill Samuel, the merchant bank, to join Barclays de Zoete Wedd, the investment banking arm of Barclays Bank, has raised City eyebrows - not least at the Bank of England.

In the summer, Union Bank of Switzerland, after several weeks of negotiations, decided against making a bid for Hill Samuel. This damaged morale Samuel. This damaged morale at Hill Samuel, particularly in its corporate finance department, which is regarded as one of the best in the City.

BZW inherited a relatively weak corporate finance team from Barclays Merchant Bank and had been trying to beef it up. It offered to buy the whole Hill Samuel team.

changes in regional policy to money.

Hugo Dixon on the story of Barclays de Zoete Wedd's raid on Hill Samuel's

Negotiations operated on two levels - officially with the knowledge of Hill Samuel's board and unofficially. When the unofficial negotiations were uncovered, Mr Trevor Swete, head of Hill Samuel's corporate finance department, and Mr Christopher Roshler, his depaty, were dismissed. They have joined Drexel Burnham Lambert, the US securities house.

Even after this, it seemed Negotiations operated on two Even after this, it seemed likely BZW would buy the department, as part of a carve-up in which TSB, the banking other firm's client base."

REGIONAL aid needs to be ensure that it is more approprimore selectively aimed at busi- ate to the specific needs of parward investment.

Regional aid policy to be reviewed

nesses which have good ticular areas. The exercise, to long-term prospects of survival be conducted by Mr Clarke, will and not those which are only there because of subsidies, Mr Kenneth Clarke, Industry minis-

ter, said in Newcastle upon
Tyne yesterday.

week.
The priority areas for exami-

The Department of Trade and nation are:
Industry will be looking to make More selective use of public

corporate financiers

group, took the rest.

In the end, according to Mr
John Padovan, who has overall
responsibility for BZW's corporate finance activities, there
were 'major disagreements as
to the structure of a potential
deal' and TSB was left bidding
for the whole of Hill Samuel.
With this week's defections. With this week's defections. BZW has got for nothing part of what it had been prepared to pay for. The new recruits will be a substantial boost to BZW. They increase its numbers by about a third, broaden its skills and represent, says Mr Padov

an, a "quantum leap." He says he has no intention of hiring more has no intention of hiring more people from Hill Samuel.

Mr Padovan also stresses that BZW will be encouraging its new recruits to keep to their service agreements with the merchant bank. We will not be doing anything which we regard as in any way unethical to another firm's client hate."

Attention to the quality and



track record in management

Blue Arrow appoints Castleman as chief

By Clay Harris

BLUE ARROW, the world's largest employment agency stace its \$1.3bn (£790m) takeover of US-based Manpower, yesterday appointed Mr Christopher Cas-tleman as chief executive and managing director. regions.

• Quicker transfer of technology from the research to the busi-

Mr Castleman resigned as chief executive of Hill Samuel, the merchant banking group, in July when it entered talks - later aborted - about a possible takeover by Union Bank of Switzerland. He will manage Blue Arrow's

He will manage Blue Arrows day-to-day operations, while Mr Tony Berry, who remains executive chairman, will concentrate on developing group strategy. Announcing the "extremely important strategic appointment." Mr Berry said: "We have been growing fast and the time has come to introduce additional come to introduce additional heavyweight management re-sources to build the business further."

MOTOROLA, the US electronics group, is to base its world centre for making the next generation of high-powered semiconducts at its plant at East Kilbride, Stratbelyde, Scotland.

The plant will start making one-megabit chips - semiconductors with four times the power of the present generation of memory chips - in the second half of next year.

The one-megabit, dynamic RAM chip to be made in East Kilbride will be based on the technology of Toshiba of Japan and will represent a big step by Motorola back into the dynamic RAM market, which it aban-

Me An urgent look at the relationship between schools, further education institutions, and Scots plant to be world

By David Thomas MOTOROLA, the US electronics

chips centre

and will represent a big step by Motorola back into the dynamic RAM market, which it aban-

megabit will steadily replace
the present generation 256K
chip as the basic building block
of the electronics industry.
Mr Barry Waite, vice-president of Motorola's microprocestype and continental institutions received
approaches from a number of companies offering non-executive directorships and from institutions offering capital support for future ventures.

Explicit this want blue a processing the content of the conte sor and memory business in Eu-rope, said the one-megabit line appointed Mr Norman Tebbit,

Bine Arrow had won Mr Castleman's services in the face of doned several years ago.

This decision is one of the first fruits of an agreement between Motorola and Toshiba, under which the Japanese company is transferring memory chip technology to Motorola in return for access to its microprocessor technology.

Bine Arrow had won Mr Castleman's services in the face of fierce competition, Mr Berry said. Mr Castleman had referred nearly 100 approaches in the wake of his departure from the wake of his other suitors were engaged directly in banking and investment banking. Interest was especially atrong from 115

was especially strong from US nlinental in

was one of the factors behind the planned expansion of the Conservative Party chairman, East Kilbride workforce from the present 1,700 to nearly 1,900 by the end of the decade.

Welsh railway share offer

BY KEVIN BROWN, TRANSPORT CORRESPONDENT

THE PICTURESQUE Fiestiniog
Railway, which runs from
Blaeunau Ffestiniog to Portmadoc, Gwynedd, North Wales, is
planning a share offering to
raise £200,000 to pay its debts
and finance maintenance work.

The offer, which will be announced on Monday, is expected to appeal mostly to the volunteers who run the railway,
and the tourists who flock to its
narrow 25% inches tracks in narrow 25% inches tracks in to those issued by 19th century

Most of the stock will be in the form of 4 per cent debentures, since the railway's authorised capital is limited by Act of Parliament and only £1,600 remains unisqued.

railway companie Investors who buy both de-benture and ordinary stock will receive two certificates, together with cheap travel on the rail-

liament and only £1,600 remains way.

This will be offered in £1 mits to investors who purchase debenture stocks, which are available only in multiples of £250. In the event of oversub-

Scottish businesses more confident about economy BY JAMES BUXTON, SCOTTISH CORRESPONDENT

SCOTTISH businesses are more confident about economic prospects than at any time in the past four years. For the fourth successive quarter, the Scottish Business Survey reports increasing optimism about the general business climate.

The survey, conducted by the Fraser of Allander Institute of Strathelyde University through leading chambers of commerce. Strathclyde University through leading chambers of commerce, confirms Scotland has fully emerged from the setbacks of 1886, which were mainly caused by the oil price decline but spread throughout the economy. The latest survey, carried out in the four weeks to October 9, is the most sanguine since this survey began in 1884. All major economic sectors are upbeat about both their prospects and current business trends.

Retailing, construction and wholesale distribution were the sectors in which businessmen had the most favourable outlook, but manufacturers were also nositive.

look, but manufacturers were

The survey's editor, Mr Stephen Boyle, said the optimistic predictions of recent surveys of Scottish business opinion appeared to have been well founded. The institute has tended to temper the optimism the continuematical.

used the most favourable outook, but manufacturers were
also positive.

Companies said they were exoutput.

FREEGOLD

Free State Consolidated Gold Mines Limited

incorporated in the Republic of South Africa. ssued Capital: 116 179 121 shares of 50 cents each

Report of the directors for the quarter ended September 30 1987

The following are the results of the company and its wholly-owned operating subsidiery, Free State Consolidated Gold Mines (Operations) Limited.

OPERATING RESULTS	Counter ended Sept. 1997	Quarter ended June 1987	Year ended Sept. 1987	SHAFT SINKING			Courter unded Sept. 1980	, 7 Ju	Outrier ended ine 1987	s	Year enced iept, 1987
									_		
Gold Aria mined—m² 000 Seas anided 000—red dumo reclamation. (bid—g²l—red —dumo reclamation —dumo reclamation —dumo reclamation —dumo reclamation —dumo reclamation —avirage Production—sg Cost—Rm² mined —R/fon milled —R/fon milled —R/fo produced Price RECEIVED ON SALES Gold—R/fig —5402	758 4 211 5 779 5 12 0 15 4 45 22 445 818,30 91,95 20 789 30 257 458	942 4 977 1 0259 6 061 4 24 4 20 23 456 5 21,35 8 1,37 19 330 28 922 4 65	3 589 15 649 4 919 22 866 5 10 0 85 4 15 9 9 526 83 86 83 86 19 230 26 887 425	North Region Fredhes Afine No. 1 worldston shalt Advence Open to date Staten culting No. 1 men sautr Advance Depth to date Staten culting Western Hollangs have No. 18 sub-ventical shalt		 	60stan 22 1 500 442 300 24		## 1 424 467 346 502 23		. metres 200 1505 1191 827 901 47
EMANCIAL DECLUTO				South Region	/	:: :	Sta	1	455 455		210 533
Tennover Gold-revenue	726 551 676 249 407 016 200 222	761 061 761 061 712 669 460 208	2 889 123 1 912 800 975 223	Free State Satesham Mine Dudge main shaft had			70 1 813 675 139 1 749		180 1 743 363 84 1 6 10		441 1813 2085 702 1749 532
Deduct Rovelly psychia to Exclere Gold Holdings Limited	21 230 22 402 282 886 	9044 11367 259772	56050 71367 1102843 567	DEVELOPMENT Covelopment values recovered schip adulations toolssary in estimpling			pling, no ;	allomates;	i hyang i	been m	
Podit betore transion Provision for taxabot Profit after taxabot Appropriation for capital expositions after load description Appropriation for capital expositions after load description Profit acadebie.	2646 249 622 158 111 93 511	77 611 182 181 101 356 50 805	229 966 872 088 517 481 \$54 827	-	(desce	est es		Sampl 90	ed	· un	ntum cm.ko/t
Owidond-Interim			180 078 180 078 3 529	NORTH REGION Guitter except September 1987				gri	- Pi		-mag/L
Caloida exploridistre—ROSS	173 128 144 640	70 105 841 136 581	305 548,242 144,640	Proddies Mine Basil ree! Lesder ree! 'A' ree!	5 5 60 146 1 807	368 124 324	24 9 48 9 58.6	2956 6-89 9-31	736 288 311	0.74 0.29 0.17	18.36 14.34 10.16
OPERATING AND FINANCIAL R	ESULTS			"B" reaf The development reported includes d State Development and investment Co		- ent by fre n Leviped	ddies Mine	in the are	a under b	bute in	en Free
North Region				Free State Geduld Min	•						
Gold Area mined -m2 000 Tone miled 000—rept -dumo reclamation -total Yield_gri-reet -dumo reclamation -dumo	389 2 082 73 2 155 5 04 6.89 4.80 10 562 863.52 102.09 20 630	514 2 441 137 2572 5.00 0.76 4.79 12 310 482 47 98 42 20 145	1 950 9 365 577 9 942 5 13 0 76 4 87 48 467 489 42 95 99 19 681	Basi red Leader rect "A red Esburg red Pynin red Western Holdings Mine Basi red	3265 658 551 13 1273	356 386 54 12 686	30.9 92.1 190.0 116.7 256.4	62.76 3.33 1.24 11.08 3.44	1939 307 236 1291 862	0.51 0.13 0.04 0.05	18,98 11 75 7.48 4.56 12.38
Revolute Costa Profit Capital expenditure	7000 215 998 225 011 95 987 68 862	R000 351 645 247 989 103 856 29 025	R000 1 406 358 964 373 451 996 179 706	Leader read 'A' read SOUTH REGION	2365 817	1036 260	900 82.0	4 (2) 2 43	366 199	191 0.20 0.11	17.50 892
South Region Gold Anou mned -m' 000 Tors miled 000 -ned -dump reclamationintal Yatid-gri-reef -dump reclamationaverage Productor-by Productor-by Refin resed -Refin produced	370 2 188 752 2 224 5, 19 0, 25 4, 07 11 903 68 7, 58 20 751	428 2531 959 3469 488 081 376 13126 57294 1028 18682	1 639 9 484 3 442 12 926 5 07 0 88 3 15 51 059 564 82 74 15 18 773	Counter ended September 1987 President Brand Mine Baust reel Lauder reel 77 neel 187 neel 187 neel	3576 2179 1537 26 7	92 1276 104 36	773 1380 1685 278,1	1038 256 050 0.73	803 395 136 204	0.09 0.11 0.02 0.02	6 65 14.69 3.56 6.79
Revenue Costs Pools Pools Cantal expendation including Entitleal The above includes the following results relating to the Entitle Laste area	1000 360 251 247 005 113 246 103 153	R000 380 924 245 219 135 705 74 436	7000 1 481 784 968 527 527 237 358 512	President Steyn Mine Basel ree! Leeder rand X' set!	3860 397 1374	246 110 418	82 5 131,7 118,0	3686 298 465	3044 398 553	024 023 015	1981 30 <i>97</i> 18.26
Anda mimes — m° 000 Tota in illiad 000 Yald — g/7 Production — leg Revonue Costs Gritt	7 292 146 R600 4 422 3 729	70000 70000	7 90 2 92 146 R000 4 422 3 770	Free State Saaipleas Mi Başai reet Leader reet Erideet	601 812	1 199 80	723 1085	11 00 2.17	795 235	035 0.18	25.51 19:32
Metallurgical Scheme	42 (51 i	27 369	702 149 488	Basel med Totals	5410	452	65.5	10.76	705	0.37	24 25
Pyrile Rotation plants plants regard - love000 Heard grade suranum - rejor surjatur - per ceni suranum plant slantes regard - love000 concorrings treated - love000 uranum casde produced - log And olant acid produced - loves cold plant calcone present - loves puter treated - loves gold anothered - loves gold anothered - loves gold anothered - loves gold anothered - loves coste Profit	3 645 0 06 0 0.47 254 261 375 89 92 2 5 565 977 7000 50 207 2 77 207 3 207 3 207	3833 0 091 0 917 917 102 111 002 88 002 79 010 16 14 80 002 19 458 9 458	15 748 0 07 0 85 0 45 4 124 4 57 678 372 382 319 282 48 106 2 764 100 007 100 007 100 007 100 007	Country ended June 1987 Your ended September 1987 Listins 1967 Country ended September 1987 Country ended June 1987 Var ended September 1987 A red Country ended September 1987 Country ended September 1987 Country ended September 1987	6 563 8 327 34 231 6 088 7 451 36 450	3 238 3 544 14 748 3 622 4 6900 1 158 2 110 6 465 2 100 6 465 2 100 6 465 2 100 6 465	\$25 488 488 1109 1306 1219 101.5 107.2 115.4 av Pinta pa ore interret pa ore interret p	22.46 23.67 25.42 3.40 3.46 3.96 4.25	1 179 1 155 1 256 389 4 19 445 454 474 452 9018 onto assembles by of the o	0.43 0.33 0.34 0.16 0.15 0.12 0.12 0.12	22.38 15.94 16.84 55.99 18.82 18.16 12.08 11.28 13.36 29.000 29.000 29.000

NORTH REGION June 30 1986 SOUTH REGION Jame 33 1986 **TOTALS** June 30 1982 June 30 1986 DIVIDENDS Intertex April 23 1987 155 cents May 8 1987 12 1987 CAPITAL EXPENDITURE COMMITMENTS CAPITAL EXPENDITURE AGREEMENT WITH FREE STATE DEVELOPMENT AND INVESTMENT CORPORATION LIMITED On March 21 1986 a joint announcement was public March Lanted (Freegold) and Free State Developm retaining to the explosition of an arth of approximate 324 and Johnstrust No. 72. distinct Ventershung. ERFOEEL/DANKBAARHEID AREA 85 per cent - [{Profit | Ber cent - 17 per cent } x 1.25] **PRODUCTION** Gold production for the quarter rollects the adverse effect of the recent state by the majority of the black work force E P GUSH } Desclare October 23, 1987

WELKOM GOLD HOLDINGS LIMITED Registration No. 05/24464/06

and

ORANGE FREE STATE INVESTMENTS LIMITED

Registration No. 85/05715/06 (Both of which are incorporated in the Republic of South Africa)

The attention of shareholders of these companies is directed to the above report.

LONDON OFFICES: 40 HOLBORN VIADUCT, EC1P 1AJ The Transvaal Group's quarterly results appear on another page in this newspaper.

Cowboys cash in on the panic after the storm

ing up to four times normal rates for repair work as southern and eastern England tries to recover from storms which have left millions of pounds of damage.

A builder in Groydon, south

London, was reported to be ask-ing £200 to replace two ridge tiles. Another wanted £500 to re-

Mr Richard Jewson, managing director of Meyer International, the builders merchants which is Britain's largest timber distributor, said manufacturers were doing their best to ensure that materials and tools were getting through, but some specialist roofing products were in short supply.

"I live in Norfolk, where there is a regional preference for clay pantiles, which were already in short supply, with 14- week delivery delays being quoted, before the recent storms struck," said Mr Jewson.

The extent of material short.

"Br Graham Bateman, managing director of Roberts & Burling, one of the largest roofing contractors in south east England, says cowboy builders are taking advantage of householders been done properly and safely.

"We advise people not to use any contractor which is not a member of of the National Federation of Roofing Contractors. They may be desperate but they could end up with even more trouble than they are in now,"

The extent of material shortages varies. In Herne Hill in south London at least one small builder earlier this week was telling potential customers he was unable to do any work for them unless they could supply the tiles.

Touble than they are in now, say that they are in now, say that they are in now, say that they are in now, say the tiles are they are in now, say that they are in now, say the tiles are they are in now, say the than they are in now, say that they are in now, say the than they are in now, say they are in now, say the than they are in now, say the than they are in now, say the than they are in now, say they are in now, say the than they are in now, say the than they are in now, say they are in now

the tiles.

The same builder said he could not complete jobs for 10 people because a long exten-

Andrew Taylor on materials shortages which have left home owners vulnerable

Sales at builders merchants for items such as roof tiles and fencing are running at many times usual rates.

Building material producers heetic weekend as people try to catch up with the backlog of work on Saturday. Sales of building materials look set to continue to boom in the south and east for some weeks provided supplies remain available.

Marley, one of Britain's biggest butiding materials and tile producers. is transporting construction market in the about 100,000 roof tiles a day from Cheshire, Berkshire, Dorset, Staffordshire and Scotland to supplement production at its factory at Sevenoaks, Kent. The county is one of those worst hit

county is one of those worst hit industry, rely heavily on subby last Friday's hurricane force contract labour. Companies winds.

Stihl, the West German group which claims to be the world's labourers able to earn more largest maker of chainsaws, is air-freighting them from plants deperate householders. Costs to overseas to hoost supplies at its householders. Costs to householders.

overseas to boost supplies at its housebuilders could rise fur-Woking Surrey, headquarters. Mr Richard Jewson, managing labour.

plete work for housebuilders, said that before the storms it

people because a long extension ladder had been stolen what kind of delays we will be
from his van. Demand was such quoting now for major repairs. I
that he had been unable to find don't think people even now fula replacement at any builders by appreciate the extent of the
merchants or fool hire centre in
the area.

1 Just cannot begin to think
cannot begin to the cannot begin to the
cannot begin to the cannot begin to the cannot be cannot be

BA poll claims public supports BCal merger BY MICHAEL DONNE, AEROSPACE CORRESPONDENT

BRITISH AIRWAYS believes and Mergers Commission is public opinion is strongly in favour of its proposed merger with British Caledonian Airways, in spite of hostility to-wards the plan by several inde-

pendent airlines. This belief is based on the results of a private survey con-ducted for the airline by Na-tional Opinion Polls, which ed that of the 1,530 people sampled, 48 per cent supported the merger, 26 per cent were against and the other 26 per cent were "don't knows."

The size and demographic spread of the sample used by NOP was the same used by the organisation in the June general election.

BA regards this as a positive property to its merger plans.

to the Government in its report expected on or before November 6.

ber 6.

The airline argues that although some independents are hostile to the merger, some other airlines are in favour, while it has already won support for the merger from its own staff and shareholders, the Trades Union Congress and its own trades unions, the airport authorities, the British Tourist Authority, travel agents' organisations and independent tour operators.

RA has already told the Mo nopolies Commission in its writ-ten and oral submissions that BA regards this as a "positive but also essential, to meet the response" to its merger plans, and believes the Monopolies US "mega-carriers"

are the ones who

get today's prices

papers.

from tomorrow's

AUSTIN KAYE will buy all good watches



Top prices paid for classic watches up to amounts shown for fine examples, old and new in any condition Send watches or jewellery by registered post or come in and see our experts for a free appraisal

COME IN FOR INSTANT CASH OR PAYMENT BY RETURN POST

WARNING: RATES CAN DAMAGE YOUR WEALTH



nore

10m

The first national rating revaluation for a generation is indenway. Businesses tace massive increas Vineady, many pay more rates than neces Saleguard your bottom line. Send for the kee pa on rates saving from rating specialists Adlers. ADLERS 11 OLD BURLINGTON STREET, LONDON WIX 1LA.
TEL: 01-490 0601 TELEX: 802764 FAX: 01-754 8872

Carriers cannot claim for brandy loss

TRANSCONTAINER EXPRESS LTD v CUSTODIAN SECURITY Court of Appeal (Lord Justice Slade, Lord Justice Balcombe and Lord Justice Woolf): Octo-ber 19 1987

NEW ARGUMENT will not be heard on an appeal if, had it been beard in the court below, addiadduced to support it. Accordingly, where the lower court rightly decides that a person without possessory title to stole. goods cannot claim in negli-gence against their custodian, be cannot appeal on the basis that "possessory title" includes imme-diate right to possession if, in the court below, no evidence was called to show that he had a right to immediate possession.

The Court of Appeal so held when dismissing an appeal by Transcontainer Express Ltd from Mr Justice Boreham's decision that it could not claim against Custodian Security Ltd for damages arising out of the theft of 400 cases of brandy.

LORD JUSTICE SLADE said that in May 1962 a company called Duty Free Distributors bought 400 cases of brandy in

Transcontainer, an international haulage contractor, agreed to carry the goods to Fel-tham, Middlesex. It subcontracted the leg from Dover to

telephone.

selves.

Any telephone.

prices of your share.

Crossland collected the load on June 11. It could not take it straight to Feltham because the war anable to recause of action in negligence from setisfied that it could not take it straight to Feltham because the war unable to recause of action in negligence from setisfied that if the set of the warehouse was unable to re-ceive it, so it took it to East In-for loss caused by loss of propdis Dock, where Custodian pro-vided a 24 hour security service. The trailer was left in the se-

curity park under the security officer's surveillance. It was stolen. Three days later it was stolen. Three days later it was recovered, without the brandy.
Transcontainer was liable to.
Duty Free Distributors for £5,620, the value of the brandy.
It was also liable to the Customs and Excise for £49,458 duty. Having paid those sums it brought proceedings in tort to

recover them from Custodian.

It pleaded that Custodian was theft.

"sub-bailee for reward", and owed Transcontainer a duty to take all reasonable care of the brandy while it was stored in the dock.

Mr Justice Boreham concluded that Custodian had failed to take reasonable care of the brandy, and that such failure resulted in loss of the goods. There was no challenge to that

However, the judge dismissed Transcontainer's claim on the ground that it was not a bailee, Custodian was not a sub-bailee, and Custodian owed no duty of care to Transcontainer, because

avesmoeremeeskalemees

itycall Portfolio makes being

Using the Portfolio keypad, you

'in the City' as easy as picking up a

can track the movements of individual share prices, keeping yourself as

informed as the City brokers them-

of the share you are interested in and

The Stock Exchange's own computer

will give you up to the minute dealing

GETS YO

OR AN O

If, as is likely, you

have a number of shares that you regularly moni-

tor, you can create your

own personal portfolio

of up to 20 shares. Then,

simply by punching in

one number, you can

hear the latest inform-

ation on all your shares in

one go. Individual shares

in your portfolio can be

changed as often as you like by using a

The City in your pocket.

folio does not require a special tele-

phone. So wherever you are, you're only

Unlike any similar system, Port-

telephone and the keypad.

QUICKER

Your Personal Share Portfolio.

3000 shares, including all the blue chip

shares of the FT-SE 100, the FT-SE

index itself and the most actively

traded USM and international shares.

Citycall Portfolio covers about

You simply punch in the number

erty, even though he had nei-ther legal ownership nor pos-

In Leigh & Sillwan Lord Brandon said to enable a person to claim in negligence for loss caused...by...damage to property, he must have had...legal own-ership...or possessory title... Transcontainer never had le-

gal ownership of the brandy. To establish good cause of action sessory title as at the date of the theft. Its difficulty was that it never had physical control of the

In the court below Transcontainer sought to meet that difficulty by presenting its case on the basis that it was bailee of the goods, and that it necessarily followed from that that it had

In the absence of evidence that Transcontainer employed Crossland as anything other contractual than sub-contractor, the judge was indisputably right to hold Crossland. that it had not proved possession of the goods at the time of the trial. I

such duty extended only to On the appeal Mr Aikens for relevant to the issue as to those with possessory or proprietory interest, and Transcontainer, who did not appear below, sought to present the right to possession.

Transcontainer appealed.

Before the House of Lords decision in Leigh & Sillavan [1986] the time.

below, strongly objected to the right to possession point being taken on the appeal. He submitted it was not open to Transcon-

Before the court could allow the new point to be raised in face of opposition from Custodian, it had to be satisfied it had all the relevant evidence before it - in other words, that if the point had been raised in the court below, no additional evi-dence could have been adduced which could have prevented the new point from succeeding (see The Tasmania (1890) 15 AC 223,

After hearing the arguments on both sides, the court was by no means satisfied as to those matters. If the new point had been raised at the trial Custodipeen raised at the trial Custodi-an might well have sought to ad-duce new evidence as to the contractual arrangements be-tween Transcontinental and

Those contractual arrangements were not investigated at the trial. However, they were On the appeal Mr Aikens for relevant to the issue as to rancontainer, who did not ap-whether Transcontainer had

It was far from satisfied that if 1) Leigh & Silloran expressed the possession point had been Mr Michael Harvey for Custo-dian, who also did not appear evidence as to the terms of the particular contractual arrangements between Transcontainer and Crossland, material to the issue, would not or might not have been adduced by Custodi-

> In those circumstances, following the Tasmanian principle, it would not be right to permit Transcontainer to take the new point on the present appeal.

That conclusion meant that Transcontainer's appeal must inevitably fail. It did not have possession of the brandy at the time of the theft. It could not therefore establish the possessory title which, in accordance with Leigh & Sillivan, it had to establish if it was to be entitled to sue Custodian.

That made it unnecessary to decide a point on which Mr Har-vey laid much stress. He had submitted that mere right to im-mediate possession, as opposed to actual possession, did not qualify as "possessory title" within the Leigh & Sillaran prin-

ciple. Whether a person had a possssory title must always depend on the particular facts. There was not sufficient evidence to decide the question in the pres-However, the court was not 0391

For Custodian: Michael Harvey QC and Jonathan Harvie (Cross-man Block & Keith) By Rachel Davies

the view that The Wear Breeze [1969] I QB 219 was good law.

There it was stated that a negli-

gence action for loss of goods

could not succeed unless the plaintiff was owner of the goods

or the person entitled to pos-session. It did not say the per-

2) The consequences of Mr Har-

vey's proposition, if correct, would be that even if the con-

tractual arrangements between

Transcontainer and Crossland

gave Transcontainer the right to

take possession. Transcontai-ner would have been left with-out any remedy against Custodi-

an in negligence though proved.

For Transcontainer: Richard Aik-

ens QC and Peter Brunner (Clyde & Co)

The appeal was dismissed.

son in possession."

lished in volume form with the full text of judgments. For sub-scription details contact Kluwer Law Publishing, Africa House, 68 Kingsway, London, WC2B 6BD. Telephone 01-831

seconds away from the latest market prices. All you need to carry with you are the keypad (which is somewhat smaller than a packet of cigarettes),





your Portfolio password and the index of shares. All of which can slip into your pocket or disappear into your briefcase.

DOL TIE.

£39,654 less than a Porsche.

The price of nipping in and out of the City (at any hour of the day or night) with Portfolio is just a £25 joining fee and an annual subscription of £25. This gives you the keypad and full subscriber pack, plus quarterly Sharecode index updates and the Citycall newsletter. Fill in the coupon or telephone 01-241 1557 for details on how to become a Citycall Portfolio subscriber. This time next week the phrase 'I'm in the City' could have a new meaning for you.

Please send me more infor	
Citycall Portfolio.	
Name	
Company Name	(il applicable)
Address	fi abbacture)

Citycall Portfolio, 1-9 Downham Road,

Tel. No. London N1 5AA.

Trident deal runs into even deeper water

WHEN IT was agreed in 1982 that the US would service as well as supply Britain's Trident missiles out of a joint missile pool for the two countries, some wag is reported to have stack a Hertz rant again sticket on the

was a joint purchase and servicing accord with the US.
Yet such is the nature of the 1962 accord, disclosed for the first time to a group of defence correspondents visiting the Clydeside submarine bases of Fasiane and Coulport this week, that there remains considerable ambiguity about it within the MoD itself.

The ambiguity concerns not the submarine hulls nor the Georgia.

submarines and to provide satisped actly US standards of missile handling because stripped when favour of Food making Polaris in favour of Food making

the MoD itself.

The ambiguity concerns not the submarine hulls nor the missile warheads, which will be British-made, but the missile warkeds and complex suidance. the submarine hulls nor the missile warheads, which will be British-made, but the missile rockets and complex guidance the mid-1990s, will go to King's systems to be made by Lockheed of the US. heed of the US.
With the present Polaris mis-

with the present Polaris missile system, also made by Lockheed, Britain has the facilities ines need refitting.

at the Coulport nuclear armaments depot not only to load, and officials at Faslane and unload and store the missiles, but also to test, assemble and service the missile rockets' propulsion and electronics.

In missile handling standards has missile handli

David Buchan reports on the background to the latest argument over Britain's nuclear defence

missiles, and return there to un-load them when the missiles

latest argument over Dilicini 5 incompleted in Bath.

The Ministry of Defence yesterday denied, formally and stoutly, that its Trident deal was stoutly, that its Trident deal was insided it was a joint purchase and servicing accord with the US.

Coulport currently builds 35 Polaris missiles a year as part of a programme to replace all 16 missiles in each of four Polaris to commit itself to matching exactly US standards of missile spares. Since the US stopped handling because stripped down, serviced and re-assembled missiles at King's Bay may amitch back and forth between

lor gas cylinder. "When it runs out you take it back. Instead of waiting while they fill it up, they give you a new one."

However, the loss of an independent missile servicing capability and the new absolute requirement to adhere to US missile handling standards has created a politically sensitive image, even in the minds of some MoD officials, that the new UK nuclear deterrent will be somehow rented or leased from the US and that the move from Polaris to Trident will di-

pendence.
The UK will save financially by not having to build a special Trident missile servicing plant nor to keep spares at Coulport. However, it could one day pay a price if the US were to terminate Trident before the UK, as happened with Polaris.
Coulport could not immediately take over as the world's only Trident missile centre, though it would probably not have to because of the planned screen years between submarine and missile refits and servicing. In any event, the coming of Trident to Clydeside has already turned Faslane and Coulport situes and missile refits and servicing. In any event, the coming of Trident to Clydeside has already turned Faslane and Coulport situes of a Polaris submarine and the Soviet Union usually has an intelligence gathering trawler, and sometimes submarines, off Malin Head.
The current Polaris crews, who claim they have never knowingly been detected by the soviets on any of their patrols, of the patrols, and of the patrols, and of the patrols, of the patrols, and the construction starts.

today Bell Atlantic is doing more.

for the lift.

It also involves a 900-acre expansion of Coulport to provide two new magazines for Trident warheads, a large covered floating shed for submarines to unload and reload their missiles in an emergency, and 18 bunkers built into mountain rock to give temporary shelter to one Trident missile each. A £28m contract for the new letty access.

Malin Head.

The current Polaris crews, who claim they have never knowingly been detected by the Soviets on any of their patrols, seem confident that the greater quietness of the Trident will compare to the trident to the second to the trident to the second to the trident to the second to the se costing E550m in all, it involves building a giant covered ship-lift capable of hoisting the 16,000 towns Trident submarines, being built by VSEI, at Barrow, out of the water for any insmediate repairs at Faslane. Floating cranes from Colombia, the US and the Netherlands are

Volvo to lift output at Irvine by up to 25%

VOLVO'S UK truck and bus subsidiary will beest output at its Irvine, Ayrabire, factory by nearly one quarter this year, from 2,006 vehicles in 1966 to

nearly one quarter title year, from 2,006 vehicles in 1966 to 2,000.

The company expects to deliver 6,200 trucks in dealers, a 21 per cent improvement on the 5,100 of 1986.

Next year, the factory, already one of the largest heavy truck producers in the UE, will build about 2,000 vehicles, according to Mr Bernt Brandszeeg, managing director of Velvo Trucks (Great Bettain).

He said that the company was benefiting from its near-film investment at Invine to reorganise operations and increase capacity. The truck assembly line is currently producing at a rate of 2,200 vehicles a year, well above its nominal capacity of 2,900.

The first Velve truck was seld in Britain 21 years age. He Braddhaeg said that by the end of this year there would be 40,000 on British reads, making Britain the company's biggest world market for spare parts and service requirements.

Mr Brandtragg was intraduc-

Mr Brandizacg was introduc-ing further changes to the Vol-vo truck range in the UK. These include a new flagship', high-powered, heavyweight truck - the F16 intercooler 479 - and "families" of engines and gearboxes for other Volvo heavy trucks.

Honda launch heralds prestige car competition

ers such as Mercedes, RMW and Jaguar.

The Legend coupe is nearly £10,000 more expensive than any previous Honda model.

It was displayed just a few yards from the stands of Toyota, Japan's largest vehicle malon which for the first time was also showing a £20,000-plus model, the Celica GT-Four, and Nissan, showing the latest version of the 300 ZX coupe which also is being sold for more than £20,000.

The Japanese manufacturers drive up market was also underlined in a speech by Mr Feter Beaumont, managing director of the Colt Car Company, which imports Mitsubishi vehicles.

Colt was also Launching a car at the show. Mr Beaumont said the car, the Galant Sapporo, was

at the show. Mr Heaumont said the car, the Galant Sapport, was the first in a spate of models aimed at markets currently dominated by the German man-nfacturers such as Audi, BMW and Mercedes Benz.

and Mercedes Benz.

He said sales of Mitsubishi's innury four wheel drive vehicle, the Shogun, had also closed to within 1,000 units of Rover Group's Hange Rover so far this year and exemplified Colt's reducing dependence on the cheaper end of the UK market.

Declaring that the franchise

HONDA launched a £24,000 coupe at London's Motorfair yester—
the for its 140 dealers. Mr
day, signalling the arrival in the
Beaumont said the company
UK of head-on competition between Japanese manufacturers
tween Ja of Colt's car sales was of smaller models.

This year, the position had been reversed, with the Shogun, Galant executive saloon, Space Wagon people carrier and Starion sports coupe accounting Starion sports coupe accounting for 54 per cent of total sales.

Honda is planning to sell only 400 of the Legend couper in the UK, according to Mr Trevor Elliott, divisional manager of Honda (UK). The car is a development of the Rover 800/Legend executive saloon developed executive saloon developed pointly with the UK's Rover Group, but the collaboration did not extend to coupe derivatives.

Rover is expected to launch

Rover is expected to launch its own coupe based on the Rover 300 in 1990.

The Honda model, and the other £20,090-plus Japanese cars shown at Motorhir were schnowledged, however, to be just the precursors of a new generation of luxury and sporting cars aimed at the most expensive machines produced by Western prestige car makers. Initially, the main target will mestara presige car maiora.
Initially, the main target will
be North America, where Toyota and Nissan are joining Honda in setting up separate distribution networks for such cars.

IF YOU THINK WE'RE ELEPHONE COMPAN

Take a good look at Bell Atlantic today and you'll find a lot more than just telephones.

With more than \$21 billion in assets, Bell Atlantic is one of America's largest telecommunications companies. And our local telephone operating companies provide services to nearly 16 million customers. But

Much more. We're one of the ten largest leasing and finance companies in America, with more than \$2 billion in assets. As well as the largest independent computer maintenance company—a market that's growing 20% a year!

Financially, Bell Atlantic has never been healthier. Our business expansion into non-regulated businesses is substantial and profitable. What's more, a growing percentage of our network services revenues are free from traditional regulatory restraints.

So we can compete effectively. And the future? Bell Atlantic is positioned to be a key participant in high growth markets, including voice and data communications, financial services, computer maintenance, and cellular communications.

For everyone's information, very simply, Bell Atlantic is an aggressive, leadership company, with the potential to achieve

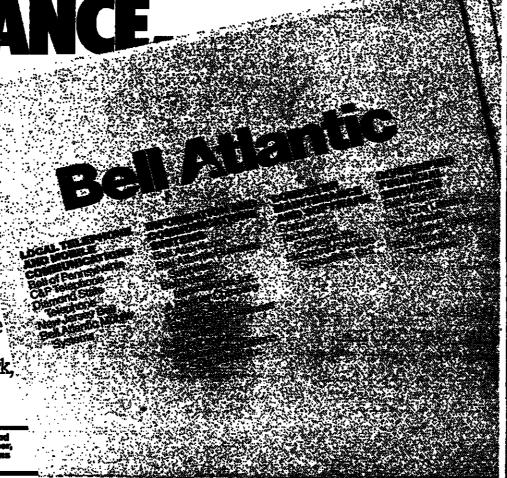
substantial earnings growth in the years to come.

Of course, if you want even more information, write for our free information kit: Mr. Dennis Jacobs, Director, Investor Relations, Bell Atlantic Corporation,

1600 Market St., 29th Floor, Philadelphia, PA 19103, U.S.A.

Bell Atlantic is now listed on the Frankfurt stock exchange in addition to the London, Geneva, Zurich, Basel, New York, Boston, Philadelphia, Mid-West, Pacific and Tokyo stock exchanges.

Bell Atlantic International is working with telephone or he world, Vielt us at Tolecom '87 in Geneve, Switzerian



Chase Manhattan to pay \$17m to Colombia in settled case

branch of chase transferred the \$13.5m, on the strength of forged and fraudulent telex instruc-tions, to Morgan Guaranty Trust Company of New York. From there the money was trans-ferred to Bank Hapoalim (Switz-erland) in Zurich, after which it disappared

disappeared.

Nine people - including a Colombian banker and an American executive - were subsequently convicted in Colombia of fraud and the theft of the money. None was connected with Chase Manhattan, any Colombian state body or any of the other banks involved in the action.

Colombia sued Chase, claiming a declaration that it was entitled to have the \$13 for reconstituted.

ing a deciaration that it was entitled to have the \$13.5m recredited to its account by Chase.
The court hearing, which began
on Tuesday last week, had been
expected to last up to 10 weeks.
Yesterday Lord Irvine, QC, for
Colombia, told Mr Justice Gateouse that the action had been withdrawn fraud allegations . After yesterday's court hear- years and eight months.

CHASE MANHATTAN Bank against Colombia, its Ministry has agreed to pay \$17m (£10.3m) of Finance, Banco de la Repubbo Colombia in settlement of g lica (a Colombian bank), Empression funds.

High Court action over the disappearance of \$13.5m of Colombian funds.

Chase had alleged compilcity in the frand by, among others, branch of Chase transferred the \$13.5m, on the strength of forged furner Colombian finance minister.

Dr Edgar Gutlerrez Castre, a count in Bank Hapoalim. The former Colombian finance minister, Dr Lucila Castro de Macay, former director general of the finance ministry's departing the finance ministry's departing to Panama, where the trail went to Panama to Miami, then back to Panama to Miami, then b

im were withdrawn as part of sued for his arrest and was control the settlement, when the hearing opened last, then and sentenced to seven week, Lord living said Chase feet and sentenced to seven part of a \$47.2m loan made to where Colombia is trying to Colombia by Chase the previous have him extradited.

Also sentenced to seven years the previous that the previous have him extradited.

Also sentenced to seven years the previous that also sentenced to seven years that also sentence was Robert Henry Parties to the previous that also sentence was Robert Henry Parties to the previous that also sentenced to seven years and was control to the previous that the previous the previous that the p

purporting to come from the re-public.

Lord Irvine alleged that
Chase's banking practices had
fallen beneath the standards reration beneath the standards re-cognised by other international banks operating in London. Chase had contested the claim and denied the Colom-

ing Chase said the litigation had been 'favourably resolved.' Morgan Guaranty and Bank Hapoalim would be contributing to the \$17m payment by Chase. Only \$225,000 of the \$13.5m has been recovered, from an account in Bank Hapoalim. The balance was traced from Zurick

Also sentenced to seven years in his absence was Robert Henry Russell, a US executive into whose account at Bank Hapoalim the \$13.5m was transferred. The Colombian Government is seaking his extradition from the seeking his extradition from the

The other seven involved were all Colombians. Two were computer technicians. All were



<u>Important</u> information for all Brokers and **Professional** Intermediaries

World stockmarkets have seen unprecedented volatility over the past few days and most commentators expect this volatility to continue for some time yet.

Fidelity believes that investors should not get caught up in the wild day-to-day gyrations of the markets. Instead they should stand back and look at the economic fundamentals around the world and base their long term investment decisions on these fundamentals — which generally remain sound and in the U.K. and Europe look particularly attractive.

Professional advisers should already have received a letter summarising Fidelity's investment views from around the globe and a cassette tape will be sent to

professional advisers this weekend. Our message is simple. Far from thinking about selling, shrewd professional advisers will now be looking to exploit real buying opportunities in the market for their clients.

Let Fidelity help you and your clients profit while others panic. Discuss with us our recommended unit trusts for the changing market conditions. Ring our Califree Brokerline 0800 414181, call any of our regional offices or listen to our cassette.





UK NEWS - PARLIAMENT AND POLITICS

Tories back PM on attitude to apartheid issue

CONSERVATIVE backbenchers are railied to the support of Mrs a view automatically established a link with support for lished a link with support for sanctions was "totally false".

When such leading opponents of apartheid as Mrs Suzman and Chief Buthelezi contended that sanctions and other punitive measures such as disinvestment were not only ineffective but ac-

She vigorously defended her stand against calls for the imposition of tougher sanctions at last week's meeting of Commonwealth heads of government in

Mrs Thatcher maintained that such a development would result in many more black South Africans, as well as many itinerants from neighbouring states, being "out of work, deprived and starving". She revealed that her refusal

to move into line with other Commonwealth leaders on the sanctions issue had brought a message of approval, via Britain's ambassador in South Africa, from one of that country's leading opponents of apartheid, the Liberal politician, Mrs Helen Suzman.

To government cheers, Mrs his capacity as president of the Thatcher reaffirmed her detestation of apartheid but insisted ters.

were not only ineffective but ac-tually counter-productive, their views should be taken into ac-Mr Kinpock seized on the

Prime Minister's statement in Vancouver that Britain would have no more contacts with leaders of the African National Congress until it renounced violence as a "change of policy", and she was reminded by Mr Michael Fost, the former Labour leader, that Mrs Lynda Chalker, the Foreign Office Minister of State, had met the ANC leader, Mr Oliver Tambo. have no more contacts with

According to preliminary esti-mates, Labour head office spent £4.2m, double the amount of 1983. The campaign was the most expensive, in real terms, in Labour's history. If spending at regional levels is included

(as in the Conservative central account) Labour's total comes to about £4.5m. Conservative Central Office, which spent under £4m in 1983, increased its budget to over £9m in the 1987 campaign, more in real terms than in any election since 1964. than in any election since 1964.

The fact that Conservative Central Office so easily outspent Labour in May-June 1967 largely reflected a greater determination to concentrate resources on the campaign (as opposed to the routine maintenance of the headquarters in the years between elections).

The Conservatives also decid-

Mrs Thatcher avoided any di-rect reference to Mrs Chalker and insisted - to derisive laugh-ter from the Opposition benches - that when Sir Geof-frey Howe, the Foreign Secre-tary, saw Mr Tambo he did so in

Last-minute charge by the head office big spenders

THE FIERCENESS of the strug-gle between Conservatives and Labour in the general election emerges from the financial ac-counts of the party headquar-ters. Conservative headquarters ex-perienced considerable finan-cial architecture. perienced considerable finan-cial problems. Its income in 1984-86 was hardly greater than Labour's (a total of £9.2m com-pared with Labour head office's

In these two years, Conserva-tive income fell short of expenditure by £1.8m and the accumulated deficit since 1978-79 rose to £5.3m. However, as the election approached. Conservative income was boosted and a high-

income was boosted and a highspending campaign was
planned. Over the four-year
electoral cycle since 1983, Central Office's routine and campaign spending totalled about
£35m compared with Labour
head office's total of £25m.

The 1987 campaign highlighted a new trend, started in
1983, in the timing of campaign
expenditure. In the past - notably in 1963-64 - a high proportion of the political budget was
devoted to advertising in the
months, and even years, preceding the announcement of the
election date. This was partly election date. This was partly because of fears (shown in 1974 to be unfounded) that national press advertising during the campaign would violate the

The Conservatives also decided to the week before polling to risk a serious deficit by mounting an intensive last-minute campaign of press advertising to combat Labour's improved standing in the opinion polls. The Conservatives commissioned three pages of advertising in most national newspapers each day then. Some £3m was spent in the last four days. The task of finding the money to statutory spending limits for parliamentary candidates. Since 1983 both parties have concentrated almost all their press advertising into the three The task of finding the money to weeks before polling day. LaCONSERVATIVE AND LABOUR CENTRAL ELECTION SPENDING In £000s 1983 1987

Michael Pinto-Duschinsky assesses the 1987 election campaign financial accounts

Grants to constituencies Advertising: Party election broadcasts

Average price rise investaure 1983 to June 1987 of 20 per cent. Scrittics are prefit may not be wholly comparable. Conservative figures include regional level spending.

bour spent £2.2m on advertising and posters, and commissioned 130 pages of newspaper advertising. The Conservatives' budget for press advertisements, posters and leaflets (handled by the party's advertising agency, Saatchi & Saatchi) amounted to £6.4m.

£8.4m.
The impact of the Conservatives' financial superiority was lessened by two factors. First, at lessened by two factors. First, at a constituency level, all candidates were subject to a legal ance received the same number limit of £5,000-58,000. Spending by candidates of all parties was probably close to this limit in their winnable seats. Complete statistics of local spending are statistics of local spending are not yet available. Assuming this was somewhat chaotic with separate SDP, Liberal and Alliance and local level.

Last June was the first generative density of large and election in which the Alliance received the same number election fund were over 50 per much as 15 per cent of routine cent higher in real terms than in 1983. There was also a sharp rise in routine union affiliation payments to Labour head office general election fund were over 50 per much as 15 per cent of routine cent higher in real terms than in 1983. There was also a sharp rise in routine union affiliation payments to Labour head office general election fund were over 50 per much as 15 per cent of routine cent higher in real terms than in 1983. There was also a sharp rise in routine union affiliation by the payments to Labour head office general election fund were over 50 per much as 15 per cent of routine payments to Labour head office general and election fund were over 50 per much as 15 per cent of routine with sperim payments to Labour this in real terms than in 1983. There was also a sharp rise in routine union affiliation by the interms than in 1983. There was also a sharp which Muchael Prito-Dunchineky of Brunel University on political community was somewhat chaotic with separate in real terms than in 1983. There was also a sharp rise in routine union affiliation by the interms than in 1983. There was also a sharp rise in routine union affiliation by the interms than in 1983. There was also a sharp rise in routine union affiliation by the interms than in 1983. There was also a sharp rise in routine union affiliation by the interms than in 1983. There was also a sharp rise in routine union affiliation by the interms than i

they all received a free and equal allocation of television time worth an estimated £5m each at commercial rates.

Last June was the first gener-

cial funds. The SDP's central budget was film and included £0.6m as grants for candidates. Overall, central Alliance spending was £1.75m-£2m, the same as

source, raising £700,000 net, the same as the Conservatives. Labour raised £121,000 from direct

The large mail in 1986 and an additional £227,000 during the campaign.
For Labour head office, the

unions remained the predominant source of funds. Despite to the SDP uncluding £10,000 the fall in membership of from Coates Viyellar, 11 to the unions with political levy funds all ance and one to the Liberform 8.1m in 1979 to 5.7m by 1985, the levy fund remained in a healthy state because of a rise in income from an average 58p per member in 1979 to £1.75 in 1986. The total income of the po-litical levy in 1987 has been about £11m with reserves of £13m at the beginning of the

tion about the main company donations. The most recently available reports are for 1986 when company contributions were certainly lower than this were certainly lower than this year. According to a Labour Where did the money come from? The SDP. Conservative and Labour parties all had schemes for US-style direct mail fund-raising. Only for the SDP did this prove an important source misles 7700.000 at the companies resource wiewed totalled £2.1m. This omits donations by smaller

The largest recorded contri-butions were 291.500 by British and Commonwealth Shipping and £75.500 by United Biscuits.

Surprisingly, this suggests that a relatively small total of money was contributed by companies to the Conservatives. As Central Office officials point out, the Conservatives are tend-ing to rely on individual donors. Cheques from individual part-ners or directors of firms of Union contributions to the Labour head office general election fund were over 50 per cent higher in real terms than in 1983. There was also a sharp come from legacies

ORANGE FREE STATE INVESTMENTS LIMITED

The Conservatives also decid-

Preliminary profit announcement

for the financial year ended September 30 1987

Subject to final audit, the income statement of the company for the year ended September 30 1987 and abridged balance sheet at that date, are as follows:

Income statement

(Rthoesand)	Year ended 30.9.87	Period 13.12.85 to 30.9.86
Income from listed subsidiary company Other expenditure — net	182 162 589	196 852 64
Profit before taxation Taxation	181 573 40	196 788 52
Profit after taxation	181 533	196 736
Dividends — interim — final	90 056 91 632	93 884 102 664
	181 688	196 548
Increase (Decrease) in retained profit Retained profit brought forward	(155) 188	188
Retained profit	33	188
Earnings per share — cents Dividends per share — cents	906 807	874 873

Subsidiary company

The company's holding of 58 761 785 shares (equivalent to a 50.58 per cent interest), in Free State Consolidated Gold Mines Limited (Freegold) remained unchanged and was

30.9.87	30.9.86
3 275 970	3 114 375
1 356 142	1 356 331
1 919 828	1 758 044
	3 275 970 1 356 142

Freegold's report for the quarter and year ended September 30 1987 giving details of its operations is being published today and copies are available from the offices of the transfer secretaries.

Details of the dividends declared in respect of the financial vear ended September 30 1987 are as follows:

	Dividend No. 3 (Interim)	Dividend No. 4 (Final)
Declaration date	April 23 1987	October 22 1987
Amount per share	400 cents	407 cents
Payable to members registered on	May 8 1987	November 6 1987
(eSizira errori		-
Payment date	June 12 1987	December 11 1987

By order of the board Anglo American Corporation of South Africa Limited Secretaries per R.S. Edmunds, Divisional Secretary

Transfer Secretaries Consolidated Share Registrars First Floor, Edura Johannesburg 2001 (P.O. Box 61051

town 2107)

Johannesburg

44 Main Street Marshalltown 2107)

40 Holborn Vieduci London EC1P LAL

London Office

Hill Samuel Registrars Limited 6 Greencoat Place London SWIP IPL

October 23 1987

Copies of this announcement are being posted to all members at their registered addresses.

Balance sheet

(R thousand)	30.9.87	30.9.86
Share capital Share premium Distributable reserve	225 1 355 917 33	225 1 355 917 188
	1 356 175	1 356 330
Represented by: Listed investment	1 356 142	1 356 142
Current assets Current liabilities	91 937 91 904	103 205 103 017
Net current assets	33	188
	1 356 175	1 356 330
Number of shares in issue Net asset value per share (after providing for dividend), adjusted for market value of listed	22 514 094	22 514 094
investment — cents	14 551	13 834

Final Dividend No. 4

On Thursday October 22 1987 final dividend No. 4 was

Amount (South African currency)	407 cents per share (1986: 456 cents)
Last day to register for dividend	1987
(and for changes of address or dividend instruction)	Friday, November 6
Registers closed from to (inclusive)	Saturday, November 7 Saturday, November 21
Ex-dividend on Johannesburg and London stock exchanges	Monday, November 9
Currency conversion date for sterling payments to shareholders paid from London	Monday, November 9
Dividends warrants posted	Thursday December 10
Payment date of dividend	Friday December 11

The full conditions relating to the dividend may be inspected at the Johannesburg and London offices of the company and its transfer secretaries.

Holders of share warrants to bearer are notified that the

15 per cent

Share warrants to bearer

Rate of non-resident

sharebolders' tax

dividend is payable on or after Friday, December 11 1987, upon presentation of coupon marked "South Africa" and No. 4 on the side reflecting the share warrant number at the offices of First National Bank of Southern Africa Limited - formerly Barclays National Bank Limited, Stock Exchange Branch, Diagonal Street, Johannesburg, South Africa: Union Bank of Switzerland, Bahnhofstrasse 45, 8021 Zürich, Switzerland; Credit du Nord, 6 and 8 Boulevard Haussmann, 75009 Paris, France, and Banque Bruxelles Lambert, 24 Avenue Marnix, 1050 Brussels, Belgium, only Coupons must be left at least four clear days for,

SOS

Howe denies Trident 'lease' arrangement SIR GEOFFREY HOWE, the Foreign Secretary, yesterday strongly denied press reports than buy missiles from the US for the Trident nuclear weapons system, which is to replace Polaris. However. Sir Geoffrey re who visit the UK under the verification procedures of future of future arms confused that under the user of future arms confused that under the user of future arms confused that the US. He made clear that the Opposition would believe in the truth of the "Moss Bros missiles" deal unless Sir Geoffrey was present that we will not own the Trident missiles is absolute nonsense." Britain would own the same of the US Government not to provide the exchanged missiles. Britain would own the same missiles at all times, not independent after all.

Polaris.

However, Sir Geoffrey refused to rise to challenges from Mr Gerald Kaufman, the shadow Foreign Secretary, to state that the missiles returned by the US after periodic servicing would always be the same missiles originally purchased by the UK. He repeatedly told MPs: "We shall continue to own the same number of missiles at all times."

shall continue to own the same number of missiles at all times."
The reports that Britain planned to lease the missiles rather than buy them, allegedly in an effort to save up to £700m, were raised by Mr Tam Dalyell (Lab, Linlithgow) during a debate on the bill giving diplomatic immunity to foreign nationals

Challenged by Mr Denzil Davies, the shadow Defence Secretary, about whether the same missiles would be returned by the Americans after routine

part replaced."

If the replacement of components "goes so far as to replace an entire missile, what's wrong

missiles at all times, not just the same number. He accused the Government of concealing from parliament and the people the fact that the £3.25bn investment in Trident "will never buy us a missile we can call our own."

Mr Kaufman said missiles would not be accepted back for servicing in the US until US officials based in the UK had ruled that they were in a fit state. The arrangements made the UK wholly dependent on with that?"

His explanation did not satisfy Mr Kaufman, who described the arrangements as "an expensive subscription by the British ing to eliminate US Trident mis-

provide the exchanged missiles, and therefore the deterrent is not independent after all."

Sir Geoffrey said the likely agreement on reduction of intermediate-range nuclear forces would be a significant step towards enhanced security for East and West. However, he said, the Soviet Union contin-ued to hinder the prospects for a strategic arms treaty by an at-tempt to impose unacceptable constraints on SDL.

He said progress towards con-ventional forces reductions was hampered by the refusal of the Warsaw Pact to discuss openly their exact military capabili-ties. When will glasnost really apply to military matters?

Debate over bank policy demanded

LABOUR is to press for a de-bate in the Lords on govern-ment policy on foreign take-overs of UK clearing banks following the sale by the Mid-land Bank in July of its Clydes-dale Bank and Northern Bank subsidiaries to the National Australia Bank. Australia Bank.
Lord Williams of Elvel, from

the opposition front bench, said he was not satisfied with the explanation given by Lord Beaver-brook, a junior trade and indus-try minister, of why the takeover had not been referred to the Monopolies and Mergers

During Question Time, Lord Williams quoted Sir Robin Leigh-Pemberton, the Governor of the Bank of England, as saying that control of the core of the British financial system should not fall into overseas hands. Lord Williams asked: What is meant by the core? If the Clydesdale Bank is not part of the core, is the Royal Bank of Scotland part of it? Lord Besverbrook said the

Governor had been referring to "the very large clearing banks that we have in this country. The takeover of the Clydesdale and Northern Banks could not be described as a very large transfer of assets.

transfer of assets."

Lord Grimond, the former Liberal leader, said it would surprise many people to be told that the Clydesdale, as a wholly-owned Midland subsidiary, was not part of the core of the banking system. banking system.

Lord Williams said he was not

Row threatened over ANC affair

A MAJOR political row is been implicated in the press. threatened in the wake of the He then named Mr David Waddecision by the Director of Public Prosecutions to drop charges against three men accused of conspiring to kidnap members liam Ma of the African National Con-official. gress in London.

The decision was revealed yesterday morning at Lambeth Magistrates' Court in London after the magistrate had heard arguments in camera as to why the defendants should be allowed to stay in prison. After the case, counsel for two of the men said he feared for the safety of his clients, who admitted having worked for the British Govern-

mentary Labour Party antiapartheid group, claimed there
had been a cover-up brought
about by pressure from South
Africa During Prime Minister's

Question Time, Mrs Thatcher
only reason why matters have

Mr Cabora later issued a statement saying the decision to withdraw charges had caused grave concern, not least because three present and former handled members of the Commons had creetly

COMMONS

Main debates next week:

BY MICHAEL CASSELL, POLITICAL CORRESPONDENT

dington, the Chief Whip, Sir Edward Gardner and Mr Julian Amery, together with Mr William Marsden, a Foreign Office

Mr Roy Hattersley, Labour's home affairs spokesman, said last night that Mrs Thatcher should respond quickly to some very serious allegations. He suggested the affair could be referred to the Security Com-

mission for investigation and added: The episode is so extraordinary and the allegations are so extraordinary that the Prime Minister ought to clear them up as soon as possible. It would be wholly wrong to let it At Westminster, Mr Richard them up as soon as possible. Caborn, (Lab. Sheffield Central), the secretary of the Parliasweat on. It will not go away.

Question Time, Mrs Thatcher refused to comment on the affair and said it was a matter wholly for the Attorney Generation between the various government agencies. No arrests should ever have been

necessary. The police have accidentally stumbled across the overtones involved in this case and have

TUESDAY and WEDNESDAY:

Debate on defence estimates.

THURSDAY: Resumed second

PM in low key over markets

RECENT gyrations in the world financialmarkets brought only low-key com-ments from MrsMargaret Thatcher, the Prime Minister, when shewas questioned about their implications in theCommons yesterday.

She underlined the legal constraints arising from the publication of the prospectus when pressed about the atti-tude small investors should

adopt towards the £7.2bn offer of sharesin BP.

Mr Rodney Morgan (Lab. Cardiff West) suggested that the cancellation of the RP advertising programme meant that the Government now took the view that the small inves tor should "stay out".

Mrs Thatcher explained that, following thepublication of the prospectus, "there is very little I can say". She emphasised: "Investors

must decide forthemselves whether or not to apply. Questions about the turmoil in the financialmarkets were initiated by Mr John Taylor (C. Solihulli who suggested that the vast majority of British shareholders had behaved with "greatsteadiness and maturity". Mrs Thatcher noted that "the problems" began on Wall Street, Since then there had

been 'very considerable swings on stock markets all round theworld.

To laughter from the Government beaches.Mrs Thatcher contrasted the level of the FT-30share index just before she entered the Chamber with the level to which itfell at one stage under a Labour Govern-

Lord Williams said ne was not satisfied with Lord Beaver-brook's explanation, and would on firearms controls and on the seek a debate under the unseek a debate under the unse Commercial aims kept to fore on aid

Parliamentary business

BY ROBERT MAUTHNER, DIPLOMATIC CORRESPONDENT

THE GOVERNMENT yesterday rejected the notion that the commercial objectives of ient government to help finance Britain's foreign aid pro-sound investments within its gramme should be separated country. The Government and from its other aims, such as promoting development.
In its formal observations on

the second report of the Com-mons foreign affairs committee on bilateral aid, the Government also turned down a pro-posal by the committee that the Aid and Trade Provision (ATP) should be separated from the main aid programme and sepa-

made available to support commercial contracts for projects in developing countries, should continue to be seen as an integral part of Britain's overseas aid effort, the Government said in its comments.

*ATP funds are provided on integral part of the British aid ed by the International Mone-concessional terms to the recip-programme. It would therefore tary Fund (IMF) and the World the recipient see them within the context of the project's conjective of the aid programme was "the promotion of sustaincountry. The Government and gramme.

soundness. ATP funds represent a transfer of resources to stressed at 2 press conference the country concerned in the that this presupposed sound

dit-worthy, the ATP was now an ment programmes recommend- from fom in the current year.

programme. It would therefore tary Fund (IMF) and the World be a retrograde step to separate it from other parts of the pro-

able economic and social prog-Mr Christopher Patten, the Min-

observations emphasised that the Overseas Development Administration (ODA) "was working to ensure" that the adjustment process took account of In each case there must be a ress and the alleviation of poyreasonable assurance of eco- erty in developing countries," vulnerable groups, through the health care and safe water sup

ply.

Mr Patten also announced an same way as other aid funds do. economic policies on the part of increase of 50 per cent in the ATP funds are not given to Britter countries. Government's aid to voluntary

ATP funds are not given we see the funds are not given we see the funds are not given which aid is ish companies, nor are they intended to subsidise an uncommende available to support commended to subsidise an uncommendation of the projects of the projec The Government emphasised bring economic benefits. It saw amount provided by the ODA that, in a number of countries, no point in giving aid to counsuch as China, India and Indonesia, which were poor but cre-to pursue the economic adjust-to C9m in the next financial year

Financial Times Friday October 25 1987



gate, where the financing raised by the Rosehaugh Stanhope rahiptor the first seven of 14 phases has reached £759m. The site is near Liverpool Street Station in central London.

THE BIG property developers are likely to have been less interested in this week's contor-tions of the stock market than in

any possible movement of the cost of money. After all, the equity markets are only one method of raising money and the major groups have both the strength and the expertise to go down other funding avenues. But, as Faul Reichmann, one of the three brothers who run Olympia & ships are structured in such a York, says - against the background of the fall on Wall Street ance sheet of the company and the partnership company becomes an associate rather than Temper is so

important.
The strong have their own The strong have their own The most striking example of ways of spreading risks and this is Rosehaugh Stanhope holding to a minimum the cost which, among other projects, is of funding. That said, the early developing Broadgate, a site indications - after the market near Liverpool Street Station in had dispelled the notion that central London, in 14 phases to blue skies were here for ever - produce 4m sq ft of offices, the were that bank lending is going biggest office venture in Eu-

to be much more cautious, at least in the short term.

In the British market, the role of the banks has become more from for Broadgate. Because important. Godfrey Bradman, chairman of Rosehaugh, one of the fastest growing British property companies, observed at last weekend's annual conat last weekend's annual conference of the Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors (RICS), that the banks held the memory of the 1973-74 property crash. But he noted that their lending was only approaching the 1973-74 level and that they had become more expert at assessing the risks. ing the risks.

Property companies, Mr Bradman added, appreciated the limited risk of borrowing from banks. This points to the Rose-

haugh style.

The company undertakes many of its developments in partnerships, so that the risk is immediately spread, even immediately spread, even though the reward is diminished as well. These partner-

The cost of money issue

the funds have been provided on a non-recourse basis, the security is the project itself. Rosehaugh as a company is not exposed. Hence the limited risk. Such borrowing would tend to be more expensive than a loan

secured on the covenant of the company itself. But the Rose-haugh balance sheet would not be able to cope with borrowing on such a scale. Going down the non-recourse route markedly increases its scope for raising money.

After the development is com-plete, Rosehaugh can sell on its share of the venture to the occupier, an institution or the mar-ket through some form of securitisation; or it can hold the development, in which case it

will have to put in place tion to retain more than a share ey. If it borrows at lo long-term finance.

This process is quite different at Olympia & York, however, in the futures market.

there is a much stronger empha

there is a much stronger emphasis on asset growth.

O&Y is a private Canadian company which has expanded into the US. It is the biggest office property owner in New York and claims to be the world's largest owner and developer of office buildings. Last this it took sale control of Ca-July it took sole control of Ca-nary Wharf, the London Dock-lands project which will pro-vide 10m sq ft of office space. The financing plans for Ca-nary Wharf have not been fully-

pany, which over the last 30 years in the US has developed 78m sq ft, more than the total major office space in the City of worked out, although Mr Reichmann indicated that O&Y would probably go to the commercial paper market or use sterling or Eurodollar facilities. Gerald Hines, who was also at

the RICS conference, said that to break the O&Y mould, which he started with debt but deciding different from that of less ed that "high equity-low debt would best ride out the cycles." nies. Traditionally, US develop-He described the US market as ers are loath to start a project until they have arranged a rollercoaster.

The conservative approach - long-term finance to the conservative ap

racilitated by the strength of the struction finance. This style is to find a partner to put equity into the project, sometimes 100 per cent, and to use this money during the construction period.

He has a following of financial institutions willing to back him. But he will not use debt instruments for a building until it.

Generally O&Y will use direct loans or letters of credit supstruments for a building until it is completed and fully leased. is completed and fully leased.

The closest British parallel to it raises construction finance. this approach is when a devel
Some funding will be on a nonoper finds an institution to pre-recourse basis, but the company fund and then take either all or is so large and has access to so

rund and then take either all or is so large and has access to so a large percentage of the ownership of a development once it the finance on its own books. It prefers short-term funding Union, for example, agreed to on a floating rate so that it has take Ropemaker Place, a City of London office development, of the ability to change the nature of its borrowing, depending on the cost of money. It is not prepared to pay extra for the greating to retain more than a share or the it borrows at long interest. the cost of money. It is not pre-pared to pay extra for the great-er certainty of fixed-rate mon-ey. If it borrows at low interest rates, it will hedge its position

Ringing the changes with bank finance

WE HAVE been financing and re-financing the World Financial Center for five years," says Camille Douglas, who puts together long-term financial packages for Olympia & York.

O&Y's \$4hn (£2.4bn) development, which provides 6m sq ft of offices on the south of Manhattan Island in New York, is the nearest in scale to the project it will undertake at Canary Wharf in London Dockhands.

Based on four towers, A. B. C and D. the finance has been a mixture of separate funding for the individual towers and backing for the whole development.

Towers A and C were about a third built before a syndicated hank facility for about \$750m was put in place to cover the whole development. That was in 1983. Two years later there was a refinancing with each building having its own funding. Tower C was taken out completely by American Express so that it no longer became a financing task for O&Y.

Tower D, which accommodates Merrill Lynch, is now ready for permanent fluencing and O&Y is expected soon to sign a type of commercial mortgage - 15-year, floating-rate bank fluencing.

commercial mortgage - 15-year, floating-rate bank figures. When the group goes to the capital market it tends to deal with Triple A banks whose own cost of raising money is tow. They can, therefore, pass on the low cost of their funds to O&Y.

The financing for Tower D follows examination of a number of choices - Euromarket bonds, fixed-rate funds and domestic bonds. At one stage O&Y had filed the prospectus for a domestic bond with the Securities and Exchange Commission, but then withdrew it because of the pricing and because of the disclosure requirements. O&Y is very secretive.

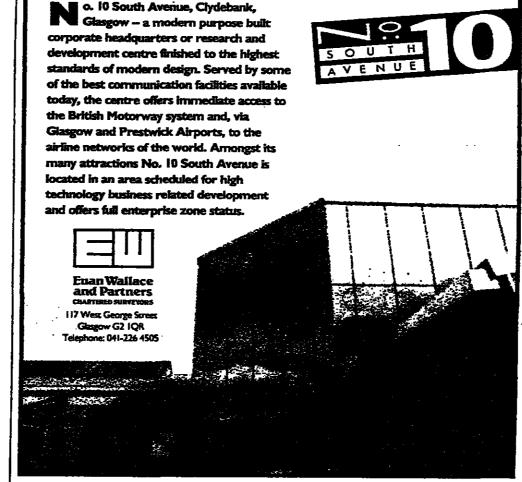
Generally, the group considers is abtime a batter deal by any

Generally, the group considers it obtains a better deal by arranging its finance directly with the banks. The rates are better than those on the public markets and, says Pat Goldstein, "we can go and speak to any of them if we want to change the financing."

And the changes are continual. "We've done each building at least twice, possible three times," observes Ms Douglas. One reason for the rolling financing is that, as the buildings come out of the ground, their value changes and the degree of security which can be offered to lenders changes. That makes the rates at which OAV on horsest homes.

Over the years, O&Y has built up a special relationship with Canadian banks - a reflection of its Toronto origins. The Canadian banks follow the US banks as the higgest financial players on the American property market. Other foreign banks, which played little part in the early money-raising for World Financial Center, now have a significant role. These links will be important when the funding starts for Canary Wharf.





36-38 FENCHURCH STREET EC3 BUSINESS CENTRE 01-929 5252 Prestigious fully serviced small offices and suites to let from 90-1,700 sq ft. Reuters, Topic and Telerate lines available on request IMMEDIATE OCCUPATION

Phone today for details and viewing

TELECOM

An Important and Particularly Well Locates RESIDENTIAL DEVELOPMENT SITE DUNCAN HALL

YARNFIELD, STAFFORDSHIRE

Approximately 19.0 Acres
WITH OUTLINE PLANNING CONSENT

FOR SALE AS A WHOLE BY FORMAL TENDER

CLOSING DATE DECEMBER 9TH, 1997
Best Offers are also levited for Parts of the Site
FOR ALL ENQUIRIES AND TENDER BROCHURE

LOUIS TAYLOR

A Britannia Building Society Estate Agency Percy Street, Hanley, Stoke-on-Trent

FOR SALE

Whitehart road slough berkshire

ouse sum offices was storated off june: 6 of M4 monorway. Built appear. 7 years ago in good

. Pall repairing and meaning at correct reatal of £4,000 with 5 yearly review Price £435,860 one To view Tek 64-533 2663 Ref. ECHOJM

shire, ST1 1NF Telephone: 0782 260222

LOCAL LONDON GROUP PLC

PRIME **SHOP LEASE FOR SALE** Brompton Road, Knightsbridge SW3 **IanScott** Telephone: 01 493 9911

(24 hr servete) Teles: I Scott G 200027, Fee: No. 01 409-3512

KNIGHTSBRIDGE

Freehold Office Building 3,000 sq ft

FOR SALE

AW 01-491 2188

Sole Agents

A UNIT OF SECURITY PACIFIC URGENTLY REQUIRE FOR THEIR OWN OCCUPATION A 500-900 square foot self-contained office suits. Shorter leases considered, lated location would be Maydair, St. James's, WCI/WC2, Feet Street or Knightsbridge.
Please telephone Sole agents, Fielcher Klog, on 07-493 8400, Ref. AWP or MAH.

COMMERCIAL PROPERTY Offices and Shops Freehold or Leasehold REGALMERE Buying/Selling

Call us on 01-289 1200

Overlocking Themes and Chels Parking. 3 year lease. Phone: 01-720 5861 **Skillion** plc

STURNING PENTHOUSE OFFICES

GOODGE ST. Bright Offices 3,300 sq. ft £35,000 pax Lease to expire June 1989 EDWARD CHARLES & PARTNERS Tel: 01-935 2811.

Need money property development? £250,000-£10m.+ available. If you're a landowner or developer seeking finance, you'll find Ryde Finance Corporation uniquely well qualified to help you.

We have been instrumental in developing thousands of residential properties and over a million square feet of commercial property, on both sides of the Atlantic

We understand the problems and the possibilities.

We can provide venture capital that's tailor-made for the industry and share the risk with you.

Because of our knowledge of the business you'll find us very positive and very flexible.

You'll also find us very fast. Our finance is available immediately.

Our commercial judgement, corporate and taxation knowledge and established connections with professional advisers are all part of the service we offer.

To discuss your project, please contact Brian Rainbow, Andrew Speirs or Henry Hine on 01-493 6356.





Scalby Beck and Golf Course Outline Planning Permission at overall density of six dwellings to the acre For full details & Tender Document contact Ref; WUGLIHP

56/62 Wilton Road London SWIV 1DH

01-834 8454 Welwyn, Herts. PRIME RESIDENTIAL

BUILDING LAND with Outline Planning Permission

About 1.2 Acres FOR SALE BY TENDER On Tuesday 1 December 1987

For full details & Tender Document contact Ref: WJG/JHP

ROYAL ASCOT, BERKSHIRE Prime residential site approximately 2.5 acres with planning permission for 41 one bedroom retirement flats (with 3 bed warden's flat) and

29 two bedroom conventional town houses
For sale by informal tender
Price guide £2.5 million
(Closing dat: November 13th, 1987)
Contact BANCROFT GROVES (Land dept.)
High Street, Crowthorne, Berkshire, RG11 7AH. Tel.: (0344) 779977

PROPERTY COMPANY FOR SALE

Sole asset. Prime retail property North West London. Write Box T6562, Financial Times, 10 Cannon Street, London, EC4P 481

DUE TO ABORTIVE SALE KENSINGTON, W8 why converted block of 20 fully furnish menis. Ideal for investment, atten or famished lettings. Ex ial \$400,000 p.a. phys. Precisió 58.1 million.

Mayfair Freehold Office Building for sale te occupation; 6,116 sq ft; new development, including penthouse suite Write Box T6558, **GROSVENOR STREET**

Sec., fax and telex Short or long terms Tel: 01-629 9544

unique **West End** opening

In October 1987 one of the finest new office developments in Central London will open its doors.

77 SHAFTESBURY AVENUE stands on the northern side of Shaftesbury Avenue and covers the entire frontage between Dean Street and Frith Street.

An ideal location for easy access to the City, Mayfair, the shops of Covent Garden and virtually every major British Rail and Underground link.

Spread over five floors it offers approximately 50,000 square



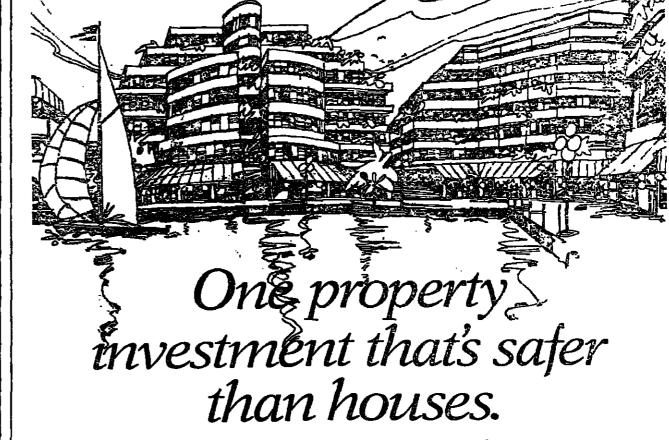
The development is fully air-conditioned and each floor has the flexibility to be laid out as private offices or open plan.

77 SHAFTESBURY AVENUE's unique position is complimented by its unique decor.

A beautiful marble lined entrance hall leads to a modern central atrium complete with glass enclosed lift and a cascading waterfall feature.

To view this superb development please contact Roger Newton or Nicholas Theobald at Hillier Parker, the sole agents, to arrange an appointment.

A DEVELOPMENT BY SPETRAWE LAND & ESTATES LTD, IN CONJUNCTION WITE KLEINWORT GRIEVESON INVESTMENT WANAGEMENT LTD.



Heron Quays could be a million miles from the starched collars and faceless impersonality of the City of London. Even though it is just two miles away.

Companies are already flocking there to make the most of the relaxed atmosphere and the financial advantages of the Enterprise Zone.

And now it's the turn of the individual investor. If you're in the highest tax bracket, buying a business suite at Heron Quays is, without doubt, one of the best moves you can make.

Under the Capital Allowances Act, the purchase price could be almost entirely offset against your taxable income.

Whether you then occupy it personally, rent it out or move your company into it is entirely up to you.

If you would like to find out how your money can do more than keep a twinkle in the tax man's eye, please contact: John Sprawson, at the Heron Quays Sales office in London's docklands: Tel No. 01-515 1125.

International Property



====

-- **-**-

مبيس

,-,3

1. N. S.

Prime Midtown Manhattau nmercial Property

Five story brick and limestone commercial townhouse Elegant office building steps from Park Ave., fully air conditioned, elevator, delivered vacant, air rights included. Location: East 55th St. Price: \$5.5 million. Contact: David Bova. 212-752-5707. Bernard H. Lawson.

credit ranking offers best possible

security

Commercial real estate properties at purchase prices from \$ 600,000

high net cash returns

fixed rent increases

triple-net lease agreements

percentage rent .

Telefax (0511) 344573 and

GIAK USA, Jan Petersen

Telefon 001 (305) 655-5208

Telefax 001 (305) 833-5825

plus 3.42% commission

LEYSIN

Reasonable prices in

Switzerland?

Yes! We offer you in Leysin the

best view, the latest comfort in

From Frs. 118'000 to Frs. 342'000

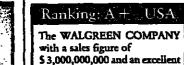
COFIDECO 1A
Agence immobilière
Agente immobilière
Agente immobilière

building and the best prices.

Studios 2-3-4 rooms

with 20 years lease terms

and - if desired -



as tenant.

onwards*

Exclusive Agent.

Baltimore **Inner Hurbor**

Opportunity The East Coast's Best Waterfront

Location

The Six Flags Power Plant Inc. is offering for resale its interest in the Power Plant, located on Baltimore's Inner Harbor. The exquisitely restored Victorian comolex includes three interconnected buildings. Since 1985 the Power Plant has been used for family entertainment purposes. Total available space is 110,000 square feet.

For more information contact David Rosenwasser, Vice President and General Manager, Power Plant, 601 East Pratt Street, Baltimore, Maryland, USA (301) 244-7377.



Hillier

01-629 7666

Sutson Place, New York City. 8 Rooms /// hat makes a Manhattan residence a million-dollar property?

Location, size, condition, detailing and the building in which it's situated all play a part, of course. At M. J. Raynes Incorporated, we also look for those intangible features that separate the superior from the ordinary: a residence's unique personality or provenance; or the degree to which it exemplifies levels of taste, comfort and convenience that enhance the quality of life in New York. If you are ready to discuss the purchase of a Manhattan condominium. please contact Denise Torrusio, Vice President, M. J. Raynes Incorporated, at 010-1-212-303-5800 or TELEX 420773.

> PROFIT FROM OUR EXPERIENCE. M. J. RAYNES INCORPORATED

488 Madison Avenue, New York, N.Y. 10022 *(212) 303-5800 Offices to the Memory of the

Exclusive Investment Opportunity DIRECTLY ON LAKE GENEVA'S SHORE by MONTREUX

overlooking the Alps and Chillon Castle. Fully furnished luxurious one room apartments from Sfr. 200,000 à 350,000

large mortgage facilities, Enquire directly by owner-builder. Les Marines de Villeneuve P.O. Box 214

a profitable financing 1844 VILLENEUVEISWITZERLAND Telephone: 010-41-21: 603633 - 630108 GIAK GmbH, Dieter Lehnert Telefax: 010-421 63 04 31 Postfach 2205, D-3000 Hannover Telefon (05 11) 34 82 9-01

> SWITZERLAND EXCEPTIONAL For sale is VERBIER in the amplificent ski resort on the Walls Alps direct from the builder, on draft ampliable December 1987.

APARTMENT 1 fishing, 2 bedrooms, idisches, balcony, cellar, parking place. Beautiful view on the Alps Sumoy and quiet. Price SF/270,000 Mortgages up to 60% available Excellent references available.

Write: Pierre PEJU PROMOTIONS Simples 14, Cit - 1994 pasters/Suitzerfa

PREICEPALITY OF MONACO LUXURY OFFICES (866 SQ.M) for rare in the business center of MONTE-CARLO, with direct access to boulevard. suitable for banking company.

For all turther details please contact: A.G.F.D.I. 26 bis, Bd Princesse-Charlotte, MC 98000 MONACO Tel: 33 93 50 66 00 - Telex : 479 417 MC.

FOR SALE 12 Prime **Manhattan Properties AUCTION**

Nov. 4. Hotel Pierre, New York For Brochure and Information call (212) 319-8550 PROPERTIES AT AUCTION 635 Madison Ave., NY 10022 Telex: 668771 Interprop. Telefax: 212-223-1354 SVR.

Switzerland? Yes! We offer you in MONTREUX the best view, the latest comfort in building and the best prices. 3 rooms from Frs.455,000.-

MONTREUX

Agente immobiliere

Company Notices



Final dividend — No. 65

On Thursday, October 22 1987, final dividend No. 65 was declared as

Amount (South African currency) 155 cents per share

1987

Last day to register for dividend (and for changes of address or

dividend instructions) Friday, November 6 Registers closed from Saturday, November 7

to (inclusive) Saturday, November 21 Ex-dividend on Johannesburg and

Monday November 9 London stock exchanges Currency conversion date for sterling

payments to shareholders paid Monday November 9 from London

Dividend warrants posted Thursday December 10

Payment date of dividend Friday December 11 Rate of non-resident shareholders' tax 15 per cent

Holders of share warrants to bearer are notified that the dividend is payable on or after Friday December 11 1987, upon presentation of coupon marked "South Africa" and No.4 on the side reflecting the share warrant number, at the offices of First National Bank of Southern Africa Limited — formerly Barclays National Bank Limited, Stock Exchange Branch, Diagonal Street, Johannesburg, South Africa; Union Bank of Switzerland, Bahnholstrasse 45, 8021 Zurich, Switzerland; Credit du Nord, 6 and 8 Boulevard Haussmann, 75009 Paris, France; and Banque Bruxelles Lambert, 24 Avenue Marnix,

1050 Brussels, Belgium, only Coupons must be left at least four

clear days for examination. The full conditions relating to the dividend may be inspected at the Johannesburg and London offices of the company and its transfer

By order of the board

Anglo American Corporation of South Africa Limited per: N.B. Stinton, Divisional Secretary

Transfer Secretaries Head Office Consolidated Share Registrars Limited First Floor, Edura 40 Commissioner Street 44 Main Street Johannesburg 2001 (P.O. Box 61587 Johannesburg 2001 (PO. Box 51051

wn 2107) London Office 40 Holborn Viaduct London EC1P IAJ Hill Samuel Registrars Limited

Johannesburg October 23 1987

GGG

BANQUE NATIONALE DE PARIS

USD 250,000,000 floating rate notes due 1997 applicable interest rate for the interest period from 21st October 1987 up to 21st January 1988 as determined by the reference agent is 9.2 per cent per annum namely USD 2443.75 per bond of USD 100,000.

Rentals Advertising

Property to Rent appears every

MONDAY For details of how to advertise please contact Clive Booth Telephone (01) 248 5284

Fax (01) 248 4601

East Rand Gold and Uranium Company Limi

Interim dividend - No. 18

payable to holders of ordinary and S ordinary shares, as follows:

Amount (South African currency) 55 cents per share

Last day to register for dividend (and for changes of address or dividend instructions)

Friday, November 6

Registers closed from to (inclusive) Saturday November 7 Saturday November 21

Ex-dividend on Johannesburg and Monday November 9 London stock exchanges

Currency conversion date for sterling

payments to shareholders paid from London Monday: November 9 Thursday December 10

Dividend warrants posted Payment date of dividend Friday December 11 Rate of non-resident shareholders' tax

The full conditions relating to the dividend may be inspected at the Johannesburg and London offices of the company and its transfer

By order of the board Angle American Corporation of South Africa Limited Secretaries per: H.E. Phillips, Divisional Secretary

Transfer Secretarics Consolidated Share Registrars Limited First Floor, Edura (P.O. Box 61051 Marshalltown 2107)

44 Main Street Johannesburg 2001 J.P.O. Box 61587 Marshalltown 2107) London Office

Hill Samuel Registrars Lunited

Iohannesburg

Legal Notices

October 23 1987

No. 084055 of 1987 IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUSTICE CHANCERY DIVISION MR. JUSTICE GIRSON In the matter of BRITISH & COMMONWEALTH

and in the matter of THE COMPANIES ACT 1985 NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the

Order of the High Court of Justice Chan-cery Division dated 12th October 1987 CONFIRMING the REDUCTION of the CONFIRMING the REDUCTION of the capital of the above-named Company from £221,000,000 to £214,105,264 and the Minute approved by the Court showing with respect to the share capital of the Company as altered, the several particulars required by the above Act were registered by the Registrar of Companies on the 16th October 1987.

DATED the 19th day of October 1987.

Slaughter and May (RLH),

35, Basinghall Street,
London, EC2V 5DB
Solicitors for the said Company
On 15th October 1987.

In the High Court of Justice Chancery Division No. 003750 of 1987 IN THE WATTER OF JARYIS PORTER GROUP PLC and IN THE MATTER OF THE COMPANIES ACT 1935

Read Office

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Order of the High Court of Justice, Chan-cery Division cated 5th October 1987 cery briston cated the October 1967 confirming the reduction of the Share Premium Account of the above-named Company was registered by the Registrar of Companies on 9th October 1987.

Dated this 21st day of October 1987 CLIFFORD CHANCE,

Blackfriars House. 19 New Bridge Street, London, ECAV 687
Solicitors for the above-named company

R & A PRECISION ENGINEERING LIMITED John Martin Irodale of Cork Gully, Pheonix House, Station Hill, Reading Berkshire was appointed Administrative Receiver of R & A Precision Engineering Limited

Gordon &

Gotch seal

COMPUTER bureaux, compa-

nies which sell time on their

computers to companies with-out their own or with insuffi-

out their own of which their capacity, have been hard hit by the advent of low-cost but powerful data processing equipment.

Once the dominant force in

computing services, the bu-

reaux have been forced to find other ways of supplementing

their processing revenues.

Some install minicomputers

on their clients' premises, oth-

ers sell microcomputers or em-phasise their consultancy ser-

Gordon & Gotch, however, 2 UK-based bureau which has

seen its processing revenues fall to 20 per cent of its £3m

turnover in recent years, has taken the ambitious step of ne-

gotiating an agreement with Unisys to sell the US computer

manufacturer's powerful 'A'

principal Burroughs main-frame range before its merger

with Sperry to form Unitys, are among the most sophisticated mainframe computers avail-

able. The smallest can func-

The 'A' series machines, the

series mainframe

Unisys



a deal with A SELKIRK Chiencey System

ceeds that of IBM's top of the range 3030 computers.

Gordon & Gotch will be the first value-added retailer (VAR) of the Unisys 'A' series machines in the UK. John Perry, managing director of Uni-sys in the UK, said that new policies would be introduced so that the company's direct sales force would not find it-self competing for business with Gordon & Gotch.

with Gordon & Gotch.
Gordon & Gotch, originally
an Australian publishing services organisation, was owned,
until last week, by the Australian Harald & Weekly Times
group when it was bought out
by its present management for
an undisclosed sum.
The company's principal

The company's principal markets for its computing services, which include consul-tancy and data communications design, are the publishing industry and the fi-

nancial services area. Under the new arrange-Under the new arrange-ments, the company has al-ready sold 'A' series main-frames complete with special software to Mercury Airfreight (part-owned by Gordon & Gotch) and to the City stockbroker Pershing Keen (former-ly Laurence Prust).

SOFTWARE SCIENCES, the Thorn EMI subsidiary which modified and installed the US year, has now launched an equivalent system for foreign exchange and money market

10,000 trades a day.
Michael Alford, managing director of Software Sciences' commercial and financial division, said he did not believe there was a comparable product constitution in the mo-

All the information captured in the deal is stored on-line and can be updated, amended and cancelled by authorised users. Reporting, ticket gener-ation and transmission of deals to a settlements system is

and Savory Milbs. fault tolerant computers vided by Stratus of the US.

Japan sets an example with automated services

A study provides evidence of the potential currently being exploited

WESTERN FIRMS were not tak-ing seriously enough the issues transforming the ways the dis-involved in establishing data-communications systems. Ian are operating Stewart says. Macleod, managing director of He argues that companies Logica Financial Systems. told with the ability to use computer

Networks

Competitor nations, notably the Japanese, would not take so sanguine a view, he warned.

Powerful evidence of the acgives as examples trading houscuracy of his analysis comes in a new study showing how Japan is automating its distribution services, making full use of the potential of computer networks.

Written by Alex Stewart, a specialist in Japanese business techniques, it is part of Baring Securities series "Japan Focus."

New course

Stewart argues that Japan is now set on a new course in distribution, retailing and finan-cial services, driven by the opening up of its telecommuniopening up of its telecommunications market in 1985 and accelerated by the subsequent strengthening of the yeu.

Deregulation of the telecom-

munications market has led to the development of computer networks carrying value added network services (VANS). In

IBM'S NEW AND controversial relational database system, DB2, looks as if it will prove a

winner for the world's largest computer manufacturer, de-spite a design flaw which is for-

ty, recovery and restart capabil-

ecutives are becoming con-cerned about the integrity of

their computer systems and their ability to withstand catas-

These are important in a scientist Dr Edward Codd. In world where, increasingly, ex-

trophes and return to opera-can be put to the computer, for tional status quickly.

a Financial Times conference software to analyse, interpret earlier this week. es, trucking companies, electri-cal part distributors, credit card retailers and banks. He cites Seino Transport, the

largest trucking company in Japan. It was operating the largest pan. It was operating the largest leased line network in Japan at the time of the VANS liberalisa-tion and it took the opportunity to set up the first VAN operat-ing company in the trucking business, Seino Joho (Informa-tion) in cooperation with a num-her of banks

ber of banks.

Now it has over 150 subscribers and a number of banks are preparing to offer cash management services (electronic treasury management) over the network. Its investment will soon pay off, Stewart concludes, as it

spite a design flaw which is forcling some users to write special
software to avoid inadvertently
losing vital data.

A new study by the UK-based
consultancy Xephon indicates
that major IBM sites in Europe
and North America where DB2
has been installed are on the
whole well satisfied with the
product, emphasising its security, recovery and restart capabil-

agement, the relationships be-tween items filed in the data-base is recognised by the system so that complex queries

be the new key enterprises able to provide the facilities to consecure. They do not have to be

for interactive home services. Nippon Telegraph and Telephone is moving fast towards this goal with its TNS network-

ing protocol.

New and complex service groups will emerge to replace conglomerates as the main or-ganisers of industrial re-sources. They will use computer links to manage a complex and inter-related set of activities.

Favour

A great deal of integrity

DB2 is quite different. It is a files. Norman gives as exam-relational database, following ples: "A customer must exist for the ideas of the IBM computer an order to be entered," "If a

outstanding orders.

IBM has acknowledged the

fault, according to the report, and has promised to provide

corrections; in the meantime

customers are writing special software to get round the prob-

Pioneered by the French, the per-based to digitally-based in-smart card has been compara-formation will transform the tively slow to take off else-underlying rules of competiexpands into international tively slow to take off elsetransport services.

Among the other points Stewart makes are:

OVAN operators like Seino will tively slow to take off elseunderlying rules of competistudies from Japan that do not tion. The survivors, he says, will have a parallel in the West.

The overwhelming impression, however, is that while the smart card is gaining favour.

nect both different networks connected to a computer system and on-line applications.

On-line and so are not open to Public network standards will hacking. Furthermore, the be vital to catalyse the market code to operate them can be hidden in the computer's mem-ory, requiring complicated calculations to unravel. They are therefore extremely difficult to

Smart cards are inherently

counterfeit.

The cost of a smart card is around \$13 but the extra functions they offer over conventional magnetic striped cards makes them a very attractive al-

ternative. Stewart thinks that retailers Stewart is optimistic about and banks may decide to offer the future of the integrated circuit (IC) or smart card, a plastic Major trials are under way. Nipcard complete with processor pon Telephone and Telegraph and memory. He believes it will is conducting the largest set of form the major interface be-tween customers and network with the participation of about 20 banks and other financial in stitutions.

stitutions.
Stewart's chief conclusion
from his studies of the distribufrom his studies of the distribuoperations and the strategic use
of on-line information to give a is that the transition from pa-

leases incorporate referential

integrity before producing production DB2 systems."

notes that DB2 has been designed as a relational database

from scratch unlike some of its

competitors - Cullinet's IDMS/R

for example which started life as highly successful hierarchi-cal database management

features grafted on top.

The chief competition to DB2 includes Oracle, a database

management system designed along the same lines as DB2, and Adabas, from the West Ger-man company Software AG, which claims to have come upon

the principles of relational de-

sign at the same time as Dr Codd.

Nevertheless, most DB2 user

expect it to be IBM's only data-

base product within 10 years DB2 in Practice. Xephon tel

On the other hand, the report

That in itself is not new and there is no example in his studies from Japan that do not

On-line POS* POS* inventor

the nature of the new rules of competitive advantage and pay the Japanese are applying them properly.
The West has already seen

. POS: Point of sale

0

what happens when the Japa-nese take seriously new manu-facturing technology. It could be the same story all over again.

Office automation a target for Sony's one-million bit chip

SONY, THE Japanese electronics company, announced this week that it expects to begin commercial production of a special semiconductor mem-ory chip able to store one mil-lion bits of information (about

The chip is called a static

dRAMs have been available for

The new distribution industry

sist bases of destribution

00

125,000 characters) next au-

random access memory (sRAM).

(sRAM).

Chips of this type are expected to play a big part in the development of equipment for the emerging office automation market because they do not have to be electronically "refreshed" like standard dynamic random access memory

(dRAM) chips. One million bit

some time.

Sony, Hitachi, Mitsubishi
and Toshiba have been working collaboratively on the one
million bit chip since last Feb-

ruary. The 256,900 bit sRAMs have been available from US compa-nies like IDT and Cypress for some months now, although the world's fastest sRAM has been developed by the UK firm

There is no indication yet how fast the new Sony chip will be. The market for sRAMs has stabilised after a period when prices fell sharply

tion as a department computer; the power of the largest ex-**FX-Colt broadens apeal**

Colt system in no less than seven City dealing rooms in the run-up to the Big Bang in the London securities market last dealers.
Called FX-Colt, it is a real-

Called FX-Colt, it is a real-time deal-capture and posi-tion-keeping system designed to automate front office deal-ing and treasury activities. The system is aimed at firms typically having in excess of 15 dealing positions: it is expec-ted to be able to handle up to 16 400 trades a day.

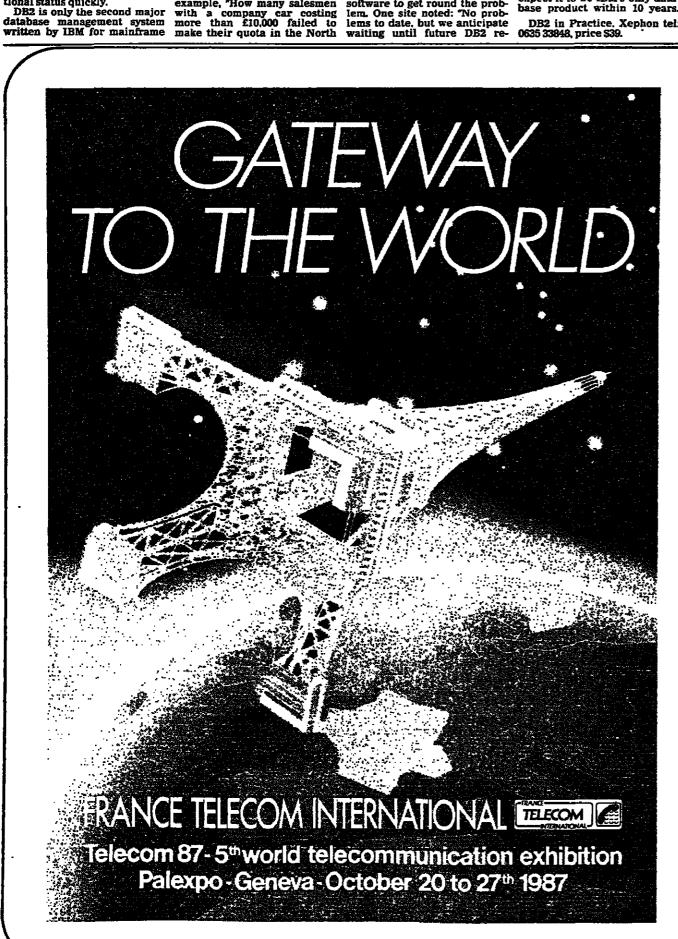
uct available in the mar-bet. The essence of FX-Colt is accurate deal capture. According to Software Sciences, once deals are entered they are checked for credit utilisation

Profitability, cashflow and ma-turity schedules can be re-

on-line in real time. The installation of the Coit

dealing system was one of the technological successes of Big Bang. Originally designed for US dealing rooms, it was modi-fied for use in the UK by a consortium of users, including Barclays de Zoete Wedd, NatWest investment Bank and Ca-renove. Development also in-volved James Capel, Kleinwort Grieveson, Salomon Brothers

After a core system had been created, each customer added its own special requirements. Like Colt, PX-Colt runs on



QUALITY IS HIGH AS YOU KNOW

PRICES ARE LOW DID YOU KNOW?

NOW YOU KNOW

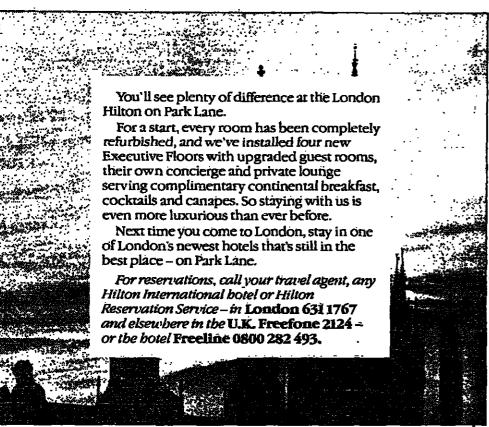
FRANCE TELECOM INTERNATIONAL







SEE OLD LONDON FROM A NEW



LONDON HILTON ON PARK LANE



JAMES CAPEL SECURITIES INC.

is changing its name to

JAMES CAPEL INCORPORATED

Effective October 15th, 1987

James Capel Incorporated 405 Lexington Avenue, New York, NY 10174 Tel. (212) 808-0500. Telex: 503717. Fax (212) 687-1650

A FINANCIAL TIMES CONFERENCE in association with

Hotel Inter. Continental, London 11 & 12 November, 1987

-i, _{be}

For information please return this advertisement, together with your business card, to: **Financial Times Conference Organisation** 2nd Floor, 126 Jermyn Street, London SW1Y 4UJ Alternatively, telephone 01-925 2323 telex 27347 FTCONF G Fax: 01-925 2125

General manager of Link Interchange

Mr J.B. Precious has been appointed finance director of the TIOXIDE GROUP. He was group treasurer.

Mr Keith Bridge has been appointed a director of PHILLIPS & DREW with responsibility for public sector financial activi-

public sector financial activities.

COOKSON GROUP has combined the Cookson Fry and Cookson materials divisions in to Cookson materials divisions in to Cookson metals and chemicals division comprising 36 companies. Mr B. Broker-Carey has been appointed divisional chief executive with Mr E. Whittaker as his deputy. The division has four sectors, each with a chief executive: Cookson Precision Castings, Mr D.W. Oram: Frank Horsell Group, Mr H.M. Green; Cookson Industrial Materials, Dr N. Henry; Cookson Fry, Mr W.J. Wedhouse. The ceramics and plastics division has also been formed with Mr M. Batery as divisional chief executives: Cookson From Mr Paddy Ross, a director of Framlington Unit Trust Manals divertor of SMITH New Court International. Text Monte of Sectors, with the following chief executives: Cookson Ceramics, Mr C. Hancock; Cookson Minerals, Dr F.J. Fletcher; and Cookson Plibrico, Mr E. Struzik.

Mr Rex Wyer has been appointed managing director of L.S.

public sector financial activicies. Mr Charles Erandon Gough has Cough has companied to the board of rector. He is a senior partner of cooperate a senior partner of coopera & Lybrand.

WHITBREAD & CO., has appointed Mr Norman Barrough as a non-executive director. He managing director of LITHO the following its acquisition by Whitbread, will incorporate International. Mr Gordon Young has been appointed a director of N M Rothschild & Sons, will join Smith New Court International. The Northschild and rector of N M Rothschild and rector of N M Rothschild and will provide a further and important link between the two companies, particularly in the area of international corporate finance manager (client services) with Regency Life.

Mr Petaric Jones as group treasurer, Mr Alastair Gordon as group chief accountant.

Mr Peter Ing has been apointed managing director of N M Rothschild & Sons, will pion Smith New Court International. The Rothschild Group holds a Say per cent stake in SNC. He will remain a non-executive director of N M Rothschild and will provide a fur

Sir lain Tennant and Mr Richard Caws have been appointed Crown Estate Commissioners for terms of two and three years respectively from January L

COUNTY NATWEST has ap-

ramics, Mr C. Hancock; Cookson Minerals, Dr F.J. Fletcher; and Cookson Plibrico, Mr E. Struzk.

Moore to provide worldwide investment services. He was bead of sales of Prudential International Management.

Mr Rex Wyer has been appointed managing director of L.S.

WILSON (BUILDERS); Market Harborough, a member of Raine Industries. He was development manager of J.F. Miller, another Raine company.

M. MYERS & SON has appointed Mr Bank Internation and complany secretary. He was responsible for management information and compliance at the Chemical Bank International Group. Mr Derek Gibson, previously with EBC AMRO Bank, has also joined Maruman in London as an associate director of CLAESSENS INTERNATION-AL. business development and syn- AL.

mer Kwik-Fit area sales manag-er, rejoins the group from Hal-fords where, as operations controller (service centres), he was responsible for the devel-opment and management of its vehicle servicing outlets.

LINK INTERCHANGE NETWORK, jointly owned by Abbey
National, Nationwide Anglia,
Girobank, Co-operative Bank
and Funds Transfer Sharing,
has appointed Mr John Spencer
as its first general manager. He
joins from BP's corporate control department.

Tink INTERCHANGE NETwarburg Securities where he
STATE STREET LONDON, a
suddent subdidary of State Street Bank
and Trust Co of Boston, as vice
president operations. He was
formerly a vice president and
product development manager
for global custody at Chase
Manhattan Bank in London.

Mr Richard Proctor has been ap-pointed administration director of DEVONSHIRE LIFE. He was previously divisional manager (client services) with Regency

KWIK- FIT HOLDINGS has appointed Mr Brian Ridd director the board of ST. JAMES'S CORof operations for its Stop 'n' PORATE COMMUNICATIONS, Steer division. Mr Kidd, a for-

Scottish Provident chief executive

SCOTTISH PROVIDENT has CORPORATION. He retired in appointed Mr David Ernest September as chairman of the Woods to be deputy general manager from January 1. It is intended that he should be appointed chief executive on July 1 on the retirement of Mr J.M. Macharg.

Sir Ronald Dearing has joined the board of PRUDENTIAL Cooke.

Mr Derek Box has been appointed managing director of ST. RE-GIS PACKAGING, a subsidiary of David S. Smith (Holdings). He was managing director of Bonar

SELL YOUR HOUSE

Through the Weekend **FT Property Pages**

(C) CALL 01-489 0031 NOW



Nearly 2000 tons of fine paper, all made by British mills. were used for all the documentation required for the BP share sale.

All supplied by

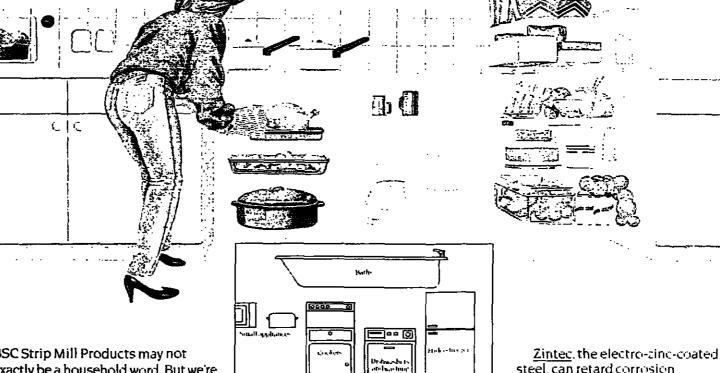


Robert Horne Group plc

Britain's premier paper merchant.



eople would miss us f we weren't around.



BSC Strip Mill Products may not exactly be a household word. But we're in pretty well every household in the land.

With the advanced steels and steel composites that make modern living possible.

In the bathroom, British Steel's Vesteel is at the heart of up-tothe-minute vitreous enamelled baths in all shapes, sizes and colours: baths that (unlike acrylics) won't crack, split or throw a wobbly

And in the kitchen, where would appliance designers, manufacturers and housewives be without us?

Zalutite, the new zinc/aluminium alloy coated steel composite, offers heat-resistance up to 315°C for cooker components and 'hot' appliances like toasters and coffeemakers.

Galvatite hot-dipped zinc coated steel has exceptional resistance to atmospheric corrosion which makes light of fridge and freezer and cooker components

steel, can retard corrosion Its first class paintability is appreciated by the makers of white goods.

and electrical appliances Colorcoat pre-painted steel is the smart way to make casings for a whole range of white goods.

And Stelvetite, the vinyl-laminated composite, offers a range of pattern and woodgrain finishes for appliances from microwaves to hostess trolleys.

Today's British Steel means best standards of quality, consistency and productivity

With a range of sophisticated new-generation steels Backed by unmatchable technical support and fair-dealing customer service.

HOT ROLLED - COLD REDUCED - GALVATITE - ZALUTITE - ZINTEC TENFORM · TENBOR · VESTEEL · TERNE · COLORCOAT · STELVETITE BSC Stop Mill Products PC Fox 10 Newport Gwent NEWOXN Telephone (to 17,550),2 Tales 207(a)

S BSC Strip Mill Products. The steels for industry.

Incentive schemes

A livelihood played for high stakes

Clay Harris explains how some managers of Queens Moat hotels can make - or lose - their fortunes

BEFORE CHRISTMAS, George Elliott, general manager of the Oxford Moat House, will have to write a personal cheque for more than £100,000 to the hotel's owner, Queens Most Houses. It represents the first instalment payments of more than film which he is committed to make

which he is committed to make during the next year.

He will have to pay the full amount, between 25 per cent and 30 per cent of the 155-room hotel's budgeted annual turnover, regardless of the actual occupancy rate or operating costs. If revenues fall short, he will have to make up the shortfall out of his own pocket. If profits exceed budget, however, the entire surplus is his to keep.

the entire surplus is his to keep,
Queens Moat's incentive
scheme, which applies to more
than half its 74 UK hotels, is one
of the oldest and most radical in British industry. Begun in adversity more than 12 years ago, when the fledgling group needed to show guaranteed cash flow to satisfy its bankers, it proved to have lasting worth.
"We found that it was working

as a management system as well as a way of financial survival," says Martin Marcus, deputy chairman and joint managing director. The motivators, fear and greed, are harnessed together. The only guarantee that exists is my personal guarantee to pay them that fee," says Elliott, "It's down to a manager to live or die

by his own application. Incentive managers are frequently rolled up, washing the dishes."
The basis of the scheme has barely changed since 1975. Each participating manager, who is sponsible for planning the capiself-employed, provides the tal development of their hotels. company with audited turnover if Queens Moat approves a proaccounts. He and Queens Moat posal, the manager must repay then determine - often after its investment (in addition to lengthy prestitations - whet his profit payments) over five to lengthy negotiations - what his profit payments) over five to growth is likely in the next year. 10 years. The onus of deciding Queens Moat requires annual whether a development will pay payments based on its estimates for itself is firmly on the managof each hotel's return on turnover. This ranges from 25 to 30 ends up owning the asset. cent at hotels like Oxford, per cent at notes like Oxiota, which has a heavy residential conference trade, to 15 per cent

dent on restaurant revenues.
Queens Moat never learns
what profit each hotel actually makes and managers are under-standably unwilling to reveal their hand. Nevertheless, Elliott says that the scheme has allowed him to achieve a much higher standard of living than would have been possible as a direct manager, even though Durham, is a graduate in urban

at hotels which are more depen-



George Elliott: "It's down to a manager to live or die by his own application

the latter collect 25 per cent of land economics from Sheffield profits over budget and are granted share options.

Let the latter collect 25 per cent of land economics from Sheffield. He had seven years of hotel experience when he came to Oxperience when he came to Oxford in 1980 as manager of the Europa, then owned by Grand Metropolitan. He remained in the position when Queens Moat bought the hotel in 1982 and transferred to the incentive

scheme a year later.

In the first year, his profit after paying Queens Moat was more than double what he would have expected as a direct manager. In his fifth year, which has just begun, he is committed to pay the company more At Oxford, Elliott championed a £500,000 indoor leisure centre than £1m, compared with £400,000 in 1983-84. - complete with squash courts, swimming pool, fitness room

swimming pool, fitness room and jacuzzi to increase the ho-tel's attraction for conferences and weekend breaks. Opening With its heavy emphasis on provincial business hotels, Queens Moat is less vulnerable to Chernobyl/Libya-type shocks to tourism. The manager, never-theless, must bear the brunt if in May 1986, it has enabled him to raise room-rates by 20 per cent, perhaps twice the level ex-pected otherwise. there is any unforeseen down-turn, with partial protection only through insurance for loss of

Each manager must also de-

cide how to motivate his employees. Elliott last year gave a bonus of one month's salary to senior personnel and one week's pay to all staff with at least a year's service.

The incentive programme has the limits of a local economy.

Since Queens Moat will want to maximise its return, even in this case, very little incentive remains for the manager. Hotels like this return to direct least a year's service.
The incentive programme has

encountered some City scepti-cism over the years because Queens Most was cutting itself out of any unexpectedly good

Marcus argues, however, that

Putting so much responsibility on the incentive managers' oulders also allows Queens Most to retain a lean and shallow corporate structure. Elliott, for example, deals directly with a main board director.

Queens Moat chooses carefulmanagers - go on the incentive

A dramatic career change

present and would probably not have been included if it were not for Elliott's exceptional enthusiasm, according to Marcus The same is true for the Falcon the smaller of two in Stratford-upon-Avon, which would normally be excluded because of its exposure to a fluctuating For this reason, and because some hotels are simply too large for one person to take such full management responsibility, Queens Most would not consider applying the scheme to its larger properties, like the Royal Most House International in

WHAT DO IBM, Price Waterhouse, Procter and Gamble, Cadbury and the London Business School have in common?

They all entered teams in the Institute of Directors' recent competition, Business Challenge '87. And they were all beaten by a 24-year old former

says.

Likewise, extending the practice to the company's growing operations in continental Europe is not an immediate prosdrama student competing on her own. pect, even though some of the smaller hotels in the Dutch-based Bilderberg group are considered ideally suited and Peter Bertholdt, operations di-rector for the West German ho-tels recently acquired from Crest, was an incentive manag-er at Harpenden.

Some hotels, moreover, sim-ply run out of growth - apart from increases in line with in-flation. This can often be the fruits of success, after a manager exploits every possibility, adding rooms and new facilities, and filling them to capacity, but

Nottingham or the Drury Lane, its only hotel in London. The scheme is really designed for the 50 to 100 bed hotel, Marcus

tels like this return to direct management, at least until Queens Most decides whether

they will remain in the group.

And managers themselves
may tire of the treadmill, although one of the original group Marcus argues, however, that though one of the original group this is outweighed by the advantage of having guaranteed returns from hotels which account for 45 per cent of UK operating profits. "We have enough excitement in the other 55 per cent," he says.

Putting so much responsibilia

Queens Moat considers offer ing some managers a second ho-tel to renew the challenge, but Elliott, still only 36, is preparing for another escape. This au-tumn, he began an MBA course with the eventual intention of becoming a consultant after few more years at Oxford.

Lynne Stabler tells Michael Skapinker the relevance of theatrical training in her switch from running a brewery depot to becoming

cial skills, she says. It teaches you how to achieve what you

want to with other people, how to work with them. You also learn when you should back

She is so quietly-spoken that it is difficult to imagine her as

an actress. It was never my in-tention to be one, she says. She

just enjoyed studying the sub-

Her first jobs after college were temporary administrative positions which she found through the Alfred Marks em-ployment agency. One of those jobs was a six-week stint with

Watney Mann in Northampton. They asked her if she wanted to work in London, setting up a

new depot.

"I think they took a bit of a gamble," she says. "There aren't many graduates who get an opportunity like that." She worked

on her own, reporting to the operations director. When the

depot was up and running the company offered her a full-time

It was an honour, really. I

was straight out of college, with

no business education whatev-

er. So many of my friends re-

mained unemployed or went in-to jobs at low levels where they

job as depot co-ordinator.

an accountant

place was taken by Shell Inter-national, with Stabler, the only individual finalist, not far behind the winners. Stabler has no formal busi-ness education. She is a graduness education. She is a graduate of Nene College in Northampton, where she majored in drama. Studying drama, she says, is an excellent preparation for business. It gave me a lot of confidence and a lot of so-tiel will be a part of the same and a lot of so-tiel will be a part of the same and a lot of so-tiel will be a part of the same and a lot of so-tiel will be a part of the same and a lot of so-tiel will be a part of the same and a lot of so-tiel will be a lot of

down.

Lynne Stabler, now a trainee accountant at Greenwell Montagu Securities, did not win the competition. But she did well enough, coming fifth out of over 900 competing company teams. A third of the teams were led by a director or partner of the organisation concerned.

ganisation concerned.

She pronounces herself 'a bit surprised' at her success, but insists that all you need is a bit of common sense. She will be back next year, she says, aiming

The competition, sponsored by the IoD and Lotus Development, the personal computer software company, was launched in May. Part of the IoD's Reskilling Britain campaign, it aimed to promote a broader awareness of business planning and computers among British managers.

The participating teams ran, on a computer, a fictitious power saw company, through four 'years' of trading. The teams had to take decisions on issues related to production, marketing, sales, personnel, training, finance and general administration. The overall aim was to maximise the company's cumulative profit over the putative four-year period.

The eight top teams came to to jobs at low levels where they gether to compete in the final were closely monitored. They round at the loD earlier this werent given an opportunity to week Lynne Stabler was among use their initiative, which is them, under the colours of her something most graduates have them, under the colours of her some previous employer, Watney got."

Mann.

It was while she was at WatIn the end the competition ney Mann that she heard about
was won by a team from the information systems group of company entered two other
Whitbread, the brewer. Second teams. She was the sole member

of the third She lives in a village outside King's Lynn and used to do most of her work for the competition on the train from Cambridge to

Liverpool Street.
Her starting point was an analysis of the market. After that she operated on a simple principle. You don't sell more than you can produce and you don't produce more than you can sell."

The problem with some British companies, she says, is "perhaps they try to run before they can walk. You can be a bit over-adventurous, bending your product to something it's not caproduct to something it is not capable of doing. It might be better to wait a year or two, building a solid foundation."

Midway through the competition, she left Watney Mann to become a trainee accountant at

brokers Greenwell Moniagu.

'I had originally thought I would go into marketing, but doing the job I did I got to speak to a lot of different people in the company and began to realise that marketing was a bit nar-

Then I had a chai with managers at Watneys and they said that what I needed was business planning and amplysts and the way to do it was through accoun

The parting was entirely ami-cable. She does not exclude the possibility of returning eventu-ally to her old company as a manager. She clearly appreci-ates the start they were prepared to give to an untested

in so many other companies, she says, young managers remain an under-utilised resource. Too few organisations make an effort to develop their papager paraits younger recruits.

If you're working for a company and you're prepared to give the time and effort to de-velop their business, they should be prepared to take the time to develop you," she says.

INFORMATION RETRIEVAL THIS QUICK.



With an Agfa Microfilm system you can retrieve any information you need with electrifying speed.

Again and again. No matter how old the information you need is, or after-sales service to be as good as it's fast. how large and complex your organisation.

Whatever your requirements Agfa will design a system to suit your particular needs - including cameras, processors, readers, printers and computer aided retrieval.

(English) 1965 (1975) (English) 1965 (English) 1965 (English) 1965 (English) 1965 (English) 1965 (English) 1966 (English) 196

We have technological experts on hand to design software programmes to your specific needs.

While you can rely on Agfa's prompt and effective Just like the system itself.

For an electrifying response, phone Jo Morgan for the full facts. And retrieve some very useful

AGFA 🍲 MICROFILM SYSTEMS. Telephone: 01-560 2131.

Agfa-Gevaert Ltd., 27 Great West Road, Brentford, Middlesex TW8 9AX

PORTS AUTONOMES BORDEAUX - DUNKERQUE LE HAVRE - MARSEILLE NANTES - SAINT-NAZAIRE PARIS

ations of the French State

9% bonds 1976-1991 of US\$1,000 each NUMERICAL LIST: 1) of the series including the 4,000 bonds drawn at the sixth drawing by lot on October 9, 1987 and representing the entire annuity of US\$4,000,000 to be redeemed on November 15, 1987:

29.861 to 33.860

nted for rademption: ring on October 12, 1984– presentent November 15, 19 2.061 to 6.060
Drawing on October 11, 1985
teimbursement November 15, 1

13.31 to 2.060 6.061 to 7.128 11.129 to 13.330 9 on October Reinbursentent November 15, 1986
13.931 to 17.330
These bonds will be redectable at USS1,000 at FRENCH AMERICAN BANKING CORPORATION in NEW YORK and at the offices of the following

STADISMITERIS.

-BANQUE NATIONALE DE PARIS.

-BANQUE BRUXELLES LAMBERT.

-BRUXELLES

-BANQUE NATIONALE. DE PARIS

(LUXEMBOURG) S.A.... LUXEM
BOURG

CLUXEMBOURG) S.A.— LUXEMBOURG
BANQUE INTERNATIONALE
LUXEMBOURG—LUXEMBOURG
BANQUE PARIBAS—PARIS
—CREDIT LYONNAIS—PARIS
—DEUTSCHE BANK
AKTIENGESELLSCHAFT—
FRANCFORT-SUR-LE-MAIN
—SOCIETE GENERALE—PARIS
—SWISS BANK CORPORATION—
BASLE
BASLE



FOR THE ADR BUSINESS Hotel Inter.Continental

London 11 & 12 November, 1987

Financial Times Conference Organisation 2nd Floor 126 Jermyn Street London SW1Y 4UJ Alternatively, telephone 01-925 2323 telex 27347 FTCONF G Fex: 01-925 2125





EPOS, Security and consumer electronics. Sector is one of Europe's leading new product developers. For Technology - For Industrial Design For rapid development of new products to fast moving markets

BRISTOL

A CENTRE FOR FINANCIAL SERVICES

THURSDAY, 26 NOVEMBER 1987

The Financial Times proposes to publish a survey on Bristol — A Centre for Financial Services on Thursday, 26 November 1987, it is the first time that the Financial Times has done a survey on this topic and is an indication of the importance of Bristol as a financial centre. The arrival of a number of large companies in the city and the growth of local comparies in the city and the glower of Rocal concerns into national and international organisations has given the growth of financial services enormous impetus. Within the next decade, Bristol could become the most important financial centre in England outside London.

Half size reprints of the survey will be made available to all advertisers free of charge.

For more information about advertising in the survey and a copy of the editorial synopsis, contact Clive Radjord on:

© 0272 292565

or write to him at: Financial Times Ltd Merchants House Wapping Road Bristol BS1 4RW

$\triangle V \triangle V \triangle V$
$\nabla \nabla \nabla \nabla \nabla \nabla \nabla \nabla \nabla$
4

Manchester **Business School**

THE SENIOR EXECUTIVE COURSE

An intensive three-week programme for members of an organisation's top executive team.

FINANCE: MARKETING: STRATEGY

In an uncertain world, the vision, skills and confidence to pursue proactive policies are increasingly a requirement for success.

For 20 years, the Senior Executive Course at

Manchester, with its emphasis on participation and project methods, has met these needs and provides a well-tried format for generating practical solutions. The next two courses run from January 25 to February 12 1988, and from September 12 to

September 30 1988. For details complete the coupon and return to: The SEC Administrator, Manchester Business

ME DIVE 132	Telex 668354.
NAME	
COMPANY	

FINANCIAL TIMES



7

The completion of the M25 provides better access to many areas around London and so improves economic

prospects. The property industry takes advantage of those prospects and, in turn, creates its own, as happened with the spread of the railways and the underground. Paul Cheeseright describes the trends.

Circle of prosperity

ALTHOUGH IT is a complex would have appeared laugh-process, at the broadest level able. the presence of the M25 motor- Indeed, the M25 has provided way has accentuated growth impetus to the establishment of that was already coming business parks all round Lonthrough the dynamics of the don. Not only is Trafalgar South East England economy. House involved, but also compatible the particular level, the panies like Arlington Securities and the particular level. That Sharehas Channel (Securities and Trafalgar Channel Cha M25 has chimed with the emergence of new demands for accommodation, opened up the possibilities of developments in areas which until recently the property companies thought outside their scope and helped give a new lease of life to recently sluggish markets.

Take, for example, the spread of business parks. Designed to respond to the needs of companies wanting premises outside the main urban centres, they

the main urban centres, they houses started on the west side of Lon- Yet ti started on the west side of Lon-don - handy for Beathrow Air-port, astride the easiest road bution industry. It not only pro-

The road at the same time has vantage of Eurotunhel. In any improved access to the other case, the growth of the South airports - Gatwick, Luton. East economy has of itself set Stansted. So the business parks have spread. A few years ago warehouse facilities. House would put one at Basil-velopers can afford to pay don or that Mr Nicky Phillips higher prices for land than the would start one near Luton industrial and warehouse de-

entries to central London.

The M25 has made the airport handy to most places near the will be of increasing importance to companies taking adThe road at the same time has vantage of Eurotunnel. In any

1987 Prime office rents 1.1.4% increase Prime office rents 216 210

increase 75°a increase 40 ca increase 1009c increase £5.50 22.50 €4.25 23.50 £5.00 £2.75 1982 £5.50 North East Mid-year Rental costs St Albans in £ per sq ft Enfield Watford Brentwood Sevenoa Ksiya Prime office rents Thurrock 7.1-26 Staines Dartford Woking Sevenoaks Prime office rents South East South West Property around Industrial/Warehouse rents Industrial/Warehouse rents 89% increase €5.25 £3.25 1982 1982

Hounslow

velopers, the latter have to some extent been pushed out of the market. King and Co, in its running surveys of industrial property in the country, has ning to move. And there are others.

The access to the M25 makes

One point that does emerge from this, however, is the role of the property industry in changing the economic balance of the South East region. This is what the planners want and forms part of the strategic advice that part of the strategic advice that roment Secretary, has given to the local authorities.

This advice notes the need to the medium of the M25 makes the English Estates redevelopment of the old Chatham dock-yard more attractive than it might otherwise have been. The motorway enlarges the catchment area of the potential Caping venture at Thurrock and Securities retail warehouse makes the English Estates redevelopment of the old Chatham dock-yard more attractive than it might otherwise have been. The motorway enlarges the catchment of the old Chatham dock-yard more attractive than it might otherwise have been. The motorway enlarges the catchment of the old Chatham dock-yard more attractive than it might otherwise have been. The motorway enlarges the catchment area of the potential Caping venture at Thurrock and Securities retail warehouse in the English Estates redevelopment of the old Chatham dock-yard more attractive than it might otherwise have been. The motorway enlarges the catchment area of the potential Caping venture at Thurrock and English Estates redevelopment of the local caping the economic balance of the South Estates redevelopment of the old Chatham dock-yard more attractive than it might otherwise have been. The motorway enlarges the catchment area of the potential Caping venture at Thurrock and Securities retail warehouse the south of the English Estates redevelopment of the old Chatham dock-yard more attractive than it might otherwise have been. The south of the English Estates redevelopment of the old Chatham dock-yard more attractive than it might otherwise have been. The south of the English Estates redevelopment of the color of the English Estates redevelopment of the Eng

This advice notes the need to harness the opportunities presented by the completion of the M25 to help redress the balance of attraction for development between the east and west of the region...and to ensure that the fullest possible use is made of existing infrestructure in the less prosperous eastern parts of the region and in older urban

studies and concluded that there must be some caution extraction of the must be some caution of the M25 has improved the mand for the working out of a pressed that the completion of the M25 has improved the mand for the working out of a shopping policy. One difficulty the M25 will by itself redress central London and to other has been the lack of a means to

enhances the value of the Land Securities retail warehouse park that is already there. Further, the rehabilitation of London Docklands depends at

least in part on access to the M25 providing the link to the national motorway system that will make it, not an enclave of development, but a hub of growth. At the moment, though, Docklands development is mov-ing more quickly than the cre-ation of the access to sustain it.

areas."

The London and South East
Regional Planning Conference, embracing all the planning authorities in the region has done

ation of the access to sustain it.

Of course, from the point of view of the planners in the south and west of London, a reduced the subject of the economic balance would be a blessing. The fact

parts of the country - by linking assess the cumulative effect of up the motorways - has insolated developments.

To some extent, the issue appoints to midway points.

Entroles (* 1

creased the pressure on them.
In Surrey, for example, efforts have been made to hold development in cheek after five years of rapid growth and to resist any incursions into the Green Beit. While it is true that right round London there is no ready welcome for planning applications that affect the Green Beit, the prevailing mood in favour of developments is probably stron-In just the same way the poli-cy has been to funnel housing into the urban areas, part of the broader policy of urban regenvelopments is probably stronger on the north and east sides of the M25 than on the south and

It is significant that the local authorities around Thurrock and Dartford have been ready to accept large new shopping centres, while elsewhere they have not. This reluctance is not only a question of the role of the role of shopping centres in the coun-tryside but also of fear that they might affect existing town cen-

tre retailing patterns.

Because the demands for the shopping centres has come on top of the spread of retail warehousing and out-of-town super-stores to cater for motorborne consumers there has been a de-

eration, and not to let it sprawl over the countryside. Hence the failure of housebuilders to gain consent for new towns like Til-lingham Hall in Essex. In all of this, however, the

since 1982.

the rise as the economy of the region expands. There is more to come. As Trafalgar House put

it, in a recent study, the M25 of-fers new opportunities for exist-

ing business.
The motorway is creating the

concern is not to stop change. Rather it is a question of how to manage it against a background of scarce land resources - how,

of scarce land resources - how, in fact, to cope with development at a time of boom.

One monitor of this boom has been the upward movement of rents for office property in the towns both inside and outside the M25. The rents still look cheap compared with central London, but they have been climbing fast.

In some parts, the south and with the planners.

climbing fast. developers can fi In some parts, the south and with the planners

Where policies clash

THE M25 IS the economic necessity that has turned into a planner's nightmare. Both a catalyst and an opportunity for growth, it has clashed with es-tablished planning policies that

veer in the opposite direction.

The tension is most clearly obvious in the uncertainty about how to handle the planning applications for a spate of major new shopping centres thrown up as retailers and developers seek to exploit the casier communications brough: about by the motorway.

But the problem is wider, encompassing the main sectors of property development. It starts from an inherent clash be-tween, on one hand, the broad thrust of government planning policies designed to facilitate rather than restrict develop-ment and, on the other, local environmental considerations. It then narrows down to the spe-cific planning applications which have to be initially handled at local level within only the loosest framework of re-

£14.50

gional planning policy.

If the starting point is the national government presumption in favour of development, then the next point is the first exception the Government makes to

the general policy.

As Trafalgar House Developments put in in a recent study of the South East, "Planning poli-cies in the South East are overshadowed by the Metropolitan Green Belt which seeks to control the spread of London through tighter controls on de-velopment Consequently the plans have generally adopted restrictive policies towards de-velopment in areas nearest to London especially in Surrey,

South Buckinghamshire and East Berkshire."

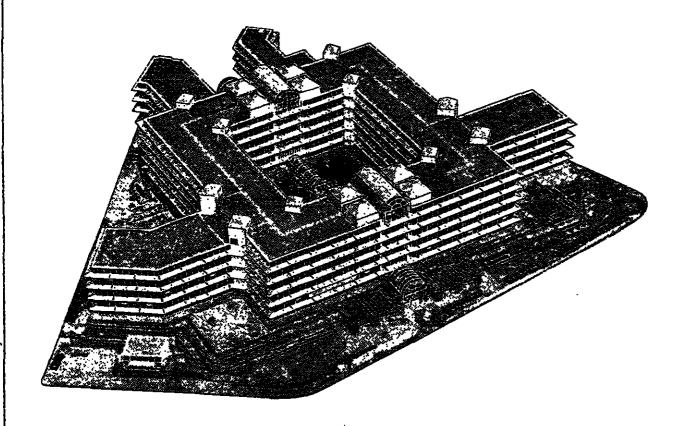
Given that the region as a whole is in a period of fast economic growth, given too that planners in some areas are anxious to maintain the attractions which make the areas appular. enosks and Bromley, according to figures worked out by Knight Frank and Rutley. In Epsom rents have more than doubled which make the areas popular in the first place, there is an in-No area has been left out of

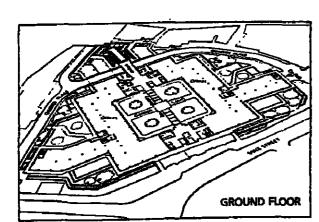
evitable consequence.

The influence of the Green
Belt, particularly in wealthier areas to the south and west of London has placed considerable restrictions on green field land supply, thus maintaining high land prices which in turn has fed through to rents and prices," observed Mr Crispin Topping of Fuller Peiser, chartered surveyors.

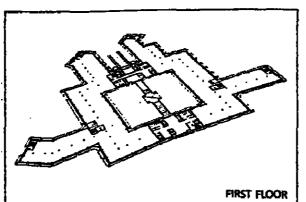
And the planners have to be responsive to the desires of their local residents. It appears that the areas of highest demand have coincided with the more vociferous local action

International Quality-International Communications





1111





UXBRIDGE

Up to 68,180 sq ft of offices on ground and first floors **Available Now**

- 198 car parking spaces
- 30 minutes from Central London
- 10 minutes Heathrow/M4
- 3 minutes from M25/M40

Find out more about one of the highest specification Headquarters Buildings in the U.K.

Healey & Baker 01-629 9292

Sun Alliance developing for the future

Traffic flows on M25

Communications

on the critics of the £1bn motor-

final 8-mile section, between crowded M25 between junctions the M1 and A1 intersections, 12 and 13, and on the A30 into bumper traffic on the M25 at central London.

This has caused bumper to bumper traffic on the M25 at central London. cannot stand those who carp and criticise, when they ought to be congratulating Britain on a magnificent achievement."

which we can all be proud. It is a showpiece of British engineering by our great construc- local roads. tion companies, and I would like to thank and congratulate them on this magnificent achievement."

Few would suggest that the Prime Minister was wrong to praise the construction nies, which built the 117-miles long motorway more or less to budget and on time. But most of the critics she was

addressing were more con-cerned with the planning pro-cess which preceded the concess which preceded the construction phase, which many blame for the serious over-crowding which now affects more than half the motorway.

Figures produced by the Department of Transport show that traffic on much of the motorway already exceeds its design limit, and all the indications are that the position is likely to get worse.

This has clear implications for property development, both

for property development, both around the motorway itself, and on its feeder roads, to which congestion is spreading rapidly.
This is illustrated by the opposition stirred up by an application from Amey Roadstone
Corporation to site a 111,500 square metres shopping and leisure development at Wraysbu-

A public inquiry will be held into ARC's proposals in Novemal carrier - but the Departments of Thames.

on the critics of the fibn motor-way, who were already queue-ing up to complete.

A notice issued jointly by the DoE and DoT says it would be likely to generate large volumes As she cut the tape over the of traffic on the already over- and 77 per cent.

gestion follows complaints from local councils, notably the London Borough of Hillingdo She went on." This is a road of which has repeatedly protested which we can all be proud. It is at overcrowding on the M25, and at overcrowding on the M25, and

Traffic on much of the motorway aiready exceeds its design limit and will get worse

the Wraysbury development heralds a more sympathetic approach to requests for a comprehensive survey of road con-ditions in the area, particularly around Heathrow Airport. The stretch of the M25 which serves Heathrow, between junctions 13 and 14 is one of the most severely congested, carry-ing up to 142,000 vehicles per day, compared to a design ca-pacity of around 80,000 vehicles

per day.
But the fact is that almost the entire motorway is operating above its design level, with the exception of the section be-tween Sevenoaks, in Kent, and

Thurrock, Essex.

Even here there is a major problem at the Dartford Tunnel, where the six-lane m way motorway funnels into a du-

GLENCOOL gives you silent, efficient and total control of your interior environment,

Not just air conditioning, but state of the art multi-function climate control, offering a complete service embracing con-sultation, installation and an after sales service which is second to none. Including a three year guarantee on all systems incorporating Sanyo equipment.
GLENCOOL; environmental technology that puts you first.

Contact us for an information pack.

•GLENCOOL LTD• ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROL 235 Finchley Road, London NW3 6LS Telephone: 01-431 2325 Telex: 295514 GLENYO G

Elstree Gate

Fee: 01-435 0578 SANYO Manufacturer's Representative for the U.K.

LAING PROPERTIES

junction 10 at Wisley and junction 20 near Watford is overloaded by between 28 per cent

peak times, and serious delays on important feeder roads, including the M3, A A405, A41 and M1.

the consequent effect on other is likely to become worse in the local roads.

Hillingdon hopes the Transport Department's response to will be drastically reduced by

eptable, particularly

sanguine view. Mr Peter Bottomley, the Roads Minister, says the congestion merely proves the popularity of the motorway

tor appears to have been the flow.

DoT forecasting model, which In addition, a Bill is passing

the M3, A30, M4, M40,

Even worse, government figures indicate that overcrowding

Movement for London, roads pressure group supported by the AA, RAC, Freight Trans-port Association and the CBI, says its interpretation of the fig-ures shows that six sections of the motorway will then be at saturation level - more than 150,000 vehicles per day.

This will cause traffic to come

to a virtual standatill at peak times near the junctions with the M25 of the M3, A30, M4, M40, and A41, together with the Heathrow spur of the M25 itself (between junctions 13 and 14). This level of overcrowding is regarded by many drivers as unthe motorway has been in oper-ation for less than a year. The Government takes a more

with the public.

(MAY 1987) **BETRAFFIC** (Miss) Reigate (A217) Leathernead (A24) Wisley (A3) Chertsey (A317) Thorpe (M3) Staines (A30) Heathrow Spur 127 Denham (M40) 16-17 Maple Cross (A405) 117 120 (A41) (A41) Watford (M1)

(A6). South Mirnins (A1)Mi)

Waltham Cross (A10) (A121) Epping (M11)-Brentwood (A12) (A127) Thurrock (A13)

assessed demand by reassigning journeys formerly made on
other roads.
The model took no account of owned dual carriageway bridge

86

with the public.

Ministers are also apt to point out that much of the planning way would generate new jour-was done during the oil crises of the early 1970s, when traffic forecasts were being reduced all over western Europe.

But this cannot entirely explain the huge gap between the traffic forecasts produced by the Transport Department and the actual flow, which after 12 months use is already higher than the official predictions for 1986.

The model took no account of owned dual carriageway bridge at Dartford.

The bridge should open in 1990, and would reduce pressure on the existing tunnel. There is a danger, however, are constanted airproposed Channel Tunnel and the expansion of Stansted airport, it could attract sufficient additional traffic to the eastern lin the short term, a six mile section of the motorway between Chertsey and Staines is to be widened from three lanes to be widened from three lanes are congested as the west.

There has never been a clear in each direction to four, and explanation of the reasons for this disparity. But a major factor appears to have been the

Overcrowding hinders development Village trendsetters

new towns built by the development corporations. Its ideal new development would be from 850 to 1,000 acres includ-

ing 500 to 600 acres for housing including play areas and other open space, 100 to 150 acres for industry and offices, 150 acres for health, education, recreation and public spaces and 100 acres for roads and general landscaping. This could all be privately funded.

One reason so many planning applications have been made for new villages within a short drive of the M25 is that most of. the surrounding counties are reviewing and 'rolling forward'

THERE IS a new trend emerging just outside the M25 ring where once developers were puting in planning applications for infill plots and small housing developments, now they are grouping together and applying for permission to build complete villages.

The first application of this sort came in May 1965 when 10 of the UK's leading househullders believe of the builders believe to but with the arructure plan still in the Secretary of State's hands the development are the band of the order the hand fear that local authority and planting for a site south of junction I lon isting settlements and point out the Má involving a major new that this option prevents existing form a site planting the Larry of the Church Developments says: should builders believe to the developers and planting from executive home. A 100 homes were

developments were inapproprised in the way it should Build-ing from executive home to start in the green belt.

But he has provided enough get sites which is lamentable. The part of the setting up of new settles stantial reduction and I mean ments may be desirable out at least 10 per cent-for the aext. The planning authority reside the green belt.

Consortium has put in another the 10-year period coming to an envillage in north-east Buckinghamshire this time outside of the green belt. Charles Church is behind one is due late next year. But Mr the submitted an application for a new village in north-east Buckinghamshire of three applications facing Lennon says that if the Secrebelt and has plans for at least that District. Council in tance from London. Other developers have followed suit 500 acres adjoining the village on the structure plan they sometimes individually but usually in some sort of consortium.

Consortium wants to build the rest of the land used for continuing the policy of tagging Consortium wants to build the rest of the land used for continuing the policy of tagging settlements of between 5,000 golf, community land, business new development on to existing and 7,000 homes for populations and shopping with retained towns and villages. The probof 13,000 to 18,000, which it woodland making up the re- lems this is causing with the instresses would not resemble mainder.

Also in Hart at Foxley Wood ous in some places where wast in that at rottey wood one in some places where west of Eversley, Consortium sewerage systems are being Developments wants to build on overloaded to flooding point a sand and gravel plantation while in others hospital queues which is already being restored lengthen and traffic jams multi-

Both of these have already Elsewhere there was a pro-been refused and are awaiting posal for a new village at South-public inquiries. The third ap-plication recently arrived from Sussex, but in his modifications Bryant Homes for a site south of
Eversley where about 3,000 to
3,500 homes could be built a new settlement would not be
Bryant has taken a different appropriate for that part of the
preach to the others by providing the option of gradual growth, rapid growth through the 1990s or just small-scale dethe reference to the county settlement would not be appropriate for that part of the county.

Housebuilders see building new villages as an answer to this problem and some local authorities are in expressions.

Mr Westhorpe says these ap-

thorities are in agreement.

Nightmare for the planners

groups and thus exacerbated the situation, Mr Topping ad-

Certainly land prices have been one factor pushing devel-opers and occupiers north and east around the M25 and the very existence of the motorway

a more particular sense. It is the site of the first major re-gional shopping centre - Lake-side, a Capital and Counties-Pearson venture - around the M25 for which planning consent

ment of Environment, following a planning enquiry.
There are, though six other projects which worry the planners in the region: at Blue Water Park, Dartford, where the local authority is approving; Hewitts Park, Orpington; Leybourne Park, West Malling; Elwhridge Mall, Hook, Runny, Hewitts Park, Orpington; Ley-bourne Park, West Malling; The Thurrock decision must Elmbridge Mall, Hook; Runny- be regarded as consistent with

has made this a more attractive mede Centre, Wraysbury and prospect. Waterdale Park, Bricket Wood. Hertfordshire planners, for example, are actively welcoming development. Essex, although keen to maintain its exwhich embraces both the London keen to maintain its ex-

though keen to maintain its expanses of farmland, is more in Kent are geared towards the revival of its relatively depressed north and keen to make Ashford a point of growth. In west Sussex, development around Gatwick is encouraged by the planners.

None of this is to suggest that all areas are open to developers. While it is true that policies of local need in areas like Hertfordshire and even in Surrey near Heathrow have been dropped or liberally interpreted, planners frequently

ries as a way of defining policy. Criticism by local planners that the Government has not

ment around the region.

The key points are that major shopping centres are ruled out not only in the Green Belt but in the countryside more generally and that they would be appropriate outside urban areas only

/up (or nearly!)

Seven buildings

11,000-51,000 sq.ft.

The most spectacular office industrial

warehouse development on the M25

this guidance, which is fortu-nate as its publication predated by only a few days the new draft circular, commented Mr Peter Shearman of Edward Erdman chartered surveyors.

But he saked, How many oth-er such developments currently awaiting public enquiry scruti-ny will be able to satisfy these апу."

The whole issue throws into sharp relief the concern that the M25 might act as a magnet to development outside the urban aress and erode the struggle in places like London Docklands to promote urban renewal.

To that extent the existence of eas rather than to adopt a pure

UNIQUE OFFICE BUILDING near St. Albans and M25 8,650 sqft FOR SALE or TO LET ● Grade II listed building completely restored to a high specification with new extension and many attractive features

 Unequalled M25 location close to M1, M10 and A1(M).
 Easy rail links to London and the North 8,650 sq ft of prestigious open plan accommodation with lift, raised floors and suspended ceilings
 On-site parking for 44 cars
 For immediate occupation

Full details from Sole Agents

anders

Shoe Lane, London EC4A 3B 01-583 0990



An Oscar



randalls research Park Leathen Head 2 High Quality Buildings Remaining

> 13,000 - 33,000 sq.ft. **DONALDSONS**

PARK

43,000 and 29,000 sq.ft.

Five further buildings

ranging from 11,000-

completion late 1987.

51,000 sq.ft. gross now under construction,

due for completion

September 1987.

 Opportunities for Purpose **Built Accommodation**

Excellent Communications

 Phased Parkland Development

● Instant Access to M25 Junction 1

Nick Crowley or Alan Rowe Blue Circle Dartford Estates (07356) 78000

CRAWLEY SATELLITE BUSINESS VILLAGE

NEW TWO STOREY BUSINESS USE BUILDINGS (with full B1 consent)

4,000 SQ. FT.-30,000 SQ. FT. AVAILABLE FREEHOLD

Clive Lewis and Partners

hold Disposals also Available

WALTON ON THAMES, SURREY PRESTIGE TOWN CENTRE OFFICES

1,900/4,500 square feet

TO LET

Gascoigne-Pees 01-390 3511



David Lawson examines the effects the M25 is likely to have on the economics of the four quadrants

New hope for reducing the divide between East-West

more £9 a sq ft in Romford and Brentwood as the old surplus space runs out. In fact some big

potential tenants looking to de-

future.
Off-centre schemes such as

are not that easy to come by. Even a new town like Harlow on the M11/M25 nexus can offer lit-

tle new office space, and rents are up to 9.75 a sq ft.

Such an excess of demand over supply seems sure to bring the growth that this area has promised for so long.

THE M25 has added one more powerful asset to an overflow-ing basket of advantages which

has turned the area south west of London into the fastest grow-

ing part of the country.

From the M4 around to the
M23 are some of the most sought
after office centres, business

parks and shopping centres. But the long history of development

pressure overlying the nest of sedate and wealthy commuter towns scattered across rolling countryside has also produced the most fiercely restrictive

planning controls.

This has been a recipe for

high rents and soaring land val-ues, interruptedouly briefly by the recession of the early 1980s.The current boom is a

Fastest

growing

sector

Towards the £20 barrier

reserved for the north-western sector around London. But few people sat on their hands waiting for Mrs Thatcher to cut the riobon before making their move into this prosperous area. Planners had already laid down the ground rules of tight controls and developers controls and developers snapped up sites from Welwyn round to Uxbridge in anticipa-tion of an even bigger surge in demand for every type of com-

mercial property in the area.
Only the tenants, with their notoriously short-term deci-sion-making processes, were the missing ingredient BP has probably belped focus other eyes on the area by preparing a move out of central London to a 500,000 sq ft purpose-built head-quarters at Hemel Hempstead.

Now others are setting the pace.
Office rents have been pushed up by almost a quarter this year as keen buyers chase limited amounts of space, according to Chris Parkinson of agents Richard Ellis Landlords with prime property have found hemselves back in the driving seat after some worrying years when space was easier to find. Now they can laugh at demands for break clauses in leases and pick and choose their tenants. Smaller professional firms, floating on a rich local econo-my, have an easier task finding

new space than the big compa-nies trying to relocate out of central London.
Anyone looking at St Albans, for instance, might be willing to contemplate rents above the £14.50 a sq ft that Price Waterhouse paid ARC for its 25,000 sq ft office development. But they will find the largest new building is only 13,000 sq ft and most proposed schemes are less than proposed schemes are 1000 20,000 sq ft. Only Hunting Gate's 100,000 sq ft development and the prospect of Cadbury Schweppes' old building meet

big league needs. Watford faces similar restrictions. The area's leading office centre has no new space cur-rently available and only 20,000 so ft under construction, according to Parkinson. Tenants

and Norwich Union has been besieged for its proposed 48,000 sq ft scheme in Clarendon Road.

The first break may come in

Town-centre offices have not

Inevitably, traditional sheds have been pushed aside in the scramble to build for this more lucrative market. Now a reaction has set in as distribution tenants, keen to exploit the M25 scramble for what they can find, push asking rents to £6 a sq ft around road intersections. That compares with lettings closer to £3.50 just over a year ago. These latest develop

Rumours abound that appraisals are being made at rents of £25 a sq ft, says Healey & Baker's Guy Duckworth - a hefty in-crease on the current top whack of £16.50. But eyes are more im-mediately watching for the first west London development to break £20.

This is one of those psychological barriers that tend to dominate property markets. Once it goes, everyone draws breath and starts reassessing values from the new base. There is intense rivalry between the south-west and north-west sectors on who makes it first. Par-kinson believes that the one deal claimed by the south-west at more than £20 reflects a weakness in the tenant's covenant rather than a true renta

such as Uxbridge. The old pools of surplus space have disappeared as local companies expand and bigger tenants, unable to find space closer to the motorway, bounce back towards London.

come closest to the magic mark, setting a London suburban record by taking half of Sun Alliance's 160,000 so ft Charter Place for £19 a sq ft. The rest of the scheme is one of a handful of big developments left around the whole of the M25, so Healey & Baker cannot expect it to stay empty for long.

Town-centre offices have not monopolised the market's attention, however. High-tech development was surging before the M25 was finished and shows no signs of easing. The 90-acre Croxley Park at Watford will eventually have about 1m sq ft of multi-use space, which should produce a good return for Standard Life considering that rents for this sort of building have reached £9 a sq ft in the area.

Inevitably, traditional sheds

are desperately taking pre-lets the influence of the M25 also to make sure they can get in, tend to obscure the big retail



schemes which sprung up earlier in the motorway saga. South Hertfordshire is set to become a

London.

Coca Cola/Schweppes has the market as the more these come closest to the magic mark, towns develop as shopping and setting a London suburban reservice centres, the more they service centres, the more they

moves into fashion

AS THE temperature of the western sectors of the M25 property market soars close to overheating, eyes are turning eastwards to more unfashionable locations such as Romford, Brentford, liford and Thurrock.

Rents are still as little as half the level of the hooring west the level of the booming west when it realised Lakeside was and developers are expecting preferred by planners. But others to take the lead in future er developers have taken a joint

are about half those in Epping are about half those in Watford,' says Mr Ken Grundy of Hunting Gate, which has a long pedigree for schemes around the north London fringes. The location is not particularly inferior, so these once secondary locations tracting top names such as B & could become much more population. Q and MFI. Although this part of the M25 has been finished for the M25 has been finishe

This unemployment black spot able. Rents have floated up to at the far eastern tip of Greater London is now a development hot spot because it provides a rare combination of land out-side the green belt and the enthusiastic support of planners.

Two big retail warehouse
parks are proposed on former

gravel pits around Junction 31 at the northern end of the Dartford Tunnel after more than two years of planning negotiations.
Capital & Counties is working on the 1.5m sq ft Lakeside Cen-tre, which seems likely to be the first of the clutch of retail and leisure centres proposed around the orbital motorway.

Its partner, the Pearson Group, which also owns the Fi-Group, which also owns the Financial Times, picked up the land for a song before World War II, so a healthy increase in book value is on the cards. Pearson may yet find its half share of the development, which could be eventually worth almost as much as the £143m received for Bracken House in the City, a useful asset for any defensive useful asset for any defensive moves in current squalls over a

Town & City sold a rival scheme across the M25 to CapCo er developers have taken a joint role. Land Securities, Britain's biggest developer, bought a partnership with Pearson to create a 300,000 sq ft retail park and has pre-let the lot.

RTZ is building a similar scheme on the Tunnel Estate

possible takeover bid.

ler.'

The M11, gateway to the booming economy of East Anglia, T=has helped shift the balance. Even the success of London's Docklands has proved to reinctant tenants that the world does not end east of the City.

Thurrock is a spectacular example of the M25's influence.

rey to more than 1m sq ft in 1936, according to research by Knight Frank Rutley. And in the first six months of this year, as much space had been gobbled up as in the whole of 1985. Apart from the demand from

buoyant local companies, the motorway has brought a new in-terest from those fleeing even higher rents in London. The Mortgage Corporation, for instance, which is being spun off by Salomon Brothers from the new Victoria headquarters, seems victoria neauduarters, seems likely to land at Dukes Court in Woking, Jones Lang Wootton has been asking £18 a sq ft, which compares with rents now approaching 30 in Victoria.

approaching 30 in victoria.
The initial requirement for 40,000 sq ft, perhaps rising to 100,000, sq ft will help erode even further the backlog of space in the town and finally get things moving on a 250,000 sq ft building hamstrung through demands

centralise back-office operations from central London are leap-frogging the M25 zone because they cannot find anything available within the near by former owner Oldham Estate for a single tenant. But buildings as big as Dukes Court are an exception around the M25. Relocating companies are either leapfrogging the mo-torway or bouncing back into London's suburban office centhe 95,000 sq ft Countryside Business Park at Warley Hill are gobbled up quickly, but sites for further development ants have pushed rents to drawbacks, evening out the balaround £17 a sq ft as space has ance of accessibility. But without discount a history of growth industries, the sector has further to climb.

It also remains relatively discount and the modern wealth.

Other outer London centres such as Richmond, Kingston and Sutton have also felt the benefit of tenants disappointed

UPTO

225,000 sq fi **OFFICES**

LONDON 25 MILES

ng of the M25.

seems likely to match this surge plex and business park on 2,000 in demand, although KFR acres at Ashford.

hardly get a look in when land values hover between £750,000 and fim an acre. High tech and retail building has been much more common, and something like 10m sq ft of multi-use development is in the Surrey pipeline alone, says KFR.

Channel Tunnel prospects

WHILE THE economic sun shines on the western fringes of tres to find space, so the impact shines on the western fringes of of the motorway spreads far beof the motorway spreads far beyond the local towns, says Guy Duckworth of Healey & Baker.

He points to the way Digital and Sony have snapped up land in Basingstoke because they want to be within striking distance of Heathrow and the M25 but feel they will not find expansion land closer in. In the opposite direction, Hammersmith has benefitted from the bounceback effect, and big tenants have pushed reputs to

> tant from the modern wealth magnets of Heathrow and Gatwick airports, which play such an important part in the growth prospects of towns all around.

benefit of tenants disappointed by tough planning restrictions or congestion in towns outside the motorway ring. Rents have jumped to between £14 and £15 as q ft in the first two, and Richmond has already put up the 'house full' sign, so they are likely to go higher.

On the other hand, the motorway has helped spread the impact of Heathrow by bringing places such as Reigate and Redhill closer into line with hot spots such as Slough and Windsor. LET and Guinness Peat have achieved a rent of more than £14 for a \$60.008 ag ft pre-let in the Surrey town while Slough's values have remained relatively static which may be a reason for

DUKES COURT WOKING

All the signs of an International Company Headquarters

economy and the old advantages emphasised by the extra accessibility brought by the opeing of the M25.

investors to look for bargains spending film on a 15-yearprotect there again, Duckworth says. ject to create a Im sq ft shopping of the M25.

Another cycle of development ping centre plus leisure complete of the M25.

warns that only Kingston seems Planners might be happy with to offer long term potential in the south west London centres, with a 10 year supply in the pipeline.

Outside the motorway ring Lism sq ft proposals at Bromley business parks and campus schemes are attracting the most

interest because of the restric-tions in town centres. This will cle's similar sized scheme on be emphasised by changes in old quarries just south of the planning rules which will open Dartford Tunnel has received up old industrial sites for of the green light from county and district councils. In fact, plan-In spite of pleas from agents, ners are going out of their, way traditional industrial tenants to persuade the Government to allow development of Blue Wa-ter Park. This small section of the M25

is turning into the star of the east for industry as well as re-tailing, linked to the potential of the tunnel, the proposed additional bridge, the new ferry terminal and big schemes across the water at Thurrock

Blue Circle, with so much worked out land to develop, is the major player. It has already started building Crossways 25 Business Park which will trans-form 150 acres of cement works into industry and warehousing pulling in initial rents tof £4.50

Big office tenants have tend-ed to ignore this part of the South East although its new found accessibility has started to draw some well-known names. Bromley and Croydon however, rate as highly as most suburban centres. Both are well inside the M25 ring and have reaped rewards from tenants bouncing back towards London after failing to find space fur-

ther out.
Croydon, which is really more aligned to the buoyant office market of the south-western quadrant, has cleared a backlog of some 750,000 sq ft of space in less than two years and can look forward to a surge in rents.

One of the latest lettings was Green Park House to Lloyd's gle Star is set to let 25,000 sq ft to NatWest Bank at 13.80 a sq ft.
Bromley has seen some
300,000 sq ft of surplus space
taken up, with Rosehaugh's
pre-let of 10.000 sq ft to Sainsbury at more than £11 a sq ft, showing how much rent levels have

These suburban centres are being fed by local service com-panies buoyed up by the healthy economy and national groups who want to expand in established centres easily reached by the M25.

The euphoria of the Channel Tunnel and M25 during the next

decade can only increase pressure on these centres as the





3.1

- }}



Dartford Int. Ferry Port £20 million



A billion pounds says Dartford will surprise you. Find out why. Tel: (0322) 343252 for a brochure.

ON THE THAMES & ...

YOU MAY HAVE A PROPERTY THAT COULD BE JUST UP OUR STREET! MULTI-NATIONAL COMPANY SEEK

HQ OFFICES 38,000-56,000 SQ. FT. North of M4, South M48, Miles East or West of M25.

 $M \to \mathbb{R}^{3} \mathbb{C}$

the country, yet costs are half you would expect to pay in the City of London. What's more, it is

This magnificent, 8-storey building is equipped to the highest standards and occupies an impressive island site in the centre of Woking.

ON THE INSTRUCTIONS OF CELLTECH LTD

ideal location for an international company headquarters, why not give us a sign. Call us for full details.

Jones Lang

01-493 6040

TO LET 250 BATH ROAD SLOUGH 16,300 sq ft

FULLY FITTED, AIR CONDITIONED R&D BUILDING



WRIGHT & PARTNERS 01-4934121

Within minutes of Heathrow, M25 and Gatwick Excellent office floors available 8,000-58,000 With the benefit of extensive car parking. All enquiries to: DE &J LEVY PETER COPE PEPPER ANGLISS YARWOOD 01-930-1070 01-348 3151 01-499 6066 Estate House, 130 Jerniya Street, andon SW1Y 4UL, Fax: 01-930 303

Russell House, Rickmansworth

Headquarters Office Building 10,000 sq ft, 50 car spaces Available December 1987

0923 242201



Music

LONDON

Trie Revel: Haydn, Ravel and Schu-bert. Wigmore Hall (935 2141). (Mon). Nash Ensemble conducted by Lionel

suble conducted by Lionel isan Resemble conducted by Lionei Friend with Sarah Walker, mezzo soprano. Debussy, Ravel and Fauré. Wigmore Hall (Wed). Jun Harrell, cello. Bach and Hinde-

mith. Wigmore Hall (Thur).

London Symphony Orchestra conducted by Mstislav Rostropovich. Rostropovich 60th birtiday concert.

Beathoven and Shostakovich. Barbican Hall (Thur). (638 8891).

Orchestre National de France conduct-ed by R. Barshai, Jeremy Menuhin, piano: Beethoven (Mon). Théâtre des Champs Elysées (472) 337). Les Musicleus Amoureux: Robert Champs Elysées (4720 3637). Schele Lagrange recital, Dalton

Antony and Cleopatra (Clivier): Peter Hall's best production for the Na-tional Theatre he leaves in 1963 brings this great but notoriously dif-ficult play to thrilling life, with Judi

Dench and Anthony Hopkins as bat-tle scarred lovers on the brink of old age. Deach is angry, witty and ulti-mately moving. Best of the rest at the NT is Michael Gambon giving

his finest ever performance as Ar-thur Millar's doomed longshoreman in A View from the Bridge; Juliet

Stevenson in a fine revival of Lor-ca's Yerma; and David Hara's pro-duction of King Lear, Hopkins, a massive gnarled oak, which gathers force and more friends as it contin-

torce and more ments as it contin-ues in the repertoire (928 2252), he Phantom of the Opera (Her Maj-esty's): Speciacular but emotionally nutritional new musical by Andrew Lloyd Webber emphasising the ro-mance in Leroux's 1911 novel. Hap-pens in a wonderful Paris Opera ambience designed by Maris Ricer.

ambience designed by Maria Bjorn-son. Hal Prince's alert, affectionate production contains a superb cen-tral performance by Michael Craw-ford. A new, meritorious and pal-

379 6131/240 7200).
The Belcomy (Barbican): Sadly dated and heavy-handed opening to the

RSCs Genet retrospective, not help-ing to fight suspicions that the RSC certainly in Landon, is stretched

(839 2244, °CC

Theatre

ed by Piet Struijk, with

Baldwin, piano (Mon). Theatre de l'Athenee (4742 6727). Orchestre de Paris - Andras Schiff, pi-ano: Bach (Mon). Salle Pleyel (4563 0796). Raglish Chamber Orchestre, Mitsuko Uchida, piano: Mozart (Mon). TMP-Chatelet (4233 4444). Orchestre de Chambre Bernard Tho-mas conducted by Bernard Thomas: Vivaldi, Schubert, Clmarosa, Bellini (Tue). Saint-Roch Church (4261 9325). Orchestre de Paris conducted by Zobin

(428) 326).

Drehestre de Paris conducted by Zubin Mehta, Roger Woodward, plano: Messisen, Xanakis, Mahler (Wed, Thur). Salle Pleyel (4286 9894).

Richestra National de France, Jeremy Memuhin, piano, Jean-Jecques Kantorow, violin, Misha Maisky, cello: Beethoven (Thur). Théâtre des Champs Elysèes (4720 3837).

NETHERLANDS

asserdans, Concertgebouw. Hartmut Haenchen conducting the Nether-lands Philharmonic, with Frank Pe-

ter Zimmermann, violin: Bartok, Tehaikovsky, Schumann (Mon). The Asko Ensemble, Schönberg Ensemble and Hague Percussion Group under Reinbert de Leeuw Messiaen (Tue). Recital Hall: Hakan Haga-gard baritans.

Grand, baritone, accompanied by Geoffrey Parsons: Schumann, Ri-chard Strauss, Ives, Grieg, Sten-hammar, Sibelius (Tue). Amer Bijlsma and Hideimi Suzuki, be-

roque cellos, with Jacques Ogg, harpsichord: Vivaldi, Bach (Thur). (71 83 45).

otterdam, Doelan. The Randtsedlijk Orchestra and massed choral voices led by the Rotterdam Opera Choir

way beyond its creative capacities.
Terry Hands directs, Farrah's set looks like a cheap pink brothel and the actors, a dull lot, chump sround on high boots in hig bulging costumes. (828 8795).
Foliles (Shaftesbury): Stunning revival, directed by Mike Ockrent and designed by Maria Bjornson, of Sondheim's 1971 musical in which polsoned marriages nearly undermine an old buriesque re-union in a doomed theatre. Four new songs, improved book by James Goldman. Cast led by Dolores Gray, Julia McKenzie, Diana Rigg, Daniel Massey. All good (379 5399).
Melon (Haymarket): Alan Bates predictably good in new Simon Gray, chunsily directed by Christopher Morahan, about a jealous publisher viewed in flashback from a psychiatric ward after a breakdown. Menopausal mutterings, not vintage Gray. (930 9832).
Serious Money (Wyndham's): Transfer from Royal Court of Caryl Churchill's slick City comedy for champagne-swilling yupples: how the Big Bang led to class tumult and barrow-boy dealings on the Stock Exchange. Hot and livid, but new cast deemed less good. (838 3028, CC 379 5565).

A Sanail Family Bushness (Olivier):

deemen less good. (859 3128, CL 379 5565).

Small Family Business (Olivier):
Brilliant new Alan Ayckbourn play about Britain on the fiddle in greedy times, selling out to foreigners and keeping it simultaneously in the family. A cancely thriller on the lares scale. Ayckbourn's own prolarge scale, Ayckbourn's own production is led majestically by MiGaetano Bardini, tenor (Tue). The Asko Easemble, Schönberg Easem-ble and Hague Percussion Group under Reinbert de Leeuw: Messiaen (Wed). Tum Parker's The Young Amadeus, the Young Messiah, with Amadeus, the Young Messiah, with Vicki Brown, Madeline Bell, Gordon Neville, the New London Chorale and Orchestra (Thur). Recital Hall: Lodron Sextat Mozart (Thur).

(413 24 90).
Usrecht, Vredenburg, Bach's Hobe
Messe with the choir and baroque
orchestra of the Netherlands Bach
Society (Wed). Recital Hall: Lodon Sexist: Mozart (Tue). Jard van Nes, mezzo-soprano, accompanied by Gérard van Bieric Brahms, Sohn-mann, Wolf, Dvorak (Wed).

mann, Wolf, Dwarak (Wed). (31 45 44). Imagen, Verceniging, Bach's Hobe Messe with the choir and baroque orchestra of the Netherlands Bach orchestra of the Natherlands Bach Society (Tue). Anner Billsma and Hideimi Suzuki, baroque cellos, with Jacques Ogg, harpsichood: Viv-aldi, Bach (Wed).(22 11 00). hrnhem, Musis Sacrum. Piano recital by Nsum Grobert Schubert, Bec-thoven, Rachmaninov (Mon). (31 61 91).

Carnegie Hall: Liege Philharmonio. Pierre Bartholomee conducting, Jeffrey Siegel piano. Franck, Liszt (Mon); Orchestra of St Lake's Christoph Eschenhach conducting, Jessye Norman soprano. Mozart, Haydn (Tue); Leningrad State Symphony. Alexander Dmitriev conducting, Lawar Rayman viano. Weber. Shoptak-Alexander Dinitates Contricting, La-zar Berman piano. Weber, Shostak-ovich (Thur). (247 7800). Chamber Music Society of Lincoln Center (Alice Tully): Pergolesi, Amy

chael Gambon. Best of the MT rest remains King Lear and Antony and Cleopatra in the Olivier, A View From the Bridge in the Cottesloe. The new Brian Friel adaptation of Turgenev's Fathers and Sons is de-cent but dull in the Lyttelton. (922 2932)

(928 2252). Three Men on a Horse (Vandeville): George Abbott's sprightly gambling comedy has transferred from the National Geoffrey Hutchings in the

ead now joined by Toyah Wilcox

NEW YORK

Fences (46th Street): August Wilson hit a home-run, this year's Pulitzer Prize, with James Earle Jones tak-

Beach, Shuhnali Ran, Dvorak (Tue). Cha Lincoln Center (362 1911). C Juilliard Orchestra (Avery Fisher): A Paul Zukofsky conducting. Falla, (1 Stravinsky, Mozart (Thur): Free.

Lincoln Center.

Merkin Hall (Goodman House): Prism Orchestra. Robert Black conducting, Barbara Ann Martin soprano. Schoenberg, Susan Blamstein, Ravel (Tue); Liss Joy Stijar plano recital. Bach, Ravel, Beethoven, Maria Martinez, Schumann (Wed); Sammel Bartus plano recital. Bach, Schubert, Beethoven, Tui St. George Tuelor, George Walker (Thur). 67th w. of Broadway (362 8719).

Kanhann Hall. Allee Gles harp recital. Bach, Tournier, Berio, Fauré

Kanhasam Hall: Allee Glies harp recital. Bach, Tournier, Berio, Fauré Salzedo, Eberhard (Tue): Pilar Lorengar soprano recital with Mastersingers at the Y. Handel, Dvorak, Gluck, Respighi, Monopou, Obradors, Granados (Wed). 1365 Lexington Av. (831 8633).

New York Philharmonie (Avery Fisher Hall): Erich Leinsdorf conducting, Jorge Bolet piano. Shehing, Grieg, Borodin (Tue): Erich Leinsdorf conducting, Mozart, Stravinsky (Thur). Lincoln Center (874 2424).

Philharmonia. Virtuosi (Town Hall): Richard Kapp conducting, Carter Brey 'callo. Respighi, Tehadkovsky, Vieuxiemps, Haydn (Tue). 43rd e. of Broadway (842 1818).

WASHINGTON

Vational Symphony (Concert Hall): Fabio Mechetti conducting, Nicanor Zabaleta harp, Debussy, Ginastera, Dvorak (Tue); Rafael Frubbeck de Burges conducting, Joshua Bell viol-in. Tchalkovsky, Respight (Thur). Kennedy Canter (254 3776).

has not only supported Joseph Papp's Public Theater for eight years but also updated the musical genre with its backstage stary in which the songs are used as audi-tions rather than emotions. (239 6200).

(239 6200).

La Cage sanx Folies (Palace): With some tuneful Jerry Herman songs, Harvey Fierstein's adaptation of the French film manages, barely, to capture the feel of the sweet and hilar-

ture the feet of the sweet and hilgaious original between high-kicking
and gaudy chorus numbers.
(157 2625).
Fin Not Rappupout (Booth): The
Tuny's best play of 1988 won on the
strength of its word-of-mouth popularity for the two oldsters on Central
Park bandson who bishers on Central Park benches who backer uproar-iously about life past, present and future, with a funny plot to match.

Breaking the Code (Essenhower: Derek Jacobi brings his role of Alam Turing to America. Ends Oct 31. Kennedy Center (254 3670). Kennedy Center (234 3670).

Joe Turner's Cente and Gone (Kreeger'Aresa): Tony Award winning
playwright August Wilson turns in
this play to a rooming house at the
turn of the century where black people conjure up spirits that connect
them to their heritage. Ends Nov 22
488 3880

them to their sections.

(488 3360)
All the King's Men (Arena): Adrian
Hall's adeptation of the Robert
Penn Warren novel explores the assassination of a demagague during

Anneler Music Society of Lincoln
Center (Concert Hall): Pergolesi,
Amy Beach, Shulmait Ran, Ravel
(Wed): Kennedy Center (254 5776).

CHECAGO Chicago Symphony (Orchestra Hall): Pierre Boulez conducting Debossy, Boulez, Schoenberg (Thur), (485 8111).

Districh Fischer-Dienkau, bartione.
Schumann. Suntory Hall (Mon).
(505 1010).
Naske Yoshine, barp. Respigiti, Bach,
Renie, Holliger, Albeniz, Pietras. Tokyo Bunka Katkan Recital Hall
(Mon). (237 9990).
Japan Philharmonie Orchestra conducted by Heinz Rögner with Hermann-Christian Polster, bess.
Haydn. Monart, Sibelius (Tus).
(270 6191).

(105). (270 6191). Massaud Ende, piano: Bach, Buscoil, Lizst, Prokofiev, Schumann. Sonto-ry Recital Hall (Wed). (237-9990). Dechestra and chorus of the Deutsche Oper Berlin conducted by Jesus Lo-Oper Berlin conducted by Jesus Lopez Cobos with Karan Armstrong; sourano. Weber, Berg, Bruckner. Suntory Hall (Wed). (725 8889). Hiromi Okada, piano Mozart, Bestinoven, Liszt. Tokyo Bunka Kafkan Recital Hall (Thur). (235 1681). Dietrich Fischer-Dieskan, baritone. Mahler's Songs from Des Knaben Wunderhorn. Suntory Hall (Thur). (505 1010).

Winderhorn. Suntory Hall (Thur). (505-1010). Subtemperary Plane Dues from Bul-garian Festival Recital by Kodama, Genevi and Alexander Esichev. On-galon no Tomo Hall (Mon). (780-5490).

the Depression with music by Randy Newman. Ends Nov. 22 (428 3306).

CHECAGO Red Neses (Goodman): The American premiere of Peter Barnes' medieval vandeville comedy pits Father Plote (Ivar Brogger) against the plaque with his remedy of humour. Ends Oct. 31. (43 3899)

Les Missables. After London and New York, now Tokyo and the Japa-ness version of the Tony-award win-ning musical. The cast was hand-picted by the creative team of pro-ducer Cameron Mackintosh (from ducer Cameron Mackintosh (from an estomating 11,500 hopefule), then trained for nine months in a special "scole" and rehearsed by director John Caird. Costumes, set, sound, lighting have been supervised by the respective original designer flown in from London Toho's Les Misérables is a triumph. The best production of a Western musical in Janan, it differs little from the original production of a Western musical in Japan, it differs little from the origi-nal London version. Convincing and moving, this top-quality production shows what can be achieved with proper casting and training. Spon-sored by the cosmetics company, Shissido. Imperial Theatre, near Ginza. (261 7777). Kabuki (Kabuki-ra): The matinee plays are best Excellent informa-

plays are best. Excellent informa-tive Ruglish earphone commentary and detailed programme notes. Ka-buki-za, near Ginza (541 3131).

The Tate Gallery. Turner in the new Clore Gallery: The Purner Bequest, which amounts to nearly 309 oil paintings, finished and unfinished, and a further 19,000 or so waterool. ours and drawings, has been a source of controversy and dissension ever since it came into the naston ever since it came into me me-tion's hands more than 130 years ago. Turner had always wished for a gallery to himself which would show all aspects of his work. Whether he would have approved of James Stir-ling's extension to the Tate as a suitable setting is a nice question. The larger paintings may be lung too low for one who lived in a more oslow for one who lived in a more op-tentations age, and the testeful cei-meal Stirling har decread for the principal galleries is a far try from the rich plum he is known to have preferred. The vulgar neo-deco of the entrance hall has little to recom-mend it. But eight rooms for paint-ings and one for watercolours give room enough, and with the three re-serve galleries upstains, every paint-ing but the few in restoration or on loan is on the well. on is on the wall.

PARIS

Bibliedhogue Nationale: Fine Prints in France from the 16th to the 16th Contury. More than 200 impressions of exceptional quality from the print department of the Bibliothèque Nationale show the infinite possibilities of artistic expression through twested techniques of printmaking. The panorama ranges from early engravings showing strong Flemish, German and Ralian influence to the majestic Grand Siècle style under Louis XIV, from Boucher's pastelland stricts galanty to the modernity of Toulouse-Lautrec and the striking colours of Bounard. Bibliothèque Nationale, Gelerie Mansart, 55 rue Richelieu. Ends Nov 2.

Fragmand: The Grand Palais is staging the first retrospective of Fragonard in collaboration with the Metropolitan Massum, New York. About 100 paintings and as many drawings celebrate the artist's love of beauty, in which he saw a manifestation of nature's perfect health". The depth of observation in his Roman landscapes, mythological scenes and portraits counterbal-suces the decorative facility of the Scenes Galantes so touch of the

suces the decorative facility of the Scenes Galantes so typical of the 18th century. Grand Palsis. Ends

18th century. Grand Palais. Ends
Jan 4.
Arteurial presents a panorama of 12
years of its activities in favour of
contemporary art as a gallery, a lihrary and as an editor of 'multiple
originals' of statues and jewels, contemporary furniture. Sonia Delannay's personal dinner plates and a
1838 carpet. The gallery's exhibitions have tried to present the image of the 20th century. Sonia Delannay was followed by Giorgio de
Chirico, Zadkine's retrospective by
Man Ray photographs. There was
sculpture by Chadwick and the art
of the poster by Mattisse. All culminated in a homage to the late President Pompidou – like Arteurial a
lover of the avant-garde. Arteurial 3
Ave Matignon (4288 1816). Ends Nov
14.

Francis Becom for his return to Paris, Francis Becom is showing four trip-tychs among the 12 cenvasues paint-ed between 1934 and 1987. There is a

self-portrait, a bullfight and a sober-ly dressed President Wilson next to Trotsky's study - full of blood, need-

less to say. The artist who finds ab-

seas to say. The arrise was place as-struction utterly toring continues to-toriure and distort the human fig-ture. Galerie Lelong, 13 Rue de Te-heirari (4563 1319). Closed hunch-times and mornings Saturday and Sunday. Ends Nov 22.

WEST GERMANY

Rem, Rheinisches Landssamseum, Colmanizstraße 14-16: Scalpture frunt the German Demouratic Republic (East Germany). A result of the cultural agreement of May 1986 between East and West Germany, this exhibition includes 130 scalptures, some of them larger than life, and about 60 paintings of sculptures by 51 artists, and covers four decades. It offers a view of stephic works

Bonn until October 18 and then to Munich (Staatsgalerie moderner Kunst, Nov 5-Jan 3) and Mannheim

deceive the enemy as to a ship's rea position and course. Ends Dec &

Saceleus: Leonardo da Vinci. Nature Studies: 50 drawings on loan by the Royal Library at Window Castle, shown recently at the Matropolitan Museum, Stockholm and Tokyo. Centro Caltural La Caixa, Pasco de San Juan 108. Ends Nov 8.

Madrid: "Beuys, Klein and Rothko. Transformation and Prophecy". Centro Cultural de la Caixa, Serrano

60. Ends Nov 8. Indrid: "Ouka Leie 1977-1967". A ret-

Hadrid: 'Ouka Leie 1977-1987'. A re-rospective of Madrid's "movida,' photographer with her colouring el-fects, shows har latest controversial piece "cibeles", requested by Ma-drid's town hall, halting the capital city's main square and causing a tre-mendous traffic jam last summer. Museo Espanol de Arte Contempor-anco, Avda Juan de Herrera. Ends Nov 3.

Nov 3. Madrid: "Mark Rothko 1903-1970". 54

Sadrid: Mark Rounko Isso-uses. Se works by North American artist of Bussian ocigin, grouped with de Kooning and Pollack. This show was seen recently at the Tate in London. Fundacion Juan March,

Metropolitan Museum: 200 objects from the Age of Sultan Sultyman the Magnificient demonstrate the wealth and skills at the high point of the Ottoman empire in the six-teenth century through the large st-lection of illuminated manuscripts. lection of illuminated manuscripts, the imperial wardrobe, ceramics and jewel-encrusted weapons. Ends

• -- -

Jan 17. Center for African Art: Angles on African Art features ten co-curators, ranging from an African tribesmen to collector David Rockefeller, each of whom chose ten of their favourite pieces, making a well-rounded and diverse show. Other constors are writer James Baldwin, artists Nancy Graves and Romare Bearden and curator William Rubin. Ends Jan 3. IBM Gallery: Post Modern Architectural Visions includes an international ral Visions includes an international array of designers including Michael Graves, Hans Hollein, and Adolfo Natalini with 200 drawings and models of work from 1960 to 1963, originally organized by Williams College and Deutsches Architekturmuseum in Frankfurt. Eads Nov 7. 56th & Madison (467 5106).

51 artists, and covers four decades. It offers a view of graphic works that have not even been seen in East Garmany before. Among the artists are Gostav Seitz. Fritz Cremer, Werner Stötzer, Hermann Glockner, Waldeman and Sabine Gramak, Ingeborg Hunzinger and Franzists Lobeck. The show will be in Bonn until October 18 and then be Art Institute: Walker Evans photo-graphs of the 1930s showing poverty and despair in the American South were famous in their time in Life Magazine and preserved in James Ages's moving book, Let Us Now Praise Famous Men. This exhibit is Rotterdam, Prins Hendrik Maritime
Museum. Art as camouflage, or
camouflage as art? The starting applied vorticism of marine dazzle
painting developed in the First
World War by Norman Wilkinson to
decrive the spaceture. a reminder at a time of renewed despetr in the American heartland of the scope and depth of Evans' work originally done for the Farm Security Administration, Ends Nov

National Gallery: A Century of Mod-National Gallery: A Century of Mod-ern Sculpture, the Patsy and Ray-mond Nasher Collection, contains major works by Rodin, Picasso, Ma-tisse, Gabo, Giacometti, Ernst, Moore and Serra. Ends Jan 3. Mirachham Massam: One of the Chi-cago contemporary primitivists whose repeated scenes make svoca-tive images has his first major east-coast, retrospective, with 49 pain-tings and four painted construct-ions. Ends Oct 18.

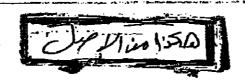
TOKYO

European Nature in 18th Century Japanese Art. This exhibition is of Japanese art inspired by Dutch manuals imported into Japan in the early 18th century after the Japanese Government lifted its 200-year-old ban on foreign materials. The 160 paintings and sketches of European flora, fauna and people throw some more light on the Japanese phenomenon — information-hungry and seeking to catch up with the West from the first slight opening of the door to the outside world in 1728. Suntary Museum of Art, Akasakanitsuka. Ends October 25. Closed Mondays.

Continued on Page 25

ŧ.





Cinema/Nigel Andrews

'Old Nick' hi-Jacked

Haymarket and Oxford Street

Dirty Dancing (18) Cannon Oxford Street

The Witches of Eastwick is a film choca-bloc with special effects, but the best special effect of all is Jack Nicholson. In this screen version of John Updike's comical-allegorical novel about the Devil's visit to a small New England town—
a small New England town—
confured thither by the yearnings of three lonely young women — Nicholson, playing women — Nicholson, playing and old Nick," seems no longer an around, the project is his area. Coad as the ladies are actor but a cosmic force. Faced with a performance like this, the world has to revise and expand its notion of the four

who moves into the big house on the hill—seems in a state of permanent mischievous evanescence. Dressed in an eyeboggling series of louchestiting garments—a baggy pink that proof, voluptuous pylamas designed as if by Kandinsky—adesigned as if by Kandinsky—fire and holocaust, with minor he holls and leers, wisecracks and spitfires his way into the hearts of the three love-hungry ladies (Cher. Susan Sarandon laging immounting, no-narrative conting stars helping or hinder writer-director Peter Richardson, the team that brought you Supergrass duly oblige. Where Jarman plugged the theme into his tragle-apocousting and holocaust, with minor interruptions for coherence. Set in a decaying England of unspecified date, the film's whirl-ladies (Cher. Susan Sarandon in the proof of the permanent mischievous dispensed in Derek Jarman's brought you Supergrass duly oblige. Where Jarman plugged the theme into his tragle-apocousting and holocaust, with minor interruptions for coherence. Set in a decaying England of unspecified date, the film's whirl-ladies (Cher. Susan Sarandon in the laging and the permanents of hell-ladies of the three love-hungry interruptions for coherence. Set in a decaying England of unspection of the ladies of the three love-hungry ladies (Cher. Susan Sarandon in the ladies of the ladies of

from the skies, glides into the homes of the townspeople, peels open their secret yearnings and family. Tilda Swinton tearing then brings in Mr Nicholson at her trousseau, and much to perform open-heart Satan-much more. On the soundtrack ism. The movie's florid visual (courtesy of "sound architect"

The Witches of Eastwick (18)
Cannon Shaftesbury Avenue,
Screen On The Green
The Last of England (18)
Prince Charles
Rat The Rich (18) Cannon
Haymarket and Oxford Street

style—crane shots, high angles, arabesque camera-movement—prepares us for the comical-surreal high passions to come. And come they soon do. Miss Sarandon's cello catches fire while practising under Nichol-Maymarket and Oxford Street

Made in Heaven (PG) Renoir,
Chelsea Cinema

Beyond Therapy (15) Cannon
Haymarket and Tottenham
Court Road

Dirty Panel of CO. censorious first lady, newspaper proprietor Veronica Cartwright. is punished for her prudishness by having a holocaustic experi-

ence after eating too many cherries. The movie probably started life, like Updike's novel, as an ironic but gracious nod to feminism: a vehicle for three —and awesome as are the special effects including flying, mutating and 57 varieties of elements: they are clearly earth, air, fire, water and Jack Nicholson.

mutating and 57 varieties of gastric upheaval—he steals the film with a smile, a swagger

ladies (Cher, Susan Sarandon, ing, jump-cutting, no-narrative Director George ("Mad Max")

Miller gives the film a fiavour of comic apocalypse from the start. The camera swoops down from the skies, glides into the longes of the townspeople, peels home movies of the Larman brothel-greeners and green Caravaggio painting wartime home movies of the Jarman

rock, police sirens, thunde poetry and much much more. In the engine room of the film's mind is a thesis about the dec-line of Western civilisation, or possibly much much less,

The director of Jubilee, Sebastione and Caravaggio is clearly not satisfied that he has epater'd the bourgeoisie enough with his previous films, so he is having another go. All power to the elbow that tries to jog stale movie custom or to dis-locate received ideas. But the trouble with this movie is that it is all received ideas. The holocaust imagery is hand-medown and repetitive, the stac-cato-hallucinatory camera-style has been Jarmaned to death has been Jarmaned to death already in the director's short films, and the targets of the movie's scorn — bureaucracy, officialdom, philistinism, That cherism—are getting to seem as old and weary as the aim and energy of their hunters.

England is in turmoil again in Eat The Rich, This film comes over as if the same essay question had been to set to the Comic Strip team as to Jarman: Wearing a Cheshire Cat grin, receding hair and fiyaway eyebrows, Nicholson's Darryl Van Horne—the mystery millionaire who moves into the big house on the hill—saams to a trace of the moves and the best tunes, can same the a trace of the mear future will be a place of confusion, having all the best tunes, can anarchy and civil strife. Discuss, using one side of your brain only."

caryptic brain-cells, here we have the Alternative Comedy approach: a gay black waiter (Lamar Pellay) leading a civil revolt, a madcap caucus of supporting stars helping or hindering (Rik Mayall Alexei Sayle, Paul McCartney) and a knock-Paul McCartney) and a knock-about cockney Home Secretary



Michelle Pfeiffer in "The Witches of Eastwick" Jack Nicholson with Cher, Susan Sarandon and

he believed that Home Secre-and McGillis are no substitute taries should be seen and not for the old stars (Cary Grant just Hurd. or James Stewart, Carole Lom-

The best thing about alternative comedy, when it mis-fires, is that there is usually an alternative. Traditionalists will might have made this screwball fantasy sparkle back in the 1930s where it belongs. alternative. Traditionalists will warm to a film like Alan Rudolph's Mode In Heaven, made in Hollywood as if nothing had changed there in the last 50 years. Others may warm less readily. Timothy Hutton dies in a drowning accident, is transported to Heaven and falls in love with beautiful Kelly McGillis (of Witness and Top Gua). In a pastel-tinted Heaven they live their postmortal idyll, until each has to be reborn into the world, is fing apart as a result, and has 20 years in which to find the other or the gong will sound to feet to see Dirty Dancing:

Goodness knows where Beyond Therapy belongs. Certainly not on your current list of eligible movie experiences. Robert Altman here adapts a wacky Broadway stage comedy by Christopher Dutang — at least one assumes it was once wacky—as a vehicle for Glenda Jackson, Jeff Goldblum, Julie Hagerty, Genevieve Page and Uncle Tom Conti and others. But, playing assorted lovers and psychiatrists, all the stellar cast can do, given minimal direction on their love.

bard or Jean Arthur) who might have made this screwball

Goodness knows where Be-yond Therapy belongs. Cer-tainly not on your current list of eligible movie experiences. Robert Altman here adapts a

by Nosher Powell. He is the best thing in the film. Impervious allke to racist scruples. This complex contractual ("Get out of the way, Sambo") and to sartorial taste (suede should firmly read the small brothel-creepers and green lame suits), he bounds across either venue in the after-life, the land biffing criminals, Rudolph directs amiably, but skills holiday resort. Clean as single-handedly ending sieges the comedy is thin and the a whistle, simple as a pantomine, durable as a souffie.

stage directions, will take issue with relatively little here. The the Philharmonia on Wednes on rollers could be devised?

day in a curious programme

The Piano Concerto of action has been moved forward to the 1920s, with designs and then early Sibelius— been just as scrupulously predesigned, presumably, to provide post-interval reassurance for anyone dismayed by so elegantly that the whole the first half. Those of us who piece took on a light pointilliste to the Programme of the Programme of

Lulu/Scottish Opera

Andrew Clements

It has taken eight years since later life. Otherwise there is a sleekly reptihan Marquis, end the Paris premiere of the three close adherence to the original, the evening in credit. The act version of Luis for the least of the strength of the painfully arch Schoen, Roderick complete opera to be sung in traditionalists case. For the Kennedy's approximate Acrocomplete opera to be sung in traditionalists' case. For the Kennedy's approximate AcroEnglish on a British stage, effectiveness of the evening is but, Roger Bryson's underScottish Opera's new production, a joint venture with slack dramatic guip, and the rewarding) Schigolich and most opera North directed by John lack of plercing insight into the character, something which the character, something which the sady Delia Wallis's Geschwitz, of the character, something which the marginalises the character oven in the third act—offer at best pallid efficiency, and sanctive translation; John with the intention was to reveal. If the evening has an

is perhaps more dramatically complex than in any other 20thcentury work. The surreal humour of the ensembles of the second and third acts rewards

case those must be set against losses to the instinctive verbal rhythms of Berg's setting. The gradations, between speech, accompanied speech, Sprechgesing and fully launched ariose are subfiely manipulated and those distinctions, if not destroyed by English prosody, are certainly impaired.

The "songs" are the least hampered, and it serves to remind one how close much of the opera stays to the classical the opera stays to the classical conception of recitative and aria, in which the action is moved forward in the recitative, while arias are reserved for exploring the emotional context. Berg observes that convention too, and because it is the action that is so righty detailed, and painstakingly eaculated, and the Anglicisation of the parlando inevitably so approximate (not at all the fault of this translation), that fault of this translation), that the rewards of an English Lulu are ultimately so limited in

their scope. There is nothing in Cox's production to hamper easy assimilation; thuse, led by George Perle, who like their Berg operas played straight with maximum fidelity to the

and sensitive translation; John If the intention was to reveal Mauceri is the conductor.

Lake is one of the operas types, whose lives could be lived which ought to gain a great only through Lulu herself it and the very narriar (Der Rosenkanskier is another). Berg's libretto is necessary pivot of a detailed dovetailing of dislogue and song is perhaps more dramatically complex than in any other 20th.

Berg's libretto is necessary pivot of a detailed dovetailing of dislogue and song is perhaps more dramatically complex than in any other 20th.

Berg's libretto is necessary pivot of a detailed control to the construes the complete opera as a control role.

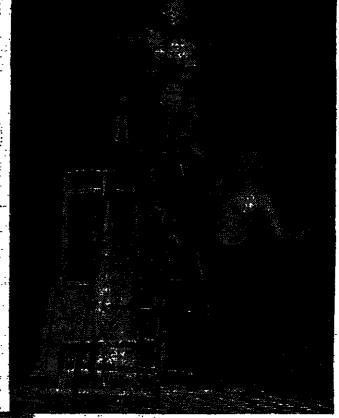
Berg's libretto is necessary pivot of a detailed control to the construes the complete opera as a control role.

Berg's libretto is necessary pivot of a detailed control to the construes the complete opera as a control role.

Berg's libretto is necessary pivot of a detailed control to the construes the conducts the possibility of redemption and forgiveness, conducts the score with tetal converted and comprehension. neither predator nor prey nor conviction and comprehension.

(as she should be) both at the It would have benefited from sime time, but a rather super-ficial and tiresome individual, who, one almost teels, deserves would have given more allure to no better than she gets in the second and third acts rewards minute examination, and ought to be brought into closer focus for an English-speaking audience.

Yet perhaps the most unexpected feature of the Scottish Opera performance is how relatively limited the gains in comprehension are, and how in any case those must be set against losses to the instinctive vental rhythms of Berg's setting. The gradations, between speech,



Justin Lavender and Beverley Morgan

One for the Road/Lyric

Michael Coveney

Willy Russell's comedy of set-tling down in the suburbs after a few wild nights in the 1960s wave of creative vandalism on has been knocking around for the Phase Two bungalow estate: about ten years. Since I first saw garden gnomes have been deit in Nottingham in 1979, Dennis capitated, patio waterfalls con-Cain, the closest poet in central taminated arms stuck back on celebrating his 30th birthday to his 40th; the parlour game "Parkinson" has been super-seded by "Wogan" and new words like "bonking" and "Sue have entered the

So, for that matter, has Russ Abbot, the splendid television vaudevillian whose last (and first) outing on the West End stage in a revival of Little Me

Even as a father, mortgagee and go jogging, join the leisure and British Gas shareholder, clubs, or, in Dennis's case, Dennis has a lot to berate. Alun assume the role of lounge clown.

Dennis's parents are lost on

the way to dinner, flummoxed in faceless crescents and drives named after famous composers. They are missing all the chat about art, cuisine, Spanish holidays and Tupperware.

Jane, punchily and throatily played by Elizabeth Bennett, thinks premature ejaculation is Dennis's problem. She advocates stage in a revival of Little Me did little to prepare us for the authority, inflection and range of this admirable performance.

Range is also what the con-

critiques of John Denver records through the Venetian blinds, followed by the records themselves. With his old friends Roger, the double glazing salesman, and his wife Jane ringing the William Tell bell on "The Rayen" for the birthday dinner, Dennis berates his lot.

Denver isn't worth ranning against for 20 years. And those driven him barmy long ago.

Still, it is all played with tremendous zip and gusto, not least by Janet Dale as the long under and collect Lowry prints and go iogging, join the leisure



Janet Dale and

Range is also what the conspicuously tail and lanternjawed Abbot does as Dennis,
loping dangerously but inventively around his dormer
bungalow, flinging abusive
critiques of John Denver records
through the Venetian blinds,
followed by the records themfollowed by the records t

Even as a father, mortgagee and go jogging, join the leisure and British Gas shareholder, Dennis has a lot to berate. Alun Armstrong's lunatic fury in the role of lounge clown. Armstrong's lunatic fury in the role is replaced by Mr Abbot in William Gaunt's production, with a congenital, humerous insability to play by arriviste rules and go jogging, join the leisure every sign, after distinguished every sign, af

Philharmonia/Festival Hall

David Murray

Esa-Pekka Salonen conducted perhaps something continuous the Philharmonia on Wednes- on rollers could be devised? day in a curious programme The Piano Concerto of vide post-interval reassur-ance for anyone dismayed by so elegantly that the whole the first half. Those of us who think Sibelius's Second Sym-gleam. But big unison phrases think Sibelius's Second Symphony worth hearing at most
twice reacted the other way
round, though Salonen took the
orchestra through it brightly
and swiftly, disdaining the little
ruses by which others secure an
illusion of serious substance, expressive burden. Indeed this
The continuous substance, and the continuous substance. The opening movement, which performance was communica-needs a lot of help, sounded tive and immediate to a rare quite weightless, and the degree; surely the soloist's rhetoric of the Andante strid-extensive and much-admired

The Ligeti was Atmosphères,
his 1961 study in ultra-subtle Uchida, not previously known orchestral impasto—whispered as a Schoenberg exponent. I string-blocks, brass sometimes should have liked to hear the reduced to noteless breathing. Concerto in a smaller hall, for Unlike several subsequent at two or three declaratory initiations it leads that the requirements have to be several to be at the concerto. Unlike several subsequent at two or three declamatory imitations it lasts just long enough (including the conducted silence at the end) to maintain an astonishing grip on one's attention without exhausting it. Salonen judged the pace ence as precisely expressive as progress most expertly, and achieved beautiful balance in the thick note-clusters—not at eleverly sprung rondo. Not once all easy, even with the Philharmonia emitting such velvety planissimos that discreet pageturing sounded unconscionably task: everything had a luminolsy. The conductor's score is very large indeed, and flappy: at two or three declamatory moments her tone lacked the indeal weight; but her superlationes, and the resonance, pertones, and the resonance in the pertones, and the resonance in the pertones, and the resonance in the pertones, and

logue as a lantern lecture, reinventing the Animal Tamer and revealing him as distanted, perhaps in reformed ently unconvinced; but the collaboration with the ECO finale was much relished by the Philharmonia brass, and doubt-less by others.

The Light was Advantaged:

Extensive and much-admired Karlheinz Stockhausen's divine life-force itself.

Collegium Vocale of Cologne:

Karlheinz Stockhausen's divine life-force itself.

Collegium Vocale of Cologne:

but the sitz qualities — as well in the lively orchestration and plane partnership here.

Extensive and much-admired in zero cologne:

Karlheinz Stockhausen's divine life-force itself.

Collegium Vocale of Cologne:

but the sitz qualities — as well in zero concert - going as a recognisably authentic air and-plane partnership here.

Stimmung/Elizabeth Hall

Dominic Gill

sixtles music: an eelectic, mindexpanding extravaganza for six
amplified singers, an hypnotic
sound-web span out for anything from one to four hours,
a live with the invocation of
magic names, the mearthly
sound of harmonic vocal overtones, and the resonance, pertones, less lost much of its
the music has lost much of its
departure 20 years ago, is now
farmiliar original performers, the famous to the point.

Offshore deposits in Jersey.

Bank of Scotland (Jersey) Ltd-a wholly owned subsidiary of Bank of Scotland - offers attractive interest rates on all deposits ladged in sterling and most major currencies, on call or for fixed periods. Interest is paid gross without deduction of any tax. Simply call us on (0534) 59399 for further information and current interest rates

Should you require details of the full range of offshore financial services offered by Bank of Scotland in Jersey please complete the attached coupon. Deposits made with Bank of

Scatland (Jersey) Ltd in Jersey are

not covered by the Deposit

offered.

Protection Scheme under the Banking Act 1979. Bank of Scotland (Jersey) Ltd was incorporated in Jersey and is a

wholly owned subsidiary of Bank of Scotland. Copies of the most recent Audited Accounts are available from Bank of Scotland (Jersey) Ltd. PO Box 588, 4 Don Road, St Helier, Jersey or from Bank of Scotland. Head Office, The Mound, Edinburgh Etil 1YZ.

Bank of Scotland net assets as at 28th February 1987 were £558.6 million. The net assets of Bank of Scotland (Jersey) Ltd, as at 31st December 1986 were £1.1 million.

To: Bank of Scotland (Jersey) Ltd. 4 Don Road. St Helior, Jersey
Flease send me full details of all Bank of Scotland Jersey services

Arts Week Continued from Page 24

Opera and Ballet LONDON

Boyal Opera, Coverd Garden: Further performances of the new Nozze di Figaro, conducted by Bernard Haitink, produced by Johannes Schaaf, with a first-rate cast including Clandlo Desderl, Thomas Allen, Karita Maitila, Marie McLaughlin, and Sarah Walker. (240 1065).

English National Opera, Colishum: This weak's ENO repertory consists of lively performances of Sondheim's Pacific Overtures (a brave, worthwhile venture) and Werther, both produced by Keith Warner, and musically excellent ones of The Pearl Fishers (though the production by Philip Prowse is weak and dnill). (838 3161).

PARIS

Ballet du Theatre Francais de Nancy-Homage to Serge Lifar: Suite en Blanc in Picasso's decor with Pa-trick Dupond and Phaedre in Jean Coctessi's decor with Marcia Hay-des. Thestre des Champs Elysées (4720 3637). telle performed by the Opera de

Namey et de Lorreine conducted by Jerome Kaltenbach in Magny Mar-in's production in Maison des Arts. Creteil (4547 5358).

Berlin, Deutsche Oper: The Vienna Opera in Wozzeck, an Adolf Dresen Opera in Wozeck, an Amou Dresen production with Franz Grundheber, Dunja Veyzovic, Heinz Zedník, Walter Raffeiner, Philip Langridge and Gilnter Reich, conducted by Claudio Abbado. The Paul Taylor Dance Company of New York will perform

Amsterdam, Muziektheater. The Neth-eriands Opera in Verdi's Don Carlos directed by Alberto Fassini to the-mise en scène by Luchino Visconti. Hartumit Haenchen, conducting the Netherlands Philasmonic, with Neil Rosenshein in the title role, Susan Marie Plezson (Edizabeth), Harry Pesters (Philip II), and Minni Lerner (Princess Kholil, The). The

Harry Pesters (Philip II), and Mimilerner (Princess Eboli). (Tue). The National Ballet company in Shamrock, a new work by Carolyn Carison to music by Gebriel Yared (Wed, Thur). (255 455).

The National Ballet on tour with a Hans van Marien programme of Quintet (Mozart), Five Sketches (Hindentith), Sarcasms (Prokofiev), Twilight (Cage) and Adagio Hammerklavier (Beethoven). Mon in Nijmegen, Schouwburg (22 11 00), Tue in Groningen, Schouwburg (12 58 45). (12 58 45).

112 58 45).
cheveningen, Circus Thestre. The
Lock National Ballet from Poland
with Amadeus, a dance version of
Mozart's life (Tue). The Berjozka
State Ensemble from the USSR State Ensemble from the USSR (Wed), (55 88 99).

Indiana, Schouwburg, The ChitreshDes Dancs Company from India (Toe). (422 741).

Joiney Ballet (City Center): The month-long schedule has three premieres, including a Robert Joi-frey Nuturacker, Nijinsky's Le Secre de Printemps and Three Pre-hides by Ben Stevenson set to Raci-maninov, along with Frederick Ash-ton's La Fille Mai Gardée and neu-

(947 5859).
Feld Bellet (Joyce): Two new ballets,
Embraced Waltses and A Dance for
Two, highlight the mixed programmes of this 22-dancer company
in its month-long season. Ends Oct

Saleroom/Antony Thorncroft

Platonically perfect gem

a diamond for \$6.38m (£2.84m). So the by's silver sale, but permaking it, just, the most expensive jewel ever sold at auction. It was bought, so the story goes, by a rich American for his wife. The diamond of 64.83 carats is the largest recorded D colour internally flawless stone ever offered in a sale-room. The expert un jewels. So the by's in London is trying the sale in London, paying the sold for £32,502.876 (£14.219m).

The British Museum was a successful bidder at Sotheby's clock sale in London, paying the sold for £66,000 to a Scandinavian buyer. A 1962 oil by Hermander Caller, and London, paying the sold for £66,000 to a Scandinavian buyer. A 1962 oil by Hermander Caller, and London, paying the sold for £66,000 to a Scandinavian buyer.

successful bidder at Sotheby's clock sale in London, paying f55,000 for one of the small and rare part silver grande sonneric tourbillon carriage clocks, made around 1905 by the Soho Square firm of Nicole Nielsen not for the market but to delight the horological connoisseur. A mid 19th century quarter striking perpetual calendar alarum mantle clock by Viner of Regent Street was just within estimate at £44,000. At Sotheby's sale of Ballet by Viner of Regent Street was just within estimate at £44,000. The sale totalled filosophy is and Theatre material, Nijinsky costume for Leon Bakst's ballet Le Dieu Bleu, owned by Lady Gibson and lent to Covent Henry Ward of Blandford in Garden's showcase for the past Dorset did well at £27,500.

Just 24 hours after Sotheby's auction, which totalled £627,330, in New York preened itself for was over 34 per cent unsold. selling a diamond for \$3.85m

(£2.29m) Christie's comfortably topped it by disposing of £28,600, double the estimate, in a diamond for \$6.38m (£3.84m), Sotheby's silver sale, was the problem in the more expense.

in its month-long season. Ends Oct | Clocks and watches has been a by the Australian National Gal-31 175 8th Av at 19th St. (242 0860). | tricky sector of late and the lery.

BRACKEN HOUSE, CANNON STREET, LONDON EC4 P4BY Telegrams: Finantimo, London PS4. Teles: 8954871 Telephone: 01-248 8000

Friday October 23

Slow reform in China

CHINA'S momentous thirteenth party congress, due to open on Sunday, is expected to decide the issue of who will at last take for a smooth transition after over from octogenarian leader Deng Klaoping and his elderly colleagues. It could also set pol-icy trends for the next few years by taking decisons on reforms tion, erupted on to the streets. Which, once made public before the assembled delegates, would discontents felt by the intellectuals and white collar workers. taking decisons on reforms will happen with the world's on whom China's modernisation press and modern telecommunications waiting in the wings. It is a welcome sign of the mes-sage of stability and moderation which the congress is expected to project that party leaders have turned it into almost a me-

Much of this is simply a front, concealing what can only have been a flerce party battle. Many of the hard bargains were agreed and key decisions made

More recently, Chinese agreed and key decisions made as leaders ostensibly relaxed on the sands of Beidaihe, Peking's seaside resort, at the end of the summer. When, a few weeks ago, a sprinkling of liber-al intellectuals were asked to resign from the party and the discussion of political reform surfaced, some kind of deal appeared to have been struck. But who will move into the expected vacancies in the politbureau and exactly what programme the meeting will adopt, remains to be seen. Argument and some consequent surprises could still take place.

Angry discussion

Some elderly Chinese leaders, Deng included, have said want to resign, and may now do so, clearing the way for a much younger leadership. But despite all the leaks and rudespite all the leaks and ru-mours flying round Peking in recent months as to who would take over, it would be rash to predict the meeting's outcome. All that seems fairly certain is that former general secretary Hu Yaobang's dismissal, effect-ed last January and Premier rational statistics, energied last January, and Premier Zhao Ziyang's temporary appointment in his place, will be confirmed. Of the possible candidates for the premiership, the 59-year-old Soviet-trained Lippens seems the front remove. Peng, seems the front runner, though this appointment is not strictly a matter for the constrictly a matter for the con-gress. Who will get other top party posts, and indeed whether Deng will resign from his most crucial one, chairman of the

Deng But much has changed since then. Last winter, student demonstrations, the first on any scale since the Cultural Revolu tween hardline conservatives and reformers caused the downfall of Hu, previously Deng's right hand man and heir to at ast part of his authority.

More recently, Chinese toughness against Tibetan nationalists in Lhasa caused bloodshed and riots, and with foreigners on the spot too. This must have sparked angry discussion in the party leadership over the wisdom of the whole policy of "opening up to the outside world". The damage it has done to China's always slightly precarious relationship with the US-since Peking has firmly put US - since Peking has firmly put the blame on publicity given to the Dalai Lama's recent visit to Washington - must also be eaus-ing acrimony.

ing acrimony.

How far these subjects will get an open airing at the congress is a very moot point. Certain to be discussed, however, is the question of political reform. This is not political in the west-process cause it will not deal. ern sense since it will not deal with changes in the system but simply with proposals to sepa-rate party and government functions and the need to insist on higher qualifications for party members. This is a far cry from the days of 1986 when real moves towards cutting party power were discussed in the

probably be the keynote of the congress, the wallpaper behind which the old arguments will rage. A balance between conservatives and reformers is the likely outcome in the leadership stakes, which should at least allow the present very gradual move towards modern sation to continue. But an ap-pearance of unity should not de-ceive the onlooker into thinking that all the old battles about how far and fast China should change are finally over

Computer skills in short supply

WARNINGS that Britain is run-ning its stock of qualified com-puter specialists dangerously low are commonplace, but that does not mean they are anything other than extremely serious. Mr Richard Firth of the National Computing Centre (NCC) told the Confederation of British Industry recently that the shortfall could reach 53,000 by 1991 if present trends continue.

His analysis supports the re-sults of a study published earlisuits of a study published earlier in the year which showed that shortage of suitably trained staff was a bigger barrier to the more widespread use of information technology in British industry than lack of finance, awareness or any other identifiable factor. able factor.
On the face of things, there-

fore, there is every reason for concern. Effective use of information technology is recognised: as a principal, perhaps the prin-cipal, key to competitive advan-tage in an increasingly difficult world market, yet here is Britain hobbled at the start through lack of the right re-

source.
To put the question in context, however, it is necessary to text, however, it is necessary to point out that there will always be a shortage of good computer specialists. The list of human activities which lend them-selves to computerisation is infinite; the human resources to carry out the work finite.

Training schemes

Furthermore, it is a world-wide problem. Many of the top computer software teams in the US, to take one example, are-composed largely of Asians, while India, with the world's third largest technically trained workforce, is itself chronically short of computer staff.

Thus the problem has to be contained as it cannot be cured.
It affects in the UK mainly ordinary commercial companies rather than the high technology levels of attainment and methsector - a top software house in ods of measuring the perfor-the UK, for example, can attract mance of company training

formation management or data tial

factory process control, for example, or money market information systems.

mation systems.

The roots of the current shortfall lie in the reluctance of industry to establish and maintain sensible training schemes. These are among the first programmes to be cut when recession threatens turnover and profit

Employers have some legiti-mate grievances. Computer spe-cialists are expensive to train and there is no guarantee of their loyalty. Indeed, when trained they can demand high salaries from competitors. Big Bang in the City last year was responsible for some of the most ridiculous salary inflation in the IIK. Employers have some legiti-

Positive role

The US services company EDS attracted notoriety when it demanded recruits repay their training costs if they left within a specific period. Transfer fees is another idea which has been mooted.

mooted.

There have been sporadic and successful industry initiatives; for example, a group of leading software houses is organising a cooperative training programme amongst themselves. Some in the industry would like to see the Government play a more positive role, perhaps by reimposing a training levy, or, better still, by introducing tax incentives. But the danger with that approach, which is in any case likely to be unattractive to the present govunatractive to the present gov-erament, is that companies would skimp on training while collecting tax credits or avoid-

up to 5,000 graduate applications for 150 jobs.

The shortfall is particularly
acute in the more specialised
areas. That means, on the one
hand, people qualified in sophisticated techniques like information management of data.

Selectivity, discipline and self-management characterise Dutch schools. Joe Rogaly reports

A Dutch lesson for Mr Baker

IF THE BRITISH Government It will find that some two thirds of Dutch schoolchildren

attend what in England would be called direct grant schools in which the management is self-contained, while the fi-nance comes from the central department of education. No performance.

town council, locally elected Take self-management first.
board of education (as in the Buried deep in the Dutch US) or other government authority intervenes. This is just matters' so that their Catholic, thority intervenes. This is just the type of school that the Prime Minister, Mrs Margaret Thatcher, says will predominate in Britain in a few years, time (although her Education Secretary, Mr Kenneth Baker, seems to think that it will be more the exception than the rule). Either way, two points stand out: (a) the system works well, but (b) the poorer children in city centres have the worst of it.

It certainly gets results. Every visitor to Amsterdam or Rotterdam is struck by the ease with which Netherlanders speak not only English, which is compul-sory in their schools, but also, it seems, French, German or another language on top. Their intelligence and national success as traders is plain. Managers in the great Anglo-Dutch compa-nies (Philips, Shell, Unilever) are often struck by the relatively higher degree of literacy, nu-meracy and general education to be found in the Dutch side of their organisations. And the quality of Dutch schoolchildren as measured by international assessment tests is striking.

The most recent published example comes from the international mathematics project of 1981, which tested children aged 13 to 14 in 18 countries. The Dutch children's average score, in terms of right answers, was 57.1 per cent. (This was in a set of papers that included arithmetic, algebra, geometry, statistics and ordinary measurement.) The only country that scored higher was Japan, at 62.1 per cent; West Germany did not participate. England and Wales, at 47.2 per cent, came eleventh. A 1984 comparative eleventh. A 1984 comparative study of science scores, yet to be published, is expected to show the Netherlands in a similarly high position in the league ta-ble. Further evidence of the general quality of Dutch schools will become available

What is not so clear is just wants to understand how why they do so well. Three char-schools are managed by parents acteristics distinguish Hol-it should study Holland. land's system from general acteristics distinguish Holland's system from general practice in Britain and much of America: self-management by the schools, structure and disciane schools, structure and disci-pline, and a high degree of se-lectivity. It is not possible to say which of them, if any, is the principal contributor to good

> Protestant and non-religious citizens can live together without murdering one another as do their counterparts in North-ern Ireland. So since 1848 their constitution has guaranteed the right of all persons to provide education. The churches have taken full advantage of this to maintain denominational schools, and in the Netherlands a school founded upon an ethos-be it a religion or a pedagogical

The present breakdown in primary schools is about 30 per cent Catholic, 30 per cent Protcent Catholic, 30 per cent Prot-estant, 5 per cent private non-denominational, and the rest state or municipal. The churches do not manage 'their' schools directly, but they do of course exercise strategic power through their national federa-tions of school boards. It is, however, the individual boards

Visitors are struck by the ease with which they speak foreign languages

of governors that take responsi-

their remit. This is acknowledged by the Dutch to be more effective in middle-class areas, where parents/church worthies will take election to the board will take election to the board of governors very seriously, than in working-class districts where, I was told, "the parents will repaint the school for you in a weekend but they won't sit and talk policy at meetings."

Groups of parents can, however, start new private schools, - if their plan meets certain crite. their plan meets certain criteria, perhaps the most important of which is that the school must ble. Further evidence of the of which is that the school must general quality of Dutch have a religious or other ethical lists a dream school, with neat schools will become available reason for existence. In the past children sitting quietly and putnext month when Her Majesty's two years the municipalities ting up enthusiastic hands have opened 52 new schools, of when asked a question. They have opened 52 new schools, of their report on primary education publish their report on primary education in the Netherlands.

The proposed by Mr van Dijk and his those last in the queue).

It is at this point that selective the Dutch accept that this is so, with the parent-teachers associtive test results and the records of with it is hard to see the Brittenium, and a simple ballot for a simple ballot for class excellence that I have deproposed by Mr van Dijk and his those last in the queue).

It is at this point that selective the Dutch accept that this is so, with the parent-teachers associtive test results and the records of with it. It is hard to see the Brittenium, and a simple ballot for class excellence that I have deproposed by Mr van Dijk and his those last in the queue).

It is at this point that selective the Dutch accept that this is so, and worry about how to deal test results and the records of with it. It is hard to see the Brittenium, and a simple ballot for a simple ballot for class excellence that I have deproposed by Mr van Dijk and his those last in the queue).

It is at this point that selective the Dutch accept that this is so, and worry about how to deal test results and the records of with it. It is hard to see the Brittenium, and a simple hallot for class excellence that I have deproposed by Mr van Dijk and his those last in the queue).

the Catholic south of the country. Protestant groups have started 34 schools, the Catholics started 44 schools, the Catholics 25 and private non-religious foundations 20. The inhabitants of Dewsbury, England, where some white parents are boycotting a mainly Asian primary school, will be fascinated to learn that next year one Islamic and one Hindu school will be opened in Holland.

In theory all these schools are

0

In theory all these schools are equal. It is illegal to charge for education during the 11 years in which it is compulsory; income-related fees may be charged after that. The central government have the same government pays the same amount per pupil for the main-tenance of both municipal and private schools alike. So far, so good. But at this point the Dutch middle classes demonstrate an astonishing capacity to have their cake and eat it. For if a municipality wishes to top up the central allocation from local funds it must pay out as much to private schools within its area as it does to its own

schools.

Private schools are not, however, similarly burdened. They charge for things like extra subjects, swimming, materials and books and even the provision of extra teachers and hence smaller classes. At the Haagsche Schoolvereeniging primary school in The Hague the total cost is 570 guilders, or less than 1200 a year, which would be a £200 a year, which would be a steal at British preparatory school prices but is neverthe-less a deterrence to the really

teacher, Marilyn Price, who has taught in both countries, was at first dismayed by the precision

Primary education (8 years)

How the system works

Common bridging year

Common bridging year

vocational training (4 years)

first dismayed by the precision and structure to which she was asked to conform. After two years she is delighted by it. The basic skills come first, but there is time for creative projects and individual attention too."

The head, Mr A.C. van Dijk, was appointed by the board of governors of the owning foundation; the board itself is bomposed of five parents and one former pupil. Teachers are appointed by the governors on his advice, which is based on an on-the-job assessment. To with the candidates give a lesson, the candidates give a lesson, and even then their first conand even then their first con-tract is temporary, says Mr van Dijk. Over here Sir Rhodes Boy-son likes to tell of when, as headmaster, he appointed a drama teacher after just an in-terview, as is the English way. The only dramatic perfor-mance he ever gave was that in-terview, says Sir Rhodes, a for-mer Conservative Minister of Education and now a back-

Education and now a back-bencher. After that we couldn't

get even a Christmas carol out of him. While most British heads in state schools would envy Mr van Dijk's stathe and shifbrity, few would be anything less than amazed at the discipline within which he works. The number of hours spent on various subjects is prescribed by law, which will

is prescribed by law, which will also be true in Britain when Mr Baker has shepherded his Great. Education Reform Bill through parliament. The details of the curriculum, and the books and other teaching sids used are proposed by Mr van Dijk and his

The whole is packaged in a voluminous "school work plan" which runs for two years and starts with a statement of goals and an outline of the broad vision of each subject. This edu-cational version of a business plan is a legal requirement. It is cleared by a Dutch government inspector who ensures that the inspector who ensures that the bits Isid down by Isw are included. Every teacher knows what he or she is supposed to do within the plan, which provides for coping with individual difficulties, bad behaviour, dyslexia, and the like. The children

> Every teacher knows what is required within the plan

are given a great many tests, starting with an IQ test in the first year, and the results are meticulously tabulated.

Like other Dutch heads, Mr van Dijk is also a salesman for

his school. There is competition both within the private sector and with the municipal schools; parents may not be turned away and if the school is full there must be a draw. Thus almost any Netherlands school you visit is Netherlands school you visit is likely to produce a brochure describing itself and its achievements. (Mr Baker's pro-posed open envolment for Brit-ish schools does not so far pro-vide for a simple ballot for those last in the queue).

mary school heads advise secondary schools as to the suitability of the child for various degrees of academic education, or perhaps vocational schoolor perhaps vocational schooling. The chart shows the several types of secondary school in the Netherlands and suggests that it is possible to move across from a lower type of high school to a top grammar school. In practice the report of the primary school head is a key determining factor, although The Hamining factor, although The Hagne is currently proposing to move the age of decision up from 12-plus to 15-plus, by means of a common three-year course in all high schools. (Typi-cally, the Dutch will run their future middle school "common" course at two levels, a higher and a lower.)

-Mr Henny Scholten, the Rec-tor of Het Nederlands Lyceum, a smart grammar school, may find it quite a change. At the moment about a third of all Dutch pupils have to retake their equivalent of Britain's Olevel year, in spite of the selecnevel year, in spine of the selec-tion earlier on. He can probably predict which of his will have to retake: when asked he pro-duced a list of names of every child in the school, with every mark scored in every test writ-ten meticulously alongside each name. He, too, operates under a sort of business plan - I have to market the school" - and his pupils pay between 110 and 610 pilders a year, depending on their parents' income. He works to a board of 10 parents.

All this would please Sir Rhodes who created a frisson of delight at a conference of the National Council for Education National Conneil for Education Standards on Sunday when he said of the present policies of Mr Baker that "we seem to be trying to bring selection back by the back door..." He was even more well received when he ad-ded, Twould sooner have selection by the front door. A cheer would then go up in the length and breadth of this country, particularly from parents."

It would be foolish to underestimate the importance of Sir Rhodes's remarks. He has long been a leader of the movement back from progressive and child-centred education towards greater structure, more discipline and selection. He wrote parts of the "Black Pa-pers" on education that were denounced as reactionary when nounced as reactionary when they first appeared in 1968; he has also remained very close to the National Council since its founding in 1972. What was then regarded as a fringe right-wing pressure group has since be-come a fount of orthodoxy, many of whose ideas (core cur-riculum assessments some demany or whose ineas (core cur-riculum, assessments, some de-gree of parent power) have been taken on board by both the La-bour Party and the Alliance. But the downside of the Dutch/probable future British system must also be acknowledged. The municipal schools produce worse results than the private overse in England them. private ones; as in England they tend to blame it on the intake. Opting out is not a certain meth-od of curbing left-inclined councils: in Amsterdam the Alderperson for education, a Mrs Wildekamp, has decreed that all future heads in municipal schools under her control must schools under her control must be women. (I have a sneaking sympathy for this, since women fill the majority of teaching posts but a small majority of headships in Amsterdam). Par-ents in the inner cities are simply not equipped to steer schools towards the middle-

Boots are made for walking

Sir James Blyth appears to have taken to heart the lesson of his less-than-happy stint at Plessey before setting out on his new job of marching Boots in a more market-oriented direction.

Blyth, a forceful Scot, who at 47 is one of the new breed of dynamic British managers, is to be chief executive at Boots in full charge of day-to-day opera-tional matters - a role that eluded him at Plessey.

At Plessey, the division of labour between Blyth, who was managing director, and Sir John

At Plessey, the division of itsbour between Blyth, who was
managing director, and Sir John
Clark, the company's long serving chairman, was never entirely clear. The friction between
the two, almost palpable when
they both appeared in public, finally drove Blyth out.

At Boots, by contrast, Blythhas worked out a clear understanding in advance with Robert Gunn, the chairman, leaving
Gunn to concentrate on strategic and City matters.

Blyth's prime task, most observers believe, will be to build
a more effective retailing organisation on the back of its
strong pharmaceuticals hase.

Blyth can point to a background in marketing, most obvi-



ously as the Ministry of Defence's head of sales for four years up to 1985. Yet all his experience at senior levels has been gained in organisations a long way from the high street:
first in Lucas, then at the MoD,
and finally at Plessey.

A spell early in his career at

Men and Matters

Mars goes only some way to-wards making up that deficien-

cy.

Nevertheless, it will be sur-prising if Blyth, freed from the irritations he has experienced in his recent business life, does not quickly write a strong pre-scription for his new business.

fruit.
Last year, she helped to initiate the inclutional approach to Allied, offering to buy the company. After months of negotiations, this led to yesterday's transaction in which a Charterhouse fund has a 23.3 per cent stake. "For me, the whole treat

Phantom VAT

The head offices of several British multiple stores, including the Burton Group, Etam, and Next, have had letters from the Jersey and Guernsey authorities querying their local pricing policies.

olicies.
It is the result of growing vex-It is the result of growing vex-ation in the Channel Islands, where there is no VAT, that some of the multiples are charg-ing the same prices locally as on the mainland.

Apart from the suspicion that

Both ends

Janet Cohen probably got as much satisfaction from yesterday's City-financed buy-out of Allied Steel and Wire as anyone not directly employed by the first of the Phoenix ventures which rose from the ashes of the radical rationalisation of the UK steel industry in the early 1988s.

Apart from the suspicion that their residents are being ripped off, the island authorities see the practice as damaging to their tourist trade, since VAT-free shopping is promoted as one of their attractions. Most of the complaints to Jersey's tourble the practice as damaging to their tourist trade, since VAT-free shopping is promoted as one of their attractions. Most of the complaints to Jersey's tourble the practice as damaging to their tourist trade, since VAT-free shopping is promoted as one of their attractions. Most of the complaints to Jersey's tourble their tourist trade, since VAT-free shopping is promoted as one of their attractions. Most of the complaints to Jersey's tourble trade in the practice as damaging to their tourist trade, since VAT-free shopping is promoted as one of their attractions. Most of the complaints to Jersey's tourble trade in the practice as damaging to their tourist trade, since VAT-free shopping is promoted as one of their attractions. Most of the complaints to Jersey's tourble trade in the practice as damaging to their tourist trade, since VAT-free shopping is promoted as one of their attractions. Most of the complaints to Jersey's tourble trade in the practice as damaging to their tourist trade, since VAT-free shopping is promoted as one of their attractions. Most of the complaints to Jersey's tourble trade in the practice as damaging to their tourist trade, since VAT-free shopping is promoted as one of their attractions.

which rose from the sales of the radical rationalisation of the UK steel industry in the early 1980s.

Six years ago, as an assistant secretary in the Department of Trade and Industry, Cohen played a crucial role in combining the wire and rod operations of British Steel and GKN: In policy, as well as industrial, somal nature of island business, terms, she admits that the pioneering joint venture was "cobbled together."

Although she left the civil service in 1982 to move to the corporate finance department of Charterhouse Bank, Cohen did not forget that Allied's ultimate intention was to broaden ownership once the painful process of restructuring began to bear fruit.

Last year, she helped to initiate the institutional approach to Allied, offering to buy the to change prices and alter price tags for the comparatively small Channel Islands market. Both Jersey and Guernsey are currently trying to think up ways of shaming the offenders

into deducting at least some of the 15 per cent differential - or at least making publicly known which stores are not doing so.

Plus signs Despite all the doom and

pespits all the doom and gloom being bandied about the London financial markets over the BP share issue, at least one corner of the City is optimistic about its prospects.

In the past few days, would-be stags have still been making anyeful responsions for the Grand and Grand anyeful responsions for the Grand and stags have suit been making careful preparations for the flotation. They have been prowling around the streets of London asking passers-by if they can "borrow" their names to pad out applications for the BP share is sue.

Down line

At a seminar at the Institute At a seminar at the Institute of Personnel Management con-ference in Harrogate yesterday, British Rail service quality manager, Daniel Giblin, tried to persuade a somewhat sceptical audience that BR is now providing a better service for its cus-

omers. To illustrate what things had To illustrate what things had been like, he told of one passenger in Glasgow asking a helpful BR employee the destination of a particular train: 'Does this train stop at Palsley, Jimmy?' he asked - adding the name virtually all Glaswegians seem to use when talking to one another.

"How do you know my name's
"How do you know my name's
Jimmy?" replied the BR man."
guessed, said the passenger.
Back came the response.
"Well you can gness whether
this train stope at Paisley then."

Royal bump

A visit by the Duke of York to a company in central London this week inspired a memo to staff from the firm's hastily-ap-pointed Head of Protocol for the day.

The final instruction for the

Duke's well-being: "If for some reason you do happen to "bump" into HRH, please address him as "Your Royal Highness".

Observer

INVESTORS THE CITY EXCHANGE 0898 500 192 **ACTIVE SHARES** 0898 500 193 USM A-C 0898 500 194 USM D-N USM O-Z 0898 500 195 **POPULAR SHARES REPORT** 0898 500 196 0898 500 197 NEW ISSUES - EQUITIES, RIGHTS AND VENDOR PLACINGS 0898 500 198 COMPANY NEWS REPORT

0898 700 167 OPTIONS MARKET REPORT 0898 700 171 SYDNEY FINANCIAL BULLETIN 0898 700 172 TOKYO FINANCIAL BULLETIN 0898 500 173 *WALL STREET/LIS FINANCIAL BULLETIN 0898 700 175 TODAY'S EVENTS/PRESS COMMENTS

0898 700 178 FORTHCOMING INTERIMS, FINALS, ECO STATS
0898 700 180 FORTHCOMING BOARD MEETINGS
WITH HOURLY BULLETINS LIVE PROMITHE U.S. PRIOM 300pm to 800pm CITY EXCHANGE DATA SOURCE EXTEL

FOLLOW MARKET COMMENTATOR BOB BECKMAN ON 512/ 0898 700 190 THE BECKMAN HEAR UP TO THE MINUTE ADVICE WITH FINANCIAL LINES FROM WEALTH MAGAZINE

0898 700 191 BP-BEST PROFIT STRATEGIES
0898 700 192 THIS WEEK'S TOP SHARE
0898 700 193 PRIVATISATIONS: BLV, SELL OR HOLD
0898 700 194 THIS WEEK'S NEW UNIT TRUST BARGAINS
0898 700 195, PENNY SHARES: OUR LATEST HOT TIP
0898 700 196 BEGRINER'S GUIDE TO THE STOCKMARKET

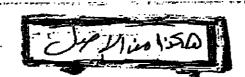
SEND FOR YOUR CITY EXCHANGE CARD NOW Please send copies of the City Exchange Card to

Address ... ____

Company

Send to RGB/Broadsystem ,13 Hawley Crescent, NWI 8NP. Please send S.A.E.

Position



Politics Today

No one believes in gnomes any more

By Malcolm Rutherford

the manner in which it is done: turning public monopolies into private monopolies. It did so when it realised the degree of public dissatisfaction at the performance of British Tele-

at the election.

The result is that the economic debate has dropped out of party politics. It used to be paramount. If the late Hugh Gaitskell or the young Harold Wilson had been around this year, they would have embayered od, the British economy has nearly strain economy has nearly strain economy. they would have embarrassed the Government time and again. Instead, the Government goes on winning even when it is not

THERE IS no hope for Britain's opposition parties unless they can get their economic policy together.

this. One is that the economy in that the economy is weak and about to collapse, when the objective evidence suggests that the British. The Japanese business that the become rather strong. Throughout the year there as throughout the year there has been a series of scandals in the City that has led to a number of arrests. The Labour Party has been unable to exploit them, either before or after the general election.

Labour has discovered only recently that the most potent criticism of the Government's privatisation programme is not to attack privatisation itself, but the manner in which it is done: turning public monopoolies into

can get their economic policy outsiders notice titls more than the British. The Japanese busing the British. The Japanese busing the British the British. The Japanese busing the British the British the Japanese busing the Japanese busing

If Labour goes on thinking that the economy is weak, despite

Merger mania may have temporarily come to a halt. Yet when It was at its height, and huge sums of money were being spent in pursuit of takeovers, the Labour Party had no coherent competition policy; nor did it manage to get across that the Government does not have much of a policy either. None of the party's thinkers has accepted that a fundamental change might be going on in the relationship between capital and labour.

Other the stock markets crashed at the beginning of this week, Labour had nothing memorable to say.

The Alliance parties are being left out of this article because they are still sorting out their future, but it cannot really be said that they offered any striking economic alternatives at the election.

The result is that the econom-

nearly always been prone to relative weakness: Labour believes that therefore it still is, despite the accumulated benefits of North Sea oil. Yet, if Labour goes on think-

ion, suggest that on economic policy the Labour Party is now held in even lower esteem by the voters than at the time of

the voters than at the time of the general election.

In the run-up to the election, the polls showed that Labour had a five-point lead over the Tories in terms of policies to deal with unemployment. The lead has been reduced to one point. Even among those out of work, a poll taken at the end of

September showed that 24 per cent of them thought that Con-servative policies on unemployment were the best.

Unemployment, according to the polls, has long been regarded as the most important issue facing the country. It still is, but the percentage of respondents the percentage of respondents saying so dropped from 86 in March last year to 63 last month.

Of course, unemployment has come down in the meantime come down in the meantime and the polls reflect that. But it is slily of the Labour Party to behave as if the fall has not taken place, is insignificant enough not to make any difference or is without foundation. That is not how the electorate

It is not as if Labour has the lead on other issues. The Tories lead on other issues. The Tories are way ahead on law and order, even more in September than they were in June. They always lead on defence and are now slightly ahead on education, which they were not at the time of the election.

since 1985, law and order has tended to be regarded as the most important issue after unemployment. It is hard to see Labour ever winning on that. Even if the Party devised the most sensible policies in the world there would still be a

most sensible policies in the world, there would still be a problem of persuading people to believe them.

Thus it comes down to the fact that the only way for Labour to make a come-back is for the party to begin to make itself credible on matters economic. To do that it needs to see the economy as it is: not just the warts, but the healthy parts as well, give credit where credit is due, then expose the weaknesses.

For there are, to be sure, plenty of blemishes. There is still the bottom 15 per cent or so of society that has not benefited from the spread of affluence. It would be much easier for Labour to mere and monopolies policy. The party could make the member of the European Monetary System, especially as it now seems to believe in it on certain conditions. Its economic some criticism of the Louvre Accord on exchange rates in February by saying that it did not go far enough, and then claimed credit for prescience. Indeed they could do so still.

On all those subjects they would find a ready audience. It would be much easier for Labour to member of the European Monetary System, especially as it now seems to believe in it on certain conditions. Its economic some criticism of the Louvre Accord on exchange rates in February by saying that it did not go far enough, and then claimed credit for prescience. Indeed they could do so still.

On all those subjects they would find a ready audience. It the least the claimed credit for prescience. Indeed they could do so still.

would be much easier for Labour to make the case for a better deal for the poor and the disadvantaged if it were prepared to recognise that the basic economy is sound, since it could then argue that the means for redress are available.

To go back to the introductory

points in this article, there is a great deal that Labour could say about the abuses in the City, about the way privatisation has been sometimes mishandled and the absence of a consistent mergers and monopolies policy.

The party could make the party could make

DARE YOU TAKE ON

BRUISER LAWSON?

Trony Benn's constituency of Chesterfield this weekend which is already being described as the alternative Labour Party Conference. It may turn out to be, as I rather suspect, the last strong kick of a dying beauty. ing horse.
But there is another way of

looking at it. The far left may argue that what we have been witnesssing this week is the collapse of capitalism and do so persuasively enough to deter Neil Kinnock's Labour Party from making the intellectual jump to accepting the British economic position as it is: much better than it used to be, but still with gaps and capable of

If so, the party leadership will have only itself to blame for not making the jump earlier. And, whatever happens to the stock market, the Conservatives will look likely to go on, and on.

Lombard

Why the buils are hopeful

BY RICHARD LAMBERT

EITHER THE sharp setback in share prices was a complete abore creation and will soon be more may have been thrown out of

into the dust on.

Most obviously under threat
is the hemline indicator. This
first showed its value in the
1920s: the flapper era lifted
hemlines and share prices from
the floor-touching days of the
early 1920s, when the stock market was in deep recession. Market was in deep recession. Markets and skirts drooped in the kets and skirts drooped in the 1930s, picked up in the latter part of the War, shifted down with the new look of the 1950s, and positively soared during the 1960s.

The current reading is un-equivocally bullish. My col-league Lucia van der Post writes: From the Faubourg St. Honore to 5th Avenue, from Omote-Sando to South Molton Street, the message is the same hems are going up, up, up. This time round, though, the mini is not just for little girls. The sil-

Then there is the question of the New York Giants. For the last 20 years, there has been a clear link between the results of the Super Bowl and the stock market's performance in the following 12 months. When a National Football Conference Team wins, the New York Stock Exchange composite index ends the year with a gain. When a team from the American Football Conference takes the crown, the reverse happens. There has, it is true, been the

odd special case. For instance, the Pittsburgh Steelers, an AFC team, won the Super Bowl in 1975, a year when the US market rose by nearly a third. But then Pittsburgh had been part of the original National Football League that precised the ball League that predated the NFC, so that did not count as a

ket in 1987. (Apologists for the Super ago.

share prices was a complete ab-erration and will soon be more than recovered, or some of the stock market's most valuable in-dicators may have to be thrown into the dustbin.

Ink to support thrown out or true by the strike among US football players. This really will not do: if the claim has any va-lidity at all, which is doubtful, it will surely only apply to the

Clearly it would be a very adverse market signal indeed if the Co-op check out desk rang with learned discussions about the outlook for traded options, but nothing of this nature has been observed by my agent. True, there was a nasty moment two weeks ago when a conversa-tion about "BP" was overheard at the Regent Street bus shelter. houette is slim, curvy and very, but on closer research, this very grown-up."

Nothing could be clearer than the founder of the Boy Scout

movement.
In addition, there are several slightly ridiculous indicators which should probably not be taken too seriously, but which also seem to point in a generally bullish direction. For instance, there are those who believe fashions in the cinema should be tracked by stock market pun-dits. They claim that the more gruesome the film the more bearish the signal - and vice versa. They point to the moment when Abbott and Costello met Frankenstein as a significant turning point in the 1940's, while the release of The Texas Chain Saw Massacre" marked the marsaw sassacre marked the nar-ket nadir in the 1970s. With "Snow White and the Seven Dwarfs" being reshown yet again in London, there should be no worries on this front.
What should clinch the argu-

NPC, so that did not count as a failing in the indicator. And few people doubt that the success of the Los Angeles Raiders in 1984 - the last one by an AFC team-played a considerable part in the dull performance of many share prices that year. So this year's victory of the Giants seemed to assure a strong market in 1987.

What should clinch the argument one way or another is the latest reading on the Sunspot Indicator. Developed by a Japanese researcher, this shows an unmistakable correlation between the level of solar activity and of share prices. Unfortunately, my observatory has been wrapped in cloud since the storms started just over a week storms started just over a week

Ranking the universities

From Dr C Mason

Sir,- Michael Dixon's Lonbard column (October 12) pro-vides a weak riposte to those who criticised his earlier attempt to rank the performance of universities based on the proor universities based on the pro-portion of their graduates who were not employed six months after taking their degree (Sep-tember 3). His article does not establish any justification for ranking universities, and the parallel which he draws with companies is flimsy in the ex-treme. But even if a case for some form of ranking is accept-ed. Dixon fails to come up with any objective and rigorous methodology for doing so, ren-dering the title of his article ('How to rate the universities') totally misleading.

As a number of your corre spondents have stated, ranking universities on the basis of the proportion of their new gradu ates in short-term work or not employed represents a highly inaccurate measure of performance. Differences in the sub-ject mix of graduates influences their employment prospects. Even if superior data which overcame this difficulty were made available this would not address the many other differences between universities which influence the employment of their graduates. These include the course structure, type of student, location and

perceptions of employers.
Indeed, the use of just one imperfect set of statistics, even if improved, to produce a ranking of universities produces a high-ly suspect, if not downright mis-leading, picture. In just the same way that the performance of companies is not judged by just one statistic, neither is it Just one statistic, neither is it legitimate to compare universities by a single yardstick. Even more fundamentally, evaluations of company performance seek to relate outputs to inputs. Similarly, in order to be meaningful, any ranking of universities must relate performance to inputs in order to reflect differences in resources, student

It is therefore not surprising that academics protest at efforts to assess university perfor-mance: the methodologies employed lack intellectual rigour (qualities that society expects universities to instill in their students). If universities are to be ranked according to their performance - and the case still requires to be made - it must be on the basis of a range of measures which relate outputs to inputs. Those who offer performance rankings based on inadequate statistics and flawed methodology leave their

motives open to question: are they concerned to evaluate the

performance of universities for

Letters to the Editor

Snakes and

snares From Professor L Pressnell Sir,- May I assure Mr Prag (Oc-tober 19) that my two letters re-flected neither despair nor an flected neither despair nor an assumption of British incorrigibility over exchange rate systems, but simply an awareness of past difficulties?

Janet Bush's excellent note.

'A troubled bistory of snakes and snares' (October 2), seemed

to endorse a sobering assess-ment of experience. Perhaps most of us could settle at that. (Professor) L S Pressnell, Boundary House, St Stephen's Hill, Canterbury, Kent.

Russian reforms

From Nora Beloff.
Sir.- Looking regularly at your page one summary of world news, as a brief account of the principal events of the day, I was shocked at the inaccuracy (Ostable 181 of the Itanacuracy) (October 16) of the item entitled Moscow to reform law which read The Soviet Union plans to change or abolish two of the main laws used against dissi-

As your correspondent reports on the next page, all that has happened is that Mr Vadim Zagladin, whose principal function is to polish the Gorbachev image in the west, has told US senators and congressmen on TV that discussions are going on about changing the principal laws legitimising repression and one of them may 'even' be

dispensed with altogether. If we are to take Soviet words at their face value, the laws in question are anyway invalid they contradict the citizens' rights first laid out by Stalin in a constitution he imposed during the height of the 1930s ter-

Nora Beloff. 11 Belsize Road NWG.

Deserves to be remembered

From Mr R Hopkinson-Woolley. Sir.- Mr D Thompson (October 7) is mistaken: Mr Edward Heath was humiliated by the constructive reasons in order to electorate, not the miners, bring all up to the standard of when he made the mistake of the best, or is it to suport those trusting the voters who wish to contract the proving circumstances. trusting the voters in challeng-

sion of higher education the UK? (Dr) C M Mason, 13 Tanhouse Close, Hedge End, Southampton. Mr Heath had to fight to en

Mr Heath had to light to en-able us to join the EC because previous administrations had been so pusillanimous when others were making their first steps to develop a united Eu-rope. Mr Reath won the light

and the Charlemagne prize for his efforts. It was later possible for a La-bour administration to exact improvements by threatening withdrawal. Improvement be-cause of blackmail is not really creditable. Had we joined Eu-rope at the start the terms and the structure of the EC would have been better. Would that Mr Heath had

een Prime Minister sooner. He eserves to be remembered. R A Hopkinson-Woolley, 45 Oakley Street, Shrewsbury.

Charge for books

From Mr C Smith.
Sir.- The Arts Minister's call (October 14) for greater involvement of the private sector in the public library services is, unfor-tunately, fatally undermined by his insistence that the basic ser-vice (the monopoly supply of books for lending) is to remain

Even so, his Library Association audience is unhappy and the LA's professional spokesman threatens a fight on the question of charging for access

question of charging for access to library services.

A recurring theme of the arguments offered by librarians is that the supply of library services must be available to all irrespective of income. Furthermore, that because some incomes are too low to pay for these services that should be these services, they should be provided "free" on the rates, and not only to people with low incomes but everyone.

The proposition rests on the Victorian ideal of the public li-brary bringing education to the artisans of the towns and la-bourers of the villages. The missionary purpose of the Victorian public library, however, has long since been rendered obso-lete by universal compulsory education and the system is now in large part a vehicle for mass entertainment.

What the minister did not do, but should have done, was to embrace the spirit of radical reform (a suposed hallmark of this administration) and grasp the nettle of direct charging or sub-

scription.

Many library services, such a the provision of records, al-ready attract a charge while a further limited income is raised through fines and reservations. No breach of principle is therefore contemplated and a few pence per loan would, on the

present level of borrowing, raise millions of pounds of additional revenue.

A further point which is often raised, that a charge would deny equal access to the stock of books for low income groups, could be met without great administrative difficulty by directly topping up basic benefits.

ly topping up basic benefits.

As a former professional li-brarian myself, with some years experience of local government,
I fully recognise the important
role which libraries play in fostering and encouraging the habit of reading. But the philosoph-

ical objections of a professional lobby ought not to take prece dence over proposals for re-forms which are now successful They should certainly not pre vail over Mr. Luce's extremely modest appeal for fresh think

ing. Colin Smith, 34 Greycoot Gardens, Greycoot Place, SW1.

Middlesbrough blooming

From Mr D Simon.
Sir.- Alan Forrest writes (october 17) under the heading. "Sports and Games" that Les Barlow on the PE staff at St Paul's in Barnes, west London from the property of the pro came south from
Middlesbrough, the kind of
place where it was hard to see a
recreation ground through the

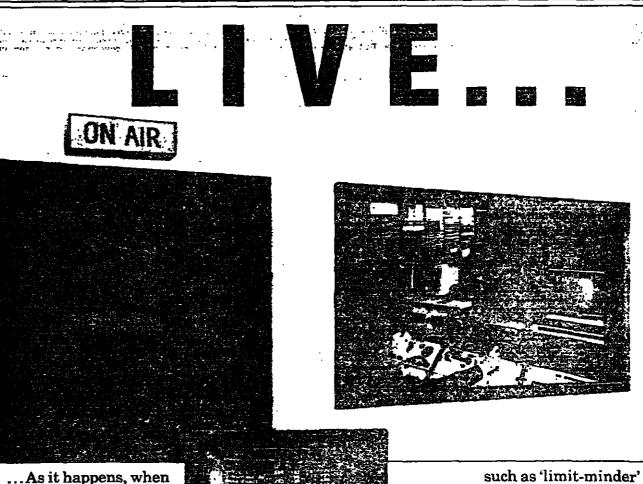
industrial smoke. It may interest readers and Mr Barlow to know that in 1987 the degree of polution in the Middlesbrough atmosphere is less, for example, than South-end-on-Sea, Bath and London City itself?

Readers may also be interest ed to know that Middlesbroug in 1982 won the National Floral City award of The Britain in bloom contest and in 1987 has aiready won the award in the northern region section. I think you will agree that, in the light of the above, Alan For-

rest's comments were not crick-et." Would he like to come and see for himself? David Simon, The Grove, Marton-in-Cleveland, Middlesbrough.

Majesty of the organ

From Mr G Garton. Sir. - The majesty of the organ was recognised long before the appearance of the pianoforte, Mozart, (your correspondent of October 10) or Dominic Gili, (article of September 28). To quote the 14th Century poet and composer Guillaume de Machaut, the organ is "de tous instru-ments le roy." Graham Garton (Director of Music).



... As it happens, when it matters, Market-Eye's comprehensive coverage will let you view the latest in today's fast moving equity and gilts markets. Help you manage your portfolio

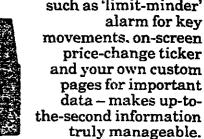
competitively and profitably. Without unnecessary paper, circulars, endless hours on the 'phone...

Transmitted via a world-first use of BBC Datacast, this new real-time Stock Exchange financial information service monitors and reports market changes - highest rises and falls, UK and London-traded internationals.

And its host of special features -

ONLY SECONDS TO BE FIRST





Available on general release later this year, Market-Eye will be offered in a range of flexible formats to suit the needs of your office or home.

Stand-alone-with monitor, easy-to-use keypad and decoder - or as an add-on board for your PC.

Market-Eye. Compulsive City viewing.



For more information about Market-Eve or to arrange your own personal viewing, phone 0276 691704 or write today to: Market-Eye, The International Stock Exchange, Unit 2H/2J Albany Park, Frimley Road, Camberley, Surrey GU15 2PL. **Balfour Beatty** are building 0932-231055 A BICC Company

FINANCIAL TIMES

Friday October 23 1987



Tim Dickson reports on the dispute that toppled a government

Tongue-tied Belgian sparks debate

BELGIUM'S bitter language dis-pute duly precipitated the col-lapse this week of the two-year-old, centre-right coalition gov-ernment of Mr Wilfried Mar-

old, centre-right coalition government of Mr Wilfried Martens, Prime Minister.

But as subsequent developments have already shown, the forthcoming general elections, now likely in mid-December, will be fought on a much wider range of political, economic and cultural issues including, above the country's constitution.

Unhappily for Belgium's image abroad, the name of Mr Jose Happart, the village mayor who adamantly refuses to speak Dutch, has seldom been out of the headlines in recent weeks as the four coalition parties struggled vainly to head off the legal and political challenge which he represents.

Significantly, however, the problem of Les Foursons - or Voeren as his Flemish opponents would like the district tobe called - has suddenly become a small sideshow in a

nents would like the district tobe called - has suddenly become a small sideshow in a
much wider debate over how
Belgium's fledgling federalist
structures can be developed
and how the country's two main
communities - Flemish and
Francophone - can and should
co-exist in the future.

This is a better the district tomplying the devolution of power to the regions - and the constitutional reforms of 1970 and
1980 that created the governments of Flanders, Wallonia
and the region of Brussels wallonia
and the region of Brussels wallonia
and the region of Enumerical the constitutional reforms of 1970 and
1980 that created the governments of Flanders, Wallonia
and the regions - and the constitutional reforms of 1970 and
1980 that created the governments of Flanders, Wallonia
and the region of Brussels wallonia
and the region of Brussels wallonia
and the region of Brussels wallonia
and the region of Flanders, Wallonia
and the region of Flanders, Wallonia
and the region of Brussels wallonia
and the region of Brussels

structures can be developed and the region of Brussels were and how the country's two main communities - Flemish and Francophone - can and should co-exist in the future.

This is clear proof that Mr Happart and his apparently absurd antics represent merely the flashpoint of a whole range of deeper fears, suspicions and guage laws - would sooner or of deeper fears, suspicions and guage laws - would sooner or grievances in this linguistically later have to be sorted out

and culturally divided nation.

Communal tension has been a constant in Belgian history since the state was established among the Liberal and Chrisin the early 1830s. However, the problems have been greatly exacerbated since the Second World War when Flanders in the North started to enjoy a level of economic prosperity which el of economic prosperity which stage in the reform process is neighbouring Wallonia in the south, burdened by a dispropor
It was Mr Martens' contentionate share of heavy and declining industries, has signally

The apparently absurd antics of village mayor Jose Happart (right) represent the flashpoint of deeper fears, suspicions and grievances in

a linguistically

and culturally

divided nation



doubtedly fuelled the pressure cutbacks, fiscal reform and a for a more federalist structure - mild dose of privatisation - smuld for the moment take priority over constitutional and control of 1970 and con community issues. However, while economic choices will obviously be put to the voter and will form a key element in the forthcoming campaign, most of the talk in Brussels at the moment is about the so-called Declaration of Revision to the Con-

Reaching agreement on what it would contain was the biggest challenge for the caretaker administration formed on Wednesday night by Mr Martens and comprising more or less the old team of ministers. Essentially, the Declaration is a list of the articles of the continuous and comprising more or less the old team of ministers. Essentially, the Declaration is a list of the articles of the constitution which the next Parliament (to be elected in December) is allowed to discuss. It does not represent a programme of action, rather a setting out of what will be on the negotiating table. The list contains issues like press freedom and greater civil liberties but one of the most contentious is likely to be education, divided in both communication is allowed. Important matters need the consent of a two-thirds majority of each language group. That is a formidable obstacle and explains why there is some talk at the moment of a future three-tian Democrats, Liberals and Socialists (or six-way, if you take into account their separate hallows). The chances are that Mr Haplar the self-tian political scene or that it will another account the self-tian political scene or that it will another account the self-tian political scene or that it will appear to the self-tian political scene or the se

school system. The negotiations this week between the various parties centred on the auxieties parties centred on the auxieties of the French-speaking Christian Democrats (the PSC) that any move to devolve education to the Walloon Regional Government could jeopardise the position of state funding for Catholic schools. Agreement to include the relevant article of the constitution in the Declaration was only achieved after the PSC was given the necessary as-PSC was given the necessary as-

The important question, however, is whether significant constitional reforms can now be achieved and whether the political instability which has been a feature of recent Relgian hisa feature of recent Belgian his-tory can be brought to an end. Optimists in Brussels hope that with the constitutional question firmly on the agenda question firmly on the agenda-and thus a priority for the next Parliament - a whole range of issues can be addressed which will provide scope for compro-mise on all sides. The problem of what to do about Mr Happart could be sorted out in the con-text of more closely defining the use of languages in Belgium, an area with distinct patches of grey at the moment. grey at the moment.

The realists point out, however, that under the constitution itself any changes have to be agreed by a two-thirds majority of both the Senate and the House of Representatives, while posterior the senate and the senat while particularly sensitive and important matters need the con-

onate share of heavy and de-lining industries, has signally iiled to match.

Economic developments un
The was Mr Martens' conten-tion, as indeed it was that of his contentious is likely to be edu-tiberal colleagues, that the cation, divided in both commu-fovernment's economic pro-gramme - notably budgetary and the private (Catholic)

The most that not disappeared from the Belgian political scene - or that it will another apparently marginal and insignificant fig-ure into prominence.

European companies 'supplied technology

SIX EUROPEAN companies, in SIX EUROPEAN companies, including one in the UK, illegally supplied sophisticated technology for a decade to the Soviet Union, helping it to produce nuclear weapons and upgrade naval equipment, a Norwegian police report alleged yesterday.

The report, drawn up after investigations into the export affairs of Kongsberg Vaapenfabrikk, Norway's state-owned arms-maker, also identifies Innocenti of Italy, Ratier-Forest nocenti of Italy, Ratier-Forest of France, and three West Ger-man companies, including Schiess Machine Tool of Dussel-dorf.

dorf.

It alleges that all six companies co-operated with Kongsberg now in the process of being dismantled, to export technology to the Soviet Union.

The allegations follow disclosures earlier this year that Kongsberg collaborated with Toshiba of Japan to supply the Soviet Union with computerised milling machinery. This allowed the Soviet Union to build submarines with quiet propellers which are difficult to detect.

The report also says that Kongsberg sold 139 numerical control systems to the Soviet control systems to the Soviet Union and two to China The technology gave the Soviet Union the ability to upgrade their control systems used in naval and nuclear equipment.

Yesterday, Mr Manfred Hanning, chairman of Schiess, said it was 'absolute rubbish' to suggest that his company's sales helped Moscow's nuclear arms efforts. Sales to the Soviet Union during the 1970s of machine tools fitted with Kongsberg control systems complied with regulations drawn up by Cocom, the Paris-based Western export authority, and had been given export licenses from the West German authorities.

The French company Ratier-

The French company Ratier-Forest went bankrupt in 1982. However, the French Foreign Ministry confirmed that the company had sold machine tools to the Soviet Union in vio-lation of Cocom rules lation of Cocom rules. Finsider, the Italian state

steel concern that owns Inno-centi Santeustacchio (INNSE), the Milan-based company, con-firmed that INNSE had export-ed heavily to the Soviet Union, but claimed there was nothing improper about the sales

Washington reacted strongly to the disclosure of Kongsberg and Toshiba's illicit sales to the Soviet Union, which breached

the Cocom rules.

Kongsberg and Toshiba have been temporarily barred from supplying technology to the US until officials decide whether to enforce a formal trade ban.

to Soviets'

Germany. Not so gilts, whose rise was the Milan-based company, confirmed that INNSE had exported heavily to the Soviet Union, but claimed there was nothing improper about the sales.

The other companies involved could not be reached for comment.

Not so gilts, whose rise was capped only by some judicious funding by the Bank of England. It may look odd to be taking liquidity out of the market when every other central bank is pumping it in, but there seemed a danger that gilts would overexcite

THE LEX COLUMN

A more orderly retreat

It is genuinely hard to know whether to take comfort or alarm from the behaviour of the alarm from the behaviour of the equity market yesterday. In happier times a fall of 110 points would be horrible, even if 85 points above the worst. On the other hand, the worst was a level of 1,749 on the FT-SE100, compared with Tuesday's lowest of 1,748. It could just be that a floor is discernible at the 1,750 mark.

Then again, it might be that

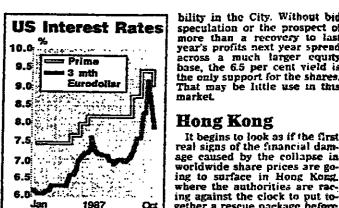
Then again, it might be that the market is able to stop itself only at big round numbers - at 300 points down on Tuesday, and 200 yesterday. The difference yesterday was that instead of being in free fall the market fought doggedly on the way down, producing a series of unsuccessful rallies before touching bottom. The result was an impression of reasoned retreat which was perhaps as worrying as the previous collapse. Then again, it might be that as the previous collapse. In keeping with this was a di-vergence between stocks and

sectors, though a clear pattern has yet to emerge. ICI took an-other hammering, falling by £1.20, but National Westminster £1.20, but National Westminster Bank, having reached a point where the prospective multiple was under 4.5 times, actually rose on the day. Meanwhile BP, down to a desperate 283p, hung round the institutional neck like a millstone. Perhaps all those private investors reputedly clamouring to buy the market will go a stage further and sonly will go a stage further and apply for the issue, but it would not do

for the issue, but it would not do to count on it.

London meanwhile remains sandwiched between Wall Street and Tokyo in a very uncomfortable way. Yesterday morning's fall in London was due both to the preceding weakness in Tokyo - followed through in London dealings of Japanese stocks - and the correct expectation of a weak rect expectation of a weak opening in New York Equities were preoccupied with events outside their time zone, unaf-fected by the rumours about in-terest rate cuts in the UK and

leading to a nasty reaction. Given the Bank's recent funding efforts it would probably be wrong to take the news as a signal that today's trade figures will be better than expected. There is even talk of a scarcity of gilts, should institutions now increase the fixed interest weighting of their portfolios



just as the PSBR vanishes. This is reminiscent of the early days of the first Thatcher government - a real triumph of hope

Harris Queensway The tale of woe at Harris Queensway seems to have as many episodes as Dallas. Yesterday's interim announcement carried the by now usual degree of drama in the news that full year profits will turn out at around £32m, the bottom of the £6m-wide range predicted in August. Even with the market crashing Harris' shares managed to underperform, falling 20 per cent to 122p.

It is tempting to argue that

20 per cent to 122p.

It is tempting to argue that this must be the turning point, if only because it is hard to envisage what else could go wrong. Beset by problems, the new management seems at last to be tackling the most urgent ones. If these latest arrivals on the board prove to be more able retailers than the previous ones and, one suspects, if Sir Philip Harris himself allows them to get on with it they have a fair chance of sorting things out eventually.

But it will take quite a time.

eventually.

But it will take quite a time.

The Queensway outlets will not have the right merchandise in stock until next spring, thus missing the vital Christmas and New Year trade. Poundstretchers' debacks. ers' debacle over Far Eastern clothing shows its buyers have a thing or two to learn. Rational-isation of some chains and expansion of others will mean-while take two or three years. It might be better to get rid of the loss-making electrical chain

Were your funds

bility in the City. Without bid speculation or the prospect of more than a recovery to last year's profits next year spread year's profits next year spread across a much larger equity base, the 6.5 per cent yield is the only support for the shares. That may be little use in this

Hong Kong It begins to look as if the first real signs of the financial dam-

ing to surface in Hong Kong, where the authorities are racing against the clock to put to-gether a rescue package before the local stock market reopens next Monday. It is clear that the suspension of trading had little to do with delays in processing the backlog of orders. butresnit-ed from a crisis in the local stock index futures market. The contract on the Hang Seng index allowed investors to play the local stock market for next to nothing and its popularity was reflected in a fifteen-fold was reflected in a fifteen-fold rise in trading volume over the last year. The slump in share prices has therefore left many local investors badly exposed. Many who are long of the futures market cannot afford to pay their margin calls, and those who are short may not get paid. The hope is that world share prices will recover sufficiently to prevent the forced liquidation of positions. But this is beginning to look like wishful thinking, and the authorities now face the danger of a self-feeding financial crisis a self-feeding financial crisis developing in the rest of the economy. Hong Kong is an ex-treme example of the problems which could surface in major fi-nancial centres unless care is exercised.

Banking alliances

There have been rumours in the past of mergers between European banks to help combat international competition from the Japanese and profit from the breakdown of financial barriers in the Furnment communiriers in the European communi-ty, and these are likely to gather pace following the news that Commerzbank of West Germany and France's Credit Lyonnais up to 10 per cent in each other. There are plenty of obstacles to such a move, including the obvi-ous fact that the French Governnow rather than spend valuable time getting it right. Fortunately the balance sheet looks in fair shape, even if cash flow is limited. During all of this the management also has to regain credi-

Optimism at US, Soviet Union arms talks

BY PATRICK COCKBURN IN MOSCOW

range nuclear weapons and decide the date for a summit between Mr Mikhail Gorbachev, the Soviet leader, and Mr Ronthe Soviet leader, and Mr Ronthe Soviet leader, and Mr Ronthe Soviet leader.

The treaty would be the first committing the superpowers to cuts in their nuclear arsenals.

THE US and the Soviet Union said last night they had made progress at the start of two days of arms control negotiations in Moscow between Mr Eduard Shevardnadze, the Soviet Foreign Minister, and Mr George Shultz, the US Secretary of State.

The two sides are trying to agree on final details of a treaty banning medium and shorter-range nuclear weapons and to decide the date for a summit between Mr Mikhail Gorbachev, the Soviet leader.

The treaty would be the first cord will be signed at a summit between Mr Shultz and Mr Shevardnadze described the talks as constructive, problem-solving and that they thought we had made good progress in today's meeting.

The same optimistic note was said that Mr Gorbachev would not go to Washington for a summit unless there was a substantive agreement on arms control.

Mr Shultz and Mr Mikhail Gorbachev and Mr G

a 50 per cent cut in the strategic nuclear missile forces Mr Shultz and Mr Shevardnadze reached agreement in
principle on the medium and
shorter-range treaty during
talks in September. The strong
political momentum for a summit in both the White House and
the Kremlin is likely to lead to
final difficulties being ironed final difficulties being ironed

Stewart Fleming reports from decide the date for a summit between Mr Mikhail Gorbachev,
the Soviet leader, and Mr Ronald Reagan, US President.
Mr Charles Redman, the US
State Department spokesman,

Mr Charles Redman, the US
State Department spokesman,

Description of the Soviet leader.

The treaty would be the first treaty and President Reagan's Strategic Defence Initiative (Star Wars).

Agreement on these two issues is critical for any treaty on

Sues is critical for any treaty on

Freeze farm export subsidies, says Hawke

Continued from Page 1

World Weather

MR BOB HAWKE, the Australian Prime Minister, yesterday urged the US and the European Community to freeze their farm produce subsidies on exports.

The freeze would be an initial step in a three-stage programme to be submitted next week to the committee negotiating a reform of world agricultural trade in the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade's (Gatt) Uruguay Round.

The plan is being put forward by 13 nations of the Cairns Group - an agricultural group formed last year under Australian leadership.

The plan raises again the demand for an 'early harvest' from the talks, to be achieved by the end of 1988. Mr Hawke staid. Argenting, Brazil and the Philippines are Cairns members.

The freeze called for in the Group's programme would include an agreement not to relate in supports which it beliance are Cairns members.

The freeze called for in the current distortions to free world trade in agriculture.

This objective is close to the current distortions to free world an agreement not to relate in agriculture.

The plan is being put forward by 13 nations of the Cairns Group.

Countries with onerous debts could comfortably trade out of their problems, if they could get a fair return for their farm pro-

would "call it quits" after retali-ation for Monday's US bom-bardment of Iranian oll plat-

However, the US is likely to

come under intense pressure from Kuwait and some other Ar-

ab Gulf states to act to deter Ir-an from threatening them fur-

The latest rise in Gulf tension

Iran missile damages Kuwaiti oil terminal

risks premium rate for cargoes on ships travelling to Kuwaiti or north Saudi Arabian ports. Underwriters said the move by the London war risks rating

news arrived of the Iranian mis-sile attack on the Sea Island oil

voking stronger retaliation.

Mr Mir Hussein Moussavi, Iran's Prime Minister, said on Wednesday that his country So per cent the minimum war wicks premium rate for cargoes

terminal.

Prospects gloomy for **BP** issue

Continued from Page 1 mours that the BP issue underwriters were seeking an exten-sion of the offer period in the hope this would provide more

tional shareholding base - may remain unfulfilled. Continuing stock market vola-tility has also prompted specu-lation that the £750m flotation

committee was a delayed re-sponse to recent Iranian attacks on tankers and was made before of Eurotunnel, the Anglo-French Channel tunnel concaused a 10 cent rise in oil Yesterday's price increase - prices, with North Sea Brent the first since September - puts crude closing in Europe at the cargo war risks rate at 0.75 the consortium co-chairman, jumped \$4.75 to close at \$471.5.

Analysis, Page 4

nope this would provide more time for recovery. This is understood to have been rejected because the closing date forms part of the underwriting agreement. To change it could throw the agreement open to renegotiation. Institutional investors in the UK and oversees are resigned.

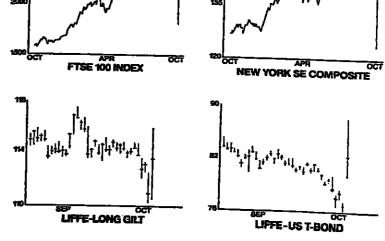
Institutional investors in the UK and overseas are resigned to taking up virtually the whole of their underwriting commitments. Analysts suggest that BP's price could suffer badly after the issue because overseas underwriters will offload unwanted stock into London. It therefore appears that two of the issue's principal aims - to widen share ownership in the UK and to extend BP's international shareholding base - may

Continued from Page 1

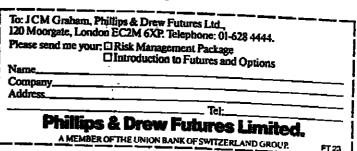
and the indationary pressure," said Ms Carol Stone, a senior economist at Nomura Securi-

had fallen sharply this year on fears about rising world inflation and offered a very attractheir equity portfolios deci-mated this week are now looking for a less high-risk home for their money. Having opened a touch lower. gilts took the lead from the posi-tive start in US Treasuries





If your company would like to receive a free copy of our Risk Management package, call Chris Graham on 01-628 4444 or return the coupon.



Specialists in Portfolio Insurance.

curity and peace of its people, said repeatedly that they are people of the region and of the entire world." Said repeatedly that they are under no obligation to come to entire world." under no obligation to come to the defence of Kuwait, and Iran The attack was particularly appears to have chosen not to worrying for Kuwait because it hit a US target for fear of pro-



cause of its support for Iraq in reveals unexpected accuracy by the Gulf war and because it initiated the recent American militate other economic targets in

tiated the recent American military build-up in the region by seeking US protection for its tankers, lodged a formal diplomatic protest with Tehran.

A foreign ministry official was quoted by the Kuwaiti News Agency (KUNA) as saying: "It shows Iran's scheming insistence on drawing countries not parties to the conflict into the war, which Iran insists on continuing without regard to the security and peace of its people.

Dollar accord

Continued from Page 1 lar fell, one or several central shared perception that the Lou-vre accord was threatened, then they would agree joint action. Such intervention, however, was not an automatic response to an exchange rate passing a pre-fixed limit. It is often the pre-tixed limit. It is often the momentum, the speed of change that counts, the source added.

Bilateral accords between central banks involved fairly broad bands, which might not be exactly the same on each but the issue had not been speed. side. That was apparent earlier

this year when Japan felt that banks would become uneasy.

There would then be wider consultations - usually on the telephone - and if there was a was still within an acceptable

range.
If there is a band it is not 2 per cent, 3 per cent, or 4 per cent. It is wider, a source said. Equally, however, central banks might decide to intervene on the basis of smaller shifts in the

Markets

World fixed interest markets tive yield. Psychologically-bat-tered investors who have seen

del in lite



SECTION II - COMPANIES AND MARKETS

FINANCIALTIMES

Friday October 23 1987

output at

American

THE THREE-WEEK strike by

black miners played havoc with un-derground production at Anglo

American's principal gold mines in

the September quarter, and the ef-

fects of the strike are expected to

persist to a greater or lesser extent

Worst affected was Western Deep

evels mine which suffered a 34 per

cent drop in underground ore pro-

duction against the June quarter.

The mine is particularly deep and

its long-wall slopes, designed to

advance almost non-stop to avoid

collapse at the working face, suf-

Management says that full pro-duction will only be achieved this quarter. Western Deep's mill

throughput for the September quar-

ter was supplemented by drawing

This has led some Johannesburg

mining analysts to predict further

by milling ore which has accume

lated on the surface, but analysts

believe the mine will be unable to

re-establish surface stocks fully be

Africa's largest and second largest

gold mines, increased their gold re-

covery grades and partially offset

losses in underground production.

Nonetheless, judging by the square metres mined in the June

and September quarters, Vaal

Kew Janua

Freegold and Vaal Reefs, South

fered considerable damage.

on surface ore stocks.

fore Christmas.

Anglo



... Citizen open new factory in Scunthorpe ... Tel: 0724 869494 to find out why ...

US GROUP STAGES THIRD-QUARTER RECOVERY

BankAmerica returns to black

BY OUR FINANCIAL STAFF

BANKAMERICA, the struggling San Francisco-based banking group, yesterday reported a third-

quarter.
The company, which last week finalised a big capital infusion from nine major Japanese banks, reported a net profit of \$54m, or 25 cents a share, in the quarter, compared with a loss of \$23m, or 24 cents, a

In the second quarter, BankAmerica had suffered a loss of \$1.14bn, or \$7.40, mostly due to a \$1.1bn spe-cial reserve against its Third World

Net credit losses in the latest quarter dropped to \$163m from \$237m last quarter and \$403m a

actual losses in the latest quarter, at \$163m, down from the record quarter profit and a reduction in its loan losses, loan loss provision and non-accrual loans from the previous from a \$376m provision a year ago.

The group said the loss reflected a one-time \$95m reserve set up to restructure the bank through asset

per cent a year ago. Non-accrual loans on September

\$4.05bn a year ago. Total assets rose slightly in the quarter to \$99bn from \$97bn last quarter but were still well below the \$114bn in assets a year ago.

First Interstate Bancorp, another West Coast banking group, posted

BankAmerica said it had taken a an unexpected third-quarter loss of provision for loan losses equal to its \$74.9m, or \$1.83 a share, against \$89.3m profits, or \$1.89, in the com-parable period last year.

The provision put BankAmerica's restructure the bank through asset reserve for loan losses at \$3.26bn, or sales and other actions. The continued high level of expenses associated with \$3.26bn, or 4.91 per cent on June 30, and \$2.17bn, or 2.74

Early retirement of debt in the third quarter also added to losses, 30 totalled \$4.62bn, down from the group said, but the loss would \$5.04bn on June 30, but up from be more than offset in subsequent be more than offset in subsequent quarters by savings on interest ex-

> First Interstate added \$116m to its loan loss reserves in the quarter, against \$150.5m for the correspond-

ing period in 1988. In the latest nine months the

group's losses totalled \$461,2m, or \$9.88, compared with profits of \$253.1m, or \$5.4, last year. The allowance for loan losses on September 30 stood at \$1.2bn, up from \$521m a year ago.

First City Bancorp, the Texas bank which was rescued last month in a \$1.5bn government bailout, slipped deeper into the red in the third quarter with a loss of \$108.4m. or \$3.38 a share, against a loss of \$47.9m, or \$1.56, last year.

Nine-month losses came to \$269.3m, or \$8.46, against \$265.2m, or \$8.44. As part of last month's bailout most of First City's poorquality loans are being transferred to a separate bank account in a move designed drastically to reduce the need for quarterly loan loss pro-

Renault seeks to build stake in Mack trucks difficulties over the Christmas peri

RENAULT, the French state-owne vehicle producer which recently withdrew from the US car market,

After six years of deep losses, Renault is due to report a solid profit

Seismic activity exacerbated the production losses at Elandrand.

Strike hits | TRI talks on Fermenta's assets deal break down

BY SARA WEBB IN STOCKHOLM

FERMENTA, the Swedish animal health and chemicals group, said yesterday that talks with Trans Resources Inc (TRI), the privatelyowned US holding company, con-cerning the sale of Fermenta's as-sets had broken down, chiefly be-cause TRI faced difficulties in raising the money for the deal.

TRI had wanted to acquire three of Fermenta's main business areas: and animal health unit in the US), a 68 per cent stake in Pierrel (the Italian antibiotics and pharmaceuticals ompany), and Cedar Chemical (an agricultural chemicals unit).

Negotiations between Fermenta and TRI have been under way since said. He added that in principle Feriga for SKr600m.

the summer. ment Fermenta said that TRI had pro-deal. menta would have accepted a cash

posed paying in the region of SKr1.3bn (S194m) for the assets, announcing last week that TRI would be prepared to pay entirely in cash. However, Mr Bertil Holmberg, Fermenta's managing director, said yesterday that TRI's proposal was not sufficiently attractive "in all its different ingredients" and that ne-gotiations between the two compa-nies had been called off. "certain" that Mr El-Sayed was not

The main factor behind the collapse in the deal is that TRI faced difficulties in obtaining a loan to finance the deal, due to problems in the US bond market, Mr Holmberg

lapse of the deal had anything to do with TRI's reputation or suspicions that Mr Relaat El-Sayed (the former chief executive of Fermenta who is now under investigation for alleged fraud and book-keeping crimes) was involved in the TRI

behind the deal.

Fermenta agreed last week to sell off its loss-making fermentation companies (apart from the one in Sweden) to Burns, Philp of Austral-

Singer suffers setback after costs increase

By Our Financial Staff

SINGER, formerly the world's bigbut which now concentrates on aerospace and marine electronic systems, reports third-quarter net earnings of \$18.2m, or 80 cents a share, against \$17.4m, or 77 cents.

But nine-month earnings of the US Stamford-based group, which spun off its furniture and sewing operations in July last year, totalled only \$12.8m, or 43 cents, after taking a \$45m pre-tax charge for higher than expected costs required to complete the development phase of three aerospace electronics pro-

In 1986, nine-month profits amounted to \$50.9m, or \$2.34. This excluded a \$31.6m gain from discontinued operations, a \$27.2m charge from accounting changes and a \$18m extradordinary credit. Revenues in the nine months in-

Chase plans to cut workforce by 1,000

BY ANATOLE KALETSKY IN NEW YORK

CHASE MANHATTEN, the second ter came from a \$50m tax benefit erately higher underlying profits for the third quarter.

both figures were distorted by large special gains and charges, making an accurate comparison difficult.

The bank said that, excluding the various special items, earnings in the latest quarter would have been The previous year's results also included about \$44m net in unusual

largest US bank group, has an connected with provisioning for nounced a plan to eliminate 1,000 Third World loans plus the purjobs mainly in its US domestic operations. The bank also reported moderately higher underlying profits

The change in pensions arrange Chase earned \$225m, or \$1.56 a ments produced a net gain of \$58m. share, after tax in the quarter, Partly offsetting these benefits was against net profits of \$138m, or a net charge of \$25m for the costs of \$1.55, the year before. However, the job-elimination programme announced yesterday.

The job cuts, which will be introduced mainly through a voluntary

early retirement programme, will bring to 5,100 the reduction in Chase's worldwide staff since the turing effort in July last year. Since then, the bank has closed geins less charges, suggesting a 50 hranches in New York City, three growth rate of about 14 per cent in the bank's underlying profits.

The special gains in the last quartions in 18 countries.

By Our New York Staff

has announced that it is seeking to increase its holding in Mack Trucks, the US maker of heavy

The French group, which earlier this year sold its controlling interest in American Motors to Chrysler, was said by Mark to be seeking to increase its 41.9 per cent stake in the company by a further 3 per

The announcement is the latest Reefs was almost entirely idled by in a string of stock purchases by the strike while Freegold's North division was similarly affected. companies in response to the collapse in Wall Street prices.

Buoyant Goodyear increases forecast

BY OUR NEW YORK STAFF

GOODYEAR, the world's largest same quarter last year. However, od when large numbers of black miners take their holidays. Generally, year-end underground production shortfalls are made up earnings estimate for the year to a record \$7 a share, or about \$400m.

The group, which restructured its businesses to fend off last year's takeover bid from Sir James Goldsmith, the Anglo-French financier, also confirmed that it had stopped seeking a buyer for its incomplete cross-country oil pipeline and would

instead finish its construction. The pipeline, from California to Texas, was ridiculed by Sir James as a costly diversification at the expense of Goodyear's tyre business. Goodyear, based in Akron, Ohio, said it earned \$178.7m, or \$3.13 a share, in the third quarter, against \$1823m, or \$1.68 a share, in the

tyre-maker, has reported a strong improvement in its profitability in \$113.1m special gain, against a gain the third quarter and increased its of only \$50.6m in the quarter just

In addition, Goodyear's share count has halved because of its buyback of stock to thwart Sir James.

The group has enjoyed higher elficiency in its core tyre business,

Net income for the nine months was \$603.9m, or \$9.78 a share, \$2.1m, or 5 cents, and \$1.6m, or 4 against \$236.9m, or \$2.18. Sales cents, for the prior quarter and nine were \$7,28bn against \$7bn. However, the 1987 figures include special gains from assets sold to fi-nance the stock buyback.

Cessna rally boosts General **Dynamics**

By Our Financial Staff

GENERAL DYNAMICS, the major US defence contractor, has reported an 11.5 per cent increase in thirdsults in its Cessna general aircraft unit and a lower income tax rate.

Third-quarter net earnings were \$111.5m, or \$2.62 a share, against Sales were \$2.48bn, an increase \$100m, or \$2.34 a year earlier. Sales of 7.7 per cent over the \$2.31bn of a rose to \$2.28bn compared with

Net profits for the first nine ficiency in its core tyre business, with operating income from tyres against \$273.6m, or \$6.41, in 1800. Nine-month sales rose to \$6.94bn from \$6.51bn.

The results include gains of months respectively from discontinued operations.

Cessna's operating loss narrowed to \$1.6m on revenues of \$95.2m.

Renault search for new shareholders, Page 30 creased to \$1.34bn from \$1.23bn. NORTH AMERICAN QUARTERLY RESULTS

			Net 4950698	1.00	74.983	Net brooms	73.7 m	42.10	l ————		
Third quarter	1987	1985	Not per share	10.26 Manda	t0.17	Net per stare	2.45	1.27	Third quarter	1987	1985
Revenue	27.5bp	\$ 27.6ba				BETAITE			Revenue	7.03ba	819.7 ₈₃
Net income	40.3m 0.41	78.9m 0.80	DOMESMON RESOURCE	3		Speciality retailer			Net income .,,	58.5m 1.42	38.2m 1.02
Mine months			Utility holding compan	<u> </u>		Third quester	1987	1966	Revesio,	3.02ba	2.45ba
Revenue	155m	225.2m	Third quarter	1967	1986	Reverse	1.29ba	1.26bn	Net income	186.3m	133.6m
Het per there	1.58	2.40	Revegge	900.	82L7=	Het income	51.56m 0.95	47.32m 0.67	Not per shere	4.34	3.56
ALLIED BANCSHARES			Not income	144.5m 1.62	127.3m 1.37	itine meethe			SASTHKLINE BECKMA		
Benking			Mine menths			Revenue	3.12be 123.47m	3.53m 184.63m	Pharmacouticals		
Third quarter	1987	1986	Not lecome	3.26bn 435.0m	2.940a 372.1m	Net per stere	2.27	1.93	Third quarter	1987	1986
Flevenus	•_	•_	Not per skare	4.62	4.05	NALCO CHERICAL			Revenue	1.10ba	956.4m
Not income	1164.2m	146.4m	FIRRMAN'S FUND			Chemicals			Net income	149.6m 1.18	134.0m 0.87
Not per there	†2.61	71.12	Insurance			Third quarter	1987	1985	Nine months		
Revenue	1240,9m	121.7m	Third quester	1967	1966	Revenue	216.9m	\$ 184.5m	Net income	3.13be 428.1m	2.70bn 373.7m
Het per uburo	5.80	10.52	Reveale	\$ 997.8m	***	Het income,,	20.3m	16.7m	Not per stare	3.36	242
1 Loss			Net income	233.5m	62.8m	Not per share	9.51	0.42	SOURCE		
AYON PRODUCTS			Net per share	3.71	8.85	Net income	611.2m 58.2m	547tn 47.6m	Phyrracouticals	_	
Tolletries, commetics			Not lacoute	35e 227.2m	2.7bn 148au	Not per abero,	1.47	1.21	Third quarter	1987	1986
Third quarter	1987	1986	Not per share	5.06	2.24	treasures.			Revealue	\$ 561.3m	\$ 460.5m
Povenue	\$05.4m	990.6m	OTE			INORTHROP Detence and aurospace			Net income	109.2m	83.9m
Kel Income	26.6m 0.37	30m 0.42	Talecommunications			Third quarter	1987	1986	Net per share	1.04	9.78
Net per stare Mine months			Third querier	1967	1986	1	3	\$ 1.26bn	Net income	1.56ba 273.8m	1,27ha 206.6m
Revenue	2.3ba 86.5m	2.01be 86.5m	,	3.21bo	\$	Net income	1.46bn 34.1m	1200n 130.3m	Not per shere	2.51	1.91
Net per share	1.23	1.28	Net income	297m	3.78bn 325m	Het per share	0.78	n/e	SHIPOSTRAND		
			Net per chare	0.86	0.95	Revenue	4.29ba	3.95ba	Aerospece, vehicle peris		
BANC OME Benicing			Revenue	11.5ba	11.1ba	Net income	58,3 m 1 <i>.27</i>	me.16 62.8	Third quarter	1987	1986
Third quarter	1987	1965	Het income	786m, 2.30	910m 2.74	1 Loss			Resease	\$ 334.4aa	\$ 348.5m
-	28,04bm	3 18.63ba	OFFICE SIGNAL			OLBI			Net income	14.46m	26.00m
Acsets .,,	64m	52.9m	Electronics, electrical eq	alpanent		Chemicals, metal produc	عبربيته بدا	ition	Net per share Nine months	0.77	1.07
Net per there	0.66	0.57	Third quarter	1987	1986	Third quarter	1987	1986	Revenue	967.4 ₅₂ 45.0m	1.04ba 58.90m
Revenue		153.3m			8	Ravanue	463.5m	\$ 411.7m	Het per share	2.40	3.04
Not income	142.2m 1.49	1,64	Net Income	390m 18.9m	301m 18.0m	Net income	14,9m	8.6m			
			Not per share	0.57	0.86	Net per chare	0.64	8.43	TRW Aerospecs, electronics		
BANCTEXAS GROUP Bankley			Revenue	1.18be	1.20m	Net income	1.43bn 61.6m	1.32bn 67.8m	Third guarter	1987	1986
			Het income	48.2m 1.70	55.9m 1.98	Net per shere	2.64	2.96		8	\$
Third quarter	1987	1988 \$	GOTAS-LARSEN			PUBLIC SERVICE ENTI	ENPRESE.		Not income	1.7bq 63.2m	1,43ba 40.5m
Assets	785.3m 117.1m	1.27bn 125.9m	Shipping		Į	Utility holding company			Net per share	1.04	0,57
Op. net income	11.23	157.5	Third quarter	1987	1986	Third quarter	1987	1986	Revenue	5.09bn 176.5m	4.49bn 172.7m
Revenue	_	-	Revenue	86.5m	\$ 41.9m	Revenue	S 1be	1.00bn	Het per chitte	2.91	2.88
Net income	163.8m 112.74	135.2m 175.94	Not income	竹曲	8.5m	Not income	159.3m 0.78	174.9m 0.87			
Net per share 1 Loss	11274	1/0.04	Not per chare	9.80	0.62	Mise meating			TRIBUNE Diversified media		
		_	Revenue	\$80,140	126.200	Revenue	3.2bn 443m	3.4ba 453.6m	Third quester	1987	1986
BAXTER TRAVENOL L		ries.	Not per share	51.1m 1.96	49.1m 1.88	Not per shero	2.18	2.38	<u>-</u>	8	\$
Drugs, hospital equipto			DIGERSOLL-RAND			QUAKER OATS			Revenue	535.0m 33.0s	496.7aa 123.45m
Third querier	1987	1966	Compression equipment			Careals and processed 5	oods		Net per share	0.42	1.53
Revokus	1,58ba	1.42ba	Third quester	1987	1986	First quarter	1986	1987	Reyerse	1.58bn	1.49bn
Net income	90m	51m	-	8		Revenue	\$ 1-27ba	5 960,3m	Net income	98.82=	271.51m
Not per shere	0.31	9.18	Not income	631.1m 22.3m	644.8m 20.2m	Net income	41.tm	33.2m	Net per siture	1.26	3.35
Revolue	4,57ba 233aa	4,22bn 129m	Het per sharo	0.45	0.29	Net per share	- F25	- 0.42	TEXAS ÇASTERIX		
Net per share	0.79	0.42	Mino months Revenue	1.80n	2.03bm	RYDER SYSTEM			Netural gas pipeline		
•			Not locome	64.3m 1.16	58.5m 1.13	Trucking			Third quarter	1987	1988
ERYSTOL RYERS			Net per share		1.10	Third quarter	1987	1986	Round	<u> </u>	8
Drugs			KELLOGG			Rayenue	1.16ba	976.6m	Net income	1.8m	19.2m
Third querier	1987	1986	Breekfest ceresis			Not income	52.7cm 0.65	47.7m 0.63	Net per share	9.03	9.36
D	3 1,38bs	\$ 1.25ba	Third quarter	1987	1986	Nine mostly	=		Revenue		
Revenue	200.2	173.9m	Reverse	1.01ba	889.Jan	Net income	3.39ba 141,4aa	2.79ba . 117.9m .	Net income	64.7m 64.7	*23.5m *8.44
Net per shere Nino months	0.70	0.61	Net Income	119.8m 8.95	102.8m 8.83	Not per size	1,78	1.54	* Loss		
Revenue	4,04bm	3.63ba	Net per sharb Mae months						CEMON CAMP		
Net income Net per share	535.6m 1.87	437.8m 1.54	Reference	2.885m 313.6m	2.52bm 248.5m	SCHERBIG-PLOUGH Pharmacoulistis		ļ	Forest products		
per com \$1141111111111			Not per share	253	2.01		4-0-	1988	Third questor	1987	1986
DENISON MINES			LOUISIANA-PACIFIC		 -	Third quester	1987 \$	8	_	\$	8
DERITOR MENSON .			Forest products		ļ	Revenue	664.2m	690.6m 62.3m	Revenue	563.3m 66.5m	515.9m 35,4m
Taird guarter	1987	1966	Third questor	1987	1995	Het lecome	73.8m 8.63	0.50	Not per stere,	9.77	0.50
	C\$ 110.3m	C15 97.5m	_	531.0m	8 407.4m	Mino meeting Revenue	2.04ba	1,80ba	Nine mouths Revocus	1.66be	1.51bn
1646400 *********************************	\$46,000	4.5m }	Net income	42.0m	22.25	Not income	261.2m	295.9m	Net income	149.56	1.19
	40 44	•0 577 l		4 44	444	Mai may alberra.	9.06	1.62	ild per chare	2.02	3.77

20th October, 1987



TAIO PAPER MFG. CO., LTD.

U.S. \$70,000,000

3½ per cent. Guaranteed Notes 1992

Warrants

to subscribe for shares of common stock of Taio Paper Mfg. Co., Ltd. The Notes will be unconditionally and irrevocably guaranteed by

The Nippon Credit Bank, Ltd.

Issue Price 100 per cent.

Yamaichi International (Europe) Limited

Nippon Credit International Limited

Pai-Ichi Europe Limited

Daiwa Europe Limited

Goldman Sachs International Corp.

Leu Securities Limited

LTCB International Limited Nomura International Limited

Morgan Grenfell & Co. Limited Norinchukin International Limited

Sanwa International Limited

Sanyo International Ltd.

J. Henry Schroder Wagg & Co. Limited

Swiss Bank Corporation International Limited

Taiyo Kobe International Limited

Westdeutsche Landesbank Girozentrale

INTL. COMPANIES & FINANCE

⊿ SHV SHV Holdings N.V. U.S. \$350,000,000

This announcement appears as a matter of record only.

Syndicated Loan Facility

Citicorp Investment Bank Limited

Lead Managers

Citibank, N.A. ● Credit Lyonnais Bank Nederland N.V. Amsterdam-Rotterdam Bank NV ● Bank of America NT&SA Bankers Trust Company

Bank of Tokyo (Holland) NV Barclays Bank PLC . Chemical Bank

Commerzbank Aktiengesellschaft • Credit Suisse N.V. Continental Bank S.A. Deutsche Bank Luxembourg S.A. Generale Bank SA/NV. . Kredietbank International Group Rabobank Curação N.V. Société Générale

Swiss Bank Corporation

Bank Mees & Hope NV ● BNP Bank N.V. ● Union Bank of Switzerland

Algemene Bank Nederland N.V.

Banque de Suez Nederland N.V.

Dresdner Bank Aktiengesellschaft
London Office

Participant

Daiwa Europe N.V.

Citicorp_Investment Bank Limited

August 25, 1987

CITICORP INVESTMENT BANK

NOBEL INDUSTRIES

through its subsidiary CASCO NOBEL

has acquired 73.6 percent of the share capital in

SADOLIN & HOLMBLAD

The undersigned initiated this transaction and acted as financial advisors to NOBEL INDUSTRIES.

HAFNIA

BANQUE PARIBAS



Transportes Aereos Portugueses E.P.

Refinancing of 1981 Tristar Loans

National Westminster Bank Group

Lead Managed by Chase Investment Bank Limited National Westminster Bank PLC

The Kyowa Bank, Ltd. The Mitsubishi Bank, Limited Sanwa International Limited Credit Lyonnais

Co-Managed by Kuwaiti - French Bank The Sumitomo Bank, Limited

Agent Bank & International Westminster Bank PLC

October 1987

Salomon collapses in third quarter

SALOMON, the large Wall Street investment firm that is straggling to regain control of its sprawling business, yesterday reported a collapse in earnings in the quarter to September due to weak revenues and higher costs in its securities trading operation.

The company, which last week aunounced deep cuts in worldwide staffing and operations of its Salomon Brothers securities subaldiary, reported not income of \$27m ar 18 cents a fully diluted share in the third quarter, against SALOMON, the large Wall

in the third quarter, against \$128m or \$2 cents a share in the 1986 September quarter.
The result is Salomon's sixth consecutive decline in carn-

ings in year-on-year compari-

son.

For the first nine months, salemon reported net income of \$216m or \$1.40 a share, which was under half the comparable 1986 result of \$425m or \$2.79 a share.

Mr John Gutfreund, chairman of Wall Street's largest firm, said earnings were here, higher costs and the diversion of management time to a strategic re-appraisal of the business.

rest.

"Although conditions in fixed income markets were somewhat less volatile in the period than in the second quarter, they still reduced financial activity on the part of tavestersand issuers," he said.

Revenues were down 45 per cent at Salomon Brothers.

But expenses were up more than 8 per cent, partly because of the firm's ambitious expansion in London and Tokyo.

Mr Gutfreund said that the re-appraisal, which would lead

re-appraisal, which would lead to the abandonment of some markets and a cut of about 800 jobs, "will have a significant impact on future results."

Renault to start search for partners

RENAULT, the French state-owned car manufacturer, is to begin its search for new share-holders and industrial part-ners in the wake of the finan-cial restructuring agreed this week by the Government. Mr Jacques Chirac, the Prime Minister, will introduce legislation on Wednesday to: return Renault to the status of

return Renault to the sixtus of an ordinary company, without the unlimited guarantee of the

The Government will, at the same time, wipe out FFri2hn (\$1.98bn) of the group's state debt, but has said that this is the last cash injection it will

The debt write-off is, however, less than Mr Raymond Levy, Renault's chairman, had hoped for and will still leave the company with a debt bur-den of FFr48bn.

den of FFF1489n.

Renault's access to the fihancial markets is limited, as
it wants to reduce this debt level, and it will therefore seek
industrial partners who can
provide it with capital retearres.

Jugot 10 per cent of the com-pany's capital is also expected to be opened up to employees by the end of 1989. Once the car maker has re-turned to normal company sta-tus - probably in January or February next year - it would February next year - it would legally have up to two years to restore its net asset value, neg-ative by FFr16.4bn at the end of 1986, to the black.

of 1986, to the black.

In fact, the group is expected to have reached break-even or a slightly positive net asset value by the end of this year, thanks to the FFr12bn of debt write-offs, about FFr1.5bn of extraordinary gains resulting from a harmonisation of its depreciation accounting, and showe all from the FFr3hn of above all from the Pfrihm of profits it is expected to make this year - the first after six years of losses. Renault had hoped, however,

for an additional cash injec-tion at the time of the restruction at the time of the restruc-turing from the state, which has committed up to a third of receipts from its sell-off pro-gramme to increasing the capi-tal of state-sector companies.

Mr Levy has been angered by the vigorous campaiga, punc-tuated with veiled resignation threats, led by Mr Jacques Cal-vet, chairman of Renault's do-mestic rival Pengeot, to limit the amount of fresh each given by the Government.

N.S. Finance Corporation N.V. U.S. \$15,000,000 Guaranteed Floating Rate Notes due 1987/8/9

by Nederla

cheepshypotheekhank N.V. For the three months 21st Octo-ber, 1987 to 21st January, 1988 the Notes will carry an interest

rate of 9%% per armum with a coupon amount of U.S. \$122.19 payable on 21st January, 1988.

Commerzbank considers Credit Lyonnais stake

is privatised.

In Paris, Mr Seipp also said that the German bank hoped for Commerciank, said the German of a very satisfactory result this bank aimed initially to take a 2 or 3 per cent stake on privatisation and later build up to 16 per than the record level of 1986. In-

The French bank, he said, was also considering taking a similar stake in Commershank to extend their present co-operation through the Europartners grouping.

This includes Banco Hispano

This includes Banco Hispano
Americano, in which Commerstants had also in the state-owned bank has a 10 per cent share-holding, and the state-owned Banco di Roma. The fiming of the French bank's privatisation is not yet clear, however.

A 10 per cent stake would cost the resent, it operates in the "hard core" of friendly there through a subsidiary commerzbank between jointly owned with Credit Lyon-nais.

Holding in the Sachs motor comunication group, and of the sale of part of the state's shares in Air France. Commerzbank is never the national airline.

Commerzbank in New partner, might apply for a stake in the "hard core" of friendly there through a subsidiary shareholders chosen by the Finance Minister before each privatisation to protect the compa-Commerzbank between DM300m and DM1bn (\$555m),

The co-operation within Europartners mainly concerns customer and technical services.

George Graham adds from Paris: Credit Lyonnais is one of the
keenest companies to be next
on the privatisation list in

COMMERZBANK, one of West

Germanys' three big commercant Commerchank and Credit Lyon.

cial banks, is considering taking nais would be in line with the Banque Nationale de Paris, large planned move within Europe to ger and, in the opinion of many a full common market in 1992.

In Paris. Mr Seine also In Paris, Mr Seipp also said that the German bank hoped for

Helping profits this year would be proceeds from the placement of shares in the German Linotype company and the holding in the Sachs motor company and the property concern

analysis, financially sounder.
Mr Edouard Balladur, the
French Finance Minister, has said he wants to privatise one of the remaining nationalised banks by March next year, if market conditions permit.

terest and commission income The privatisation programme had risen, but so had staff and has, however, been set back by the turnoil in the stock markets

this week.

The minister has already annonnced the postponement of the planned privatisation of Ma-tra, the defence and electronics

nance Minister before each pri-vatisation to protect the compa-ny against raiders.

These stakes are usually lim-

ited to a maximum of 4 to 6 per cent, however.

Girozentrale plans share issue to raise Sch200m

GIROZENTRALE, Austria's second-largest bank, will for the
first time issue participation
shares as part of the bank's
plans to raise its share capital.

The first tranch of shares,
worth a nominal value of
Sch200m (\$15.7m), will be offered to the public between Nowember 4 and December 11.

The nominal value of each
share is set at Sch100. The issue
will be priced at Sch300 per
share.

Unlike the other Austrian

banks, which are state owned
with some facing partial sell-off
as part of the Government's pristation programme, Girozentrale is owned by the country's
rozentrale has not been listed
on the Vienna Stock Exchange.

Depending on the response to
the launching of these participation shares, which will be
as part of the Government's pristation programme, Girozentrale is owned by the country's
rozentrale has not been listed
on the Vienna Stock Exchange.
Depending on the response to
the launching of these participation shares, which will now, Girozentrale has not been listed
on the Vienna Stock Exchange.

Girozentrale plans to launch a
second tranche, prebably in

Nordstjernan earnings double after reshape

NORDSTJERNAN, Sweden's nancial items) reached largest privately owned company which has interests in construction, specialty steel, shipping, retailing, engineering and services, reported that eightmonth profits had more than doubled.

The group has been extensively restructured and all areas reported higher earnings. Avesta, the specialty steel apart from shipping where the previous year's figures had been boosted by capital gains cial items at SK:204m, while from the sale of ships.

Munich Re lifts dividend

MUENCHENER Rueckversicherungs-Gesellschaft (Munich low this level.
Re), the largest West German reinsurance company, is increasing its dividend on the end of June. Munich Re posted 1986-87 business year to DM10 a net profit of DM56.6m (\$31m) from DM9, Our Financial Staff in 1986-87.

Philips takes 98% of US subsidiary

PHILIPS, the Dutch electronics group, has received tenders for 11.8m shares of North American

Philips of the US, Our Financial Staff writes. It now owns 96 per cent of the total 29m issued and outstand-ing shares of its US consumer ing snares of its US consumer electronics subsidiary. Mean-while, a public offering of 15m shares of Polygram, Philips' ful-ly owned subsidiary, has been postponed following this week's turnoil on Wall Street.

The company expects its re-and A.P. Moeller, the Danish shipping, oil and gas prospec-

Munich Re has paid a consults in the current business stant dividend of DM9 a share year, which ends on June 30 virtually since the end of the 1988, to match earnings in the Second World War. Only in 1986-87 period.

REPUBLIC OF FINLAND

nt accordance step the towns and constroors of the Notes, notice is hereby given that for the twelve months period from October 22, 1997 to lottober 24, 1998, the Notes will carry an interest rate of 9,90 per cost (Inchesive 0.15 per cost. correlat.)

Tiaereborg to split into separate units

A BIG reconstruction of Denmark's Tjaereborg travel organ-isation, Tjaereborg Gruppen which includes the charter airline Sterling Airways, the Tja-ereborg travel agency, airline catering services, time-sharing projects in Spain and a hotel chain in Austria - has been an-

Mr Leif Krogager, founder of the travel group which first of-fered sun-starved Danes cheap packages to Spain in the 1950s, said he planned to hive off Tja-ereborg into three separate

steroog into three separate units.

Sterling Airways, which carries about 800,000 passengers a year to charter destinations in southern Europe for Tjaereborg and other travel agencies, is to be sold to a group of Danish and Swedish investors headed by Mr Einar Lundt, a former Ster-ling Airways pilot and the air-line's present administrative director.

The Copenhagen-based Aero-chef airline catering organisa-tion is to be sold to an as yet unnamed British group, while the travel bureau; Denmark's second-largest package tour op-erator, is to be reorganised and sold to a new manage

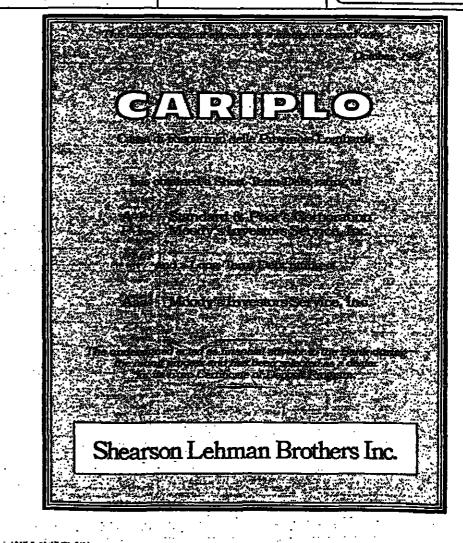
tor, Mr Jens Veino.

The sale price for the entire deal has not been officially revealed, but analysts here put it at about DKrlbn (\$144m). The Tjaereborg group is estimated to have an annual turnover in the region of DKr3.5bu, half of this figure coming from Sterling

Airways. Scandinavian Airlines (SAS)

BRITANNIA **BUILDING SOCIETY**

In accordance with the terms and conditions of the Notes, notice is hereby given that for the three snorths interest Period from (and including) 22nd October, 1987 to (but excluding) 22nd January, 1988, the Notes will carry a rate of interest of 10,2875 per cost, per summ. The relevant Interest Payment Date will be 22nd January, 1988. The Coupon Amount per £10,000 will be £298.59, payable against surronder of Coupon Not. 5.





IMPALA PLATINUM, South Africa's second largest platinum producer, is to raise R300m (\$146.5m) from shareholders to help finance a new R406m mine. Construction is due to start

early next year, with the first metal to be produced early in 1990. Production is scheduled to reach 100,000 ounces of platinum a year by early 1991.

num a year by early 1991.

In Johannesburg yesterday, Mr Don Ireland, Impala's managing director, declined to disclose details of planned ore production rates and operating costs. He said, however, that, based on a platinum price of \$460 an ounce assumed to increase in line with inflation, the investment in the mine was expected to generate an internal real rate of return of 8 per cent. The dividend yield to shareholders would be less than this. The new mine, to be called Karee, lies between Rustenburg Karee, lies between Rustenburg Platinum's Rustenburg mining section and Lonrho's Western section and Lonrho's western Platinium mine. As it is not adja-cent to Impala's mining operations in the black home-land of Bophuthatswanz, its capital cost cannot be set off

Karee is estimated to have about 130m tonnes of Merensky reef reserves containing an average of 5.5 grams per tonne of combined platinum group metals. A further 180m tonnes of ore are estimated on the UG2 reef grading an average of 5.3 g/

Initially, production will come from shallow declines sunk from the surface to exploit the UG2 reef. But, within two years, output is planned from a vertical shaft sunk in the cen-tral part of the mine where: grades are richer than the aver-

Mr Ireland said yesterday that Impala's customers had in-dicated they would buy the ad-ditional metal and added that Karee's production would even-tually be raised to 300,000 oz a year to make good declines at Impala's existing mines.

Details of the issue are expected to be disclosed in November. The issue will consist of a new "S" ordinary shares, which are differentiated from the ex-isting ordinaries as the Comprehensive Anti-Apartheid Act prevents American investors from investing in new South AfChris Sherwell on the outlook for a Brisbane-based mining house

Hilton looms tall in MIM strategy

Hilton, but there's no mountain and it's not a hotel. It is an unand it's not a notel, it is an in-derground mine being devel-oped in the sweaty heart of Queensland, near a town with boundaries the size of Switzer-

Ind.

It is also a major hope of the future for MIM Holdings, the Brisbane-based international mining house whose existing operation at Mount Isa, even after 60 years, is the world's largest of the state of the st gest single mine producer of silver and lead and one of the top

five for zine and copper.

A senior MIM geologist says:

For anyone else the Hilton would be a bonanza. Next to the

would be a bonanza. Next to the Mount Isa mine, it is simply another remarkable resource."

The Hilton deposit has 8m tonnes of proven silver, lead and zinc ore reserves, and 41m tonnes of probable reserves. By comparison the Mount Isa mine has 42m tonnes of proven silver, lead and zinc ore reserves, and 5m tonnes of probable reserves. Happily for the 27,000-strong 5m tonnes of probable reserves.

Happily for the 27,000-strong
Mount Isa community, the Hilton is only one of MIM's causes
for optimism about the future.
Deeper, beneath the present
mine which dominates the
town, is a vast copper resource
equalling the deposit which has
been mined so productively
since the 1950s.

MIM's total proven reserves of

MIM's total proven reserves of MIM's total proven reserves of copper now amount to 65m tonnes. Probable reserves are put at 60m tonnes, with a further 22m tonnes of possible ore. The mine has already processed some 113m tonnes of

copper ore.
Then there are MIM's moves Then there are MIM's moves to become involved in the marketing and trading of metals, as well as their extraction. Through its links with Asarco of the US, Cominco and Teck of Canada, and Metallgesellschaft of West Germany, this expansion has given the group global significance.

According to Warburg Securi-

According to Warburg Securi-ties, MIM and its partners now have influence over 26 per cent of the free world's lead produc-tion, 24 per cent of silver, 21 per have influence over 26 per cent of the free world's lead production, 24 per cent of zinc and 13 per cent of be floated in a new company copper.

itself is so fine-grained it needs a new technology to exploit it, MIM is in the process of select-ing a partner to help develop

The group has also sought to diversify its activities outside

base metals. In the early 1980s it that the group's achievements invested A\$1.3bn (US\$928.5m) in mine development and techlarge-scale coal production at nology have come at the extonnes a year. MIM's coal revenues are currently the same or larger than those from copper, silver, lead and zinc.

The work a tagastation of the market.

MIM, it is said, was mistaken to move into coal, has taken on too much debt and has suffered

silver, lead and zinc.
In gold, MIM has a one-third mine in Papua New Guinea, which will produce more than

three open-cut mines in Queen- pense of modern management siand with a capacity of 10m and skilful adjustment to the va-

in goid, MIM has a one-third unnecessarily badly from the interest (with Renison and Placer Pacific) in the large Porgera mine in Paoua New College

prowess. One has only to see the



Mount Isa – the world's largest single mine producer of silver and lead and one of the top five for zinc and copper

first five years of operation af-

copper.
Over in the Northern Territory, moreover, at MacArthur River, MIM has another deposit of
silver, lead and zinc. At more
than 250m tonnes, it is far bigger than either the Mount Isa or
Hilton mines. Although the ore
Hilton mines. Although the ore
Hilton mines. Although the ore
1888. second mine and an overall target output of 55,000oz a year by
1988.

Heves it has a winner with its
new "Isasmelt" refining process
for lead and copper.
The cost picture.

Attractive because they could be converted into shares, these raised US\$125m and A\$125m, and were used to reduce bor-Isa mine to appreciate the achievement represented by its

from A\$2.1bn in June last year to some A\$1.7bn currently. Sir Without the large-scale open-Bruce says he would like to see the figure down to A\$1bn. He would also like to see a restoping underground mining technique developed at Mount Isa, the mine would not be what contained in a subsidiary, Car- Isa, the mine would not be what pentaria Gold, MIM has anit is today. The group also benounced the development of a lieves it has a winner with its duction in state government charges, especially in freight, so that the group's international

Despite all these notable developments, MIM has something just as it has been for other Australia, csp. especially in Australia, csp. Markets for coking coal where some 80 per cent of its and steaming coal are over-sup-shareholders reside. One common complaint is users and new competition from

First-half advance in profits at Kao The impact on MIM is demon strated by the fact that an in crease in the coal price of US\$1 per tonne would boost the

group's annual sales by A\$14m.

This sensitivity is just as marked with the metals. An in-

crease of one US cent per pound in the world price of cop-per would add AS6m to annual revenues. For lead and zinc the

figures are A\$5m and A\$4m. This helps to explain the vola-

tility of MIM's share price and its high trading volumes. The

company offers a reliable way for investors to secure exposure

effects of a weakening Austra-lian dollar than it loses in im-port costs and debt repayments.

But poor metals and coal prices undermined these gains

as the Australian dollar weak-

To compound the difficulties,

a new accounting standard, obliging companies to recognise unrealised foreign exchange losses in the profit and loss account instead of amortising them, caused MIM to write off

A\$545m in the most recent fi-

To Sir Bruce Watson. MIM's

59-year-old executive chairman,

rowings.

Total debt has been reduced

competitiveness might be fur-

In productivity terms, on the

other hand, the improvement is clear. Compared to 20 years ago.

MIM is producing more than twice the copper, three times the lead, three times the silver and 10 times the zinc

ther improved.

strengthened.

By Stefan Wagstyl in Tokyo

KAO CORPORATION, a leading Japanese maker of detergents, cosmetics and disposable nappies, yesterday announced a 19 per cent increase in interim pre-tax profits to Y14.22bn (\$98.3m).

Turnover in the six months to the end of September rose by 11.5 per cent to Y236.5bn, thanks in part to strong sales of thanks in part to strong sales of Attack, a biological washing powder which is winning market share from conventional detergents. Sales of Sophina face creams and of disposable nappies were also up sharply. Higher sales resulted in improved operating margins, which also benefited from lower commodity chemical costs. to the metals markets. But such vulnerability is a problem, and one which is exaggerated further by movements in the Australian dollar's exchange rate. Generally speaking, the group gains more through the revenue effects of a weekening Australia. which also benefited from low-er commodity chemical costs. Kao is raising its interim divi-dend from Y3.75 to Y4.10 a share and forecasts a Y8.20 pay-out for the year. The group esti-mates profits for the full year will be 16 per cent higher at Y30bn on sales of Y485bn, an in-crease of 10 per cent. ly, although copper, lead and zinc prices have improved in re-cent months, the currency has

Kubota to buy **US** computer group stake

By Our Financial Staff

KUBOTA, Japan's leading maker of agricultural machinery, is diversifying further into high technology with a \$25m investment in a US project to develop what it said would be a high-speed next-generation the change is inappropriate for a company with a natural hedge of overseas revenues to offset its foreign borrowings and with a strong cash flow.
As for the debt picture, this has improved, thanks to two successful issues of subordinated convertible bonds in May.

computer.
It will take a 20 per cent stake in Mips Computer Systems, a venture company set up by scientists including professors from Stanford University. Mips has specialised in the design of central processing units for use by engineers and industrial de-

signers. Kubota, a key supplier to the Japanese engineering and con-tracting industries through its iron pipes and building materials divisions, will have exclusive sales rights in the Far East and South-East Asia for the 32-bit computer.

In addition it will next year become the Japanese manufacbecome the Japanese manufac-turer of the existing Mips com-puter range. The direct invest-ment in Mips, totalling \$22.6m, will make it the company's lar-zest shareholder.

THORNTON

THORNTON MANAGEMENT (ASIA) LTD. - Offshore Mutual Funds -

After the closing of the Hong Kong Stock Exchange and the volatile price movements on other Stock Markets worldwide, the Directors of the following mutual fund corporations. advised by the Managers, have suspended all dealing in the following offshore mutual funds until further notice.

It is intended to make a further announcement when dealing

Thornton Tiger

Thornton Hong Kong & China Gateway

Thornton Oriental Income

Thornton Little Dragons Thornton Eastern Crusader

Thornton Pacific Investment Fund S A

Thornton Japan

Thornton Pacific Technology

Thornton Kangaroo

Thornton Golden Opportunities Thornton International Opportunities

21st October 1987



Floating Rate Notes Due 1996

In accordance with the provisions of the Floating Rate Note, notice is hereby given as follows:

:September 11, 1987 to Interest Period

March 11, 1988 (182 days) :87/16% per annum Rate of Interest

Coupon Amount: US\$4,265.63 per denomination (US\$100,000,00)



U.S. \$150,000,000 Floating Rate Depositary Receipts Due 1992 issued by Bankers Trustee Company Limited evidencing entitleme to payment of principal and interest on deposits with BANCA NAZIONALE DELL'AGRICOLTURA S.A. Notice is hereby given that for the Interest Period 21st October 1987 to 21st April 1988 the Rate of Interest is 9½ per cent. per annum.

The Interest Amount payable on 21st April 1988 will be U.S. \$4,829,17 in respect of each Receipt. Agent Bank: Canadian Imperial Bank of Commerce
LONDON BRANCH

October, 1987

NEW ISSUE

This announcement appears as a matter of record only.

October, 1987



SENKO CO., LTD.

U.S.\$40,000,000

3½ per cent. Guaranteed Bonds 1992

Warrants

to subscribe for shares of common stock of SENKO Co., Ltd. The Bonds will be unconditionally and irrevocably guaranteed by

The Mitsubishi Trust and Banking Corporation

ISSUE PRICE 100 PER CENT.

Daiwa Europe Limited

Bayerische Vereinsbank Aktiengesellschaft

LTCB International Limited

Morgan Grenfell & Co. Limited

Salomon Brothers International Limited

Taiyo Kobe International Limited

Universal (U.K.) Limited

Wirtschafts- und Privatbank

Chuo Trust International Limited

DKB International Limited

Mitsubishi Trust International Limited

Sanwa International Limited

Sumitomo Finance International

Tokai International Limited

Daiwa Europe Limited

Marusan Europe Limited

County NatWest Limited

Kleinwort Benson Limited

Morgan Grenfell & Co. Limited

Sanyo International Limited

S.G. Warburg Securities

NEW ISSUE

This announcement appears as a matter of record only.

RYODEN TRADING COMPANY, LIMITED

U.S.\$30,000,000

3½ per cent. Guaranteed Bonds 1992

· with

Warrants

to subscribe for shares of common stock of Ryoden Trading Company, Limited The Bonds will be unconditionally and irrevocably guaranteed by

The Mitsubishi Bank, Limited

ISSUE PRICE 100 PER CENT.

Mitsubishi Finance International Limited

Crédit Lyonnais

Mitsubishi Trust International Limited

Mixed response to black box trading

Leo Melamed, special counsel itself has implicitly acknowlto the Chicago Mercantile Exchange, triumphantly declared
when he unveiled the exchange's planned electronic link with the Singapore International Mercantilla acknowltional Mercantilla acknowlto the Chicago Mercantille Exchange, triumphantly declared
when he unveiled the exwhich established a pioneering
link with its Reuter link,
which established a pioneering
link with the Singapore International Mercantilla acknowlto the Chicago Mercantille Exchange, triumphantly declared
when he unveiled the exchange's planned electronic
link with the Singapore International Mercantilla acknowltional Mercantilla acknowlto the Chicago Mercantilla acknowltional Mercantilla ac tradingsystem over a month ago. tional Monetary Exchange.

But not everyone in Chicago's The implications for the fu-But not everyone in Chicago's

The implications for the futight-knit futures and options tures trading community are community shares Mr Me- enormous. In spite of an enlamed's evident enthusiasm for dorsement of the Reuter agreement of the Reuter agreement of the Reuter agreement.

black box trading.
Mr Melamed calls the CME's agreement with Reuters, led by Mr Glen Renfrew, a "marriage of technology to open outcry." The offspring, to be called the Post (Pre) Market Trade system, is a screen-based trading system which will function during the hours of the day that the CME's

pits are closed.
Under the agreement, an automated dealing system being developed by Reuters will be used for out-of-hours trading.
The CME will have exclusive rights to the system for all ifrights to the system for all it-scontracts, but Reuters may al-so reach similar agreements with other markets in contracts which are not competing with the CME's.

The precise mechanisms and regulatory implications of the arrangement have still to be gone into. But it has set ex-changes of all kinds around the world thinking about how best they should compete for business in markets which - as this weeks events have shown - are more than ever global in nature. Competitors such as London's International Commodities tronic trading, thus ending the time-honoured face-to-face open outcry system.

The move towards a 24-hour, global marketology in the face-to-face open outcry system.



to-one vote earlier this month, some are still fearful that it will presage round-the-clock elec-

global marketplace in the fu-tures industry is just one of the An alternative route to capturing the global market is sues the exchange faces. The new system, which is slated to through links between exchanges. But these have proved very difficult to establish and to have limited, if any, success, industry and the growth of off-

tures trading community are tem augmenting the existing enormous. In spite of an endorsement of the Reuter agreeduring the day in Chicago's pits. The implications for the further trading community are tem augmenting the existing enormous. In this respect, he believes the

Mr Glen Renfrew, managing director of Reuters, and Mr Leo Me-lamed, special counsel to the Chicago Mercantile Exchange

exchange has a valuable product. We have the huge liquidity and open interest here in Chicago to create a basis for our mar-ket worldwide, he said. On the other hand, many in-

dustry observers believe the development of electronic trading man at the Chicago Board of the start-up of a rival open outcry. There is no question that within 10 years everything will be done on computer," + forecasts Mr David Isbister, a CME local.

Previous attempts to move fulling and very unprofitable."

Mr Karsten Mahlmann, chairday, apparently undented by the start-up of a rival open outcry cry contract at New York's Coffee. Sugar and Cocca Exchange "You can't expect a system to make a market." Mr Con Lenan, the Fox marketing manager underlines, "the system should support the market."

opened in October 1984, but the exchange has yet to take off.

Ironically, Mr Tom McKiernan, Intex's new president, is a bid and ask spread is not likely firm believer in open outcry, calling it the most efficient way to run a market. His conviction comes, he says, from experience of Intex's problems in attracting liquidity to an electronic fear computer trading will be a computer to take off.

Out of the computer trading will be a computer to take off.

Without the local to provide liquidity to screen trading, the and ask spread is not likely to be as tight as it is in a well computer to be a computer to take off.

publicity being given to electronic trading as a fall-out from such as rubber and wool to the CME's move. Mr McKiernan trade alongside white sugar furegards it as a leap forward for tures. That contract has attractive industry, but foresees the ed an increasing amount of inday when the industry becomes terest since its inception at the totally electronic as "awfully end of July and is currently boring and very unprofitable."

Mr Karsten Mahimann, chairday, apparently undented by the startup of a rival open out.

"THE FUTURE of futures," Mr when they have been The CME exchange products. "We could three trading onto a computer foresee abandoning a market Leo Melamed, special counsel itself has implicitly acknowlighnore technology and become a screen have met with less than where traders meet face to face to the Chicago Mercantile Exercise the discussion of the Chicago Mercantile Exercise the could three trading onto a computer foresee abandoning a market discussion of the chicago Mercantile Exercise to face. The CME exchange products were could three trading onto a computer foresee abandoning a market discussion of the chicago Mercantile Exercise to face to face. The CME exchange products were could three trading onto a computer foresee abandoning a market discussion of the chicago Mercantile Exercise to face to face. The CME exchange products were could three trading onto a computer foresee abandoning a market discussion of the chicago Mercantile Exercise to face to fa tions.

da-based Intex was hailed as local trader who he asks if the world's first wholly electoral trader who trades for his he is not advocating the replacement of open outcry with a opened in October 1984, but the local trader who trades for his he is not advocating the replacement of open outcry with a opened in October 1984, but the in an electronic marketplace. Without the local to provide litter augmenting the existing translated as a property of the local trader who trades for his opened in October 1984, but the in an electronic marketplace. Without the local to provide litter than augmenting the existing trader who trades for his opened in October 1984, but the in an electronic marketplace. Without the local to provide litter than augmenting the existing the local trader who trades for his opened in October 1984, but the in an electronic marketplace. Without the local to provide litter than augmenting the existing the local trader who trades for his opened in October 1984, but the in an electronic marketplace. Without the local to provide litter than augmenting the existing the existing the local trader who trades for his opened in October 1984, but the in an electronic marketplace. Without the local to provide litter than augmenting the existing the

to run a market. His conviction comes, he says, from experience of Intex's problems in attracting liquidity to an electronic marketplace.

Mr McKiernan is now charged Mr Mahlmann argues.

Similarly, some observers morning. Prices falls average morning morning. Prices falls average morning morning. shares in Toyko, prices in the usually volatile market in the instruments collapsed in mid-

rection. He is hoping the exchange can use its existing technology to service the futures industry rather than compete with established exchanges. This could involve trading other exchanges' products when they are closed. At the same time, he is discussing listing Intex's products on an exchange where they could be traded in open outcry.

Mr McKiernan disputes that Intex, which currently trades two stock index contracts and Ocean Freight Rate futures, has been a failure. To was five years the offits its at the same time, he is discussing listing Intex's products on an exchange where they could be traded in open of the others and the stablished exchanges. Trading System — and currently trades several financial contracts alongside wool futures. But there were also reports of trades several financial contracts alongside wool futures. But there were also reports of dealers clearing out lines of warrants.

Two types of funds buy equity warrants: small highly-geared warrants as a proxy for the underlying equity. Apparations.

UK institutional funds which use the warrants as a proxy for the underlying equity. Apparently, some fund managers have also attempted to reduce the weight of Japanese theres in their portfolios because they have become concerned that the percentage falls on the Tokyo Stock Exchange have not matched those on other markets. been a failure. It was five years ahead of its time, he says.

Intex's cause is, of course, similar system has been so good helped by the current welter of that the exchange is consider-

As an example, warrants into shares of Fujitsu, the communications equipment and electronics company, dropped from 57 to 40, while the parity value of the warrants as indicated by the Tokyo close was 53.

Amid the uncertainty, two fur-

ther new equity warrants issues were postponed: a \$100m five-year issue for Kele Teito Elec-tric Railway through Nomura and a \$30m issue for Matsuyadenki through New Japan Securities.

ties.

Renewed worries about shares on Wall Street and further cuts in prime rates by US banks helped set the US Treasury market on an upward course yesterday afternoon. The

London trading halted in

Japanese equity warrants

THE LONDON market in Japanese equity warrants halted bond rallied by more than 1% trading early yesterday afternoon as it was overwhelmed with sell orders.

After opening broadly firmer in line with the committee in an almost complete absence. in line with the overnight iming an almost complete absence provement in the underlying of retail support. Prices were shares in Toyko, prices in the marked up % to 1 point.

> KLEINWORT BENSON LONS-DALE, holding company for the UK merchant bank, yesterthe UK merchant bank, yester-day raised \$185m through a privately-placed fleating-rate note issue. Combined with the company's £145m rights issue now in progress, the company will have an additional £250m of additional capital, bringing its total capital resources to

The notes, placed with insti-tutional investors by Credit Suisse First Boston, have a 18year maturity. They count as secondary capital. The interest margin was not disclosed.

Mr Michael Hawkes, chair-man, said the additional capi-tal "puts Kleinwort Benson in a strong position to develop its business."

Illustrating the widening of spreads, the World Rank's 10-year issue maturing in 1997 was traded at a spread of 35 to Treasuries, although this may have exaggerated the movement somewhat. On Wednesday, the spread was about 80 and last week it was around 66.

The increased prospect of re-cession, or at least of a growth slowdown, in the US which has been brought about by the collapse in stock prices continues to provide an underpinning for the bond markets.

The size of personal holdings of equity in the US means that the stock market fall there, which will reduce per capita wealth by about \$4,000, will have a more significant impact on consumption than in other

benchmark 30-year bond was up more than 24 points at the En-ropean close, with its yield fall-fell for example have calculat-tober 20, 1988.

ed that the impact of the crash could lead the economy to shrink in the fourth quarter of this year and the first quarter of next, before growth starts to pick up again. Two consecutive quarters of negative growth in the US is defined as a recession.

Nevertheless, worries that a falling dollar will result if lower interest rates are engineered in the US to prevent the oaset of recession will underpin con-cern about the Treasury mar-

Furthermore, the volatility of recent days in both bond and stock markets implies that investors will require some kind of compensation for the increased market risk they undertake in holding the instruments. This suggests that a steeper yield curve in fixed-rate dollar bonds will persist for some

The Epro-DM market was steady in the morning, gaining by about ½ point, but rallied along with New York in the af-ternoon, gaining a further ½ point in the eight to 10-year ma-

By contrast, the West German government bond market ended the day generally easier as the market attempted to consoli-date after its recent sharp movements.
In Switzerland, the foreign

market ended the day barely changed, while the domestic market was steady in light volume. Japanese equity issues came under pressure in both D-marks and Swiss francs in the

The Canadian province of Sastchewan launched a SFr100m 10-year non-callable issue through Credit Suisse priced at par and carrying a 5% per cent coupon. The latest grey market price was less 1% bid.

price was less 1¼ bid.

In London, Eurofima, the Swiss-based rolling stock company, launched a CS75m three-year issue carrying currency warrants through Deutsche Bank Capital Markets. It carries a 10% per cent coupon and an issue price of 112.98. The warrants entitle the holder to buy sterling with US dollars on Oc-

Concern over record option exercises

prices following this week's

harp declines. Stock Exchange transactions in contracts on Tuesday, including grammes

Put options provide the bayer the account period which ends new peaks on US Treasury bond execute.

NEW ISSUE

London market since the optons nowever, will be lored natural rinantial rina vember 2 - the same as for all

A RECORD number of 124,000 with the right to sell shares at a options, representing 124m shares, were exercised upon expiry in the London Stock Exchange's Traded Options Market has also in the London Stock Exchange's Traded Options Market has also in the prices of the underlysing them, and the chaos of financial since the prices of the underlysing shares have fallen so far.

The exercises could raise concerns about the financial health of participants in the London market since the options, however, will be forced to pay for the shares at wall today.

London's options and futures markets have so far functioned smoothly in active business at the chaos of financial dealings worldwide. Clearing members of both the options market and FT-SE futures. The traded Options Market has also been enjoying a record week with daily volumes between 110,000 and 120,000.

The exercises could raise options, however, will be forced national Financial Futures and FT-SE futures. The traded Options Market has also been enjoying a record week with daily volumes between 110,000 and 120,000.

The exercises could raise options, and futures of financial dealings worldwide. Clearing members of both the options market and of the London Interpolation provided to the price of the underlysing heart of the prices of t

All these securities having been sold, this announcement appears as a matter of record only.

DAISHOWA PAPER MANUFACTURING CO., LTD.

(Daishowa Seishi Kabushiki Kaisha)

(Incorporated with limited liability in Japan)

U.S.\$70,000,000

31/2 PER CENT. GUARANTEED NOTES DUE 1992 WITH WARRANTS TO SUBSCRIBE FOR SHARES OF COMMON STOCK OF DAISHOWA PAPER MANUFACTURING CO., LTD.

unconditionally and irrevocably guaranteed as to payment of principal and interest by

The Industrial Bank of Japan, Limited

(Kabushiki Kaisha Nippon Kogyo Ginko)

ISSUE PRICE 100 PER CENT.

Liffe traded a record 171,105 to deal in, arbitrage pro-

October, 1987

Amsterdam exchanges may limit options

By Laure Reun in Amsterdam

THE AMSTERDAM Stock Exchange and European Options
Exchange (EOE) may jointly
impose position limits in option contracts based on less traded securities in an effort to avoid financial problems like

those arising from the market crash of the past week. Baron Bouwdewijn van Itter-sum, chairman of the Amsterdam bourse, said position limits should be imposed to ensure a better balance of li-quidity between the options and the underlying stocks and bonds. As much as 50 per cent of the trading in some equities and bonds comes from traders on the EOE, which is based in Amsterdam, he added.

Other financial markets around the world should fol-low suit but in the meanwhile Amsterdam must address these problems...to avoid vola tility...and restore confidence in the markets, the baron said. His call for confidence-in-His call for confidence-la-spiring measures came as the market crash took its first vic-tim in Amsterdam. Mellegers and van den Elsaker, one of the largest hoekmen (jobber) firms, is going out of business because credit has been halt-ed, although current obliga-tions will be met, the stock ex-change announced.

The firm's financial difficulties are a result of the share price plunge, which meant some enormous losses when positions were liquidated, not a result of options trading, the bourse said.

Mellegers and van den Elsaker was formed last year through the merger of four smaller bookmen firms at a time when Baren van Ittersam was energetically encouraging such firms to consolidate to survive amid the heightened competition of deregulated markets. narkets. About a dozen other book-

nen firms also are suffering financial difficulties as a result of price plummets and huge volume. On the EOE, five marthe makers are experiencing financial trouble. These prob-lems have been exacerbated by computer failures, which have intermittently halted trading.

Ottawa in move to resolve

securities row By Robert Gibbens in Montreal

CANADA'S Federal Government is to meet provincial securities regulators to seek so-lutious to 2 dispute about supervision of the securities

The provinces have jurisdiction over securities trading and the operation of invest-ment dealers but this summer Ottawa claimed inspection and audit powers over federally-incorporated financial institutions taking over an invest-ment dealer and foreign institutions doing the came

FT INTERNATIONAL BOND SERVICE

Closing prices on October 22 914 915 945 914 934 934 934 Beightm 45g 94...... E.L.B. 45g 94..... Elec. De France 55g 9 Kantal Electric 45g 9 Norway 44g 92 S.M.C.F. 47g 93.... elglum 91₆ 92... felsk Telecom Hisk Telecom | Consequent | Con ac 104 93. Destructe Baret 97, 97 £
Destructe Bit 144, 92 AS
Dresder fie 1.37, 97 AS
E. I.B. 79, 91 ECU
ELB 87, 93 EF
ELB 88, 93 EF
ELB 98, 5press Bid 99.95
.0312 99.95
.03 99.04
.0 99.25
.04 99.53
.04 99.53
.104 99.73
.1 99.31
.1 99.31
.1 99.31
.0 99.47
.0 99.37
.0 100.12
.0 99.47
.0 99.37
.0 100.12
.0 99.47
.0 99.37
.0 100.12
.0 99.47
.0 99.37
.0 499.40.06 on m 8ffer C.#a C.me
100.05 11/12 7.64
99.09 21/10 9.33
99.95 1902 7.19
99.56 2010 8.37
99.75 2000 7.19
97.85 30/11 7.12
99.76 21/12 10.37
99.76 21/12 10.37
99.76 21/12 10.37
99.48 30/12 10.37
99.48 30/12 10.37
99.48 30/12 10.37
99.48 30/12 10.37
99.48 30/12 10.37
99.48 30/12 10.37
99.48 30/12 10.37
99.48 30/12 10.37
99.48 30/12 10.37
99.48 30/12 10.37
99.48 30/12 10.37
99.48 30/12 10.37
99.48 30/12 10.37
99.48 30/12 10.37
99.48 30/12 10.37
99.48 30/12 10.37
90.56 20/10 7.69
99.43 19/11 8.81
week +0.03 Belghan 9<u>1</u> Britannia 5 93 <u>E</u> Chase Manhattan DESTICHE MARK . - On day +0.0% on week +0.03

Cov. Cov data price Bid Offier day Prem 1887 52. 88 90 0 43.32

- 7885 52.25 789. 799. -23, 38.25

- 7887 62. 88 90 0 43.32

- 7887 65.7 101.9 103 +24, 21.42

- 487 96.7 55.7 77 +0.2 51.63

- 487 96.7 55.8 1634 +11, 0 68

- 487 200. 954, 974, 0 14.67

- 487 200. 954, 974, 0 14.67

- 487 200. 153, 1534, 11, 0 68

- 885 676, 1284, 1254, -7.75

- 584 1106, 1607, 1619, -224, -1145

- 487 200. 188 119, -04, -224, -1145

- 487 200. 138 119, -04, -224, -1145

- 1086 1903, 120 121, -02, -143

- 11187 5.4 91, 10 121, -124, -144

- 11884 865, 153 1544, -77, -5.66

- 1887 54, 978, 1154, -77, -5.66

- 1887 54, 978, 1154, -77, -5.66

- 1887 54, 902, 124, -72, -5.66

- 1887 54, 902, 124, -72, -5.66

- 1887 54, 902, 124, -72, -5.66

- 1887 54, 902, 124, -72, -5.66

- 1887 54, 902, 124, -72, -5.66

- 1888 1014, 1395, 1419, -124, -131, -134, -13 Royal Insurance 5½ 92.
States 6½ 97.
States 6½ 97.
Society Ruddear 7½ 95.
Society Class Nuclear 8 91.
Stawarag 5½ 96.
Tokya Elec. Power 6 97.

Change on Change

STRAIGHTS
Airlean Dev.Bit. 5% %b.
Airlean Dev.Bit. 5% %b.
Airlean S 02.
Ashrap 5 02.
BBI. W/W 2% 97.
Ele.De.France 5 07.
El.B. 4% 97.

The Nikko Securities Co., (Europe) Ltd.

Barclays de Zoete Wedd Limited Fuji International Finance Limited Kyowa Bank Nederland N.V. **Morgan Staniey International** Okasan International (Furona) I imited

Dresdner Bank Aktiengesellschaft **IBJ** International Limited Morgan Grenfell & Co. Limited **New Japan Securities Europe Limited**



Gold mining companies administered by Anglo American Corporation All companies are incorporated in the Republic of South Africa

Transvaal Reports of the directors for the quarter ended September 30 1987

												
				0.4.1.4.1.				VAAL REEFS-cont	inuad			
WESTERN DE	EP LE	AET:	>	S.A. LAND	0.			VAAL NEEFS-COM	// <i>IUEU</i>	Caurt		Ligne amounts.
Western Deep Levels Limited Registration No. 57-023-0406				The South African Land & Explor Perpetration No. 01/01879/06		pany Limited			Anders Sets 1987	erede lare 1	-1	Prices.
ISSUED CAPITAL. 27:194:115 anginary shares of RC 50:000 8 ordinary shares of RC 6	2 each			RISUED CAPITAL 9 182 700 phenos of 35 coets exci	gradis.	Quarter	Non- months,	Securit Designed - cristim				196 (40)
	Guster	Coarter	New months	OPERATING RESULTS	ended Sept 1987	(mded June 1087	Sept 1987	Hotained profet for My mino months. Earner-gs per share - cents.	290		<u>'^4</u>	1 Vr
OPERATING RESULTS	Sept. 1987	Jume 1987	Sept 1987	Gold Tong m-Brd Out) Yheld—g-1	837 0.85	625	18/8 06/	Capital Papendikuta H000	E1 878		וגר	.A.J 444
Area muned - m* 000 Tons maked 000 - ree*	142 624	215 1028	2 632 568	Production – kg Production, transport and screening chils —Rition milled	414	413	1 248	CONSOUDATED PROFIT Consolidated pickle after previding for Dial	ion.			
— regie - ictal Ysoki — g-: ngel	716 1 324 9.06	1028 485 1513 901	1674 4366 900	- Riton fisted - Rito produced Press RECENED ON SALES	16 72 16 498	10 16 15 545	10 54 15 841	Consolidated pictal after previously for taxal of the company and its wholly-owned subset vite-stern Ruel's Explication and Developm Company Lambed	135 885	147	430	4- ; 445
- +6157 	8.24 710 1 324 8.06 1.21 4.84 6 565	1 35 6 57 9 734 633 76 63 90	1 40 505	Gold—RAG - 8-oz	30 175 455	20 (21 649	28 741 436	OPERATING AND FINANCIAL RESULTS	=====		=-	
Production—kg Cast - R·m· mineri —R·ton metod	100 92	673 76 69 96	76 029 708 78 93 49	FINANCIAL RESULTS	7000 12 438	17 062	25 966	North Lease srea Gold				
- Ring produced PRICE RECEIVED ON SALES	20 441	13 706	15 467	Ogid - revenue production costs	12 439	17 082 3 786	75 Aug 11 p.37	Ansa mengel - m (100) Tons mengel (100) - rect	227 1 095		ያ ለ)ሉ) ነጥ	, 44
Gold — R. I. II - 3 / D. I	30 133 454	28 804 445	25 b 77 433	- transport and screening costs	4057 2 773	3 786 7634 5662	16 146	– emekty – trigs ssetti – g, i – remi	236 1331 758 124		· '3	1000 4 141 1118)
FINANCIAL RESULTS	225 911	312 37P	R060 816 514	Less cost of thump material	5 668 3 191	3 106	903/	- waste - average: Production - i-;	6 46 6 593		<u> </u>	11.00
Gold - revenue casts	202 526 134 528	291 670 138 156	749 086 400 585	Gold prolis Nell sundry income:	2 468 248	2554 748	7 159 R2	Coulled no record —Price maters	648 22 110 21 17 071	44	1 1/2 1 % 94,	5/6/14 19/03 19/03
-profit Uransura grade profit	87 900 9 342 5 762	123 415 8816 3847	346 501 28 448	Profit before laration Provision for testion	2718 1434	1517	7984 4.750	-P kg produced Usernium guide Tons, Preglad 007	235		(4)	76
Nel sundry strome Profit bolore sevel-on	82 954 12 268	IM 073	390 579	Profit aller taxanon Appropriation for capital expressions	1 282 21	1 285	374	Production - >g	g 14 134 117		. 15	,5 fe 4≥1 f5 f
Protestor for Levillon Profes aller taxaton	<u>12 268</u> 70 726	105 662	734 909	Proin available	1.261	1.736	2715	Gold - marriage	000A ACE 652		76h 14/	600 1760 MJCSO
Appropriation for capital exportaine	4 225	P) (3)4	147 590	Deduci Quadend — interim			296	= ca ,55 = profe	145.093	120		179519
Profil available Desdend – interim	<u>74 498</u>	42 658	106 077 79 037	Retained profit for the rame months Earnings per share - cents			1410	Uranum orde proin Prouk: proin	24 805 1 977	31.	37	NA 4P N
Retained profit for the rune retirities			29,040	Bornichic At mater	=	14	41		139 523	19-7		491 441
Earthligs per share—cents	<u></u>	157	367	Sign has amounced that it has mitiated the metal workings at Salkos and the cost will be hunded by subsidisation in whive of the the possibility of resumantial active consideration and it is arbitrated that it	inten el addition y Engo penting i	al cumping capacit decision by the	y in the lower State recentlying	Capitar occentriure South Leese area Gold	32 772	43	0. 3	lù iv
Capital propositive ~ R000 DEVISLOPMENT	49 253	84 594	151 905	PHAIRENE IN NAME OF THE RISE BORNING OF LESTING STREET, THE NAME OF THE RISE BORNING OF LESTING	a qecemu mij pe ud hudakalomid u	wage 40 gas uess ;	nense Zavez iz zásiu	Gold Area fresen - m* 00% Tons miske 000 - 1944	156 881		ans Cas	549 3024
Advance	Sampi annel sok		N.Suetto	The inform dividend of 25 ceass a share in respect of July 23 1987 payable to members registered on Aug	the year ensing (pust 7 1967 and w	econder 31 1987 = 95 part on Septem	van declared on ber 11 1987	– #455° – tof _a j	154 1 035	1	-5	30°4 ?-4 1,799
	en gift	cmg/l	ign cm.ing/	CAPITAL EXPENDITURE COMMITMENTS There were no orders placed or austilanding on capital		September 30 195	7	Antig = 0 -1 - 1664 - 24625 - 24625	8 99 0 74 7 77		8 19 1,≺. 780	646 136 781
Querier ended September 1967 Ventersdorp Comecs						For and on beha		Production—1/9 Cost—R-m mined —Ratio mileo	8 038 731 17 110 21	944 944 91	Hn3 1 27 1 85	75 765 607 75 101 58
Carbon Leader reef 5 436 -	:	Ξ	= =	October 23 1987		E P GUS		- A rug produces Uranium oxide	14 190	12	200	1,1931
PRODUCTION Production was senously affected by the strike by the period of inactivity resulted in Submane damage to a	e reagonly of the blac underground works	ck workforce in a gs and at a mouth	ddition, the long I, luit production	EI AMPEDAMP				fons frigged DG3 Yeld – kg/f	964 0 22		1A1 0.73	1373 623
will only by achieved during the touth quarter CAPITAL EXPENDITURE				ELANDSRAND	na I impiem d			Production - kg	214 063 R000	276 5	000	772.217 RO 10
Capital expanditure for the year has been reduced to DAVIDEND				Elandsrand Gold Mining Company Registration No. 74-01477,06	-			Gold - revenue - tooks	242 261 114 063	16	477	133 353
The migram devidend of 290 cones a store on the oxyest ending December 31 1987 was declared on July 7 1987 and was baid on September 11 1987.	dunary ymanes and 6 hy 23 1987, payable	to tremper? Lebra outpustA symbol ;	n respect of the tented on August		ch Qualityr	Quarter	Nine Months	- proid Uranum pade profij Inbuie profij	125 196 49 780 3 201	142	234 743 674	407.462 144.167 19.134
7 1967 346 466 SAID OF SECRETARY 11 1907 CAPITAL EXPENDITURE COMMITMENTS Orders placed and publishing on capital contracts.				OPERATING RESULTS	serded Sept. 1967	Anded June 1987	encod Sept 1987		151 179	704		964763
Annual Average and principleship the Cabum Coldisact?	— акрепон 30	For and on bah	all of the board	Gott Ansa mened - m' 000	45	٠ <u>٩</u>	. 240 7 141	Detrict Capiel coperditue	29 240		271	78 191
		E P GUS		Torts raifed QOO- reef - waste - total	347 353	435 431	7 181 34 1 215	Brigayment of loan, and energy to South Holdings Lended Perpayment of consumer loan	241 242 738		744 (151	7 VO 2 2 19
Octobes 23 1967				Yield - g/l - reel - value - average	5 353 7 09 0 54 6 97 2 402 853,75 120,38 17 260	6 52 0 64 6 39 2 794	6 66 0 76 6 51	Surplus, subsect to towards	150 258	173	_	464 643
ERGO				Production—kg . Cost — Firm-Immed	2 482 653.75	465 93	7 914	Povalty to Southway Holdings Limited (55) Duril of surplies!	E2 642 29 940	25	·	266 554 78 191
East Rand Gold and Uranium Co	mpany Limit	ted		- R/Ion miled - R/Iog produced PRICE RECEIVED ON SALES	17 250	98 08 15 342	103 31 15869	Capital expenditure Airkander Leeks aree	29 940	ינ	271	
Registration No. 71/07001/06	-			Gold-Reg -3/oz.	36 217 456	29046 443	386.78 433	Area mated - m (100 Tons, miled 000-reel - worde	20 84 36 120		115 115	69 330 86 416
ISSUED CAPITAL: 42,072 712 technory shares of 50 69 \$34 S ordinary shares of 50 cents a (Presignally 42,076 712 ordinary shares of 50 cents a	pais each rach	•		FENANCIAL RESULTS	74 151	81 008	228 062	Yrold-g-1-reef	· 126. 130		1.39	416 1 %
		<u> Contrac</u>	So months	Gold - revenue costs	74 161 42 494	81 008 42 866	276 062 125 590	- MISIT - MMARK Production - 44	0 43 1 04 1 25		(86 1 67 235	0 50 1 3' 5≪0
COMPANY RESULTS	Combar orded Supt. 1987	ended June 1987	gnded Sept 1967	- profd.	31 867	38 142	102 472	Cost - R/m" mited - R ton milital - R kg produces	267 80 44 63 42 848	ž	53 196	544 739 21 38 10 26 567
Meteral madad – lare Gold production – ka	8 946 000 2 747	7 843 000 2 336 35 780	16 769 000 5 063 74 290	Net autility income Profit before taxation	1 585 33 352	39 909	107 885	Gold section	M000		900	9000
Urangen production—ing.	121 867	104 892	238 879	Provision for muston Profit after treatmot	749 32 603	39 145	105-239	Gold – revenue - cests	3 es2 5 358	6	.40 16	16 376 16 266
PRICE RECEIVED ON SALES Cost - Ring Syst	30 070 454	28 573 441	29.323 448	Appropriation for capital exponditure	13 278	14 671	38 625	~prote	{T 454)	1	524	
Turnover .	R000 97 083	P000 73952	R000 171 015	Profit available . Dividend - Report	19 325	74.474	68614 48310	Decuci Onçong capital expenditure Recoupment of shigi capital expenditure	(834) 162		745 (d)	(262) 304
Revenue Cost of sales	97 063 69 603	73 952 53 662	171 015 113 465	Retained profet for the time moreths			16 304	Available for royally	<u> </u>		178	<u></u>
Operators profit	27 460	20 090 (37)	57 550	Earnings per share - certs -before appropriation for capital exponditure	24	40	109	Provision for rovallies to	(218)		786	161-
Net yandry expenditure (mc04e)	37 377	20 127	57 504	-atter appropriation for capital expenditure. Capital expenditure - R000	20 19 527	18 093	69	- Anglo American Gold Investment Comp. Limited The revalues are baseles only when the rich	(39)		23	-
Deduct Positiv Cast of simos burchased	1 623 6 777	1 500 1 332	3 123 8 109	DEVELOPMENT Advance	_	Sampled		of the operations for the bull year name by determined! Capital expendeurs			245	47621
Profit before turition Provision for Quisban	28 977 5 226	17 296 533	45 272 5 759	नवस्त्र	metres ch		gold	Granium section Uranium coude proje			_	
Profit after taxabon .	23 751	16 762	40513	Quarter ended September 1967 Eleberg ree! 71	_	cm g1	cmg1	Royally to The Africander Lease Expended	136 67		530 767	530
Appropriation for capital expanditure . Profit angulation	17 594	9311	27 805	Venteratory Contact reet, 3827 PRODUCTION	960	74 1 15 86	1 175	SMAFT SINKING No 10 main shell Advince	280 564		105 173	inger Transporter
Divisions - interim			23 182	Gold production for the quarter was achiersoly affects well as by toismic activity	led by the street	y the majority of bi	Beck worken) as	Derm in date Station curing	564 39		Nii Nii)() 564
Returned profit for the set months	4.		217	DIVIDEND The interim dividend of 50 conts a share in respect of July 23 1987, payable to members registered on Aug	the year ending D	December 31 1987 o	es declared on ther 11 1997	No 10 Rock and venidation shaft Advance Depth to date	273 984		30°	994 936
Earnings per shale – conts Capital expenditure – 8000	5 698	13 15 449	25 747	CAPITAL EXPENDITURE COMMITMENTS Orders placed and guistlending on capital contracts a				Station culting DEVELOPMENT	154			7,8
ERGO DIVISION Simos tracted—lons	5 174 000	5022000	10 196 000			For and on beha E P GUSt	of the Dourd	Advance		UD4447		
Goto production—log	1 612 18 718 28 636	1611 18608 36 760	3 323 18652 74 290	October 23, 1987		T L PRETORUS	Directions	MeVis metres	cu di estu cusumi	COT O I	1 24	CT 12 P
Acad production - Jone	38 935 722 846 RCCC	97,000	270.585 R000					Charler ended September 1987 NORTH LEASE AREA	•		-	
Reverue—gold and sover —pramies and acid	48 032 14 229	45 431 6 993	93 469 21 222	VAAL REEFS	_			Vasi reel 10006 1016 Venterstorp Contact	79.9 21.54	1.721	0148	
-total Cost of union	92 267 38 920	52 424 36 311	114 691 75 237	Vaal Reefs Exploration and Minin	ig Company	Limited		SOUTH LEASE AREA	1206 160		0.00	
Opporations profit	23 347	16 1 13	39 460			A	Nan	Vest 1981 11 032 684 C rest 878 44	56 3 37 R8 22 9 45 90	1851	1.79 1.40	
Nef aundry expenditure (mctane) Profe before taxabon.	<u>86</u> 	(31) 15_144	39 405		Quarter ended Sept. 1967	Quarter ended June 1987	Name months ended Sept 1987	Area under tribute to and developed by Bullelstomorn Gold	-			
Capital expenditure .	3 286	3652	6 932	Gold				Mining Company Limited (not				
Silinaergo offision Sana iregiad—tons One mileo—tons	484 000 20 000	466.000 36.000	952 070 58 000	Area mened - m² 000 Tons melled 000-reset	400 2 060	530 2 530 231 2 667	1 460 7 332 963 8 295	inclutes in lotals) Valid tack 875 66 C reel 219 42	143 / / 01 87) 13 49	1007	D 30 0 37	43 67 31 63
Gord production—kg —unit goet R/kg	411 26971 8341	408 26 434 7 853	819 26 703 16 194	- sesse Yield - 9 ¹¹ ~ req1	2 060 426 2 486 7.93 0.99 6 74	7 19	731	AFRIKANDER LEASE AREA (GOAS SOCIONI				
Acid production - Ione Revenue -gold and solver	9341 R050 12 408	7 (53) R000 11 (658)	R000	~ secto - gretago Panturzen-ko	0.99 6 74 16 756	073 843 18445	0 89 6 62 54 9 14	Jeopesion Refusi No 5 roel 841 245	120 1 - 2 56	317	-	-
-46-6	578	546	24 267 1 321	Codi-Compiles - Rinh samed - Rinh maled	660.33	501 25	507 60	Totals, Vani med				
- trial Cost of sales	12 854 11 155	12 404 10 842	25 388 21 987	- A/kg produced Uranism Oxida	107.04 15.882	92 66 14 403	84 63 14 294	(o'schiging (nbule areas) Commer ended				_
Operating prolet Net sundry income Contract	1 829	1 662 6	3 391 8	Tons Imeted 000 Yeld - kg/l	1 999 0 18 349 246	2 264 0 20 443 318	6 466 0 19 1 256 368	September 1887 21 958 1 700 Quarter ended June 1987 31 178 2 456	704 25 18 712 27 19		0.88 0.87	
Royalty to Simmer and Jack Mines Limited.	1 623	1500	3 123	Production—leg PRICE RECEIVED ON SALES	348 216 35 166	443 318 26 945	1 256 368 26 564	June 1967 31 178 2 456 Nine months ended Scriberiber 1967 80 283 6 420	70 57 19		0 84	
Profit before taxabon Caprial expenditure	250 457	1677	2 134	—5/m²	30 168 455 8000	447 R000	433	PRODUCTION The strike by the majority of the black working only be back to normal during the fourth duals.	rce has significantly ab	egjed operation	n, and pro	Markey and
DAGGAFORTEN DIVISION Simes irrebtd - inns	3 268 000	2315000	5 583 000 1 041	Turneyer .	648 730	682 155	1974 627	drante.	tor Gold production for	the quarter o	35 9", DI-10	>= the June
Gold production—lag —und cost R/kg	724 13.050	917 21 054	15 486	-005%	506, 487 266 712	529 869 265 662	1 567 301 784 939	AFRIKANDER LEASE AREA Mill bonnage was acceptedly affected by the 5th Investigations are confirming into the least-bi-	se and a shortage of in	el aus la sevel levris	nets Buchs	ahing grades
Reversus – gold and silver Coal of salot	7000 21 812 9 529	9000 4 124 6 709	8000 30 936 18 237	Trabulat profit	238 375 74 820 5 178 9 638	264 738 89 806 13 400	782 383 733 709 37 77 1 37 977	DIVIDEND FROM SOUTHWALL UP DINGS	ANTED		ings Land	ing and are
Operating Profe	12 284	2415	14 669	Net summy encerts Onedend from Southvall Holdings Limited	4 636	13 456 23 400	3: 677 23:400	The previous quarterly results include a half moretone not dencily comparable with this or OWIGENO				
Coet of simms purchased Profit before Blaston	5 50T	1 332	6 580	- Intentin declared July 1867	329 011	404 296	1 104 720	The interim devidend of 950 cents a share in on July 23 1987 payable to members register.	espect of the year ends ad on August 7 1987 a	ng December . nd was paid or	3: 198° = : Septemo	es oeclared av 11 1967
Capilei expenditure .	1 961	10 120	12081	Reyerhos to - Southyeal Holdrigh Limited - The Attriander Leage Limited	92 642 (151)	95 706 655	2% 554 719	CAPITAL EXPENDITURE COMMITMENTS Orders placed and qualifiding on capital bor	nact as al September	30 1987 rotali	es R7:00	> 000
printed The interm thindend of 55 cents a share on the city your ending March 31 1988 ses declared on Oc November 8 1987, and will be paid on December 1	Shery shares and 5	ambnery shares	n respect of the	- The Arranger League Limited Angle American Gold Investment Company Limited	(39)	- 3				For and n	m petur i	ol the bould
				The same has been seen	248 559 110 675	308 414 129 045	537 447 386 133	Setulos 13 cons		L PE	GUSH IORIUS	Denter
PRODUCTION In spile of a no week strike by the majority of the in-spire of almost intention at both plants was high Dhreem successed design capacity for the first line	Digck worklong at	the Ergy and Day	gwionsen pijnit en Deggwionien	Provision for gazation Profit after taxation	135.884	162 369 75 180	462 314 186 966	October 23 1997				
						75 190 107 189	186 966 263 348		-			
WATTER SUPPLY AS Engo at highest dependent on a rehable long to Emploration Collegeny Limited for as operations, adds present the Biologing and loss of exalting lacations. The Pre-State registring substitutions	goust comband carry	from The South	African Land &	Profit assignie	74 504			ANGLO AMERI	CAN CO	RPOR	ATIC)N
	ra cost a being fund	see by Ergo pend	-A o micesou gá	DAIRING CO.	DINGS	INDITER		OF SOUTH				
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE COMMITMENTS Cover placed and automating on existing coverages as as Sectioniber 30 1987 totalised R6 274 000, which included an amount of R60000 for the Committing Disaption and R2 694 000 for the Disaptionism				SOUTHVAAL HOLDINGS LIMITED Registration No. 56/11906/06				NOTE			-	1
División .				· -			- 1	DEVELOPMENT				- }
INCREASE IN ISSUED SHARE CAPTRE AND WI 15,5 PER CENT UNDECURED CONVENTIBLE DES Attention is directed to the notice published in the	PENTURES 1966/19 Print of August 14	1967 rejetná. Jr	int like to	THE AFRIKANDER	T LEASE	≒.mailEÜ 06	[Development values repres	eni actual resi	its of sa	mping	, no
15.5 FER GENT UNREQUIRED COMMINISTED DES Appellon is dispelled in the notice published in the it the increase in the spand phase capital of the co- and the heling thread by Ting Johannasburg Stoc- art the edited await of the homog of 49 654 15.6 per co	mony by 69934 6 A Exchange and Ti	organery chartes to be Stock Exchange	or 50 cents 1995), pr un Landon. 1	The attention of shareholders of the	Registration No. 01/06955/06 The attention of shareholders of these companies is directed to the			allowances having been made for adjustments necessary in estimating ore reserves				
21 Per Company of the species of 45 Per Co		For and on bei	AND OF BAS DOWNS	report of Vaal Reets Exploration The Pree State Consolidated Gold	n and Mining d Mines Lim	Company Lim	results	LOND	ON OFFICES	ì.		ł
		E P GUS T & PRETORIL	IS Directors	appear on another pa				40 HOLBORN	VIADUCT, E	C1P 1A	J	l
				_				L.				

POOR TRADING IN FURNITURE ARM PROMPTS DOWNTURN

Harris Queensway slips back to £5.5m

Harris Queensway, the troubled carpets to furniture retailer, yesterday reported a pre-tax some £8.5m one-off charges inprofit of £3.5m in the half year to July 26 1987, compared with agement actions taken to re-position the Queensway business. year. The result was broadly in line with City forecasts.

Sir Philip Harris, chairman of Queensway, Queensway had at-Harris Queensway, told the City tempted a swift refurbishment, in August that his Queensway with the introduction of new stores, which were re-posi-tioned in the market earlier this and china. In July, Sir Philip year, would make a loss. He said asked Mr Carr to resign. The that overall profits for the £6.5m one-off charges were group would fall by as much as mainly for stock write-offs and quarter compared with

In the 12 months to January
31, Harris Queensway made taxable profits of £43.4m, excluding property profits. The group
forecast profits for this year of Philip said that the division was Earnings per share were 1.53p (compared with 9.48p in 1986)

IEP Securities ups its stake in Ultramar

IEP Securities, part of the Brierley Group of companies run by New Zealand businessman Mr Ron Brierley, has increased its helding in Ultramar, the independent oil company, to 12.13 per cent.

The majority of the increase is due to IEP taking up its full entitiement of 311,643 shares under a recent scrip dividend

London SWIP IPL

Under Mr Peter Carr, the then joint chief executive of Harris heavy discounts to get rid of

now trading profitably and would break-even at the year

Ultimate, the group's electricompared with 9.48p in 1986) but as forecast in August the board decided to maintain the interim dividend at 1.75p.

Trading profits after interest were £3.7m (£14.2m) with property profits at £1.8m (£6.2m).

Harris Queensway said that the shortfall this year was primarily caused by the very poor



The problem is critical mass. The future of Ultimate is being very closely examined."
He said that the group was looking at the problems of its 127 outlets operating in a high-promotive market, but de-

Lep moves ahead by 36% in first half

ered too late. Harris Queensway Harveys, Home Charm and Hamleys, acquired in the latter half of 1986, contributed little to profits in the first half of 1987 but were "trading satisfactorily". Share Price Relative to FT~A All ~ Share Index 138 120 Mr Watts said the situation at 110 100

Harris Queensway had now been stabalised, with recovery expected next year. However, he said the group's full recovery was a two-to-three-year job. The City would like it done in 12 months," he said, but it can-not be done." -----A strategic review was cur-rently underway in each of the group's divisions, with detailed 1985 1986

plans being made for the next three years. Rationalisations were expected, including the closing of some Harris outlets and investment in key Harris lo-cations. Some redundant Harris Vogue, trading within Deben-hams. Sir Philip said they pro-duced "satisfactory results." Carpets, the best performing area, showed sales up on last year. Outlets include Carpeoutlets would be used to expand other Harris Queensway shops, including Harveys. tland, Harris and General George Carpets.

The group, which has lost four members of its board this year, Poundstretcher, the variety discount chain, lost sales beexpected no more resignations

cause of a "disappointing" per-formance on clothing. Sir Philip said that sourcing in the Far East had led to over-buying of products which had been deliv-

Lep Group, whose main busi- tion, insurance, travel and Holdings also did well. ness is freight forwarding, saw its pre-tax profit rise by 36 per property development. In 1986 it made a pre-tax profit of cent in the first half of 1987, from £3.1m to £4.2m.

WELKOM GOLD HOLDINGS LIMITED

WELKOM

And the directors said pres-ent indications were that trading continued well overall, and peformance was showing a good improvement over 1986.

The group's other activities are in transport and distribu-

f8.89m.
Freight forwarding made good progress in the UK, Far East and the US, but the results

Turnover for the half year rose 37 per cent to £480m and trading surplus doubled to £2.73m after higher net interest charges of £2.8m (£1.59m). Contribution from associates

70

60

50

46

fell from £1.77m to £1.47m en-tirely because the results of Switzerland were reduced to a more normal level as compared with the exceptionally good re-

sults of the previous year. Property operations contin-ued on plan and two further buildings in southern Califor-nia were completed

nia were completed
Earnings for the period
worked through at 2.9p (2p) per
share, after a tax charge still
being affected by losses, mainly
in Austria, which cannot be offset against other taxable profits. The interim dividend is
raised to 1.2p (1p).

comment

LEP is having difficulty turning round trouble spots in its core freight forwarding businesses, and that put its result below most expectations in the market. There is no doubt that the freight forwarding operation is set to move ahead, as it reaps the benefits of integrating Profit Systems, the recent US acquisition which has now passed all the regulatory approvals. That expectation, though, is insufficient to justify a prospective p/e in the range of 27, if full-year pre-tax profits come to fil2m LEP's share price has been underpinned by rathcome to film LEP's share price has been underpinned by rather inflated expectations about the value of LEP House, its City of London property development. If the frothy rents of recent vintage lose their fizz, LEP could find its share price substantially flattened in the process.

largest food processing company in Canada.

The price was not disclosed, but the transaction was "not significant in relation to Unilever's assets" the company said. Black Diamond has an annual stantially flattened in the process.

Siebe rights taken up by just 43% of holders

INSTITUTIONS sub-undertwiting the £207m rights issue by Siebe were showing a paper loss of more than £5m last night after the engineering group's shareholders took up only £2.5 per cent of the issue. In the market, Slebe shares fell 21p to close at 382p, 28p be-

fell 21p to close at 382p, 28p belaw the rights price.
Lazard Brothers, Siebe's
merchant bank which underwrote the issue, was nevertheless able to describe the result
as "frankly, an absolute trimph." Even that level of acceptances might not have been
achieved had the offer not
closed on Wednesday, the
strongest day for Siebe sharesand the London market - since
Wall Street's collapse on Monday night.
One large justitutional in-

One large institutional investor tried, however, to withdraw its acceptance. Its request was refused.

Some institutions may have declined to take up their rights because they expected to be left with shares in their sub-

sub-underwriting role.

Sub-underwriters will be told of their liability by close of business tonight as Lazard will try today to sell any of the rump in the market if the their price fives.

share price firms.
At last night's market price, however, the shares left with Lazards were worth £8.8m less Lazards were worth £8.8m less than the price sub-underwriters are committed to pay. This will be offiset, however, by total fees approaching £2.6m.
Siebe launched the two-forfive rights issue on September 11, to fund its £1.38m acquisition of Barber-Colman, a US controls company, and to reduce its borrowing.

Lipton sells Canadian company

By Dine Mediand Unilever Canada, has agreed to sell its Black Diamond cheese business to Canada Packers, the largest food processing compa-

DIVIDENDS ANNOUNCED

	Current payment	Date of payment	Corres - ponding div	Total for year	Total last year
Atlas Convert.	25	Jan 12	-	-	3.3 5.9 17
Brit Amer Filmint	2.13		1.9	-	5.9
Gerrard & Natiint	3	Dec 2	3	-	17
Hammerson Propint	31	Dec 7	. 1.9 3 2	<u>-</u> .	10.5
Harris Queensway int	1.75	Jan 8	1.75		5.75
Lep Groupint	1.2	Jan 8	-i*	-	3 25
Manganese Brenze fin	3	-	3.2	4.5	3.25 3.2
Sunleighint	0.195†	Dec 31	0.13	_	0.38
Town Cen Secsfin	0.85	Jan 4	0.7	1.25	11
W A Holdingsint	0.41			. = .	ĩ

Dividends shown pence per share net except where otherwise stated. "Equivalent after allowing for scrip issue. tOn capital increased by rights and/or acquisition issues. §USM stock. §Unquoted stock. ØThird market. ‡To reduce disparity; payment carries scrip option.

Sir Terence on 'dubious deal' offered by Benlox

gineering and investment company, yesterday spelt out the de-tails of its audacious all-share offer for Storehouse and said it

Sir Terence Conran, Storehouse chairman, again de-nounced and rejected the takeover bid.

"This is a dubious deal of dubious value," he said. "It repre-sents all that is unacceptable in

The offer document was fulsome in its praise for what it de-scribes as the "brilliance" of the Conran Design Group, but said that the group had become un-wieldy and suffered from a clash of cultures in the different components of the group. The group, the document said, had underperformed the mar-

ket and that shareholders would be able to realise value better by seeking separate list-ing for the group's components, which would be Habitat (with Heal's for furniture and household goods), Mothercare, BHS (with ContraCentre), Richards (for fashion clothes and accessories), the Conran Design Group, and Benlox-Storehouse Holdings (for property and investment). Kleinwort Benson,

Beniox Holdings, the small en-ineering and investment com-fer document was filled with any, yesterday spelt out the de-inaccuracies and criticised the lack of a cash alternative for the offer for Storehouse and said it offer, which is 11 Benlox shares would demerge the giant retailing conglomerate into six separately quoted companies if the

a cash alternative would be inappropriate since it believes
that and insufficient proportion
of Storehouse shareholders
would take up the offer. The
(Benlox) board would therefore
find it hard to justify the very
considerable costs of an underwritten cash alternative," the

written cash alternative," the document said.

Mr Peter Earl, of Ifincorp. Earl, which is advising Benlox, said the offer was made out of a belief that institutions were was happy when the Storehouse board rejected the 445p per share cash offer from the Mountleigh Group last month, and that there was a perception that the 1986 Storehouse merger with RMS was not working. with BHS was not working.

Sir Terence, however, said that to date he had received only three letters of complaint from small shareholders. I have not had one complaint from an institutional sharehold-er," he said.

He said that the integration of BHS into Storehouse was expected to take three years from the time of the merger, and that plans were going forward ac-cording to schedule. Storehouse which is advising Storehouse, was also quick to point out that said claims that shareholder's lifincorp Earl is to receive £15m would realise greater value by a break up of the group was entirely unsupported by quantita-

SWITZERLAND BANKING, FINANCE & INVESTMENT The Financial Times proposes to publish this

survey on TUESDAY 15th DECEMBER 1987

For further information please contact. Gunter Breitling on 022/311 604 Financial Times (Switzerland) 15 rue du Cendrier, 1201 Geneva or Patricia Surridge Bracken House, 10 Cannon Street London EC4P 4BY - Tel: 01-248 8000 extn 3426

FINANCIAL TIMES

GT INVESTMENT FUND S.A.

GT EUROPE FUND SICAV

GT DEUTSCHLAND FUND SICAV

GT BIOTECHNOLOGY & HEALTH FUND S.A. GT UK SMALL COMPANIES FUND SICAV

GT US SMALL COMPANIES FUND SICAV 2, boulevard Royal 2953 LUXEMBOURG

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS

In view of the current uncertainty in the world stock markets the Board of Directors of the above Punds have resolved, in order to protect the interest of the shareholders and in accordance with the Funds' articles of incorporation and the current prospectus, to suspend the pricing of the Funds' shares and consequently the subscriptions and redemptions with effect from Cosober 20, 1987.

The auspention will be lifted as soon as in the opinion of the Board the Funds may dispose of their assets under normal market conditions.

By order of the Board

.J. . . .

. . . .

- -

Kunick in France

Kunick has acquired two further distributors of coin operated equipment in France for Frs7.5m (£751,000). Amiro, Kunick's French sub-

sidiary, currently has ever 20 per cent of the coln operated equip-ment market and the new operations will add a further 10 ser cent.

Hyman rights

balance amounting to 4,835,583 new ordinary stock units (48.4 per cent) in the market at a pre-mium over the subscription price and expenses of sale and, as a result, the sub-underwrit-ers are required to subscribe for such shares.

Optical & Medical

OPTICAL & MEDICAL Of the OFFICAL & MEDICAL Of the 14,386,789 new ordinary offered by way of rights at 210p, 7,522,175 shares (approximately 52 per cent) were taken up. The sub-underwriters to the issue have been called upon to take up the balance.

Briefs

EYGAL DYNAMICS :Resolutions approving the acquisition of Coulson Heron Associates were passed at an extraordinary meeting. The acquisition is expected to be completed on October 27 and the initial consideration in a few parts of the contract of the contrac sideration is 5.4m Zygal ordinary shares.

BEAVERCO has acquired the Sari Fabrics Group of compa-nies for an initial consideration of £749,000 cash. Further consideration of up to £400,000 may become payable depending on Sari's profits before tax in the years ended March 31 1988, 1989



BRIERLEY INVESTMENTS OVERSEAS N.V. (Incorporated with limited liability in the Netherlands Antilles)

£100,000,000

Guaranteed Notes due 1989

Unconditionally Guaranteed by Brierley Investments Limited

Arranged and underwritten by Samuel Montagu & Co. Limited



Preliminary profit announcement for the financial year ended September 30 1987 Subject to final audit, the income statement of the company for the year ended September 30 1987 and abridged balance sheet at that date, are as follows: Income statement **Balance sheet** ended 30.9.87 30.9.86 (R thousand) 30.9.87 30.9.86 74 222 80 271 Income from listed investments Share capital 17675 17 675 Other expenditure - net Share premium 414 168 891 168 891 Non-distributable reserve 8 069 **Profit before taxation** 73817 79 857 Distributable reserves 10932 11 030 Taxation 31 15 205 567 205 665 Profit after taxation 73 786 79 842 Represented by: 37 826 **Dividends** — interim 35 351 Listed investments 205 553 205 553 38 533 42 068 — final Current assets 42 456 79 894 73 884 Current liabilities 38 861 42 344 Decrease in retained profit 52 Net current assets 14 112 Retained profit brought forward 111 163 205 567 205 665 Retained profit 13 111 35 350 937 35 350 937 Number of shares in issue Earnings per share — cents Dividends per share — cents 226 **20**9 Net asset value per share (after 226 providing for dividend), adjusted for market value of listed 3 653 3610 investment — cents Listed investments Final Dividend No. 61 On Thursday, October 22 1987 final dividend No. 61 was The company's listed investments comprised the following 30.9.87 30.9.86 declared as follows: mber Number of shares Amount (South African beld held 109 cents per share currency) (1986: 119 cents) Free State Consolidated **Gold Mines Limited** 6141966 6141966 Orange Free State Last day to register for dividend (and for changes of address or dividend instruction) Investments Limited 6 838 900 6 838 000 Friday November 6 (R thousand) Market value 1 291 187 205 553 1 276 006 risters closed from Saturday November 7 Book value 205 553 to (inclusive) Saturday, November 21 Appreciation 1 085 634 1 070 453 Ex-dividend on Johannesburg and London stock exchanges Monday, November 9 Details of the dividends declared in respect of the financial Currency conversion date year ended September 30 1987 are as follows: for sterling payments to shareholders paid from London Monday, November 9 Dividend No. 60 Dividend No. 61 (Interim) (Final) Dividends warrants posted Thursday December 10 Declaration date April 23 1987 October 22 1987 Amount per share 100 cents 109 cents Payment date of dividend Priday, December 11 Payable to members May 8 1987 November 6 1987 Rate of non-resident Payment date June 12 1987 December 11 1987 shareholders' tax 15 per cent By order of the board Anglo American Corporation of South Africa Limited The full conditions relating to the dividend may be inspected at the Johannesburg and London offices of the Secretories per R.S. Edmunds, Divisional Secretary company and its transfer secretaries. Head Office Johannesburg October 23 1987 44 Main Street Johannesburg 2001 (P.O. Box 61587 Consolidated Share Registrars First Floor, Edura Copies of this announcement are being posted to all 40 Commissioner Street Johannesburg 2001 (PO. Box 61051 Marshalltown 2107) members at their registered addresses London Office Marshalltown 2107) 40 Holborn Vladuct London EC1P IAL Hill Samuel Registrars Limited 6 Greencoat Place

Manganese Bronze, holding company involved in vehicle

comment

commany involved in vehicle manufacturer, metal components and aluminium fabrications, boosted taxable profits by £1.07m after all the company's divisions performed above expectation in the year to July 31.

Profits rose to £3.43m on turnover ahead from £48.84m to £50.14m. The directors proposed a final payment of 3p (3.2p), making a total of 4.5p (3.2p), making a total of 4.5p (3.2p) for the year.

They said that the company's recently improved taxi was selling well and new foundries were now on stream. Orders throughout the group were showing a marked improvement over this time last year although it was still too early to determine the eventual outcome of Along with setting shot of its. over this time last year although it was still too early to determine the eventual outcome of the current year.

Manganese Bronze was looking to increase the size of the group through acquisitions and continued organic growth. Extraordinary credits of £1.04m resulted from the sale of the company's motrcycle interests. In the previous year, extraordinary losses of £3.76m were the result of writing off taxi tooling.

Matthew Brown united

THE board of Matthew Brown yesterday informed its share-holders that it was not split over the takeover offer by Scottish & come and inadequate offer. Mr Patrick Townsend, chairman of Matthew Brown, said in a letter to shareholders, that Mr Alick Rankin, chief executive of N was able, under the terms of the offers contained in its offers.

Aller rankin, chief executive of N was able, under the terms of S & N, had been reported as the offers contained in its offer saying he was convinced that Matthew Brown's board was divided over whether to accept the bid.

S & N is offering three of its S & N is offering three of its Brown with an alternative cash thew Brown for 1988

Computers in Business

The Financial Times proposes to publish this survey on 2 November 1987 Topics under discussion include:

1 INTERNATIONAL SECTION

A look at developments in:

(a) the US Japan

(c) the UK

(d). France (e) West Germany

2 PERSONAL COMPUTERS

The personal computer in business has become firmly established. It is moving from stand alone machine to networked business instrument. This article will discuss progress and the influence of IBM's release of its Personal System/2.

3 APPLICATIONS

A look at some typical business areas suitable for automation. (a) Computer integrated manufacturing

Retail and distribution (c) Financial services

Personnel administration

4 THE TECHNOLOGY

The evolving role of computer standards Input and output—fact and fantasy

Storage-compact disc begins to make its mark (d) Networking—bringing it all together

5 CASE STUDY

A case study in automation leading to competitive advantage

Information on advertising can be obtained from Meyrick Simmonds, telephone

SWITZERLAND-BANKING, FINANCE AND INVESTMENT

number 01-248 8000 extension 4540, or your usual Financial Times representative.

The FINANCIAL TIMES proposes to publish this survey on Tuesday, December 15, 1987. Subjects to be covered in the survey are:

BANKING EQUITIES AND STOCK EXCHANGES

BONDS PROFILES STOCK EXCHANGES

orial synopsis and advertising information please contact: G. Breitling s (Switzerland) Ltd, 15 rue du Cendrier, 1291 Geneva

BANK POLICING AND SECRECY

Tel: 022-311 604

Tel: 01-248 8000/3426 FINANCIAL TIMES Essential information for corporate treasurers, financial directors, bankers, auditors and other advisers involved in the volatile financial market.

A NEW FINANCIAL TIMES PUBLICATION:

Corporate Currency Risk - A Reappraisal

by J. A. Donaldson

Following the success of the first edition of Corporate Currency Risk, published in 1980, the new revised and updated 2nd edition is now available. Written by J. A. Donaldson - former group treasurer of ICI, this is very much a practical guide for all who are involved in the foreign exchange markets. WHAT THE PRESS SAID ABOUT THE FIRST EDITION:

The Banker "Contains much sensible and down-to-earth advice . . . is a logical and comprehensive explanation of the principles of foreign exchange exposure

The Treasurer "The corporate treasurer in particular will find it an invaluable aidememoire, helping to reduce the cost of forward cover and realistically forecasting

Corporate

This new edition of CORPORATE CURRENCY RISK helps you in a number of significant ways in the management of currency risk:

3.5

it identifies the main classes of foreign exchange risk shows you how to avoid unnecessary foreign eachangerisk
 advises on how to make use of the various financial markers • provides guidelines on how to manage exposures • helps you negotiate more advantageous contracts • gives useful tips on the improvement of the quality of exchange rate torecasting Completely revised and updated, this 2nd edition

Completely review and appeared, the and content in mediades relevant and topical coverage on how to manage economic exposure, references to the futures and options markets, and new ideas on measuring management

Order were copy NOW by complexing the attached form or connect the Marketing Department for further details

ORDER FORM Please return to: The Marketing Department, Financial Times Business Information, 102 Clerkenwell Road, London ECIM SSA. Tel: 01-251 9321. Telex: 23700. Please send me _____copy/copies* of CORPORATE CURRENCY RISK at £27.50 UK/£32.50: US\$49 I enclose my cheque for £/USS ___ to FT Business Information. Please debit my credit card (mark choice): Please allow 28 days for delivery. Refunds will be given

Amer Dines Acces Vsa Card No _ on books returned within T days of recept and in good condition. FT Business Information Ltd Registered Office: Bracken House, 10 Cannon Street, London EC4P 48Y. Registered in England No. 980896 FT Card Expiry Date _ "I wish to order 5 or more copies. Please send details of bulk order discounts or telephone

Impala Platinum Holdings Limited

(Incorporated in the Republic of South Africa) Registration No. 57/01979/06 ('Implats' or 'the company')

A new platinum mine and a proposed rights offer

The board of directors announces that Implats has decided to proceed with the establishment and development of a new mine in the Republic of South Africa to produce platinum group metals. The amount of approximately R300 million required to finance this development will be raised by way of a rights offer to ordinary shareholders of implats.

Implats is a major supplier of platinum group metals both from the point of view of production and sales. The market is forecast to continue to grow over the medium to long term and Implats is well placed to participate in this growth. The new mine will provide cost effective replacement capacity to maintain metal output and a base from which to increase sales. The expected future intensification of competition among producers will require continued

emphasis to be placed on customer service, metal quality and competitive cost of production. The company is in a particularly favourable position in that customers have requested metal supplies in excess of current contractual requirements.

2. SALIENT FEATURES 2.1 The new mine

The mine will be operated by a wholly owned subsidiary of Implats, which may be listed in

The mine, situated in the vicinity of Marikana, has extensive mineable reserves on both the Merensky Reef (approximately 130 million tons) and the UG2 Reef (approximately 180 million tons). The shallow reserves will enable low cost mining to take place, whilst the mining plan will allow the early attainment of required production levels. The expected recovered grades over the life of the mine are comparable or better (particularly the UG2 Reef) than the grades and recoverles experienced by the current operations of implats. The initial level of output of the new mine has been set at 100,000 ounces of platinum per annum which will marginally increase sales. Thereafter production will be increased on a modular basis to offset the anticipated future declining metal output from the current lease area (the result of an increasing contribution from lower grade ore reserves) enabling the total level of sales to be maintained. Total output is planned to increase to 300,000 ounces per annum. The substantial ore reserve base can support further increases in production to take advantage of market growth opportunities.

It is planned that construction will commence early in 1988 with the first metal being

Capital expenditure to bring the mine into initial production is estimated to be R406 million in July 1987 terms.

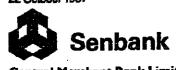
it is anticipated that the rights offer will not have a material effect on Implats' earnings and dividends for the current financial year, and the 1987 dividend of 160 cents per share should be maintained. The new shares to be issued pursuant to the rights offer will rank for dividends from the date of their issue.

The rights offer to subscribe for ordinary shares in implats amounting to approximately R300 million will be made to the holders of ordinary shares. To provide existing investors in the United States of America with the opportunity to differentiate between shares issued after implementation of the Comprehensive Anti-Apartheid Act of 1986, the new shares to be issued in terms of the rights offer will be classified as 'S' shares. These shares will rank pari passu with the existing ordinary shares, except for an additional dividend on liquidation of 1 cent per 100 'S' shares.

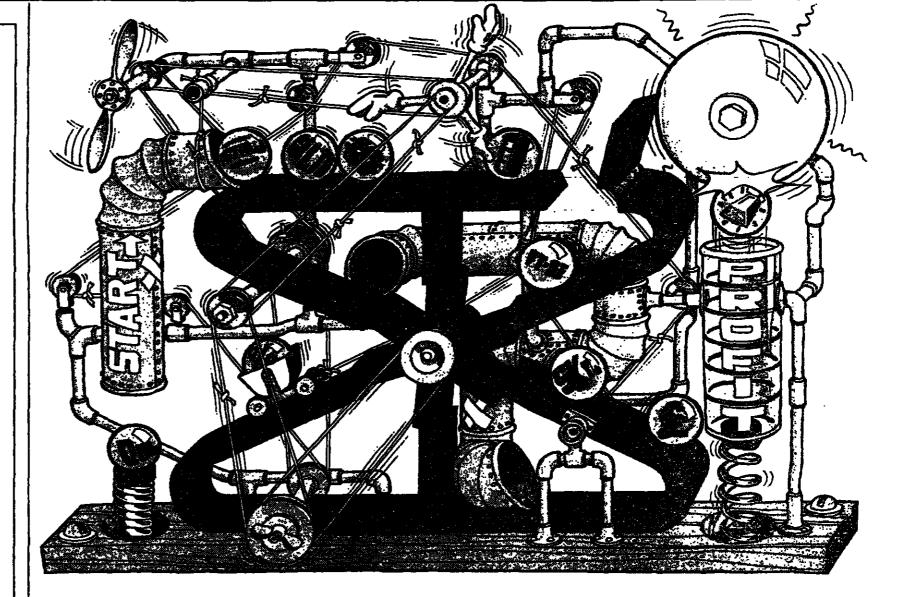
Implats' shareholders will be requested at a general meeting to be held on Friday, 13 November 1987, to authorise an increase in the authorised share capital of the company and to authorise and empower the directors to issue the 'S' shares pursuant to the rights ofter. A circular containing the relevant notice of the general meeting has been posted to Implats' shareholders.

Application will be made to The Johannesburg Stock Exchange and The Stock Exchange, London for the listing of the renounceable (nil paid) letters of allocation and the new shares in implats to be issued in terms of the rights offer. Further announcements will be made in order to keep shareholders fully informed.

Johannesburg 22 October 1987



Central Merchant Bank Limited (Registered Bank) (Registration number 55/01742/06)



TO CAPITALISE ON MARKET MOVEMENTS YOU HAVE TO KNOW THE KNOCK-ON EFFECTS

The treasury department is the brain of any bank. But what good is a brain if it doesn't think things through. That's why, at Scandinavian Bank, we were amongst the first to fully integrate our trading

Such full spectrum expertise demands a multitalented management and staff. We recognise that movement in one sector has a knock-on effect. If all possible options are not investigated and other market movements anticipated, opportunities are going to be lost forever.

Both in the UK and internationally our treasury departments have earned a considerable reputation for in-depth local market knowledge, sensitivity to trends, consistency of service and an imaginative approach to new products.

It's not surprising therefore, that with this record of innovation we have grown to become Britain's eleventh largest bank. Indeed, in the past, we were amongst the first to exploit the potential in interest and currency rate swaps. Where we lead, others follow.

Let's get together and make all the dimensions of the markets work for you.



The art of British banking Scandinavian style.

Scandinavian Bank Group plc, Scandinavian House, 2-6 Cannon Street, London EC4M 6XX. Tel: 01-236 6090 Telex: 889093 Fax: 01-248 6612.
International Offices: Bahvain, Bermuda, Cayman Islands, Geneva, Hong Kong, London, Los Angeles, Islandid, Melbourne, Millen, Monaco, New York, São Paulo, Singapore, Sydney, Tokyo, 20rich

Hammerson exceeds expectations

BY PAUL CHEESERIGHT, PROPERTY CORRESPONDENT

British & American Film

value reduced to £17m

property group which has recently been the subject of bid speculation on the care of the compared with the compared with the compared with the compared with the care of the c speculation on the stock market, yesterday announced a sharp increase in interim profits and halftime dividend its and halftime dividend.

It also announced its biggest ever development in the US - a \$90m (£54.5m) development of a 21-storey block of offices and retail property on Fifth Avenue in New York.

the day as the property stocks
market itself moved erratically.
Mr Sidney Mason, the chairman, said: "I expect the second
half to be as good as the first."

per share were 11.27p.

Hammerson's international activities cut both ways during the first balf.

tail property on Fifth Avenue in New York.

Pre-tax profits for the six months to June at £27.02m, compared with £22.26m in the 1986 first half. This came about not only because of rent reviews at the Brent Cross shopping centre in north 1 and an increase in from £58.87m in the 1986 first half. This came about not only because of rent reviews at the Brent Cross shopping centre in north 1 and an increase in from £58.87m in the 1986 first half. This came about not only because of rent reviews at the Brent Cross shopping centre in a contract the first half. pared with £22.26m in the 1986 first half, were about £1m more than the market had been expecting.

But the figures evoked no response and the Hammerson share price fluctuated during the day as the property stocks.

Brent Cross shopping centre in north London but also because of an extension to an Ontario shopping centre and from the leasing of two development properties in Los Angeles.

On the other hand, the group merson had an extraordinary surplus of £7m, taken below the

On the other hand, the group had its not unaccustomed difficulty with foreign exchange movements. The performance of sterling had the effect of reductive the state of the sterling had the effect of reductive the state of the sterling had the effect of reductive the state of the

If all goes according to schedule. Hammerson should have an increase in its dollar revenues in 1989 when its Fifth Avenue development is completed. The group said that discussions are taking place about a substantial the first half.

There was an increase in There is 260,000 square feet of gross rental income to £87.9m space to let, including the retail

units on the ground floor.
In the UK, developments at
Finsbury Circus and Tower Hill
in the City of London should al-

surplus of the sales of shopping centres in Burnley in Lancashire and offices in Van-



Sidney Mason, chairman of Ham-

Stormgard sells offshoot of Selincourt for £0.9m

IN THEIR interim report the directors of British & American Film Holdings (investment holding company) are able to give shareholders some idea of how the turmoil in the international stock markets has affected the company's portfolio.

They said that at October 15 the value of investments had risen to over £19.7m. On October 21 that had been reduced to 17.3m, giving a net asset value of 604.2p, but it still represented a rise of 29 per cent since the end of 1986.

In the half year ended June 30 1987 the group pre-tax profit rose to £319,132 (£300,485). Earnings of the company and subsidiaries not consolidated worked out to 8.369p (7.534p). The interim dividend is 2.125p (1.9p). Stormgard, textiles group, is selling L. Harris (Harella), a direct subsidiary of the Selincourt fashionwear and fabric companies, to Cabbondim for £302,000 paid in cash on completion

gard group. Stormgard's consol-idated net assets will be in-creased by 582,000 as a result of

court fashionwear and fabric companies, to Cabbondim for £902,000 paid in cash on completion.

Harris has not traded for several years, its only asset being a loan of £944,000 to the Storm-

Solvay lifts stake in Laporte to over 24%

By Dina Mediand

Solvay, the Belgian chemicals group, has increased its stake in Laporte Industries, the UK chemicals group, to 24.28 per cent, or 33.44m ordinary shares the commany are nary shares, the company an-nounced yesterday.

Last month the company said that only "a material change in the circumstances relating to Laporte' would prompt it to re-consider its position, which re-mained one of slowly increas-ing its holding in Laporte to 25

In view of the world-wide joint interests of Solvay and Laporte in the Interest companies, Solvay believes it is important for the group to retain a significant interest in Laporte" the company said.

Town Centre Net assets of Town Centre Se-curities increased from 78.88p to 95.13p per share over the year to June 30 last. Earnings per 25p share to-talled 49p (2.13p). A final divi-dend of 0.85p is proposed, mak-ing a total of 1.25p (1.1p).

Kentish Property Group has acquired a resdential develop-ment site in Entherhithe Street, London, for close to

Sunleigh jumps to £854,000 and makes two acquisitions

purchases.

The period to July 4 saw turnover rise to £7.04m (£4.43m) and profits advance from a restated £476,000 to £354.000 pre-tax.

Sunleigh failed in its attempt earlier this year to take over Dale Electric International for £16.8m. However, Mr Merryweather revealed that P.J.O. Industrial and Powa Kaddy International had since been taken under Sunleigh's wing and that several further prospects were several further prospects were

under review.

The results of the two companies were included in the comparative figures for 1986 on a

merger accounting basis.

Earnings for the half year worked through at 132p (0.76p) and the interim dividend is be-

A breakthrough

for Britain

chairman of acquisitive Sun-leigh Electronics, yesterday re-ported a sharp improvement in first half profits and two further

Sunleigh, a manufacturer and distributor of electronic equip-ment and electronechanical equipment, was placed on the Unlisted Securities Market in

Merryweather, Sunleigh's poli-cy this past year has been, quite simply, to take tired companies and make them more efficient, squeezing out more profits through multi-site rationalisation and by heavy power and pay incentives to managers. Since May 1986, one of the three core companies has been discore companies has been dis-posed of and six new ones ac-quired. The bulk of the 79 per and the interim dividend is being lifted to 0.1875p, an increase of 50 per cent over last time's quired. The bulk of the 79 per cent profits rise is due to acquired. The bulk of the 79 per cent profits rise is due to

costs relating to the offer.

Since May 1986 Sunleigh has taken over four companies, including Stanelco Products for The abortive bid for Dale Eleccluding Stanelco Products for 2.66m shares. The abortive bid for Dale Electronics earlier this year has, perversely, worked for Sunleigh giving it an enhanced City presence due to the publicity. The shares closed 4p down yesterday at 53p. Assuming pre-tax profits for the full year of £2m, that puts them on a prospective p/e of about 16, cheap for a company with this potential. **ADVERTISING** £43 per single

APPOINTMENTS

column centimetre

Premium positions. will be charged £52 per single column centimetre

For further details

call: 01-248 8000 Tessa Taylor ext 3351 Deirdre Venables ext 4177

Paul Maraviglia ext 4676 Elizabeth Rowan ext 3456

COMMERCIAL

VEHICLES The Financial Times is proposing to publish this Survey on THURSDAY NOVEMBER 12 1987 For full details, contact: COLIN DAVIES on 01-236 1434 FINANCIAL TIMES

INDUSTRIAL PROPERTY The Financial Times is proposing to publish this Survey on FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 20 1987 (Amended Date) For full details contact:

JONATHAN WALLIS on 61-236 2825 or your usual FT representative FINANCIAL TIMES

EUROPE'S BUSINESS HEWSPAPER

ACCOUNTANCY

Publication date November 20 1987 Advertisement copy date November 6 1987

The Financial Times proposes to publish this survey on the above date.

A number of areas will be covered including:

→ Audit * Management Consultancy

* Corporate Finance

Please address all inquiries or suggestions concerned with the editorial content of this survey in writing to the Surveys Editor

Advertising Information Information on advertising can be obtained from Claire Broughton, telephone number 01-248 2131, 248 8000 extension 234, or your usual Financial Times representative

> FINANCIAL TIMES EUROPE'S BUSINESS NEWSPAPER

NORTHERN IRELAND

The Financial Times proposes to publish a Survey on the above on Thursday, December 3, 1987

For a full editorial symopsis and details of available advertisement positions, please contact: BRIAN HERON on 061-834 9381

or write to him at: Alexandra Buildings, Queen Street Manchester M2 5LF Telex: 666813

FINANCIAL TIMES EUROPE'S BUSINESS NEWSPAPER

North East England

The Financial Times proposes to publish this servey on

Wednesday, November 25, 1987

For a full editorial synopsis and details of available advertisement positions, please contact: HUGH WESTMACOTT on 0532 454969

or write to him at: Permanent House, The Headrow Leeds LS1 8DF

FINANCIAL TIMES EUROPE'S BUSINESS NEWSPAPER

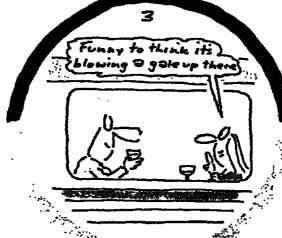
LONDON - FRANKFURT - NEW YORK

First time deross the Channel that he hasn't been seasick









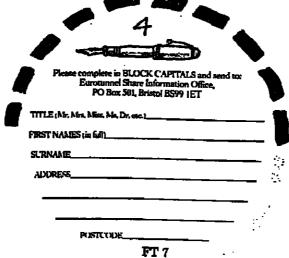
Four ways into Eurotunnel

Eurotunnel has been granted the concession to operate the first-ever fixed link between Britain and the Continent. A fast, frequent and reliable service is planned for cars, coaches and lorries, as well as for train passengers and freight. But before the grand opening (scheduled for 1993), there's another way

into Eurotunnel Next month, Eurotunnel shares will be offered for sale to the public and you can apply to be a shareholder.

As with any other investment, you should find out all you can about Eurotunnel before you commit yourself. What services will be available? How will it compare with air travel and the ferries?

How is the tunnel being constructed? How will it be paid for? Who'll use it? Phone 0272 277 007 or fill in the coupon. You'll be sent an information pack, a prospectus will be reserved for you and further information will follow.



Eurotunnel Share Offer

Issued by Robert Fleming & Co. Limited, Morgan Grenfell & Co. Limited and S.G. Warburg & Co. Ltd. on behalf of Eurotunnel P.L.C. and Eurotunnel S.A.

.

× .

J.

 $\mathbb{T}_{M_{-1}}$ V-16-129*

1957 - 5 15Y

. .

.--

Ş

198

15

تنفذ

25. P

31 mar 3

• Rand Mines Properties (Incorporated in the Republic of South Africa)

Registration No. 68 01239 06 PROFIT AND DIVIDEND ANNOUNCEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 1987

The sudited consolidated results of Rand Mines Properties Limited ("RMP") and its subsidiaries for the year ended 30 September 1987 are set out below:

INCOME STATEMENT		
•	1987 R999	1986 R000 .
Turnover	104 687	76 352
Operating profit: —Property		
-Property	5 853 81 850	854 19 110
— 2014 H GUNTAN I WASHINGTON IN THE STREET	21 350 27 203	19 964
Interest received	27 293 376	2 588
	27 579	22 552
Interest paid	88	103
Profit before taxation	27 491	22 4 49
Taxation	8 217	7 179
-Normal	5 567	2 727
—Deferred	2 650	4 452
Profit after taxation	19 274	15 270
Shares in issue (000's)	12 403	12 403
Earnings per share (cents)	155 · 88	123 65
Dividend some	1.9	1.9
Not included in profit after taxation —Surplus on disposal of investment		•
Dilloid (1966 2) (1960)	1 672	
BALANCE SHEET	1987	1966
	R980	R000
Source of capital		
Share capital and reserves Long-term liabilities	132 965 479	121 942 513
Deferred taxation	12 563	9 928
• • •	146 007	132 383
Employment of capital		
Property development, townships and	131 610	102 800
mine residues	31 835	35 051
Current assets	12 529	20 102
Stocks and stores	4 728 4 686	3 034 7 149
Cash and gold on consignment	2 283	9 541
Total assets	175 974	157 575
Interest bearing	29 967	25 192 34
Other meaning management	29 953	25 158
	146 007	132 383
Sallent features	140 OC 1	135 303
Net asset value per share (cents)	1 072	983
Liabilities to equity ratio	0.23 0.42	0.21 0.78
NOTES:	0.26	U. 10
1. Sand treatment	1987	1986
Operating results		1900
Sand and slime treated (000 tons)	6 378	5 421
Gold produced (kg) Yield (grams per ton)	2 814 0.44	2 390
Revenue (rand per ton treated)	13.10	0.44 11.68
Cost (rand per ton treated)	8.67	7.14
Gold price received (rand per kg)	4.43 29 388	4.54 26 241
_	R980	R000
Revenue	83 521	63 322
Costs	_ <u>55 291</u>	38 683
Working profit	28 23 0 6 880	24 639 5 529
Operating profit	21 350	19 110
Capital expenditure	32 732	33 584
The new plant at City Deep reached full o		
direct comparison of the results for the	ie 1986 and	1987 financial

direct comparison of the results for the 1986 and 1987 financial years can accordingly not be made. The City Deep plant processed approximately 1.0 million tons of material to 30 September 1987, and this is principally the reason for the 18% increase in gold production of 424 kilograms over the previous year.

2. Review of results

The profit after taxation increased from R15.3 million in 1986 to R19.3 million, thereby exceeding the forecast made to shareholders in the inform statement.

thereby exceeding the forecast made to shareholders in the interim statement and reflecting an improvement of 26% over the 1986 results.

and reflecting an improvement of 26% over the 1986 results.

3. Disposal of investment building
The surplus arising on disposal of an investment building to Plasser Railway
Machinery (Proprietary) Limited has been transferred to non distributable

Final dividend
A final dividend of 63 cents (1986: 48 cents) per share has been declared in terms of the accompanying dividend notice. The total distribution for the year is 80 cents (1986: 65 cents) per share.
A higher level of dividend than that envisaged in the 1986 Chairman's statement has been declared mainly as a result of the company's low gearing, both present and in the year ahead, and following completion of the company's major capital expenditure phase on sand treatment plants.

Posting of annual financial statements
The company's annual financial statements will be mailed to shareholders during the second half of November 1987.

Johannesburg

ZOctober 1987

D. T. Watt, J. R. Forbes, A. B. Hall, Directors

DECLARATION OF DIVIDEND Ne. 23

Notice is hereby given that dividend number 23 of 63 cents per share, has been declared in South African currency as a final dividend in respect of the year ended 30 September 1987 payable to members registered at close of business on 13 November 1987. This dividend, together with the interim dividend number 22 of 17 cents per share which was declared on 28 April 1987, makes a total distribution in respect of the financial year ended 30 September 1987 of 80 cents per share (1986: 65 cents per share).

65 cents per share). The register of members of the company will be closed from 14 November to 20 November 1987, inclusive, and dividend warrants will be posted on or about 4

November 1987, inclusive, and divident warrants will be posted on or about 4 January 1988.

The dividend is declared in the currency of the Republic of South Africa. The rate of exchange at which the dividend will be converted into United Kingdom currency for payment by the United Kingdom registrars, transfer and paying agents will be the telegraphic rate of exchange between Johannesburg and London ruling on the first business day after 14 November 1987 on which foreign currency dealings are transacted. Where applicable, non-resident shareholders' tax of 15% will be deducted from the dividend.

By order of the board

Johannesburg 22 October 1987 Registered Office Crown Mines 2092 South Africa (PO Box 27, Crown Mines 2025 South Africa)

Transfer Secretaries Corner Northern Parkway and Handel Road Ormonde, Johannesburg 2091 South Africa (PO Box 82549 Southdale 2125 South Africa)

Secretaries in the United Kingdom Charter Consolidated Services Limited 40 Holborn Viaduct London EC1P 1AJ

United Kingdom Registrars and Transfer Agents Hill Samuel Registrars Limited 6 Greencoat Place London SW1P 1PL

Gerrard & National HOLDINGS PLC

INTERIM STÄTEMENT

The Group made a good start to the year but did not fully anticipate the severity of the decline in fixed interest markets since the middle of June. Profits for the first six months of the year are small but slightly higher than for the corresponding period last year.

The Directors have decided to pay an interim dividend in respect of the half year to 5th October, 1987 of 3p per share (1986: 3p per share) which will cost £1,143,426. The dividend will be paid on 2nd December, 1987 to members on the register at the close of business on 13th November, 1987. Transfer books will be closed for the day on 16th November, 1987.

It is not the practice of the Company to send the half yearly report to shareholders but it is published in recognised financial newspapers and copies of it are available to the public at the Company's registered office, 32 Lombard Street, London EC3V 9BE.

WYLE

NOTICE OF ADJUSTMENT IN CONVERSION PRICE

IN CONVERSION PRICE

PUESUANT traction taken by the Board of Directors of Wyle Laboratories on October 1, 1867, a fur-for-foat fooks spit was declared, to be effected in the form of a 25 stock dividend on the corporation's Common Stock. Such stock dividend shall be distributed October 30, 1867 to the holders of record of such Common Stock at the close of business on October 15, 1867, at the close of business on October 15, 1867.

NOTICE IS HERREY CIVEN pursuant to Section 1205(b) of that certain Indenture dated as of March 15, 1867 between Wyle Laboratories and Security Pacific National Trust Company (New York), as Trustee, related to the Company's 6-1/45 convertible Subord instead Debentures Due 2002 ("Debentures") that the conversion price has been adjusted, and hereafter holders will be entitled to convert Debentures into Common Stock of the Company at the rate of one share of Common Stock for each \$15.40 principal amount of Debentures.

amount of Debentures.

By: Wyle Laboratories
Dated: October 18, 1987

Evered set to dispose of overseas engineering arm

Evered, the industrial holdings group headed by the Abdullab brothers, is expected to announce today that it has agreed to sell its loss-making overseas contracting and civil engineering subsidiary. Pauling, in a management buy-out.

A nominal price is understood to have been agreed for the business, reflecting recent losses at Pauling, formerly part of London and Northern, the construction, building products and healthcare group acquired by Evered for £100m in April this year.

There have been rumours in the construction, by the construction and the first and healthcare group acquired by Evered for £100m in April this year.

There have been rumours in the construction, building products and healthcare group acquired by Evered for £100m in April this year.

There have been rumours in the contractors which have recently security products company, for contractors which have recently security products company, for contractors which have recently security products company, for contractors.

Evered is understood to have been concerned about the high there is some confusion over a £39m road contract in Cameroon, West Africa which the contractors had appeared to be on the point of winning.

A mid uncertainty over its future with Evered, Pauling was thought to have withdrawn from the competition, despite understood to have been substantial.

The group will, however, retain its 49 per cent stake in Dutco-Pauling, a roadbuilding joint

been substantial

The group will, however, retain its 49 per cent stake in Dutco-Pauling, a roadbuilding joint the construction industry for venture in Dubhai.

Earlier this week Evered announcement of a management to substantial bidding its rivals. It has now televand organisers to say that it to be considered for the project. Scott Wilson Kirk-patrick of Britain is consulting engineer for the road scheme, which is to be financed partially by the Overseas Development Administration.

Atlas pushes past £1m mark

Atlas Converting Equipment, USM-quoted manufacturer of slitting and rewinding machines, vacuum metallisers and vacuum furnaces, produced a pre-tax profit of £1.01m for the six months to end June compared with £569,000 for the corpared with £569,000 for the corporation period of the profit sales should ensure continued

pared with 1569,000 for the corresponding period of the previous year.

Turnover for the period was up from £3.78m to £5.78m.

Tax of £354,000 (£215,000) left earnings per 5p share at 8.1p (4.4p). An interim dividend of the previous shall ensure continued sales growth.

Tax of £354,000 (£215,000) left with expectations and in addition General Vacuum Equiptional space will enable the ment achieved sales of approximately £1.1m.

The Titan subsidiary has been relocated to premises of 16,000 sq ft at Stevenage. After re-equiping the factory additional space will enable the company to transfer production of some contracts.

Gerrard & National makes 'small' profit

Gerrard & National, the discount house, made "small" profits in the six months to October 5 - a description that is understood to mean fim-22m.

Committee of the committee of t

stood to mean £1m-£2m.

Gerrard, which does not put a figure on profits at the half-way stage, said its earnings were "slightly higher" than in the corresponding period last year.

This week's turbulence in equity market had been good for fixed-income securities. Mr Gibbs said, and the second half of the year had started well.

responding period last year.

Mr Roger Gibbs, chairman, said the half-year had started well, but the company had not fully anticipated the decline in gilts prices following the June of the year had started well.

"Sentiment is good and one would expect that to continue," he said, though he cautioned: "One simply does not know from one day to the next."

WA Holdings produces 18% halfway increase

AN 18 per cent increase in pretax profits from £584,000 to
£685,000 for the half year to July
31 was revealed by W A Heldings, distributor of rubber and
plastic products, pushchairs
and nursery products.

Mr Brian North, the chairman, said the industrial side
performed well, increasing
profits by 44 per cent on a 29 per
cent sales rise.

becar had not yet improved, the
1988 collection had been well
seeived.

Benefit of interest receivable
on the balance of the proceeds
of August's rights issue was
flowing through to profits.

Turnover in the period rose
12 per cent to £10.29m and the

performed well, increasing profits by 44 per cent on a 29 per cent sales rise.

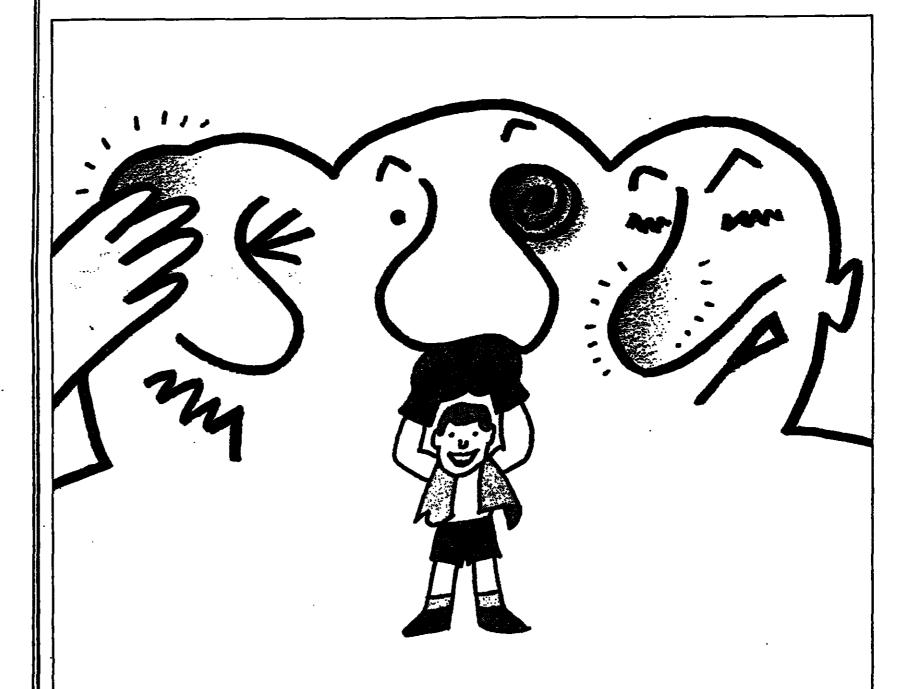
In the consumer division, Bebecar (nursery products) was affected by poor weather but profits were ahead on constant sales. ME Mechanical Handling achieved close to break-even.

On current trading prospects, Mr North said demand continued buoyant in the industrial division and while sales in Be
couraging.

Turnover in the period rose 12 per cent to £10.29m and the trading profit was up from £642,000 to £742,000. Attributable profits were £457,000 (£380,000) for earnings of 1.59p (1.39p). The directors intend to pay dividends on a more even basis and accordingly have declared an interim of 0.4p. There was a single payment of 1p for the year to January 31 1987.

4 1967 The Goodyear Tire & Rubber Cumpan

Control of the Contro



They say nobody in the tire industry packs a punch anymore. But Goodyear said, "Stand Back!" and came out swinging with record profits and improved margins for the first nine months.

GOOD YEAR

World Leader in Tires and Rubber

ALUMINIUM 40,000 lbs: cents/lb

COFFEE "C" 37,500 lbs: cents/lbs

Prev 121,29 125,82 127,89 129,13 131,00 131,25 139,96

COTTON 50,000 lbs; cents/lbs

533.0 540.3

ORANGE JUICE 15,000 lbs; cents/lbs

578.7 — 580.5 588.0

59Z.G

-0.083

Close Prev 143.25 142.10 141.80 141.20 141.60 141.50 141.50 141.80 139.20 141.80

587.1

POTATOES

Sales : 937 (1,023) lots of 40 tonnes.

ORUDE OIL-FOB (\$ per barrel) Nov.

Prompt delivery oif (\$ per tonne)

SOYABEAN MEAL

GAS OIL FUTURES

US

esterd'ys - or Business close - done

5857 (4673) lots of 100

=

PLATINUM BY tray or \$/tray or

HEATING OIL

CRUDE OIL (LIGHT) 42,000 US gallons \$/bernels

High 18,30 18,50 18,77 18,98

High 121.90 125.00 128.00 130.50 132.00

73.50 70.00

15-9h 753 5

773.8 784.5 785.5 872.5 861.9 875.0 886.4 901.5

LIVE CATTLE 40,000 fbs Carts/ibe

LIVE HOGS 30,000 lbs; cents/fbs

SOYABEAN MEAL, 100 tons: 5/ton

SOYABEAN OIL 60,000 th; con

18.85 18.90

PORK BELLIES 38,000 the cents/fb

Pres 57.42 57.12 58.12 57.70

SPOT PRICES: Chicago loose tard 14,00 (Same) cents per pound, Handy

19.80 18.65

472.5 Dec 472.5 Jan 478.0 March 482.5 May 500.0 Aug 506.0 Oct 511.5 Dec

479.7 495.7 491.5 489.0 500.0

512.4 538.8 547.0 540.0 Dec 42.000 US gallons: Jan Mar

Low 141.30 139.30 138.00 140.10 140.25

573.0

584.0

SUGAR WORLD "112,000 fbs. cents/

CHICAGO

British Columbia challenges marketing system

THE PROVINCIAL Government of British Columbia has tbrown down a gauntlet to Canadian agriculture officials by threatening to pull its farmers out of national marketing boards for chickens, eggs, turkeys and processed milk, writes David Owen in

In a policy statement, Mr John Savage, the province's Agriculture Minister, said that the marketing systems "must be made more flexible

objective is not to destroy a system of supply management but to make sure the system works in British Columbia's interest."

Under the Canadian man keting board system, estab-lished in the mid-1970s, each province is given a fixed share of the national market for the four products.

The system has been criticised for inefficiency through sufficient account

result, some provinces have retained a disproportionately large quota regardless of comparative costs.

The situation has been The situation has been exacerbated by population shifts with the net result, according to an official in Mr Savage's office, that British Columbia now has 12 per cent of the Canadian population but only 3 per cent of the milk quota. Similarly, eggs are regularly Similarly, eggs are regularly shipped to the west coast

about the Canadian agricul-

If such a situation arises, the processors are likely to react by lobbying intensely for the

by lobbying intensely for the marketing board system to be modified or scrapped. If steps were not then taken to equalise raw materials prices on both sides of the 49th parallel, some US-owned companies would presumably feel little compunction about shutting up shop and supplying Canada from south

supplying Canada from south of the border. "We would be able to bring some finished products across the border." says Campbell Soup's Mr Peddie. "We would not manufacture the wide range of pro-

facture the wide range of pro-ducts we manufacture now," he

counter parts.

US studies Iran oil embargo

Canadian processors may also

At present, the Canadian

In answer to a question about

value in a symbolic way than was given in response to great 6m barrels a day, which would any other."

Anxiety at that time from be an important cushion in the He said the idea was very Japan which relies on the Gulf event of a disruption.

that the food supply situation in Angola and Mozambique, where harvests have been dis-

where narvests have been dis-rupted by civil conflicts as "precarious." In Angola the food needs of the country's 2m urban population and 690,000 people displaced by the war will have to be met almost entirely by imports. Caracil required for

by imports. Cereal required for the year beginning April 1987 are put at 340,000 tonnes of which only 100,000 tonnes will

which only 27,000 tours have these 18 countries amount to seen delivered.

In Mozambique an estimated action must be taken." Eithiopia's food needs in 1988 could exceed 950,000 tonnes, the Rome-based organisation estimates. Pledges made so far for urban population of 3.2m. these 18 countries amount to 1.05m tonnes, leaving an uncovered food aid gap of 0.56m tonnes, the report calculates. "For survival in 1987-88 Africa will therefore need substantially more food aid," writes mates. Pledges made so far for

Commission loses Irish export case

from Manitoba and Quebec, even though local producers meet the bulk of demand at significantly lower

Federal officials have suggested that the province's stance is a bargaining play to win a bigger market share for their producers. The threats cannot take effect for at least a year, they point out, and the move follows a series of similar ultimatums levelled by various provinces

Canada faces farm trade upheaval

THE recently forged free trade agreement between Canada and the US has set the scene for a triel of strength between Canadian farmers and the domestic food processing industry over the country's politically-sensitive agricultural marketing boards.

The marketing board system entitles each Canadian province to a fixed share of the value to a nicel share of the national market for four com-modities: eggs, chickens, tur-keys and processed milk. Imports are strictly controlled. Under the terms of the tentatively-agreed free trade pact, bilaterial tariffs for all food products will be elimi-nated over a 10-year period. That will pit Canadian food processors (many of whom are subsidiaries of US con-glomerates) against their US counterparts in head-to-head

However, while plans are in place eventually to permit free trade between the two countries in red meats and fruit and vegetables, the marketing boards themselves have emerged from negotiations essentially un-scathed. "The negotiators were able to protect the underpinnings to such an extent that it shouldn't really make any material change," according to Mr Phil Jensen, a senior trade policy official with Agriculture Canada.

Venezuela

said to be

planning

gold sales

THE VENEZUELAN Govern

10 tonnes of gold per year as a means of increasing income,

according to a report published

in Caracas today. The El Universal newspaper

President Jaim Lusinchi will

sell part of the gold it has pur-chased from miners working in the mineral-rich Juayana region

from Juayana miners over the

past year.

The report also said that the Government had asked Credit Suisse and the Bank for Inter-

national Settlements to assist in selling the gold to inter-national buyers and storing it.

The Government apparently is not tapping its standard gold reserves which are stored in a Central Bank. These reserves have remained stable over the

last several years. Official figures indicate that the Central

Bank held over 11m troy ounces of gold as part of its inter-national reserves, at the end of

The gold purchased recently from Juayana miners was not entered into the country's gold reserve figures because the Government has been planning

Venezuela's international reserves are actually much higher than the Government reports. The Administration occasionally makes public information on

the central Bank's international

reserves, which were recently reported at around \$9.3bn.

reported at around \$9.3bn.

The Government, however, only values its gold at \$300 per ounce, far below the actual market rate. Not included in the Central Bank's figures are foreign reserves held by a Government-owned financial entity, the Venezuelan Investment Fund which lest mouth

last year.

to sell it.

of Southern Venezuela. Government is reported to have bought over 10.6 tonnes of gold

ment has decided to sell around

David Owen examines the agriculture implications of the free trade agreement with the US

Since poultry and eggs are about the Canadian agricugenerally cheaper in the US tural sector in this scenario." than in Canada, this makes it highly likely that Canadian processors, already concerned about competing with US plants without the substantial economies of scale available south of the border, may also be faced with significantly higher

raw materials costs. "If you control supply management without controlling the finished products that come across the border, you put Canadian manufacturers at a disadvantage," says Mr Tom Peddie, chief financial officer of Campbell Soup's Canadian

Mr John Grant, president and chief executive of Quaker Canada, believes that Canadian processors will have to cope with a 10 per cent cut in prices to remain competitive in a free trade environment. "We will be

re-considering the idea of an

In a statement accompanying the release of an FAO report

on food supply and crop pros-pects in sub-Saharan Africa, Mr

Saouma singled out Ethiopia as especially vulnerable. Accord-

ing to the report, serious crop failures in northern and eastern

areas of the country are now "inevitable."

warned this week.

BY MAX WILKINSON, RESOURCES EDITOR

THE US administration is under review.

of their crop for domestic con-sumption at C\$7 (£3.20) a bushel and the remainder to world market at around

Under the free trade pact Canada has agreed to eliminate the import licensing system necessary to sustain this arrangement as soon as support levels in both countries are equivalent. There is, however, no telling when this might happen. Currently, there is a wide discrepancy, with the US providing about C\$50 a tonne more by way of support for its growers than does Canada. Mr Charlie Mayer, the Canadian wheat Board Minister, has told tarmers not to worry about changes to the system for at least five years.

Clearly, if the present system were to outlive the phase-down period for fod product tariffs, it would spell more problems for Canadian processors. "Obviously, you cannot have free trade with us paying twice the price for wheat as our US competitors," says Mr Ron Adlam, vice president, plan-ning, of Nabisco Brands, the RJR Nabisco subsidiary.

continue to face higher prices for wheat than their US According to Mr Jensen officials are aware of the prob-lems ahead. Processors' con-cerns will be "examined in the looking to source raw materials Wheat Board runs a two-tier cerns will be "examined in the as cheaply as possible," he price system whereby domestic light of changed competitive warns. "I am very pessimistic farmers sell some 10 per cent circumstances," he says.

capability of producing 10m barrels a day more oil than it

Chad, Sudan and Uganda. Below normal harvests in Malawi, Zambia and Zimbabwe

will result in stocks being depleted, says the FAO.

Total 1987-88 food requirements of the 18 countries which have entered their new

marketoing year are estimated by the FAO at 1.61m tonnes, 320,000 tonnes higher than last

320,000 tonnes higher than last year. Undelivered pledges carried forward from 1986-87 and new donor allocations to these 18 countries amount to 1.05m tonnes, leaving an uncovered food aid gap of 0.56m tonnes, the report calculates.

"For survival in 1987-88 Africa will therefore need sub-

LONDON **MARKETS**

LONDON METAL exchange prices continued to move in response to stock exchange although the degree of response varied from metal to metal. Aluminium's initial reaction to news of the missile attacks on the Kuwaiti oil terminal was the normal rise. But as the news had the opposite effect on equities the gain was quickly wiped out. By the close cash standard aluminium was £29.50 down at £1,142.50 a tonne, the lowest closing level for a month. Copper prices moved erratically before ending a little below Wednesday's close. After being driven down by the beavy opening dedown by the beavy opening de-clines in Wall Street they rallied on fresh buying before settling back on commission house selling. Lead re-mained under pressure and the three months position fell about £9 a tonne before find-ing support, but zinc ended little changed. On the cocoa futures market prices came under pressure from belated hedging against recent physical sales by producer and shippers. Dealers said bearish fundamentals and chart patters were being re-asserted following the recent rally, which had been based mainly on covering against earlier short sales. They noted that Brazil and Nigeria

had been selling cocoa beans while supplies were also ex-pected to be offered from the Ivory Coast, Malaysia and

\$ per tonne

1	Garh F. onths	1880-900 1780-90	-66 -45	1810;—
١.	(1960-70), (1840-50),	closing (, three , settlemin to close;	months ent 1920	1810-15

1140-5 1068-9

		THE STITUTE TO SE SECURITY STORE		7	
		the US's current military		Unofficial + on	
			"Should another oil disrup-	Grade A close - HighiLow	02
	tary for energy, said in London		tion occur, the US and its part-		
	yesterday.	Reagan had given an under-	ners in the International Energy	Cash 1169-70 6.5 1200/1172	C
İ			Agency could release 4m	3 months 1092-4 -13,5 1110,1070	_
	on oil and money that the	Summit in 1984 that the Straits	barrels a day of from strategic	Official closing (sm): Cash 1200-2	vo
	declaration of an oil embargo	of Hormuz would be kept open	stocks." By the early 1990s	(1175-7), three months 1095-100	Le
1	against Iran was of "more	for tankers. This undertaking	this figure could have risen to	(1104-6), setttlement 1202 (1177), Final	
	value in a symbolic way than	was given in response to great	6m barrels a day, which would	Karb closid: 1095-6.	tra Ot
1	any other 7	snyiety at that time from	be an important cushion in the	Observational 1	

African famine looms	s again	Unofficial + or close (p.m.) — High	h/Low
BY MICHAEL HOLMAN	0	Cash 358-9 -8 361/3 3 Months 361,6-62 -8.76 361/3	559 550
PARTS OF Africa are once again facing the "spectre of famine." Mr Edouard Saouma, director-general of the Food and Agriculture Organisation, warned this week.	to 507,000 tonnes of which 272,000 tonnes have been delivered. Other countries hit by poor	(363.5-64), settlement 359 (370). Kerb close: 350-50.5. Ring turn 10,625 tannes. US Spot: 42 cents pi	52-2.5 Final pover:

	£ per tonne	Highirom
Cash 5 months		3460/8455 3450/8428
(3500-30), (3480-5),	closing (am): Cas three months settriement 3480 close: 3450-80. F	3420-5 (3520).

High grade	Unofficial + or close (p.m.) - £ per tonne	High/Low
Cash 3 months	468-70 -1.5 471-8 -3	1470/ 474/468,5
70-5) (47; (479.5-80), Final Kerb 5,650 ton	closing (am): Ce 7-8), three thouth settlement 470, close: 470-1, Ring nes. US Prime inta per lb.	is 473-3.5 5 (478). turnover:

Although the market made ground again today profit taking during the attenuou put the dempers on reports Clarkson Wolff. The physical market remained steady and this grend is likely to continus.

market rate. Not included in the Central Bank's figures are	BY TIM DICKSON IN BRUSSELS	- COO ALLON	port case		Strike Price	Calls	Pute	_
ment Fund, which last month stood at around \$1.5bn, or the	Justice yesterday decided that the European Commission was wrong to have disallowed pay-	accounts" system, effectively an internal audit in Brussels of funds paid out by the Com-	grounds that although shipped from Dublin to Rotterdam they had not left the Community as required within 60 days of the completion of formalities.	ŀ <u>-</u>	Sitonne	Nov.	Nov.	- -
which average around \$2bn per I	of funds paid out by the Company, PDVSA, pund \$2\text{in ments} of If2.28 to the pund \$2\text{in ments} of If2.28 to the list Government for alleged together ign reserves ign reserves around \$1\text{long} and the completion of formalities. of If2.28 to the munity for agricultural market support. The Court's judgment, published yesterday, took a more ign reserves and spectively disallowed the payment of refunds on butter and was whether the goods had left	Alumin- ium 99.6%	1.725	Nov. Jan. 16014 11914 18714 100 95 78	210 771	_ -		
naturally stand at around \$13bn.	The judgment has some	butter oil exports on the	the first port of loading in time.	Copper (Grade A)		190 97	1414 761 12 10 26 1271	Ō
Saudi Aral	hia tries to	slow Rarle	v influv	Copper (Grade A)	Entonne 1,175 1,100 1,125	73½ 62 53 80 35% 391	31 ₂ 431 71 ₂ 5	50

KUALA LUMPUR TIM MARKET: Close 17.24 (17.23) ringgit per kg. Up 0.01

GOLD
GOLD BULLION (fine ounce) Oct. 22
Close \$471'4-471\$, (205-28549) Opening \$468-4581 ₂ (283\$, 28414) M'n'g fix \$459.80 (£284,580) Aft'n'n fix \$471.65 (£286,071) Day's high \$475\$, 4761 ₂ Day's low \$468-4581 ₂
GOLD AND PLATINUM COINS

Day's low \$468-4681	= =
GOLD AND PLAT	NUM COINS
Am Eaglo.\$485 490 Maplelest\$484 498 Krgirhal.\$470.473 k Krug\$245.250 4 Krug\$245.250 Angel5482-487 1/16 Angel\$49-34 New Sov. \$111-112 Old Sov\$11-112 Sritannis.\$485.490 Roble Piatt.\$590.800	(£394-297) (£293-1-396-14) (£294-1-296-14) (£1481-1-611-14) (£1481-1-611-14) (£293-1-324-1 (£671-68) (£294-297) (£3671-363-14)

INDICES REUTERS Odt. 21 Oct. 20 Mith ago Yearago 1658,9 1640,1 — — — **DOW JONES** Dow Oct. Oct. Mith Year Jones 21 20 ago ago

MAIN PRICE CHANGES # Unquoted, † Per 75 fb flack, c Cents

(8ase December 31 1831-100)

Oct. 22 + or Month 1987 - ago METALS ...\$1916:925;—80 |\$1776;795

† Unquoted. † Per 75-ib flask. c Cents pound. * Cotton outlook. w Oct-Nov Nov. 2 Dec. t Nov-Dec. v Jan-Feb.

Silver was fixed 1.45p at ounce higher for spot delivery in the London builion market yesterday at 454.05p US cent equivalents of the fixing levels were: spot 750.15 cents down 0.25 cents; three-month 765.50 cents, down 0.95 cents; six-month 780.65 cents, down 1.35 cents; and 12-month 813.45 cents, down 1.95 cents. The metal opened at 451²-453²-p0 (745-748 cents) and closed at 453-455p (749-752 cents).

SILVER Buillon + or L.M.E. per Fixing - p.m. ungfict

Sales: 3.768 (2.797) lots of 5 tonnes. ICO indicator prices (US cents per pound) for October 21. Comp daily 1973 110.96 (109.59); 15-day average 111.31 (110.77).

In good volume of trade futures lost ground early in the day but rallied later and regained some of the loss to close £12 off on the day. Physicals continue fairly well neglected and little interest was seen in

Yesterday's + or close + or 2 per tonne

iCCO indicator prices (SDRs per tonne). Dally price for October 21 1487.02 (1481.82); 10-day sverage for October 22 1473.9 (1474.40).

| Close | High/Low | Prev.

Dry Cargo

Wheat market sessed on a quiet trade with commission house sailing a noted feature, while barley in contrast firmed on restitution optimism with shipper buyers the main support, reports T. G. Roddick.

-0.55 104.20 -0.65 106.60 -0.50 108.45 -0.15 110.00 -0.55 -0.45 99.10 -0.25 101.60

BARLEY

+0.78 +0.60 +0.65 +0.86

Tumover 1504 (1578).

10**8,9**0 111,51

GRAINS

FREIGHT FUTURES

... 1269-1863 --- 11.0 1268-1256 ... 1287-1288 --- 10.0 1298-1281 ... 1311-1312 --- 10.6 1816-1868

COCOA

Indonesia.

LME prices supplied by Amalgamated Metal Trading. OTHERS

Cocce Pt. Mar. | 51196.5 | -4.5 51253

Coffee Pt. Jan | 51351 | -2.5 51250.5

Cotton A Ind. | 51351 | -2.5 51250.5

Cast Oil Dec. | 171.75 | -1.5 51257.75

Rubber (kito) | 55p | -1.0 52.20

Sugar (raw) | 5150.4 | -4.0 5153.2

Wooltops 64e | 500p kito | 480pkito

ALUMINIUM

99.7% Unofficial + or : High/Low purity close (p.m.) —

_29.5 _ _24 1089/1055 Official closing (am): Cash 1155-6 (1174-6), three months 1085.5,5 (1095-6), settlement 1155 (1176). Final Kerb close: 1072-3. Ring tumover:

orb close: 1072-3. Ring turnover: ,100 tonnes.		F: Spot		
OFF	2P3	12 (montais 000,00p.40,78; — ; —		
Grade A	Unofficial +or High/Low	LME—Turnover: 0 (0) lots of 10,000 cz. Final kerb close 775.80c.		
ish months	1169-70 —6.5 1200/1172 1092-4 —13.5 1110/1070	COFFEE		
175-7),	Osing (sm): Cesh 1200-2 three months 1095-100 tttlement 1202 (1177). Final 1095-6.	A relatively quet day in moderate volume reports Drawel Summara Lembert. Opening steedler than expected levels soon essed back as trade houses sold into the market.		
undard sh	1150-60 -5 -	Offers from origin helped to keep the market from extempting any further attempt to rally and robusts levels		

rie said the idea was very complicated because of the for a large part of its crude large amount of surplus oil on the market and because a lot of people do not like sanctions.

"We shall have to look very mational Herald Tribune and the price of oil, despite the carefully at it," he said and the Oil Dally, Mr Martin said increased hostilities in the confirmed that the policy was that the world now had the Gulf?"

Eash 12150-60 -5 months 12080-80 -17.5
He added: "Is it any wonder that the Organisation of that the Corpanisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries (100-4). settlement 180 (1165). US Producer prices 82.25-32 cents per lb. Total ring turnover 41,325 tonnes.

LEAD

	Unofficia close (p. £ per	+ or m.) — tonne	High/Low
Cash 3 Months	358-9 351_5-52	8 8,75	361/359 361/350
(369.5-70) (363.5-64) Kerb clos), three), settilen 18: 350-50	month: ient 359 ().5. Ring	esh 358-59 s 352-2.5 (370). Final p turnover: ents per lb.

NICKEL			
	Unofficial + or close (p.m.) — High/Low		
Cash months	3450-60 : () 3460/8455 3440-5 :+10 3450/3428		
Official	closing (am): Cash 3455.60		

ZINC		
High grade	Unofficial + or close (p.m.) - £ per tonne	High/Low
Cash 5 months	468-70 -1.5 471-8 -3	:470/ 474/468,5
70-5) (47 (479.5-80). Final Kerb	closing (am): Ca 7-8), three month settlement 470. close: 470-1, Ring nes. US Prime	s 473-3.5 5 (478). turnover:

Official closing (am): Cash 469.5- 0-5) (477-8), three counties 473-5-80, 479.5-80), sattlement 470.5 (478), inal Kerb close: 470-1, Ring turnover: 650 connes. US Prime Weatern: 3-43.75 cents per lb.
LONDON METAL EXCHANGE TRADED OPTIONS

	Strike Price	Calls	Pute
	Sitonne	Nov.	Nov.
Alumin- lum 99.7%	Ξ	Ξ	=
		Nov. Jan.	Nov Jan
Alumin- ium 99.5%	1,725 1,750 1,800	1901g 1191g 1871g 108 95 78	21: 771 41: 891 12 1161
Copper (Grade A)	1,750 1,800 1,850	190 97	41 ₂ 761 12 10 26 1271

TIN

GOLD	
GOLD BULLION (fine ounce) Oct. 25	i
Close \$471\(\frac{4}{4}\)71\(\frac{5}{4}\) (365-286\(\frac{1}{6}\)) Dening \$468-458\(\frac{1}{6}\) (283\(\frac{1}{6}\)24-58\(\frac{1}{6}\)) Affmin fix \$471.65 (286.071) Day's high \$475\(\frac{1}{6}\)476\(\frac{1}{6}\) Day's low \$468-468\(\frac{1}{6}\)2	•
GOLD AND PLATINUM COINS	•
	,

(285-2854) (2833-2844) (£284.580) (£286.071)	Business done—Wheat: Nov 109.10- 8.80, Jen 111.40-1.10, Mer 113.35-3.10, Mey 115.50 only, July 117.60 only, Sept untraded, Nov untraded. Sales: 191 lots of 100 tonnes. Barley: Nov 104.30- 3.50, Jen 108.70-8.20, Mer 108.45-8.20,
NUM COINS	May 110.00 only, Sept untraded, Nov
(£384-297) (£2984-8964) (£2944-2964) (£14819-1814) (£784-784) (£2924-3234) (£2974-8754) (£674-67) (£294-3274) (£674-69) (£294-3274)	untraded. Seles: 362 lots of 100 tonnes. LONDON GRAINS—Wheez: US dark Northern spring No 2 14 per cent 96.26, Dec 97.00. US No 2 soft red winter Nov 93.75, Dac 96.25. French 11½-12 per cent Oot 136.50 sellers. English lead fob Jan/Mer 115.00 paid East Coest 110.00 seller. Nov 110.50/110.75, Dec 111.25/112.00, Jan/Mar 114.50/ 115.00 paid/15.00, paid/15.00, paid/15.00 paid

York on 319.00/320.00 (same) cents

Ciose — done | April | 587.1 | 580.0 | 582.0 | 584.0 | 587.1 | 580.0 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | 585.5 | trans-shipment East Cosat Oct 134.00 seller. Seriey: English feed Jan/Mar 113.00 paid East Cosat Nov 108.00/ LONDON D 109.00, Dec 108.26/110.00, Jan/Mar 113.00/113.00 buyer/sellers. Rest unauted. quoted.

HGCA — Locational ex-farm aport prices: Feed Barley: S. East 102.00; W. Mids 102.20; N. West 101.70. The UK monetary coefficient for the week beginning Monday October 28 (based on HGCA calculations using 5 days exchange rates) is expected to remain unchanged.

vith market having last some of the policy in the days, profit-taking selling mark of the days, profit-taking selling mark of the days, profit-taking selling market fell on opening and although meeting buying interest scale down, navertheless dropped sway as day wore on to close market less. In the profit of
Sales No 6 5743 (2716) lots of SO tonnes. No 8 1172 (1257).
Tate & Lyls dolivery price for granulated basis sugar was £215.00 (£212.50) a toone for export.
International Sugar Agreement—(US cents per pound fob and stowed Carlibbean ports.) Prices for Oct 21.
Delty price 6.81 (8.33) 15-day sverage 6.46 (6.41).

RUBBER

Change (buyers): Spot 65.00p (same): Nov (57.5p (same): Dsc 68.00p (same): Dsc 68.00p (same): The Kuala Lumpur tob prices (Maley/Singapors cants per kg) wers: R5.5 (267.5): SMR 20 255.5 (256). MEAT

MEAT COMMISSION—Average fat-stock prices at representative markets: GB—Cattle 94.57p per kg lw (+0.53), GB—Sheep 167.85p per kg eat dow (+3.43), GB—Piga 73.85p per kg lw (-3.70).



Yesterd'ys + or Business done For information please return this advertisement, together with your business card, to: Financial Times Conference Organisation per tonne 170,00 + 1.35 [71,00 158,00 171,75 + 1.56 [77,00-770,50 272,60 | +1.56 [77,75,75-771,75 171,50 +0.75 [72,75,171,58 Minster House, Arthur Street, London EC4R SAX. Alternatively, telephone 01-821 1355 or telex 27347 FTCONF G tax 01-623 8814

Saudi Arabia tries to slow Barley influx

"Severe food supply probbe imported on commercial lems will arise at the end of terms. Donor pledges so far 1987 and continue throughout amount to 118,000 tonnes of 1988," says the FAO: "To avoid which only 27,000 tonnes have

The import subsidy is down from about U\$\$80 a tonne to \$26.60 a tonne. At the old subsidy rate, importers found that they could make a profit of \$10 per tonne on American barley simply by bringing it in the country. US barley costs only \$70 a tonne.

The import subsidy is down from about U\$\$80 a tonne to \$25.60 a tonne. At the old subsidive rate, importers found the European Community retaliated, prices for barley plumented. The Kingdom's traditional barley suppliers, such as Australia, were squeezed out of the market.

Saudi Arabia's 1986 wheat harvest reached 2.3m tonnes, which the Government purchased at \$533.33 a tonne. The total bill was \$1.227bn.

The Saudi Arabia's 1986 wheat harvest reached 2.3m tonnes, which the Government purchased at \$533.33 a tonne. The total bill was \$1.227bn.

The Saudi Arabia's 1986 wheat harvest reached 2.3m tonnes, which the Government total bill was \$1.227bn.

The Saudi Arabia's 1986 wheat harvest reached 2.3m tonnes, which the Government total bill was \$1.227bn.

The Saudi Arabia's 1986 wheat harvest reached 2.3m tonnes, which the Government total bill was \$1.227bn.

The Saudi wheat harvest reached 2.3m tonnes, which the Government total bill was \$1.227bn.

The Saudi Arabia's 1986 wheat harvest reached 2.3m tonnes, which the Government total bill was \$1.227bn.

The Saudi Arabia's 1986 wheat harvest reached 2.3m tonnes, which the Government total bill was \$1.227bn.

The Saudi Arabia's 1986 wheat harvest reached 2.3m tonnes, which the Government total bill was \$1.227bn.

The Saudi Arabia's 1986 wheat harvest reached 2.3m tonnes, which the Government total bill was \$1.227bn.

The Saudi Arabia's 1986 wheat harvest reached 2.3m tonnes, which the Government total bill was \$1.227bn.

The Saudi Arabia's 1986 wheat harvest reached 2.3m tonnes, which the Government total bill was \$1.227bn.

The Saudi Arabia's 1986 wheat harvest reached 2.3m tonnes, which the Government total bill was \$1.227bn.

The Saudi Arabia's 1986 wheat harvest reached 2.3m tonnes, which the Government harvest reac

and camels eat perhaps 5.5m during the past year, ending in August, imports topped £8.1m tonnes at a cost to the Govern-

SAUDI ARABIA has cut its ally implemented barley sub-barley import subsidy by two-sidies to benefit small farmers begun offering subsidies to grow tonne growing subsidy for thirds to reduce rampant over-importing.

The import subsidy is down the US launched its Export from about US\$80 a tonne to the US launched its Export Enhancement Programme and the Enhancement

only \$70 a tonne.

That state of affairs led to massive over-importing. The kingdom's herds of goats, sheep kingdom's herds of goats, sheep finance. At one point, the manual control of the manual co Kingdom's banks were directed

The barley problem is also fuel. The Government had origin- being attacked from another

rne Saudi wheat harvest more than covers estimated demand of 800,000 tonnes a year, and has generated an expensive surplus. Not only the wheat surplus. Last year, the Saudi wheat production. By shifting some of their production into barley the Government hopes to cut back the wheat surplus. Last year, the Saudian expensive surplus. Not only the wheat surplus are the wheat surplus are the saudi wheat production. By shifting some of their production are the surplus and the saudi wheat production are the saudi wheat production are the saudi wheat harvest demand of \$20,000 tonnes a year, and has generated an expensive surplus. Not only the saudi wheat production are the saudi w expensive surplus. Not only is the wheat costly to buy, but it the wheat costly to buy, but it subsidised wheat to countries is costly to store in Government such as Egypt, Jordan and siles. In addition to the pure silos. In addition to the pur-

The kingdom has begun offer- tonnes this year.

chase subsidy, the Government Barley production is expected assists farmers with subsidised to grcv. Winter barley productions, water, electricity and tion last year was 2,149 tonoon but this may rise to 500,000

CURRENCIES, MONEY AND CAPITAL MARKETS

LONDON

Close High Low Prev. 178.00 194.30 165.00 193.00 182.50 — 197.50 sed volume 4,287 (3,617) is day's open int. 8,169 (8,342)

2.16 92.40 91.59 9 1.71 91.75 91.26 9 1.41 91.30 91.00 9 1.21 90.94 90.92 9 1.04 -- 9 1.09 -- 9 1.09 1.471 (17.627) open ist. 37,621 (38,057)

Close High Low Prev. 85-16 86-20 83-04 83-07 85-18 — 82-10 at Volume 12,501 (15,955) day's open int. 16,581 (20,401)

LS. TREASURY BONDS 8% 180,009 32ms of 180%

CURRENCY FUTURES

POUND—\$ (FOREIGN EXCHANGE)

Spot 1-mth. 3-mth. 6-mth. 12-mth. 16500 1.6965 1.6414 1.6325 1.6220

Close High Law 1.6457 1.6450 1.6442 1.6380 -- --1.6305 -- --volcase 10 (20)

Latest High Law Prev 1.6480 1.6560 1.6560 1.6425 1.6420 1.6490 1.6380 1.6355 1.6390 1.6390 1.6390 1.6275

FINANCIAL FUTURES

FOREIGN EXCHANGES

from 81% per cent—speculators were looking very much for a lower lollar although trading yesterday sa sell orders virtually matched by demand.

The dollar closed at DM 1.8135, the same as Wednesday but touched a high of DM 1.8190 in the morning and a low of DM 1.8000 in the afternoon. It was slightly firmer against the yen at Y144.60 from Y144.15 and finished elsewhere at FFT 6.05 and SFT 1.5055, both weakers of DR 2.8194 DR 2 both unchanged. On Bank of Eng-

exchange	gures	i, the		dollar .as 101	
£ IN NE					_
Oct. 22	L	dest.		Previous Close	-
£ Spot	0.35	-1.6515 -0.33pm -0.77pm -2.60pm	. 6	485-1.6495 1.33-0.30pm 1.80-0.75pm 2.60-2.40pm	-
Forward pred U.S. dollar. STERLIN			OLS .	apply to th	•
		Oct.	22	Previous	-
8.30 at 9.00 at 10.00 at 11.00 pr 2.00 pr 3.00 pr 4.00 pr	n	73.4 73.4 73.4 73.4 73.4 73.5 73.4		73.4 73.3 73.4 73.3 73.4 73.5 73.4 73.4 73.4	-
CURREN	CY R	ATES			•
Get. 22	Bank rate %	Special Drawing Rights		European Carrency Unit	
Sterling U.S. Dollar Cangding 5 Austrian Sch. Belgian Franc Busish Kenne Deutsche Mark Buth, Guther French Franc, Hallen Like Harmy Krune Sprusse Yen Hermy Krune Sprusse Yen Greet Druck Lirich Pang Lirich Pang Lirich Pang	6 8.75 4 7 7 3 442 12 22 8 - 742 3.5 2092 -	0.78083 1.28978 16.4679 48.7859 8.98139 2.34134 2.4337,3 7.81736 84.5873 151.482 8.2873 1.94434 8/A		0.692918 1.14851 1.51041 14.6102 43.2731 7.96034 2.07594 2.37515 6.93299 163.271 163.271 151.201 1.72105 1.72105 1.724295	
CS SDR rate	s for Di	교, ZL; 1.	/00	Ð	,

CURRENCY MOVEMENTS 73.4 101.0 78.4 137.6 99.1 91.2 146.8 172.7 135.1 71.4 47.3 220.2

OTHER CURRENCIES \$ \$ \$ 6.8600.6.9470 4.1400.4.1400 2.3080.2.3110 1.3950.1.3960 89.3885.89.8900 53.9460.94.2160 7.1955.7.2190 4.330.4.3550 228.40.222.35 138.45.140.75 12.9480.12.9610 7.8110.7.81120 113.45° 801.20.807.80 801.20.807.80 801.20.807.80 801.20.807.80 41.8804.2000 52.5570.2.5520 1.5424.00.1425.00 5.2570.2.520 1.5270.3.7510 3.4955.3.4515 7.8955.3.4615 7.8955.

MONEY MARKETS

INTEREST RATES eased on

EUROPE	an cur	RENCY UN	IT RATE	5	
	Ecu central rates	Currency acrosms against Ecu Oct. 22	% change from central rate	% change adjusted for divergence	Divergence Ilmit %
Franc	42,4582 7,85212 2,05853 6,90403 2,31943 0,768411 1,483.58	43.2731 7.96034 2.07594 6.93299 2.33515 0.774295 1498.52	+1.92 +1.38 +0.85 +0.42 +0.68 +0.77 +1.01	+1.14 +0.60 +0.07 -0.36 -0.10 -0.01 +0.68	± 1.5344 ± 1.6404 ± 1.0981 ± 1.3674 ± 1.5012 ± 1.6684 ± 4.0752

Oct. 22	Day's spread	Clese ;	Gae month	pa.	Three months	% pa
S	1.6465-3.6630	16495-16505	0.37-0.34c pm	258	0.89-0.84pea	230
1920da	21637-21850	21715-21725	8.29-0.20c pm	1.35	0.75-0.62pm	1.26
etherlands .	3.36-3.37%	3,36-3,37	1%-14cpm	4.68	31-31 ₂₀₀₁	431
elgium	6221-6254	62.25-62.35	15-12cpm	2.60	50-45pm	3.03
eriurk	11.46%-11.51%	11.464-11.474	3pgn-3goredis	L0.07	lapon-lidis	-0.15
ــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ	11140-11195	1_1160-1_1170	0.20-0.10cpm	ואנ	0.45-0.30pm	134
. Germany .	2.981-2.990	2.98%-2.99%	15-13-pt pm	6.02	4-33 _{com}	5.14
ortugal	236.23-238.85	236,75-237.75	30-80c ds	-2.79	154-244ds	j3 <i>3</i> 7
	193.12-194.29	193.15-193.45	25-110c ds	-419	100-190ds] -3.00
dy	215612-21653	215072-215912	Par - 3 fire dis	-0.83	6-11ds	-157
orway	10.951-10.991	10.964-10.974	274-47-ore dis	_2.39	9%-114dfa	-3 8
ance	9.974-10.015			2.03	4-3am	140
reden	10.521-10.58%	10.522-10.532		0.57	15-546	0.43
pan	2371-239			5.97	3 ¹ 4-3pm	5.24
#Stria	20.92-21.21	21.07-21.10		5.09	27-233 _{20m}	4.8
olizeriani	2474-249	245-249	115-125cm	6.94	55-35 pm	561

-	m. 12-month 2.9		AGAINST T	HE D	DULAR	
Oct. 22	Day's spread	Cinse	One mouth	% pa	Three months	* *
						_
K†	16465-16610		0.37-0.34c pm		0.89-0.84pm 0.26-0.16pm	
relandt	1.4745-1.4856		0.09-0.04c pm			0.57
mags	1.3110-1.3180		0.14-0.17c dis			-0.93
letherlands .	20275-2.0445		0.40-0.35c pm		1.27-1.20pm	2.42
lefgivor	37.55-37.83		3.50-1.50c pm		13-9pm	
eomark	6.914-6.98		0.80-1.50ore dis	-1.98	2.90-3.60ds	-1.87
i, Germany .		1.8130-1.8140	0.55-0.53pf pm		[1.50-1.46pm	3.26
ortogal	1434-1434	1434-1434	55-85c dis	-5.85	170-220ds	-5.43
	116.30-117.53	117.00-117.20	50-100c dis	-7.67	150-200ds	-5.97
ab	1300-1311-60	1308%-1308%	3.00-4.50lire ds		10.70-12.70ds	-3.57
oratey	-661-665h		3.30-4.00are dis			-5 <i>B</i> 6
rance	6.02-6.06%	604-6054	0.27-0.37c ds			-0.57
weden	635-6394	6.38-6.38%	0.96-1.20ore dis		225-245-8	-1.53 -
	143.40-144.78		0.42-0.3%	336	124-L19am	336
15tria			290-250pro pm	254	10.00-8.50cm	290
edizzerland _	1.496-1.5095		0.56-0.51c pm	426	1/5137mm	3.74
MEAN GRI	במעבונים דייו	7-2021-7-2001	0.30-0.31C PRI	9	TAN PARTY NAMED IN	2/4
UK and Irela	ed are custed in U	S corresor, Forwa	rd premiums and di	scounis a	امل کیا جدر در برادی	br 100 100

		- 12.76-12.76 ¹ 2. 1.5050-1.5060			10.00-8.50; 1.45-1.37;	
UK and Ireland	are quoted in U	S correscy. Forwards to for a	ord premiums a	nd discounts a	pply to the US	do iter 200 110
to the individual	currency. Belg		Deportible franc	s. Financial	fram. 37.90-3	8.00
EURO-CUI	RENCY	INTEREST	RATES			
0:1. 22	Short	7 Days	Ome	Three	Stx	One
	terris	notice	Month	Months	Months	Year
Sterling	104-10	104-913	9½-9½	10°=10	102-103	104-104
U.S. Dollar	6#-6#	7-67	72-74	77-72	73-73	84-84
Can Dollar	8-74	81-74	84-84	88-82	94-83	92-94

0:1.22	Shert	7 Days	Case	Three	Six	One
	territ	notice	Month	Months	Months	Year
Sterling	104-10	104-98	9 <u>15-912</u>	10°+10	102-104	104-104
U.S. Dollar	6#-6#	7-65	7-2-7-4	74-74	73-74	84-84
Can Dollar	8-7%	84-74	83-84	88-8 <u>7</u>	94-83	90 ₂₋ 94 ₆
	53-4%	54-48	52-54	58-58	53-53	512-513
Sw. Franc	14-3	74-7	3 <u>1</u> -3 <u>2</u>	41 _{6-41₆}	474-414	474-474
Deutschmark	32-34	34-34	32-31	41 _{6-45₂}	474-414	5-474
Fr. Franc	712-714	74-75	711-711	87%	84-84	94-94
	11-10	10-85 ₂	11-10-4	11%11%	124-114	124-114
B, Fr. (Fig.)	7-6%	64-642	64-65	74-63	71 ₈ -7	73-73
B. Fr. (Coq.)	7-6%	7-64	7-63	74-64	73 ₈ -7	73-74
Yen	3 <u>1</u> 3-32	41-44	4 <u>1</u> 2-4	44-44	4월-4월	5-4 <u>13</u>
D. Krone	95-94		10-95	104-104	10월-10월	101-10%
Asian \$Sing	64-64	6 364	7472	74.7 <u>4</u>	8-7%	82-84
Cent; the years 9	*- 245 be. corr	nomical. Short		call for US Do	Egys and Japan	se Yes; other

Dat. 22	ε	\$	DM	Yes	F Fr.	S Fr.	H FL	Ling	C \$	BF
£	1.	1.650	2993	298.5	9,983	2.485	3.365	1309.	2172	62 ³
	0.606	1.	1.814	144.6	6,050	1.506	2.040	1309.	1316	37 J
DM	0.334	0.551	1	79.70	3.336	0.830	1.124	721.5	0.726	20.1
M	4.193	6.918	12:55	1000.	41.86	10.42	14.11	9052.	9.107	24.1
F Fr.	1.002	1,653,	2.998	238.9	10.00	2.489	3.371	2163.	2.176	62,
S Fr.	0.402	0,664	1.204	95.98	4.017	1.	1.354	858.8	0.874	25,
H FL	0.297	0.490	0.889	70,88	2.967	0.738	1	614.6	0.645	18:
Line	0.463	0.764		110.5	4.624	1.151	1599	2000.	1.006	28:
C \$	0.460	0.760	1.378	109.8	4.5%	1144	1.549	994.D	1.	28./
B Fr.	1.605	2.648	4.803	392.8	16.02	3.969	5.401	3465.	3.486	100

			
FT LONDON IN	ITERBANK FIXING		
(11.00 a.m. Oct. 22	3 months U.S. dollars	ó mestis	U.S. dollars
tid 8	offer 64 ₂	tid 8/4	off
offered rates for \$100	e arithmetic means, rounder quoted by the market to five n I Westminster Bank, Bank of	eference banks at 11.0	10) auru 620

INTEREST RATES eased on the London money market, as funds seeking a safe haven from the vagaries of the equity market, were encouraged into Government debt, in the form of bills and bonds. The downward trend in rates	band 2 at 9% per cent. Late assistance of £180m wa also provided. Bills maturing in official bands repayment of late assistance and take-up of Treasury bills draine £523m, with a rise in the not circulation absorbing £50m. Thes
UK clearing bank base lending rate 10 per cent	outweighed Exchequer transactions adding £40m to liquidity and bank balances above target of

London reacts to

lower US rates

er 81 of the bid an b working day **MONEY RATES NEW YORK** Three year ...
Four year ...
Five year ...
Seven year ...
30 year 3.62 4.88 5.19 6.22 6.75 7.83 (Lunchtime) 9-**94:** 8-84: 7-4: 632 Lombard Intervention Quê Monih Three Months 340-3.70 74-714 74-114 54-54 3.34375 104-1114 7.50 8-84 3.85-4.00 74-8 — — — — — 9-94 4.75-4.95 8.2-83 -----95-972 4.65-4.80 84-84 4-44 55-534 12-121, LONDON MONEY RATES One Year Mooth 10.5-10 10.3-10.5 10.5 10.5 101₂-102, 104-104 101₃ 105₆ 9월 1044 10% 10% 933 1043 7.85-7.80 7.4-633 712-713 at noon. Total help of £521m was provided.

In Berlin the West German Bundeshark left its credit policies unchanged at the regular contral hank council meeting. The distance House 250m bank bills in band 1 at 9% per cent.

In the afternoon another £291m bills were purchased, by way of £284m bank bills in band 1 at 5% per cent and £7m bank bills in band 1 at 5% per cent and £7m bank bills in band 1 at 5% per cent and £7m bank bills in band 2 at 5 per cent.

In the afternoon another £291m bills were purchased, by way of £284m bank bills in band 1 at 5% per cent and £7m bank bills in band 2 at 5 per cent.

In the afternoon another £291m bills were purchased, by way of £284m bank bills in band 1 at 5% per cent.

In the afternoon another £291m bills were purchased by way of £284m bank bills in band 1 at 5% per cent.

In the afternoon another £291m bills were purchased by way of £284m bank bills in band 1 at 5% per cent.

In the afternoon another £291m bills were purchased by way of £284m bank bills in band 1 at 5% per cent.

In the afternoon another £291m bills were purchased by way of £284m bank bills in band 1 at 5% per cent.

In the afternoon another £291m bills were purchased by way of £284m bank bills in band 1 at 5% per cent.

In the afternoon another £291m bills were purchased by way of £284m bank bills in band 1 at 5% per cent.

In the afternoon another £291m bills were purchased by way of £284m bank bills in band 1 at 5% per cent.

In the afternoon another £291m bills were purchased by way of £284m bank bills in band 1 at 5% per cent.

In the afternoon another £291m bills were purchased by way of £284m bank bills in band 1 at 5% per cent.

In the afternoon another £291m bills were purchased by way of £284m bank bills in band 1 at 5% per cent.

In the afternoon another £291m bills were purchased by way of £294m bank bills in band 1 at 5% per cent.

In the afternoon another £291m bills believed to £294m bank bills by £294m bank bi

| Roy | Calib - Lest | Roy | Calib - Lest | Roy | Calib - Lest | Roy | Calib - Lest | Roy | Calib - Lest | Roy | Calib - Lest Pols Nov. Dec. tae. Mar. — 0.20 0.45 1.10 — 0.45 0.95 5% NOTIONAL LONG TERM JAPANESE COVT SOME YISOM 15000s of 180% Close High Low 99.74 99.90 99.05 99.24 99.24 99.24 d Volume 1,019 (1,027) day's open int. 654 (784) Clase High Low 90.04 90.15 99.75 90.96 90.20 99.83 90.04 90.15 99.97 99.90 99.93 99.93 99.94 90.95 99.93 day's open ist. 17,415 C17,6707

CURRENCY TRADING was relatively as attention once more flowers to back seat yearlesting as attention once more flowers as the control of the wild fluctuations on a firmer note amid loopes that some propress could be noted in the fluctuations on a firmer note amid loopes that some propress could be noted in a surface and loopes that some propress could be noted in a surface and loopes that some propress could be noted in a surface and loopes that some propress could be noted in the afternoon as bonds as sole in the afternoon as bonds are considered by the control of a point of principles and fluided in spatial recovery in sequities and fluided in the Suike Caris—Last
Price Nov. Dec. Jan. Mar. Nov.
1.45 — 12.90 — — — — —
1.50 15.40 15.40 — 15.40 0.30
1.55 10.40 10.40 — 10.45 0.30
1.60 5.35 5.60 5.95 6.40 0.45
1.63 1.65 2.30 3.00 3.60 1.80
1.70 0.50 0.80 1.30 1.85 5.40
1.75 — 1.20 — 1.80 —
Previous day's open int: Calls 746 Puts 104
Estimated Volume: 49

	.95 17: .70 - .75 3.8	5 8	100 2 125 2	.48 227 24 204	202] 182]	190 01 172 01	12 01	1 0.31	0.49 0.56	Ш				
13.6Q 4	75 3.8 20 5.2 .00 6.9 .00 8.7	5 9)	50 2 175 1 20 1 25 1	00 1.83 76 1.62 54 1.42 32 1.23	1.45 2	154 0.1 138 0.1 122 0.1 167 0.1	15 0.2 16 0.2 11 0.3	7 0.42	0.63 0.72 0.81 0.91		Company Notices	CLASS ADVERTISE		PATES
CHICA U.S. TRE \$100,000 Dec. Mar. June Sept.	ASSURY BY 32nds of Latest 85-31 85-35 84-13 83-18	Esi Drios (Ci	mated Yo	Pres. 83-22 52-36 58-12	LAPANESI YIZ-5m \$ Dec. Mar. June Sept. Doc.	E YEN (0.6991 0.7040 0.7090	Prev. 0.6948 0.7000 0.7060 0.7120 0.7175		THE ROYAL BANK OF CANADA US\$350,000,000 Floating Rate Debentures due 2005	Appointments Commercial and Industrial Property Saturday Property Residemial Property Basiness	Per line (min. 3 inesi) £ 12.50 12.00 6.00 9.50	Sergie consumm (min. 3 cms) 43.00 41.00 25.00 32.00
Dec. Mar. Jame Sept. Dec. Mar. June	82-30 82-16 — — 79-07	83-20 82-16 82-00 — 79-07	81-10 81-30 82-00 79-07	80-04 79-19 79-03 78-20 78-06 77-25	BEUTSCH BMD25,00 Dec. Mar. June Sep. Dec.	Close 0.5557 0.5598	High 0.5580 0.5615	Low 0.5531 0.5571 —	Previous 0.5536 0.5568 0.5618 0.5674 0.5730		tions of the debentures, the interest rate for the period 26th October 1987 to 27th November 1987 has been fixed at 7½ per cent per annum. On 27th November, interest of USS6.555555 per US\$1,000 nominal amount of the debentures will be due for payment. The rate of interest for the period commencing 27th November	Opportunities Business for Sale/Wanted Personal Motor Cars, Travel Contracts, Tenders Book Page Page! Premium posi £9 per Single Column		
Dec.	ASURY BI ts of 1909 Latest 94.40 93.50 93.18	High 94.70 93.75 93.20	Low 94,00 93,32 92,96	Prev. 93.93 93.24 92.95	THREE-MI \$3m point Dec. Mar. June	Close 92.46 92.15 91.65	High 92.70 92.40 91.95	1.50 92.10 91.88 91.50	Prev. 92.06 91.83		1987 will be determined on 24th November, 1987. ORION ROYAL BANK LIMITED Agent Bank and Principal Paying Agent.	All prices e For further d Classified Advert FINANCI 10 CANNO	rais writ isement LL TIME	z to: Manager S.
Sept. Dec. Mar.	92.95 92.63 —	92.95 92.63	92.75 92.50	92.75 92.65 92.51	Sept. Dec. Mar. June Sept.	91.35 91.15 91.00 90.80 90.70	91.53 91.27 91.05 90.90 90.76	91.25 91.00 90.90 90.68 90.60	91.52 91.29 91.11 90.95 90.80 90.68		LG. INDEX LTD, 9-11 GROSVENOR	LONDON	EC4P 4	BY'
	Latest 0.6706		Low 0.6670 0.6725	Prev. 0.6649 0.6707	STANDARI S500 Shaes Dec.		RS 500 ill RS 500 ill 234.00	Law 195.00	Pres. 258-25	<u>-</u> 	FT 30 FTS: Oct 1375/1425 -179 Oct 176		VALL STR 1870/19 1870/19	930 -135

ANNOUNCE CHANGES IN OUR DEALING ROOM TELEPHONE NUMBERS

TRADING Straight Bonds US Dollars 01-626 9321 Australian Dollars 01-626 9321 Canadian Dollars 01-626 9321 ■ Deutsche Marks 01-929 4271 **■** ECUs 01-929 4271 Yen 01-929 4271 ■ New Issues 01-626 9321 Equity Related Issues Convertibles 01-623 5530 Warrants 01-623 5530 01-621 9421 **FRNs** Euro Commercial Paper/Euronotes 01-621 9421 SALES 01-283 8391

Deutsche Bank Capital Markets

EFFECTIVE 26th OCTOBER 1987

TELEX: 8958277 - FAX: 01-929 0474 150 Leadenhall Street, London EC3V 4RJ

Company Notices	CLAS ADVERTISE	SIFIED	-
THE ROYAL BANK OF CANADA U\$\$350,000,000 Floating Rate Debentures due 2005 In accordance with the terms and conditions of the debentures, the interest rate for the period 26th October 1987 to 27th November 1987 has been fixed at 7½ per cent per anium. On 27th November, interest of U\$\$6.555555 per U\$\$1,000 nominal amount of the debentures will be due for payment. The rate of Interest for the period commencing 27th November 1987 will be determined on 24th November, 1987. ORION ROYAL BANK LIMITED Agent Bank and Principal Paying Agent	Appointments Commercial and Industrial Property Saturday Property Resioemial Property Resional Property Resional Resi	Per line (mm. 12.50 12.00 6.00 9.50 13.00 12.00 9.50 12.00 1	Signife Company of the Company of th

FT 30 FTSE 100 WALL STREET
Oct 1375/1425 -179 Oct 1760/1810 -180 Dec 1870/1930 -135
Dec 1395/1425 -179 Dec 1760/1810 -180 Dec 1870/1930 -135 - 236.00 202.50 263.00 - 262.50 216.50 268.50 Dealing hours from 9am to 9pm. Prices taken at 5pm. SWORLD VALUE OF THE DOLLAR BANK OF AMERICA GLOBAL TRADING ECONOMICS DEPT., LONDON

CURRENCY

The table below gives the rates of exchange for the U.S. dollar against various currencies as of Wednesday, October 21, 1987. The exchange rates listed are middle rates between buying and selling rates as quoted between banks, unless otherwise indicated. All currencies are quoted in foreign currency units per one U.S. dollar except in certain specified areas. All rates quoted are indicative. They are not based on, and are not intended to be used as a basis for, particular transactions.

COUNTRY

Bank of America NT & SA does not undertake to trade in all listed foreign currencies, and neither Bank of America NT & SA nor the Financial Times lity for errors. Bank of America Global Trading, London, New York, Tokyo, San Francisco, Los Angeles, Toronto. 24-hours a day trading capability.

Enquiries: 01-634 4360/5. Dealing: 01-236 9861.

CURRENCY

ECU=\$US1.14721 SDR1=\$US1.29223 As of October 21, at 11.00 a.m. 3 months Eurodollar Libor: 81 84 Sibor:

CURRENCY

COUNTRY

VALUE OF DOLLAR

VALUE OF DOLLAR

Afghanistas	Afghani (a)	50,60	Gbraitar	Pound*	1.6536	Papua New Guinea	Kim	0.8941
	Lek	61079	Greece	Drachma	139.30	Labora uce ample	Killia (Guarani In)	320.00
Algeria	Diear	4.67	Greece	Danish Krone	6.947	Paraguay	(Guarani (p) Guarani (p) Guarani (d)	550.00
Banks	(French Franc	6.038	Grenada	E. Caribbean S	270	1	Guarani (d)	967.50
Anderra	LSpanish Pesesa	117.95	Guadaloope	Franc	6.038	l_ i	ini (a) (a)	867.50 15.89
Angola	Kwanza	29.91B	Genam	U.S. \$	1.00	Pers	ind (f)	37.50
Angola	E. Caribbean \$	2.70 3.50	5	(Comment (a)	1.00	Philippines Pitcairn Islands	Peso	21.10
ATBERKERS	APPERATE CO.	3.50	í	Cuetzai (b. D	2.68	Pitcairn Islands	N.Z. Dollar	1.5452
	Florin	1.79	1 Cultura Kiletter	Gern.	650.00	Poland	Zinty (n)	298.35
Australia	Dollar	1.3992	Guiaea Republic	/ Franc	340.00	Portugal	Escudo	143.20
Austria	Schilling	12.733	Guyana	lFranc (D	300.00	Portugal Pserto Rico	U.S. \$	1.00
AZOFES	Port. Escusio	143.20	Guyana	∫ Dollar	10.00			l
		1.00	I	l Dollar (a)	20.00	Qatar	Riyai	3,641
Balaggas	Disar	0.3769	† NGRI	GOUTHE	5.00 2.00	Reunion isle de la	Ennet Enne	6.038
Balearic Islands	Sasaich Perses	117.95	Honduras Republic	Lempira (o)		Commis	Les (r)	9.00
Bangladesh	Taka	33.03	Hong Kong	Ooliar	7.8085		Franc	79,4825
Barbados	Dollar	20113	Hungary	FORM	47.266			
	(Franc (c)	37.63	lectand	Kronz	38.51	St. Christopher	E. Caribbean \$	2.70
Belghen	Franc (f)	37.81	India	Rupee	13.06	St. Helena St. Lucia St. Pierre St. Vincent	Pound*	1.6536
Belize	Dollar	200	India	Russlate	1649.00	St. Lecia	E Caribbean S	2.70
9esin	C.F.A. Franc	301.90	Iran	Rial (o)	71_4267	St. Pierre	French Franc	6.038
Bennuda	Dellar	1.00	<i> 1</i> 24	Dinar	0.3109	Samoa (Western)	E. Garigosan S	2.70
Bhutan	Neultrum	13.06	Irish Republic	Punt*	1.482	Samos (Am)	IAIA DIR C	2.0542 1.00
Bolivia	(Bolivlano (O)	210	Israel	New Shekel	1.592	San Marino	lialian Lieu	1305.76
	LBoliviano (f)	2.12	lasty	Lina	1305.70	São Tomé & Princip DR	Dohra	35.0169
	Pvia	1.6731	Jamaica	Dollar (e)	5.49	Sandi Arabia	Pinni	3.751
	Cuizado (o)	53.569	7805U	Yen	143,72	Sandi Arabia Senegal Seychelies	C.F.A. Franc	301.90
Brusel	Dollar	2.084	Jordan	Digar	0.347	Sevelettes	Rupre	5.5985
Bulgaria	C.F.A. Franc	0.8715 3 01.90	Kampuchea	Riel		Sierra Leone	Leone	-22.00
Burking Faso	U.P.A. Franc,	6,6499	1 Kerrya	Shilling	16.7026	Singeonee	Dollar	2.084
Surandi	E	124.59	Kirthad	Australian Dollar	1.3992	Solomon Islands Somail Republic	Dollar	1996
		124.37	f Korea (North)	Won	0.94	Somali Republic	Shilling (d)	100.00
Catneroun Rp Catneda Cangry Islands	C.F.A. Franc	301.90	Korea (South)	Won	804.40	South Africa	Rand (f)	3,3784
Canada	Dollar	1.315	Kuwait	Dinar	0.2804	}	Rand (c)	2.0517
Cangry Islands	Spanish Peseta	117.95	Laos P'les D Rep	Kip	35.00	Spain	Peseta	117.95
Cane Verde Islands	Eszudő .	73.545	Lebanos	Pound	395.00	Spanish ports in		_
Cayman Islands Central Africa Rep	Dollar _	0.835	[LESTING	Maioti	2.0517	North Africa	Spanish Peseta	117.95
Central Africa Rep	C.F.A. Franc	301.90	LUCIU	Dollar	1.00	3rl Lenks	Rupee	30,379
Chair	C.F.A. Frant	301_90	Libya	Dinar _	0.2971	E., dan Daniella	Pound (a) (1)	4.50
Chile	Peso (p)	227.30	Liechtenstein	Swiss Franc	1.501 37.63	Sudan Republic	Pound (f)	2.93
C1/02	Kerming Tues	3.722	Luxenbourg	Luxembourg Franc		Surinam	Guilder	4.00 1.785
CO10011012	P F A S	255.72	Macao	Pataca	8.0428	Swaziland	[[lanner]	20517
Congres	C.F.A. Frant	301.90	Madagascar Drn. Ro.	Franc	1350.24	Swelen	Krona	63695
Congo People's Rep. 01 .	C.P.A. Franc	301.90	Madeira	Portuguese Escurio	143.20	Switzerland Syria	Srane	1.501
Costa Rica	CEA From	65.35 90 1.90		Kwacha	2.2748	Seria	Pount (a)	3.925
Cate & Iraire	Para		Malaysia	Ringgit	2.528			
Curba	rese	0.7947 2.0777	l Malelius ielande	Defiess	10.10	Talwin	Dollar (o)	29.98
Cyprus	Found-		Mail Republic	C.F.A. Franc	301.90	Taurania	Shilling	73.959
L29C205042102	KONINA (U)	5.45	Malta	Lira*	2.8986	Taiwan	Baht,	25.76
Deamark	V	6.947	Martinique	Franc	6.038	Togo Republic	C.F.A. Franc	301.90
Dilbouti Rep. of	Erone	176.83	Macritania	Cucuiva	74.80	Tonga islands	Pa'anga	1.3992
Displayer (40) - or - amount	F C=Dhan C	2.70	Maurithus	Rupee	13.437	1 LUMOSTE OF 100ST00		3.60
Dominica	Page	352	Maurithy	(Pesa (d)	2624.00	Turksta	Dhar i	0.92
Dollinhten (echanics rese				l Dam (a)	1610.80	Turkey	Lira 1	953.30
Foundor	Sucre (d)	245.50	Miquelon Monacs Monacolla	French Franc	6.038	Turks & Calcos Islands	ŲS S	1.00
	Sucre (f)	196.50	Monacs	French Franc	6,038	Tuvalu	Australian Dollar	1.3992
Egypt	Pound (e)	0.70	Moggolla	Tuarik (e)	3.3555			
	Posed (d)	2.2128	Wastatust	E. Caribbean \$	2.70	Uganda	New Shitting (I)	61.143
Ei Şahrader	Caton (a)	5.00	Morocco	Dirham	8.20	Uganda	Dirflam	3.673
	(Colon (d)	5.00	Могальюрье	Medical	404.00	United Kingdom	Pound Sterling*	1.6536
Equatorial Guicea	C.F.A. Frame	301.90			2.0517	United Kingdom United Kingdom United Kingdom United Kingdom United Kingdom Variate Variate Variate	Peso (m)	256.75
Ethiopia	Birr (a)	2.07	Namible	S. A. RANA	1,3992	USSR	Routske	0.6234
	n	4	NAME OF TAXABLE PARTY O	With Sign of the	21.00	Vanusta	Vatu	109.687
Faeroe Islands Falkland Islands	Danish Krone	6.947	Nepal	Kupee Guilder	2.0359	Vatican	Lina l	1305.70
-294200 192005	POUNCT	1.6536	Netherlands		179	ſ	Bolivar (o)	14.50
Figure	Venut (2)	1.5011	Netherlands Antilles		1.5451	Venszuela	Boliver (n)	7.50
Finland	M-SALICES	4.366	New Zealand	Tights.	300.00 17342T	[Bolivar (d)	32.55
		6.038		(Cordoba		Vietnam	Dang (p)	20.00
French C'ty In Africa	C.F.A. Frame I	301.90	Nicaragua	Cordobil (6)	70.00	Virgin Islands (British) _	2 20	1.00
French Golana French Pacific Islands	Franc	6.038			2190.00	Virgin islands (US)	us š	1.00
French Pacific Islands	C.F.P. Franc	109.782	Niger Republic	C.F.A. Frank	301.90	Years	F:1	
Cabon	C F A FORD	301.90	Nigeria Norway	Naire (d)	4.2533	Yemen PDR	Rigi Rissa	10.00
Galeen	Cabd	7.44	Norway	Krone	6.6285	Vernetado	Dies.	0.343
Charges (Fact)	October (a)	1.8095	Omen Sulpanete of		0.385	Yugoslavia	UINET Talan	908.90
Germany (£2st) Germany (West)	Pontrche Mark	1.8095	Ondries of the last	Dimes	17,6039	Zaire Republic	LISHT Vocale	126.93
6hana	Codi	174.00	Pakkstan	Rethos	1.00	Zambia	Nellas	8.1967
	1		·	Provide .		E=11000/87	POHEL	1.7156
							<u> </u>	

a.a. Not available. (as) Market rate *U.S. dollars per National Currency unit. (a) Parallel Rate. (b) Milicial rate. (b) Floating Rate. (c) Commercial rate. (d) Frommarket. (e) Controlled. (f) Floating rate. (g) Preferencial rate. (h) Non excellal imports. (i) Floating lourist rate. (j) Public Transaction Rate. (k) Agricultural products. (l) Priority Rate. (n) Essential Imports. (o) Exports. (1) Surfan, 4 Oct. 87: Pound devalued by approx. 44,4% (2) Fiji, 7 Oct. 87: Dollar devalued by approx. 15.25%. For further information please contact your local branch of the Book of America.

ON SERVICE

FT-ACTUARIES WORLD INDICES

Jointly compiled by the Financial Times, Goldman, Sachs & Co., and Wood Mackenzie & Co. Ltd., in conjunction with the Institute of Actuaries and the Faculty of Actuaries

KATIGNAL AND REGIONAL MARKETS	WEDNESDAY OCTOBER			ER 21 1987		TUES	DAY OCTOBE	DOLLAR INDEX			
Figures in parentheses show number of stocks per grouping	US Dollar Index	Day's Change %	Pound Sterling Index	Local Currency Index	Gross Div. Yield	US Dollar Index	Pound Sterling Index	Local Currency Index	1987 High	1987 Low	Year ago (approx
Australia (90)	122 52	+0.8	109.92	113.%	3.47	121.56	108.90	119,11	180.61	99.92	90.02
ustrla (76)	94.42	-0.9	84.71	\$9.81	2.34	95.25	85.32	89.53	102.87	85.53	96.49
elgium (48)anada (129)	113.64	+7.1	101.96	106.07	4.48	106.13	95.07	98.93	134.89	96.19	90.4
anada (129)	113.53	+113	101.86	108.03	2.76	102.00	91.37	97.38	141.78	100.00	97.5
enmark (38)	110.83	+3.8	99,43	104.73	2.80	106.79	95.67	101.06	124.83	98.18	100.10
rance (122)	93.75	+3.1	84.11	88.97	3.11	90.91	81.44	86.10	121.82	90.91	92.50
Vact Cormony (93)	91.32	+63	81.93	86.10	2.22	85.88	76.93	80.72	104.93	84.00	92.7
Vest Germany (93) long Kong (46) reland (14)	13332	+0.0	119.61	133.64	3.63	133.31	119.42	133,64	158.68	96.89	87.50
-Jani /14)	124.67	+23	111.85	118.65	3.80	121.92	109.22	316.00	160,22	99.50	821
(45)	88.04	+3.9	78,98	85.77	2.22	84.74	75.91	82,59	112.11	84.22	105.17
wan / 459\	1 135.40	19.8	121.47	123.37	0.56	123.28	110.44	112.14	161.28	100.00	85.44
17507 www.w.w.w	129.35	+0.1	116.05	126.04	2.89	129.26	115.79	126.02	193.64	98.24	99.10
aly (95) apan (458) Jalaysia (36) Jexico (14)	267.40	-14.0	239.90	474.07	0.63	311.06	278.65	550.79	422.59	99.72	78.12
ICARU LLT/	106.13	+10.7	95.21	98.74	4.56	95.89	85.90	88.99	131.41	95.89	95.0
etherland (37)ew Zealand (23)	108.66	+43	97.49	89.10	3.35	104.22	93.36	85,60	138.99	83.93	82.0
	143.86	+121	129.07	129.41	211	128.34	114.97	115,50	185.01	100.00	103.29
U May 1271	106.36	+0.1	95.43	102.49	241	106.29	95.22	102.49	174.28	99.29	100.9
orway (24) ingapore (27) outh Africa (61)	154.21	-11.1	138.35	122.60	3.67	173.45	155.38	128.55	198.09	100.00	93.65
oyui mirka 101/	148.68	-12	133.39	132.51	3.05	150.49	134.81	134,13	168.81	100.00	94.5
pain (43)weden (34)	119.14	+4.7	106.89	112.48	2.04	113.78	101.93	107.30	136.64	90.85	98.41
witzerland (52)	96.29	+5.3	86.39	89.88	1.86	91.41	81.88	85.03	111.11	91.41	93.50
witzerland (53)	132.92	+5.9	119.26	119.26	3.81	125.56	112.48	112.48	162.87	99.65	92.04
SA (583)	105.66	+9.7	94.80	105.66	3.53	96.34	86.30	96.34	137.42	92.83	98.31
<u> </u>	111.62	+5.4	100,14	102.85	3.25	105.90	94.87	97.41	130.02	99.78	94.06
urope (952)achic Basin (680)	134.49	+9.1	120.66	122.92	0.76	123.23	110.40	112.45	158.77	100.00	85.73
actric basin (680)	125.40	+78	112.50	114.92	1.65	116.35	104.23	106.46	143.65	100.00	89.03
orth America (712)	106.09	+9.8	95.18	105.82	3.49	96.64	86.57	96,42	137.55	94.04	98.27
urope Ex. UK (617)	96.40	+5.0	88.29	92.72	2.77	93.70	83.94	88.13	111.97	93.70	95.60
grific Ex. Japan (222)	123.79	+0.7	111.06	117.07	3.46	122.91	110.11	116.29	164.03	99.92	89.22
orld Ex. US (1836)	125.38	+7.6	112.49	115.01	1.71	116.56	104.42	106.67	143.38	100.00	89.37
orld Ex. UK (2084)	116.25	+8.6	104.29	111.01	2.17	107.08	95.92	102.10	138.82	100.00	92.93
orld Ex. So. Af. (2358)	117.49	+8.5	105.41	111.64	2.33	108.30	97.02	102.82	139.47	100.00	92.84
orld Ex. Japan (1961)	109.28	+7.4	98.04	105.88	3.40	101.76	91.16	98.45	134.22	100.00	96.39
ne World Index (2419)	117.73	+8.3	105.62	111.76	2.34	108.72	97.39	103.05	139.73	100.00	92.84

FINANCIAL TIMES CONFERENCES

World **Telecommunications**

1 and 2 December, 1987 London

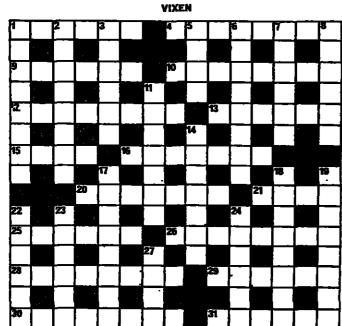
Key Issues to be discussed:

- Competition and liberalisation in telecommunications markets
- The changing pattern of competition in global markets Telecommunications policy reform
- and international trade
- Opportunities and challenges for the European equipment industry

For information please return this advertisement, together with your business card, to: **Financial Times**

Conference Organisation 2nd Floor, 126 Jermyn Street, London SW1Y 4UJ Alternatively, telephone 01-925 2323 telex 27347 FT CONF G Fax: 01-925 2123

FT CROSSWORD PUZZLE No 6,463



- ACROSS

 1 Wound on the head (6)

 4 Fancy catalogue for the unpractical individual (8)

 9 Coppers like to sample the cake (6)
- 10 Ignore the allowance made
- 10 (8)
 12 Moving cars and double-parking a pressman fought (8)
 13 "The orange flower perfumes the bower, the——is on the sea." Scott (Quentin Durward) (6)
 15 Sally needs the right encouragement (4)
 16 A hill-dwelling six-footer (7)
 20 Support an associate—but only within the law! (7)
- only within the law! (7) 21 Letters for the queen in a foreign land (4)
- toreign land (4)
 25 A number but not all feel
 evenings should be free (6)
 26 The cunning char made
 money abroad (8)
 28 Drink outside and attract
- 29 Get a worker to accept many an order (6) 30 Diffident about losing 19
- 31 Popular with five—maybe ten—imagine! (6) DOWN
- 1 Records an attempt to obtain certain material (8) 2 Check when others fall (8)
 3 Short bar put to rights (6) 5 These days backing one's stand (4)

- 6 Bill a minister presented?
 That's right (8)
 7 Hardened and quite possibly ruined (6)
 8 Young children taking direction in a Devonshire place (6)
- (6)
 11 Few cut a Liberal (7)
 14 A rogue learning how to make appeal (7)
 17 Fed-up with the last champion (8)
 18 Blooming fussy girl! (8)
 19 Regard for income (8)
- 22 The problem of a tree's
- 23 Pour out for an accountant in depression (6)
- 24 Protection for those wishing to view (6) 27 Toast and water (4)
- Solution to Puzzle No 6,452
- HUMANSACRIFICE
 A P D O A D D T
 RASED AGGREGATE
 G A E P E N H H
 UNDERGO SETDOWN
 E A P T A
 SKUMP EPISCOPAL
 S E R D A E
 ANYANRACE LINES
 N N N I E
 GABRIEL TERENCE
 U A L A I I S T
 INTHEPINK DOUGH
 S O T I E L
 HANGSEYATHREAD

	В	ASE	LENDING R	RATES
		%	%	%
	ABR Bank	10 •	Charterhouse Bank 10	Next Bisk of Kongelt 10
ļ	Adam & Company		Cottack NA 10	HatWestransfor 10
	Alleid Arab Bx Lbd		City Merchants Bank 10	Mordeon Bank Ltd
	Allied Durbay & Co		Clydesdale Bank	Nam-ich Ges. Trost
	Affied Irish Bank		Coress, Blk. N. East	PK Finans. Intl (UK) 10
	Amencan Exp. Bl	10	Cossolutated Cred 10	Provinced Trees Ltd 11
į	Antro Bank	10	Co-operatine Bank #10	R. Raphael & Sons 10
	ileary Assbacher	10	Cgons Popular Bk 10	Rodurghe G'rantes 100
l	ARZ Banking Group		Curcan Lawrer	Royal Sk of Scotland
	Associates Cap Corp		Equat'r') TstC'p plc 10	Royal Trust Bank 10
	Androney & Co Lot		Exeter Trast Ltd 101 ₂	Smith & Willman Seas 10
ļ	Barco de Biltato		Financial & Gen. Sec. 10	Standard Chartered 10
	Bank Haposism		First Nat. Fiz. Corp	TSB
	Rank Lemmi (UK)		First Had. Sec. Ltd	UDT Mortgage Exp 17.
ĺ	Bank Credit & Comm		Robert Flemog & Co 10	Vestes Bit of Kovent
Į	Bands of Cyperus		Robert Fraser & Ptrs 11	Umted folyaphi Back
ļ	Back of Ireland		Gretant 10	Unity Trast PLC
İ	Back of India		Grindleys Bank	Western Trace 10
	Bank of Scotland		Guerres Mahon 10	Westpac Basel: Corp 10
ì	Barrique Belge Ltd		HFC Trest & Sarings 20	Whitever Laidar 10
i	Bardays Bask		Hassiero Bank IO	Yorkshire Bank 10
Į	Beschmark Tot Ltd		Hemtatie & Geo. Tst	
i	Beneficial Trest Ltd		M 2000 510	
	Berliner Bank AG		C. Hozare & Co	Members of the Accep
ł	Brit Sik of Nied East		Homptony & Shangh 10	Houses Committee, > 7 deposits 5%, Savewise 7.6
1	a D. Phinter	30	Dente Bank 10	Action to Selection 10

Company Notices

The RTZ Corporation PLC NOTICE To holders of Warrants to Bearer

Secretarial 2, 8021

Caisse Nationale des Télécommunications 15,000,000,000 Japanese YEN Floating Rate Notes due 1997

In accordance with the Conditions of the Notes, notice is hereby given that for the interest period from October 22, 1987 to April 22, 1988 Notes will carry an interest rate of 51/4% per annum.

The interest payable on the relevant interest payment date April 22, 1988 against coupon n°5 will be YEN 263,698 per Note.

KREDIETBANK S.A. LUXEMBOURGEOIS

PROPERTY TO RENT

From 26th October Classified Rentals will appear every Monday For details of how to advertise please contact: Clive Booth Telephone: 01-248 5284 Fax: 01-248 4601

AUTHORISED **UNIT TRUSTS** Barclays Unicers Ltd(a)(c)(g) Unicers He. 252 Rentied Rd, E7 "Unadjorital Avilable only in Local Authorities
Landon & Mirrothester (Tst Mignet) 1,14
Wirstant Park, Earther EXS 103
American Treat. 21.6 30.4 202 21.534
American Treat. 21.0 5.3 3.4
American Treat. 21.0 5.3 5.5
American Treat. 21.0 5.2 5.5
American Treat. 21.0 5.2 5.5
American Irvest. 31.0 5.2 5.5
Treat of lov Treats. 31.7 6.1 and 1.7

M. & S. Groupt (19/IC/IZ)
Three Bays, Tower Hill, ECSR 650, Dig 0245 266224
American Enterth. 27.4 5.2 3.4 3.1 1.8
American Enterth. 27.4 5.2 3.4 3.1 1.8 Unicara No. 252 Reporter
Unicara No. 252 Reporter
Do. Astz. Acc. 22
Do. Astz. Inc. 35
Do. Castal Inc. 15
Do. Lastal Inc. 15
Do. #1 25 457 #13 25 #13 25 #14 48 #14 48 #15 43 40.0 198.9 Eagle Star Unit Megra Ltd
Sath Road, Chefrarhan 61-23 7.0
UK Shaped Trust Inc. 97.0
UK Star 197.0
er Barrington Trests see Barrington Ltd (12) (2.7) Ven (2)(k)(c) Ven, Breatman Dead 211.4 428.7 273.9 272.7 200.7 60.7 57.0 General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

General True.

Genera Britten Skipier & Co. Lett (a)(g)
9-17 Perrymount Mt, Maywards Mth. 0044
Managed Perriods Inco.
8-5 Generalism Fd
8-5 Generalism Fd
8-5 Generalism Fd
8-6 Generalism Fd
8-7 Ferrymount Fort 90.32 642 +11 19 +11 19 +13 19 +13 19 +13 06 +10 51 -10 51 -10 51 -10 51 -10 51 -10 51 -10 51 Brycourt Unit Trest Nemt Ltd(a)(c)(d) Helieth Hz, Portman Se, WIH UN 01-936 6362 Income Growth 175.9 183.2ml 3.70 | 275.9 | 185.2nd | 3.70 | 186.2nd | 3.70 | 3.70 | 186.2nd | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.70 100 A

Fingural Copes Friday October 23 1987	41
FT UNIT TRUST INFORMATION SERVICE	fried Life Assurance—Cord.
Column C	University US-1 profy 177 h
Motin Date 2015 201	Control Property 76.2 00.2
Micros Fame Margaret Ltd 1.00 All 1.00	- But Atton Pers Ser 1
Comparing Comp	10 George St. Etaburgh
	Sept. Sept
Column C	Harry Harter 111.7 140.0 +0.1
Appendix 101.5 112.5 1	- Broker Life France
Mild Britannia Smit Tet Nigre Lini (a)(c)(g) 12.07 13.07	
Control Cont	Legal & General (Unit Assur) Ltd 2 Monteflore Read, Hone, BMS ISE 0273 724588 Ballos, Ser Limid 1 De Access 1 De Access 1 De Access 1 De Access 1
1.00 1.00	Unity outs December
Webst Section Sectio	intil intitil Do Accomm Lisasped tipital Do Accom Hurch American Do Accom Pyraperly Initial Pyraperly Initial
Proper Part 1.0 1.	Legal & General (Uest Pensions) Les Konstroud House, Kingswand, Tadworth, Surrey (97373 S3456 Ex 4666 Ex. Bing, Sec. Link. Do. Accom. Do. Accom. 2 away Log. Int.
April Apri	Secret Card Int. Do Actor Cardy For Early 19th. 1993 Laugut Ford Int. Do Actor La brack (al. 68th
No. 1, Transis (1) 10.0 10.7 10.0 10.0 10.0 10.0 10.0 10.0	Do. Accom Learnel Mongl. Init Do. Accom Learnel M. Accor. Init Do. Accom Learney Forg. Init Do. Accom So. Depted Init So. Depted Init
## Arrow 64 British _ 39487.3 242 Bright (9 _ 3124 _ 17.5)	District and list District and list District and list Profes for Serves 2 Presents For sizer mores Tail, 2027 3-94-56 Liberty Life Assistance Co List Societ Rd, New Sharing 54-58-54
History Hones, Arthur St. ECHT/981 U-6271050 SHE Unit Trust Hungament Link Equip DACTOR 177.5 127.7	Egy Tibs Speak Sts Speak Spe
Miles Mile	London A'deen & Rithm. Bitt. Assur. Lind 129 Riegeway, London WC28 SNF 01-404 0395 Vest Balder 100-101 A Ed. Ins. Co 131
Company Comp	905 18-20 The Forbert, Renting 593511 - the first fir
NFO Minimal Unit Managers Ltd: 2 Vestion In Control 1913, 32 Vestion In Control 1913,	Property 1819 403
Actors 12.0 13.4 col 17.6 col	Depart 1-0. 10.1 10.1 10.2
Control Cont	- Mind (P)
Supplement 1.5	Pack Network Fd 152.9 185.9 179.9 17
Third St. St	Capara Service 1 (1982) 1982 1982 1982 1982 1982 1982 1982 1982
Comparison Com	Secretary Manager 11 199.0 211.9 M. A. G. German Three States, Tower Hitt, ECSR 680 01-626 4558 Aper Rend (Acc) 167.1 175.4 Aper Rend (Acc) 199.3 209.4 159 Aper Solv Ca Bull (Acc) 77.0 75.7 7.11 Aper Solv Ca Bull (Acc) 77.0 75.7 7.11
The State of the County The	- Orposal Boos (Acc)
Scottish Life Investmental(x) Security	Section Sect
Principal Interest Listen	American (Gam) 284.1 267.0 0.3 — American (Acc) 384.3 351.0 0.3 — Bandon Ser (Car) 48.3 107.7 18.4 107.7 18.4 107.7 18.4 107.7 147.8 — Denous (Car) 154.7 147.8 — Denous (Car) 252.8 274.0 4.2 — Laropean (Car) 136.1 145.4 4.2 — Laropean (Car) 137.1 145.4 4.2 — Laropean (Car) 137.1 145.4 4.2 —
Dealing Day: Well, "Specific Provident Law," March 19th 125 19	Emiry Liked 55-2 59-11 41.0 — 601 (Emiry Liked 55-2 59-11 41.0 — 601 (Emiry 1-2) 59-2 59-0 +0.9 — 601 (Emiry 1-2) 59-0 +0.9 — 601 (Emiry 1-2) 59-1 59-1 59-1 59-1 59-1 59-1 59-1 59-1
Personal State Pers	Introduction
Second Control Contr	Penick (Acc) 333.6 36.6 425.1 — Property (Leo) 132.5 19.0 425.1 — Property (Leo) 132.5 19.0 425.1 — Property (Cac) 26.9 21.0 45.9 — Recompt(Cac) 26.9 27.2 907.3 47.6 — UK tenner (Leo) 126.0 127.0 47.6 — UK tenner (Leo) 149.1 177.0 43.1 — Pertus Penick (Acc) 149.1 177.0 43.1 —
Politique de Server Paul Managamenta Limite de	MIGHN ASSOCIATION OPIG 204633 UK Equity Acc 271.3 271.4 -1.0
Profile Cont A Control	Manual Acc. 52.5 56.7 12.5
Positi Telement 1997	Pens. Presert Act
Part Part	State Stat
	English was no be 3715 473.0 - 473.0 - 473.0 - 473.0

e Ar

OS de sine

TAL S sale MS MS

S

)

12 500

S md

//

Financial Times Friday October 1997	
	12 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1

A STATE OF THE STA

2

Flori

12 10 mag

4.0

1.5

* . ÷ ...

T TERRY eleti dili di Limboli di

. .

44 MAY 2

47

7

		LONDONSH	ARE SERVICE		
AMERICANS—Continued 1987 Price + or Div Y'd 1989 Low Stock E - Book CW-Er's	ner i !+ sel Zer Y16i	DRAPERY AND STORES—Cont.	ENGINEERING—Continued 1987 ord Street ord Street indi- 1988 low Stack Price net Christipe 355 Still Market Continue Stack Price indi- 355 Still Market Continue Stack Price indi- 355 Still Market Continue indi- 356 ind	INDUSTRIALS—Continued 1987 Righ Low Stock Price — Net Cow Gr. PE 200 1001 Hallogroup Stock 1 235	INDUSTRIALS—Continued 1987 Stock Process 1200-5 14545 5 12 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22
39 251, Rep NY Corpn \$5	Registration Price Registration Registratio	201 109 Te Ract So	118 741, heroration 76 11.75 38 25 135 498 205 8M Group 10e 438 -10 27 \$ 0.7 \$ 4 \$ 131 313 180 Babook ind 280 48.7 22 43 1123 51 189 Babook (FM) 32 5	266 124 Merzander Wi 100 225 -5 425 (27 2.5 1.72 2.6 124 2.7 2.5 1.72 2.6 124 2.7 2.6 124 2.7 2.6 124 2.7 2.6 124 2.7 2.6 124 2.7 2.6 124 2.7 2.6 124 2.7 2.6 124 2.7 2.6 124 2.7 2.6 124 2.7 2.6 124 2.7 2.6 124 2.7 2.6 124 2.7 2.7 2.7 2.7 2.7 2.7 2.7 2.7 2.7 2.7	986 122 MasSenton 22 - 1 155 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
44 2 214 5 m Co. inc. 51 29 4-4 3.3.00 - b.3 42 4 24 17 W inc. 50 625 29 4-5 4 65 1.50 - 3.4 37 4 24 24 incertor 55 27 4-2 4 3.3.00 - 6.8 220 1447 b. 10 to to 5.6 91.5 226 d. 10 4 - 6.7 27 5. 17.3 17 m 5.2 5 20 4 1 2 3 3 0 - 6.8	155 73 Wenning 35.50 101 146 020" 21 45 13.2 185 11b Jonatine Ph. 10p 145 45 64 77 25 45 118 183 194-Lalarge Can F100 1494-411 021% 4 15 4 414 252 Lang Lahan 330 -5 45.57 5.2 25 10.5 000 170 Lang Lahan 355	228 9 Hyser (Frank) 59 1882 - 3 15.9 26 45 11.8 1892 114 What Hidgs 223 -12 tes2.5 4.4 15 18.0 437 278 Ward White 315 -21 17.9 30 33 13.1 1611-107 10 Core Red Pri 10s.1 122 -3 6.01 -6.7	269 1379 Birneld Gaskast 229 -3 14.75 2.7 2.8 17.7 277 160 Birmelnen Mirt. 2200 - 95.75 2.8 4.2 12.1 21.3 21.0 2.0 11.0 11.0 11.0 11.0 11.0 11.0	543 335 Amber Ind. 10p 465 10.0 2.6 2.9 18.0 150 60 1545m. Sec. 59150 103 -2	1450 1757 Limiter for 150 257 = 27 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15
207 11 Traces \$0.33 293/ml+2 40c - 12 304 15; Transamenta \$1 184/ml+2 51.84 - 6.0 144 14 14 Transamenta corp. 164/ml+2 151.00 - 13 274 125/mls \$1 20.1 125/mls \$1 184/ml+3 151.00 - 13	210 112 Do B.Sox ConResp. 61 1513 82 4 7.7 - 7.	75 73 Wagsi U, W.J	75 b) Seriesty 109 100	128 37 Astroy fro. 17s. 5p 61 -5 05 14 111 -	188 55 Mar han 9 5 6 77 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17
377 25 (Inc. Technologe. 237,6 - 3 51.00 - 3.6 387) 25 (Inc. Technologe. 354 53 32.9 - 3.7 309) 17 (Inc. September 51.0 - 27.4 54 54 54 54 54 54 54 54 54 54 54 54 54	295 120 Michaester & H. 240 -5 17.0 21 40 161	1	555 Stationer 20p 480 480 100 1103 29 30 1136 94 27 24.1 10p 59 111 1105 27 24 28 28 29 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20	677 315 Assoc Every 50 33 1-40 10.0 43 15 120.2 165 28 43 800 Every 50 33 1-2 1-2 150 150 150 150 150 150 150 150 150 150	200 153 145 145 15 16 155 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15
CANADIANS 6718 3100 ABBI Gold Corp	341 188 Magneter John 200 - 287 -2 5.7 \$ 2.8 \$ 478 268 Meyer Im 391 4-6 70 45 25 12.4 \$ 170 38 Littler (Span 10p 101 -12 1.25 1.1 1.7 70.1 5 3 360 18 (span 10p 394 mi -14 116 0 2.1 5.6 11.7 70.1 5 2.7 795 Newardhi \$1 112 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2.5 3.4 4.8 2.5 1.2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	*** 3141/48 Electronic	759 583 Cherning Grosp 5s. 705 116.9 2.3 12.18.2 12.114 (bc.Cm.8d.Pf 5s. 140 6.0 6.1 6.0 6.1 6.1 6.1 6.1 6.1 6.1 6.1 6.1 6.	709 132 884 Group 144 - 15 125 35 21 144 13 122 24 82T 239 - 18 90 18 52 2.25 2.25 210 79 82TEC 246 20 4122 38 2.1 15.6 15.9 63-85 11.37 32 30 12.0 63 - 8 11.37 32 30 12.0	180 180 Menifor 198 - 175 12 47 12 225 144 Menifor 187 - 170 14 4 5 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12
1226 520 WArmenu 559 -16	596 131 Personation 100 147 -15 161.58 57 15 67 15 6820 370 Pochins 800 16.01 6 27 6 370 65 16.01 6 27 6 370 65 371 35 11.343 575 3391- 16.01 6 27 6 370 65 371 371 11.343 575 3391- 16.01 6 27 6 370	655 353 **App** of Francisco - 688 -5	117 64 travite Group. 75 7.7 5227 (1527-Converse 1894 5222) 03.79 - 16 - 153 120 (bale Group 10p 130 -5 14.5 4.7 4	574 267 BTR 278 -27 1825 22 41 12.9	926 S20 S20 S20 S20 S20 S20 S20 S20 S20 S20
101 646 February 6475 73 6400 220	783 105 Frames 242 - 3 6.5 2.7 3.7 13.0 2.3 105 Frames 242 - 3 6.5 2.7 3.7 13.0 2.3 4.0 12.6 13.1 13.0 2.3 4.0 12.6 13.1 13.0 2.3 4.0 12.6 13.1 13.0 2.3 4.0 12.6 13.1 13.0 2.3 4.0 12.6 13.1 13.0 2.3 4.0 12.6 13.0 13.0 13.0 13.0 13.0 13.0 13.0 13.0	E44 632-445E4 48. W E364 +4 4014-4 03 1.9 - 6431-628-2 00 8'.	176	224 150 Barry Weinnider 150, 1793 -4 R40, 229 2.5 15.7 158.5 11.1 Barter Frag. USS1 _ 514 +110 eVed — 110 - 2454 25 Saper (Caries) 150 _ 84r -8 11.3 - 2.1 - 2.4 41.6 200 Beatsoc Cart 350sl -6 8.5 1.4 33 30.5 25 125 42 13.2	288 125 Mag Land 17:0 150 -21 1.57 2.78 125 Mag Land 17:0 150 -21 1.57 2.78 125 Mag Land 17:0 150 -21 1.57 2.78 2.51 17 Mag Land 17:0 150 -21 1.57 2.78 2.78 2.78 2.78 2.78 2.78 2.78 2.7
827p 425p Central Carintal At II 462p 437	200 215 Sanded Penkirs 273 -7 43 3.6 22 19.0 250 134 Sanded Penkirs 273 -7 13.0 3.6 1.9 20.0 408 67 Smtall (Wn) 50 296 2 11.0 12.8 1 138 87 Smtall (Wn) 50 296 2 14.0 15.1 4.9 18.2	146 247 80CC 500 358m-10 11.79 14.65 17.4 148 82 838 int 100 90 6 102.71 24 30 13.6 1	550 160 Edoro 273 8 60 23 40 14.7 -138 70 Editor (8.) 90 8 30 05 45 47 73 60 Fide Indian 63 -7 35 13 76 131 148 66 Fret (6. M.) 100 90 -6 1.5 35 23 17.4 81 37-Folias no 50 50 -6 1.5 2.6 41 10.4 134 95 GEL India 220 136 -5 50 15.5 12.5 17.6		105 105
699 44sGidahal Data Systems 3719 +77	233 86 Trent Holdings 10p. 210 -7 115 53 05 34.4	204 179 Southerne LOp	434 272 5604 Cl 314 25 713.0 22 5.7 9.2 17.8 10.1 25 17.3 25 5.7 9.2 17.8 10.1 25 17.3 26 5.7 9.2 17.8 10.1 25 17.3 26 5.7 9.2 17.8 10.1 27 3.1 15.9 19.1 19.1 19.1 19.1 19.1 19.1 19	95 26 Bessot SBC 77.m -7 60.5 \$\displays 10 \displays 6 95 26 Bessot SBC 77.m -7 60.5 \$\displays 10 \displays 6 152 91 Bessot SBC 25 152 91 Bessot SBC 25 154 10 \displays 25 155 10 20 37 29 129 155 125 Heldeson 6 Frest No. 155 156 126 126 Bessot 10 100 157 13 Stack Of Higher 10 100 158 127 138 65 10 20 20 159 128 128 128 128 128 128 128 128 128 128	76 30
740p 461p Henrys Group 144 1552b Henrys Group 144 1552b Henrys 152 144 1552b Henrys 152 15	413 205 Turnif Corp. 364 -1 648.5 1.8 3.3 23.5 71 30 Tysos (Contr.) 10p. 564 -1 648.5 1.8 3.3 23.5 275 Withroulett 730 -10 10.22 4.0 2.0 17.5 20.6 99 Ward Group 5.0 185 = 8 8.3 7.2 2.7 1.9 2.7	992 170 Burges Grap 316 -14 192.75 33 1.1 24.8 306 182 C4P 105 255 -15 18 5.8 10 245 15 16 5.8 10 245 15 16 5.8 10 245 15 16 16 16 16 16 16 1	630 425 Harmson Inch. 50 73 +2 81.15 4.3 2.2 14.6 630 425 Harwson Inch. 50 73 +2 81.15 4.3 2.2 14.6 114 79 weak Sample 100 114 +1 33 0 4.0 0 24 115 47 75 40650 50 87 -4 115 47 75 40650 50 87 -4 115 47 75 40650 50 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16	125 187 80 101 101 102 103	430 1 1841-Partie of Grand 20 . 355 -10 30 1 2 2 2 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4
756 1256 Madetvere Mines. 2159 +35	367 204 Warts Blaire 329:2-7 15.3 3.4 2.2 18.1 309 158 Westbury 109 241 -9 4.7 3.7 27 13.7 27	135 397 Zanzi-dge Instantent 92 -6 0.710.01 1.1 9.7 117 52 Chloride Grp.	137 78 Handen Grosp 113 -1 3.85 2.1 4.7 11.6 262-7 175	300 Sewater Ind. 61 436 -34 to 10.07 24 31 17.5 36 37.5 38 38 38 38 38 38 38 3	Clarity STDs; Delizer Cat. 94-62; FTDs; Clarity
135 170	CHEMICALS, PLASTICS [531] [531] [40] [40] [40] [40] [40] [40] [40] [40	136 37	116 67 Use of F. H. 95 19275 0.8 63 30.2 63 30.2 64 1.3 1.2 64 55 6.0	239 145/British Airways	Estate Prince Estate E
193/6406 10 Trans Car Pipe 7749 +84 51.12 6.7 2006 1246 1240 12569 +18 8 - BANKS, HP & LEASING 1987 4 4 4 7 Nigh Low Stock Price Net C-w 675 PE	173 119 Milec Collocs 100 138 -5 128 33 19 190 648 452 Milec State Int 486 -412 8.2 27 23 197 520 249 Acchor Chemical 470 -20 50 36 15 20.4 701 13 Milec Mile Milec	301 204 Crystatist 56 233 -11 15.11.38 3.01 11.5 11.3 10.7 11.5 11.3 11.2 0.15 1.5 0.15 0.5 0.15 0.5 0.15 0.	389 216 McKethele 329 -10 10.0 1.9 42 15.7 175 123 Megyin 5p 123 -1 13.5 43 17 17.7 13 Megyin 5p 108m² +4 102.7 27 31 16.3 312 189 Medens 263 -1 47.6 12 5.0 27.7 7.5 31 Megyin 4m² 26 -2 0.4 0.0 0.	10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	221 108 00 CmOASI 170 ; 107 - 81 - 442 255 Ports 130 -20 163 35 35 35 35 36 20 102 125 25 Ports 140 25 25 Ports 140 25 25 25 25 27 25 25 27 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25
259 146 ANZ SA1 170 -16 1033 Rt 24 55 76 773 178 Alleed Ires 205 -13 081 8 2 8 6 9 71 7164, 611 Algemen FLLD 511 4 4 02.7 21 69 68 728 53 Anglo Ires 90 97 97 14 49 22.9 729 244 Baroo de Bibbo S.A. 5474 98 30 21 161	C158 [34 Bayer AC DM 50 £10312-34 620% 6 3.3 6 258 132 £1agden Inds.	595 247 Dermen Print Sci. Sp. 443sr - 12 23 7.4 0.7 29.1 78 45 Dermen Print Sci. Sp. 443sr - 12 23 7.4 0.7 29.1 585 425 400cus Hilds Sc. 252st - 15 52 6 1.3 4 245 157 Debeller Int Sci. 200 13.1 3.0 21 13.8 291 109 42strip Electric Sp. 143st - 15 42.2 13.1 294 187 Electric Spi. 12.4 -1.0 13.7 15 2.4 16.7	215 69 Hiterage Franc. 50 138 -10 135 2.5 3.7 14.9 157 59 Poter Charlton 50 125 11.7 0.5 0.8 0.5 17.9 18.0	236 110 Burns Andrin 10p 135 -7 193 03 1.8 27 782	46 20 ffters 0 5cm 100 20 -1 17 12 - 526 129 Start Org
6343 [233]Barco de Santander [331]—1 (\$70]9154 [27 1.7 24.1 245 -5 90]5 (\$77 2.9 7.1	443 210 Caster Briss 351 14 87 31 34 14 483 210 Caster Bres 460 -3 15.7 3.1 1.7 23.1 416 177 (20. "A N V 366 -10 15.7 3.1 2.1 18.4 46 20 Caster Bres 50 33 10.65 1.3 2.7 34 277 172 Crode Int. 100 212 -6 18.0 1.9 5.2 13.6 205 15.7 30 205 15.7 30 205 15.7 2.1 2.4 4.5 12.4 4.5	215 105 Electron Horse 100 140 -25 34 13 35 -1 176 48 18 162 270 55 Electronic Machine 153 273 -1 03 -1 03 -1 03 -1 03 -1 03 -1 03 -1 03 -1 03 -1 03 -1 03 -1 03 -1 03 03 -1 03 03 03 03 03 03 03 0	155 Rachiffs (d. S.)	*38 174 Casson St Inn 200 319 -14 1510 28 1.8 233 819 47 Casson Ints. 472-3 1.65 - 34 - 71 - 25 120 10.8 State Cm Pt. 170 84 - 71 - 25 120 10.8 State Cm Pt. 170 84 - 57 - 180 79 Cape Industries 131 - 85 - 57 - 380 185 50 8 Sec Cm Cr Pt. 275 844 - 33 - 34 10.7	233 163 Pérsuse Se for 50 218 -5 153 23 3 27 22 25 161 Reign - 286 175 21 3 3 27 22 23 3 25 18 25 25 18 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25
*83 35 Benchmark 20p 58 -4 1.63 1.6 3.8 22 9 620 542 Brown Shipley II 565 -10 10.0 - 2.4 - 1 135 80 Business Mort Tst 90 2.0 2.3 3.0 19.9 480 290 Cater Allen II 420 20.15 - 6.6 - 4 433 137 McCascer Scottles 315 -35 33 2.4 1.4 35.0 624.1 Table Controlled 1.0 1884-1 01894 35 - 35	208 138 Doeffer 105	504 273 Eurzhere In. 100. 356 -11 15.0 3.4 1.9 (19.5 146 100 6 146 4 16 16 16 1 1 15.0 3.4 1.9 (19.5 1 146 100 1 147 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	223 139 Record 10n 179 -5 16.5 2.1 5.0 13.3 13.8 13.8 13.8 14.0 5.9 10n 125 -5 12.2 2.5 18.10.7 18.8 13.8 13.8 549 10n 125 -5 12.2 2.5 18.10.7 14.6 43 Sardie Greton 10n 124 -12 2.5 1.7 2.8 128.0 47.5 2.8 5.8 18.7 2.8 2.8 2.8 2.8 2.8 2.8 2.8 2.8 2.8 2.8	Fig. 47% 2339 7407 24 25 27 27 27 27 27 27 27	*66. 9 Rock 10s 23 -3 07; -15 136 Society 10s 25 -3 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15
127 118 Chipa Hibi Kr 100	113 66 Horston Seriar 10. 93 -2 2.5 2.5 3.7 14.6 3.08 156 Herston (1.) 100 283 -5 6.5 6 3.2 6.5 6.3 6.5 6.3 6.5	78 31 AFFector Denny 50 766 1.71 3.1 - 1.2 1	183 87 600 Green 1079 3 5.78 10 73 1.78 10 73 1.78 10 73 1.78 10 73 1.78 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	27 16 Witharter House Std. 19	199 98 MR. Marca 180 188 0130 32 72 12 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120
270 175 Goode Darman 50 195 124 87 Gammess Peat 197 198 199 124 87 Gammess Peat 199 128 128 23 30 17.2 178 1	186 102 Hold Lloyd int 185 167 44.65 1.5 3.8 20.7 11.64 1.05 1.0	170 290 Goning Kerr 10p 320 111.55 16 49 15.9 170 171 171 171 172 173 174 174 175 17	100 103 fize Holys 106 145 5.0 14 4.7 123 127 128 HT prints 145 5.0 14 4.7 123 127 128 HT prints 127 128 HT prints 128 128	44 28 **Coloreta inc 90 01 40 27 575 28 30 18.3 363 225 [colored 10 10 0	72: 34:55 Gross 5e 58 -7 42.2 - 57 - 58:55 - 53 50 Gotsin FF(1)0
565 411-4 Loseph (Leo) 1	1154 990 Moceston ADR LEDO 1104 4% 7.1 0.2 76.7 133 75 Morceus Holps 102 -13 +40 3.0 2 6.7 152 153 150 152 153 150 153	125 35 BB 100	655 197 WSEL Corportune EL 580 -10 86 3 3 1.9 11.4 11.4 24 14.0 14.0 14.0 14.0 14.0 14.0 14.0 14.	360 190 Courtney Pope S0p 275±-5 6.0 0 3.0 0 101 51 Courtney Pope S0p 67 16 25 1.6 5.0 16.9 705 410 Cream U 498±-137 (65.1 2.4 3.0 13.4 290 16.3 GCream Labs 20p 224 1-1 3.7 3.0 2.3 20.1	120 150 300 150 300 150 150 150 150 150 150 150 150 150 1
281 126- Max Aust Ra AS1 177 s-6 140 N 2 30 55 6.0 179 498 Nat. West 01 622 +15 1205 4.6 4.5 6.6 5420 13.2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	300 102 Reabrob Hidgs	100m2 23 Johnson Electric	152 78 Westand 2-9 100 -10 21.25 - 1J 6.0 134 50 Westand 2-9 98 -13 355 20 1 87 134 50 Westan 100 44 - 0 52 28 16 37 137 41 West (S.W.) 20n 130 -10 4 - 200 139 62 WYFeRan 121g 110 40.0 25 37 12.9	183 70 +0ran & Bowes So 171 -2 130 19 24 29.9	308 183 %Seed Appointers 273 () 125 28 13 79 1 For Starts Ware ver Transfe Tross 248 155 (FStart Lips 228 -5 43.7 24 18 31.1 653 170 (FStart Lips 100 1415 445 12 61 375 205 (Shipt 346 -12 40 79 16 12 12 19 7 (Shipt 11 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14
115 Royhweits 125 +10 00.256 7.1 4.1 3.3 440 294 Royal & of Scotand 339 15 70.8 3.7 4.5 8.3 268 206 Scandanean & Units 206 -4 8.0 2.5 5.3 8.7 6.1 7.05 Schroders EL 13.4 13.5 1.4 -1 13.5 1.5 -1 1	96 51 FeWermerps tral 100 - 77rd-2 1.75 0 3.1 0 405 253 (Wosterholme Riek 305 9G 3.0 4.0 12.3 362 132 102 Vorksher Chems 29912-67 150 3.6 23 12.9 165 61 Yule Catto 10p 125rd-13 1t2.12 5.3 2.3 15.9	288 190 Harmon & Barton 205 +5 Lil 1 54 0.9 27.0 380 248 Ler Refrigeration 315 12.5 L.6 54 Lil 5 35 18 Lericon inc \$0.01 23 30.3 43 9 1 2.8 477 210 Logica 100 300 -15 1.7 6 0.8 6 16.7 65 Logica 100 150 -5 11.8 43 1a 19.6 267 135 44 17.172 130 46 17.172 17.2 1	FOOD, GROCERIES, ETC 2263 1427-359A-MF1 Group 195 148 35 33 31 1346 574 251 (Azans & Pacches Col. 1 472 -37 1575 2.7 1.7 20.9 169 169 169 169 169 169 169 169 169 16	585 597 50 t.1 Rec. 587 -22 12.0 2.0 4.2 13.7 150 50 Selzery ldy 139 162.7 2.4 2.7 2.2 7 151 210 Declare So 42 0.40 0.5 1.3 151 67 Declare So 12.8 -19 15.25 2.5 3.4 14.1 167 110 Selzer So 14.2 -3 0.25 -0.2 177 78 Declare So 14.2 -3 0.25 -0.2 187 Declare So 14.2 -3 0.25 -0.2 187 187 Declare So 187 188 187 18	122 77 Setare Group 106 12 155 18 18 18 18 18 18 1
862 603 Standard Chardt, £1 618 -22 35 0 1.9 7.8 7.7 153 116 758 - 125 -9 44.26 24 7 8.9 144 91 9738 Chaurel Stants. 159 -19 83.97 3.7 3.0 11.0 11.0 600 Umon Discount £1 933 -7 40.0 5.9 - 575 332 Wagsburg (S.G.) 939 -32 10.0 3.4 - 157 2241) Welst Farp S5 - 127 2241) Welst Farp S5 - 228 9 22 82.00 - 3 4 3 - 5	DRAPERY AND STORES *331.1 17 64csc involves 10p. 130 -25 -4 3 -1 64csc involves 10p. 130 -25 -4 3 -1 64csc involves 10p. 137 -1 64csc involves 10p. 137 -4 64csc involves 10p. 145 -1 145	175 80 Au85 50 120 -9 0.5 2.4 0.6 1572 372 Au8 Electric 445 -22 12.0 2.7 3.7 13.8 15.0 4.5 1.2 24.8 3.87 21.5 4.6 3.86 3.87 21.5 4.8 3.86 3.8	340 148 (Application May 10) 270 -5 30 32 15 [27] 278 159 Acry Gross 18 - 48 5 52 5 34 [6] 416 250 Acr, Strict Flooris 5 305 -17 73 19 33 99 248 111 Acr, Flooris 5 305 -17 73 19 33 99 248 111 Acr, Flooris 5 30 32 - 30 32 - 30 32 2 9 188 88 97 100 423 2 5 070% 34 14 21 21 22 21 21	1994 230 100	225
31b 196 Wespar Sa1	132 144 Amber Bay 21:96 93 ~3 - - 52:8 790 200 Amass.comm 50 160 65 00 'A' 50 108 ~6 25 17 32 21.7 2132 125 Ashley Lawal 50 134 ~52 122 27 23 181 350 182 (Asarey 313 ~7 May 44 18 17.5 145 86 Ashley 68 130 42 65 11 68 184 184 184	92 17 Merecon Intl. 100 65 +2 3 1 1 3 1 1 1 2 1 4 1 1 2 1 4 1 1 2 1 4 1 1 2 1 4 1 1 2 1 4 1 1 2 1 4 1 1 2 1 4 1 1 2 1 4 1 1 2 1 4 1 1 2 1 4 1 1 2 1 4 1 1 2 1 4 1 1 2 1 4 1 1 2 1 4 1 1 2 1 4 1 1 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 2 1	730 317 Barvia G	102 Eapt Tree (2:9	286 114 Strong Ram 10p 213m2-14 cm5 \$10.3 m3 for 11 146 155 07 54 41 146 155 07 54 41 146 155 07 54 41 156 157 158 158 158 158 158 158 158 158 158 158
100-1 E33-1/Ce B race Fr. 100	28 93 Beatte (1) 17 17 -3 345 27 27 18.8 225 95 Helefor (Wal 5e 196 -5 194 520 31 223 27 18.8 206 136 Bentals 196	195 113 Microlesse 100 146 4.0 1.4 3.7 25.7 383 190 4 Microsystems 100 390 -5 12.25 6.2 0.9 25.1 66 27 4 Microsystems 50 39 -3 1.25 2.1 4.1 4.6 4.0 1.08 41.3 4.00 1.08 41.3 4.00 1.08 41.3 4.00 1.08 41.3 4.00 1.08 41.3 4.00 1.08 41.3 4.00 1.08 41.3 4.00 1.08 41.3 4.00 1.08 41.3 4.3 1.5 1.5 4.3 1.6 19.3 1.5 1.5 4.3 1.6 19.3	50 15-18-80-isolates 10e 34 3 15 15 18 49 12.9 515 338 Bootherick 10e 57 5 10.75 0.6 1.8 -9 273 150 Brake Bros 10e 25 5 12.2 44 1.4 20.8 56 17 48-remarker ip 10 -2 0.3 1.1 1.0 -2 291 119 Cadbury Schwegges 218 -79 16.7 21 4.2 14.1	264 163 Extern KI, SA1 163 5 07/89 6 50 6 265 140 Execution Bit/CS 200 -10 55 6 3.8 6 123 124 Execution Bit/CS 6254 1 4039% 6 3.3 6 173 115 Etga Group Sp 121 -2 12.1 3.2 2.4 17.9 Etsa Graphen AS NIGO 5.8 1.3 -2 1.2 1.3 2.3 17.9 1.3	24 68 Shoreton Hiss 113 -2 8 -1
BEERS, WINES & SPIRITS 471 290 Alther-Lyons 359 -20 11.4 2.3 4.3 12.1 1.5	350 348 8047 Shep Int 5p	SAPS \$23 National 33	170 48 Carrier & Farger 135 ml 2.75 0 2.8 0	*33 14 Epitere Higgs Sp. 37 -3 M0.75 17 28 261 *318 145 Emittee Higgs Sp. 278 -2 4.0 3.2 2.0 19.1 *1.0 19.1 19.1 *1.0 19.1 19.1 *1.0 19.1 19.1 *1.0 19.1	90 106 FTask Force Sp. 205 -10 L1.82 47 12 1281 760 288 FTeck Consti. tock. 478 -2 144.6 19 11 31.6 97 75 Fecknology for So. 150 465.39 14 41 1108 195 111 Teck Project Serv Ibb 277 -1 12.5 5 3 1.0 25 5 4 10 25 5 13 10 25 10
246 131 Bucktey's Bresery 200 -8½ 93.2 LA 2.1 36.5 239 141 Subner/H P-15p 177 25 45 120 195 165 Batner/H P-15p 177 27 40 12 25 165 120 140 10 45pc (v 2nd H 2) 25 45 45pc 177 27 40 12 250 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 12	193 78	408 250 Neumark (Louis) 313 -2 14.0 L4 6.1 15.8 1529, 250 Neisensark (PriffM20) 2529, 250 Neise Serv PriffM20 2529, 250 Neise Serv PriffM20 2529, 251 Neise Serv Neis	191 100 Deleyak Foots 50 195 -10 27 32 27 15.6 405 279 Deleys 11 308 -19 14.0 6.4 6.4 6.5 525 152 Deleys 15 500 -5 13.25 30 28 16.5 260 172 Dee Cora 50 181 -13 8.0 19 6.1 10.6 208 93 England (1) 59 136 -13 12.25 3.5 2.4 6.5	100 18 Excalibr Jevelley. 93 -2 0.05 272 1649 Expanet ind. 50	173 391 Research T-Lee
547 325 Frater South 7 A/1 326 314 9 14 22 4 15 22 1 15 10 16 1 17 General Windley 200 - 13 15 3 10 3 4 12 1 15 1 10 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	78 142 Conert W 265 4.9 21 2.7 23.4 655 4.10 DAKS Shepsor W 56.5 3 -22 7.0 5.1 1.7 15.6 60 241 247 0.0 5.6 -2 64.0 45.5 1.7 17 1.7 1.7 1.7 1.7 1.7 1.7 1.7 1.7	800 113 *Orcida Tech.	728 115 Peter (A.) 5p. 171 - 22 12.25 \$\phi\$ 1.5 \$\phi\$ 757 228 Peter Lovel 201p . 321 - 10 113 14 48 20.0 204 100 Peter Board Sp. 224 - 6 1.32 12 1.9 224 300 167 Geest Sp. 234 - 6 1.32 12 1.9 224 346 225 Eliza Glover Sp. 230 . 19, 32 4 19, 32 19 25 47 Heishald Gp. 10p. 95 14 12,75 22 4.0 16.0 456 270 Gerson 200 . 466 - 5 15,7 3.1 17 26.1	STI 20	10 225 Toomet (R.W.)
1454 (2004) Do Bracci vin	117 91 Boulfield's Circuit 95 6 5.0 7.4 - 223 1337 Boulfield Hills, 100 128 43 175 48 1.1 22.7 196 52 EFA Group Sp. 101 -4 21.0 1.4 - 2.0 1.5 66 EFE Group Sp. 102 -4 2.5 2.6 1.5 48 9.2 1.5 48 9.2 1.5	340 131 4 Personal Comps Sp. 385 36 4.1 1.4 17.4 106 23 Pelcon 100 351 105 1.1 1.1 11.5 675 Pullips Fn. 54.% £114 054.% 65.0 ⊕ 163 £10 Pelker in. 710 7124 4274 65.0 ⊕ 277 £24 Pelco Hidgs. 20p 266 1 5.76 6 3.0 ⊕ 220 159 fn. W 250 287 1 5.76 6 3.0 ⊕	300 167 Seest 59 234 -5 13.2 13.2 13.2 19. 22.4 19. 32.4 19. 21.5 19. 22.4 19. 22.5 19. 22.6	90 HP and & Weston 56 80 475.02 2.6 5.2 10.3 1 105 98 French (Thes.) 10n 88 2.82 2.4 5.5 12.9 5 128 7.8 465 100 4	20 Segimens 119:11 (1655-11-05-65) 80 144 Tyzak Turter 413 -32 143-15-17-35 83 153 U00 Hidgs 10p 12g 8 (25-52-7-72-7-78) 84 Unsprain 15g 173-9 1115-1 (16-31-0-7-7-7-7-7-7-7-7-7-7-7-7-7-7-7-7-7-7-
453 370 Mortyadown Mine	345 198 Etam Ilip. Prot8.5p. 258 -24 174.7 3.0 24 18.7 3.0 124 18.7 3.	175 92 (Phaytechaic Elect 3p. 95 — — — 32.5 185 92 (Phoyer Pice Int. 5p 147 — 6 (2.25 3.9 2.1 16.8) 354 165 (Presse 10p 12.5 4.3 1.2 25.9)	940 228 38:00 W.SKI 3802-82 QG1.88 38 15794 227 Kork los. 51.00 5300-82 QG1.88 38 431 242 Kork los. 51.00 330 10 14.0, 24 25 18.7 1579 6594.28 6.04 0.0 10.0 128 2 15.4 2 1.4 2.3 809 566 Luw (Vint.) 20p 725 15 12.5 2.7 2.6 18.7 189 13 Matthews (8) 131 14 81.79 41 1.8 18.4 19.5 13 Matthews (8) 131 14 81.79 41 1.8 18.4 19.5 13 Matthews (8) 131 14 81.79 41 1.8 18.4 19.5 13 Matthews (8) 347 14 81.79 41 1.8 18.4 19.5 13 Matthews (8) 347 14 81.79 41 1.8 18.4 19.5 13 Matthews (8) 347 14 81.79 41 1.8 18.4 19.7 20 Matthews (8) 347 15 1.0 18.9 18.9 18.9 18.9 18.9 18.9 18.9 18.9	377 207 Gordon Russell So. 350 -5 RS.3 2.4 21 25 3 1 25 3	38 E94 He'r NY STI2
477 274 772mm Brew W 50p 425 8.5 1.9 2.7 24.8 445 225 10. Nov. V. 50p 375 5.5 8.5 1.9 2.7 24.8 2.5	272 177 Freeman 188 -12 194.13 3.0 13.2 24.5 160 Hristoth Connection Sp. 170 +15 65.2 2.0 3.8 15.2 2.0 3.8 1.2 2.1 2.4 22.7 140 75 Here (Octol 10p	47 18 Process System Inc. 28 -5 90.25c - 0.5 - 105 - 125 195 195 195 195 195 195 195 195 195 19	425 150 Mear Trade Sop. 280m2-20 33,6 0.9 1.8	195-116 Hassa Tres 134 -5 13.19 3.4 33 (9) 125-1 (15) 16 Hassa Tres 134 -5 13.19 3.4 33 (9) 125-2 (16) (17) 16 Hassa Tres 134 3.5 (18) (17) 16 Hassa Tres 134 (18) 17 (18) 18	377 b2 Waterford Glass 5p 95 1-11 (00b. 20132-10b For Watshard's see Special 6 Medical 1-41 RB 22 Webcome 386 1-8 L2CH 32 0.7 (46.6)
355 222 Aberdere Corst	130 60 Gerri (S.R.) 100 288 5 1.8 6 1.7 6 223 (23am Group 109 228 2 855 1.7 3.9 20.1 218 131 Goldberg (A.) 193 -1 4.79 23 3.4 17.9 92 253 Goodman Bros. 59 56 +1 -2 2.73 2.14 128 128 128 128 128 24.5 23.5 3.0 12.4 128 80 Missiphi Missiphi (B) 111 +3 1.6 4.6 2.0 14.6 255 118 Missiphi Missiphi (B) 11 +3 1.5 4.5 2.0 5.75 2.9 6.6 7.0 255 128 Missiphi Missiphi (B) 11 1.5 1.5 4.5 2.0 1.5 255 128 Missiphi Missiphi (B) 11 1.5 1.5 4.5 2.0 1.5 255 128 Missiphi (B) 11 122 -375 2.5 6.6 7.0 256 128 Missiphi (B) 11 122 -375 2.5 6.6 7.0 256 128 Missiphi (B) 11 122 -375 2.5 6.6 7.0 257 258 Missiphi (B) 11 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 258 128 128 128 128 128 128 128 128 258 128 128 128 128 128 128 128 128 258 128 128 128 128 128 128 128 128 258 128 128 128 128 128 128 128 258 128 128 128 128 128 128 128 258 128 128 128 128 128 128 128 258 128 128 128 128 128 128 128 258 128 128 128 128 128 128 128 258 128 128 128 128 128 128 128 258 128 128 128 128 128 128 128 258 128 128 128 128 128 128 128 258 128 128 128 128 128 128 128 128 258 128 128 128 128 128 128 128 128 128 128 258 128	191 58 Result Tune Cort. 59 158 -20 62.0 29 18 26.1 178 194 Resultare Si	308 170 Park Feot 10p 280 -8 4.8 34 23 173 177 28 Western Usball Mean 115 - 61.2 1.6 1.2 - 62.2 1.6 1.2 - 750 878 278 RHM 287 - 17 46.61 25 3.0 17.8	197 101 101 102 102 103 104 105 10	Display
97 Baryeridge Brick 263 -7 htt./75 42 0.9 35.5 45 43 1.2 0.2 35.5 45 43 1.2 0.2 45 45 45 45 45 45 45 4	63 17%	227 64- Szestronic 10p. 185 - 5 kl.2 38 0.9 24.2 650 328 Scholes (GH) 430 - 10 14.0 24 4.5 13.9 12.7 13.9 Scholes (GH) 430 - 10 14.0 24 4.5 13.9 12.7 13.9 Scholes (GH) 35 5 - 12.1 +8 1.9 12.7 12.7 12.7 12.7 12.7 12.7 12.7 12.7	104 27 Heights Headth 25 74m 5 9,28 0 0.5 0	88 124 Ramin Den 29 -1 0.38 0.3 1.8 - 9 505 150 key (Horman) 10p 470m+5 14.15 2.6 1.2 43.4 M 170 45 Historia Care Servs 131 -7 0.9 4.4 0.9 39.2 170 170 Hesworth Ceradic 225 -7 18.28 2.0 15.0 13.4 42	100 100
148 65 Bett Brts 20b. 105 -8 103.11 11 4.0 [29.5] 675 136-1800497 20p. 475 08429 28 12 39.8 579 331 Bibe Carde 11 368 -36 101.5 3.0 4.3 6.7 248 120 Breedom 215 155.3 0.9 3.6 4.8 120 Breedom 215 155.3 0.9 3.0 4.8 120 Breedom 215 155.3 0.9 3.0 4.8 120 Breedom 215 155.3 0.9 3.0 4.8 120 Breedom 215 155.3 0.9 3.0 4.8 120 Breedom 215 155.3 0.9 3.0 4.8 120 Breedom 215 155.3 0.9 3.0 4.8 120 Breedom 215 155.3 0.9 3.0 4.8 120 Breedom 215 155.3 0.9 3.0 4.8 120 Breedom 215 155.3 0.9 3.0 4.8 120 Breedom 215 155.3 0.9 3.0 4.8 120 Breedom 215 155.3 0.9 3.0 4	150 73 Ment Certo 50 121 175 30 20 22,9 225 115 Ment Certo 50 115 117 40 41 47.15 145 44 Lenca 27,9 66ar = 6 M0.28 61 18 20.8 113 43 Lenca 48 48 20.8 60 73 0.75 03 13 -19 124 60 Liberty 122 18 -2 19 51 10 24.5	206 108 Star Comp. 100 175m 15 0 12 0	207 131 Tesm Sp 164m2-4 192-03 40 2.0 17.0 5999-133 Do 9p:0-12.0 202-07 23773 30 099 12.3 443 302 Unique 304 -29- 11.5 2.5 5.2 10.4	80 % 9Hible Ergerum 10p. 63 20 21 43 149 2 296 168 9Hodyson Hidgs Sp. 233mm-3 L213 29 13 37 1	77 Wood (Arbert Sp. 265 25 2 6 32 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6
250 86 British Bredging	1324 113 134 134 135	1427 1114 TDK Corps. Y50 1294 3 20074 4 0.9 4 140 75 1705 Ctrasts 50 77 -6 300 150 NT Homotopius 100 250 -5 1.5 6.4 0.8 121.6	289- 97 Do. Warrace (1997) 115 -17	205 F2 (Horris Gross 5s 178 13.2 31 26 17.0 12.6 17.0 12.6 17.0 12.6 17.0 12.6 17.0 12.6 17.0 12.6 17.0 12.6 17.0 12.6 17.0 12.6 17.0 12.6 17.0 12.6 17.0 12.6 17.0 12.6 17.0 12.6 17.0 12.6 17.0 17.0 17.0 17.0 17.0 17.0 17.0 17.0	7 118 Wheelman Grp 15s 270 141 26 22 42 44 2 14 4 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15
79 23 WCDesconsister Gra. 754	233 314 Metrobs (1) 430 5 1425 53 16 16.4 16 16 17 17 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	ese loco ha ve w 17h den en en est A 174 A	93 45 Makerdeen Sir Hee 5s 68 12 0.6 2.4 - 377 137 Friendly Hotels 10p 265 -4 11.2 4.4 0.6 0.6 0.5	213-2 211 c Humbardon test Se. 2211	INSURANCES 5 193 Abbry Lie 59 233 -35
118 80 Costy Camer) 100. 97 +7 EL.79 3.4 25 16.5 16.2 17.2 28 11.2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	*CL15_160 (Newn & Rockston Sp.) CL114	202 155 HUCL Group 50 163 -9 122 27 21 230 153 347 124 105 106 106 107 125 125 125 125 125 125 125 125 125 125	*592 259 Nortek Canisa 50 259-2-3 190.33 2.1 1.7 174.9 255 133 Pres Emertain 50p 263 192.35 3.5 1.2 30.5	133 65 Spece Hidgs 10p 86 -2 285 25 45 12p 52 1370 167 Irrish Wire Prots. 289 -15 -2 - 17 289 112 Instrum. 185 +25 1.9 4.8 13 20.8 37 680 410 kJ.S. Pathology 10p 2 560 1-30 4.5 3.5 11 32.7 52	3 122 Februs Bert 109 1542 144 01005 132 133 132 Februs Bert 109 1542 144 052 40 1 92 1 1 104 2 22 33 18.0
273 113 Enth 2334 . 943 23 25 240 125 111 Mer Constructed 160 +5 5.0 3.1 43 10.5 335 140 Factorat 10p 295 -10 48 1.6 22 16.9 310 116 Sederated Housing Sp. 262 -2 14.0 4.3 2.1 15.1 15.9 188 Sederate Comp. 10p 148 -2 4.0 6.3 7 4.0 15.7 15.7 15.7 15.7 15.7 15.7 15.7 15.7	67 333-50-war Yerts, 56 — 50 — 1 1.75 ¢ 4.8 ¢ 413 25 6 Ramer 105 — 512 - 20 tres4.68 4.6 21 15.3 253 149 Da Car Gue Pf 51 198 — 7 15.85% — 4.0 — 286 167 Hydraf 5 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	577 400 VG instruments 10p. 533 10 134 4.8 0.9 21.7 481 227 Voles Gross 420 5 10.0 23 33 14.9 103 66 (Wayne Kerr 10p. 784 1 115 15 26 30.9 198 75 What Select 70p. 121 11 13.0 2.3 3.4 18.5 500 295 What select 70p. 121 11 13.0 2.3 3.4 18.5 100 295 What select 70p. 155 10.00 2.5 3.0 18.0	50- 28 Pyen Henels tr 5p	185 113 (Pulardine High HKSZ 137 137 140986c \$ 15 \$ \$ 55 536 339 Lichtotic Cleaners 980 - 10 (tible 1 2.1 4.5 14.6 13 67) 216 Lichton High High 1 2.2 4.5 14.6 13 67 17 17.6 Lichton High High 1 2.3 4.5 14.6 13 67 17 17.6 Lichton High High 1 2.3 4.5 14.6 13 67 17.6 17.6 17.6 17.6 17.6 17.6 17.6 1	99 268 Comm. Union 372 - 20 08 13 - 5 3 50 cmm. Union 372 - 31 130 - 18 - 5 3 50 cmm. Warren 200 2008 - 5 130 - 18 - 5 130
180 92 Cathlerd Sp. 156m -4 5.35 6 47 6 172 135 Gites & Dardy 10c 188 -2 12.0 2.9 1.5 3.1 102 55 Gites & Dardy A 10c 68 -2 2.0 2.9 3.1 15.0 573 346 Giceson (M.J.) 10c 536 15.9 4.3 15.1 14.6 373 161 Harregon Inds 10c 335 6.7 5.2 25.1 14.5 373 171 Hendertor Group 336 +2 17.5 17 3.1 2.7 151 71 Riveder-Staar 10c 126/3-6 14 17.9 3.2 2.1 19.1 164 36 Steve & Corb 10c 139 +4 8.2 7.2 2.7 2.5 150 163 Steve & Corb 10c 148 -5 1.8 3.4 13.1 154 120 Do. Cm. Pri. 203 2.3 3.5 1.5 3.5 3.5 4.7 154 120 Do. Cm. Pri. 2.3 2.3 3.5 5.75 -7 5.5 -7 155 156 156 156 156 156 156 156 156 156 156 156 156 156 154 155 156 15	43 36 Do. 3 isporty. Living 43	155 51 \$2,000 Dynamics 5p 130 =7 1.0 6.2 1.1 10.8	INDUSTRIALS (Miscel.) 20 59 AF im. 71.0 227 23 1925 47 15 15.0 459 270 AAM 382 -13 9.0 26 32 16.1 2174 16.6 AGA AR V25 3174 308 41 3 2 4 30.8 13 2 4 30.8 13 2 4 30.8 13 2 16.1 2 17.1 2 18.6 18.6 Resent 10.0 22 2 2 7.3 17 48 16.6	150 60 Nort Rubber 180 -30 172 28 26 171 55 55 55 55 55 55 5	180 FAI Immensors 90.10 365 49.0 2.5 3 3 3 3 4 3 3 3 3 3
\$6155 [1855 Do. 10sr Ln 2003-08 6345] -15 [1054 - 17.9] -160 80 "Hirentson 10s	232 86 Stanler (6 C.159 _ 1844 41	187 115 APV Baker 109 124 13.8 1.8 4.2 17.0 355 224 Advers Grosp 31.1 at 9 9.4 4.1 \$\delta\$ 4.1 \$\delta\$ 55 Alertospace Eng 226 -7 \$2.6 2.4 2.8 18.6 55 25.4 25.4 25.5 36.7 4.0 6.1 4.3 16.4 7 4.5 17.0 50 2912 5 4.3 16.4 4.5	250 59 AAF laws, 71-20 227 -23 1925 4.7 1.5 15.0 459 270 AAM 8.7 2.7 -23 1925 4.7 1.5 15.0 521 516 AAA	150 150	3 ZD Lordon United 20p 273 - 71 b - 3 2 13 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 4 2 13 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
					- (36) <u>-</u>

The Control of the Co

INSURANCES—Continued	PAPER, PRINTING—Continued	TEXTILES—Cont.	FINANCE, LAND—Cont.	OIL AND GAS—Continued MINES—Continued					
1987 1988 1988 1988 1988 1989	1967 Steek	1967 Stock Price + or Bit C'tr' 673 PK	4% 241 Nth. Brit Conscious 456 -7 17.05 1.0 2.3 40 22 Nth Schilland Inv 10p 28 -2 0.25 0 1.2 54 27 North Schilland Inv 10p 504 -1	1967					
985 188 Sedynick Gross 10s. 236 -15 12.0 1.7 7.1 9.8 399 207 Steel Barril J.Jon. 228 -19.0 20 5.4 12.7 668 403 Stewart W. 20618 -3 76.0 20 2.9 21.9 10.0 12.5 12.5 12.5 12.5 12.5 12.5 12.5 12.5	111 % DO PACCALOR REAL % ~ 5.25 - 73 -	362 246 Develor Intl	210 114 Pachic Assets 7st 50p 149 -3 0.77 1.7 0.7 140 50 Do Warrams 75 -7	1449 68779 D. Hocton in. 97 (1177) 02074] 9.917.5 71 32 \(\frac{1}{2}\)					
269.3 C.9 STates of EDR 565 +22 001079 = 0.9 = 2274 E144 Torchmark 51.00 E182 +24 051.00 = 3.4 = 410 235 Trade Indemedity 365 = 443 = 15 =	17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17	33 Glen Atony	585 445 Kaethori 497 -6 1160 0.9 45 298 153 Roder & iss. Can 265 -8 102	57 20 Wassington Gui Englat. 40 -2					
1304 Elle Just 1 6 Corp 12:50 1 2244-14 223 - 52 - 52 - 52 - 52 - 52 - 52 - 52	89 100 MSantra (Martin 10n 67 +-2 s1.75 2.3 3.6 16.8 1 485 298 Smith (Dade S.) 20p 417 -12 5.25 4.4 1.7 17.9	91 48 kraph & Frest 20s 61 -5 3.04 1.3 6.9 1.48 59 1.75 kraph & Frest 20s -5 3.04 1.3 6.9 1.48 59 1.75 kraph & Frest 20s -5 3.05 2.1 31 1.5.6 4.75 203 kamost Hids 10s 356 -19 755 3.5 2.1 17.1 365 17.1 krap & 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0	103 85 Pa loc 17-9	58 19 ft (Marrier 10b. 25 - 4 a - 37 15 October 10b ML 30 1 - 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1					
354 17446 & W.Green 10 / 20 /	156 85 Misserling Path Sp. 14337 3 22 23 23 (77.1) 1 29 115 12710 Advertishing 213 -1 20 37 13 284 1 288 199 155 166 187 263 -3 8.05 24 42 13.7 288 151 MPI Group Sp. 369 -29 1.5 5.9 0.6 61.9 1 270 273 283 MCRS Group Sp. 275 -3 3.13 4.3 13 18.7 1 275 -3 3.13 4.3 13 18.7 1 275 -3 3.13 4.3 1.5 18.7 1 283 MCRS Group Sp. 275 -3 3.13 4.3 1.5 18.7 1 283 MCRS Group Sp. 275 -3 3.13 4.3 1.5 18.7 1 283 MCRS Group Sp. 275 -3 3.13 4.3 1.5 18.7 1 283 MCRS Group Sp. 275 -3 3.13 4.3 1.5 18.7 1 283 MCRS Group Sp. 275 -3 3.13 4.3 1.5 18.7 1 283 MCRS Group Sp. 275 -3 3.13 4.3 1.5 18.7 1 283 MCRS Group Sp. 275 -3 3.13 4.3 1.5 18.7 1 283 MCRS Group Sp. 275 -3 3.13 4.3 1.5 18.7 1 283 MCRS Group Sp. 275 -3 3.13 4.3 1.5 18.7 1 283 1 283 1 283 1 283 1 283 1 283 1 283 1 283 283 1 283	123 118 Mackey Hugh	99 (7) Go Can. (7) (-3) (-3) (-3) (-3) (-3) (-3) (-3) (-3	30 11 Methomogent Dd 50 37					
194 109 HASpirali Hidgs, 10p 165	28	M5 121 Parkind W 203 -3 5.0; 2.6 3.4 14.6	235 159 SL Apereo Tsl 216 -4 43.85 1.1 24	22 Follified from Street 51					
124 94 De opc. Gr. Ext. Pt 100 - 3	PROPERTY "129 70 Aillied Lundon 110 95 -5 2.1 0 3.1 0 "305 164 Sarbingtin Set 100 218 -30 192.2 4 1.4 26.1 385 349 3484 Property 201 67 -75 -5,3 3.0 75,9 37 37 38 38 38 38 38 38	103 290 0 10s Can Pri 775 103 - 18 -	315 286 SPUT inc. 10g 277 - 3 (19.11) 6 95 855 530 SPUT Cas 100 - 750 - 25 212 134 SPRAIT 50g 185 - 1 34 12 27 189 78 De Warrast 185 - 1 34 12 27 1594 13334 Da. Can Pig Pref 1370-124 8.4 - 8.4 272 720 Setheral Series 2	1220					
101 45 RCignistan 50 41 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	215 190 (BatrimerSanf)(0) 310 -15 (40) 6 18 6 (158) 320 (BatrimerSanf)(0) 310 -15 (40) 6 18 6 (158) 320 (BatrimerSanf)(0) 214 -1 75 - 0,7 - 238 119 (Betanre Helps 205 15 - 0,9 - 73	506 238 Tonsiriesm 520 146 5.1 11 25.3 140 1021, Tonsi 150 120 -8 142 2.0 49 11.9 140 1021, Tonsi 150 120 -8 142 2.0 49 11.9 140 1021, Tonsi 150 120 -8 142 2.0 49 11.9 140 1021, Tonsi 150 120	770 520 Scor. Care: W	791, 34 Previer Corts. 251-1-5 1-136-2 67 24 PFTame: Wome 25c 41 -5 1-146-2					
705 32 Juleana's Hadge 2p 75 -3 et l.83 1.0 3.4 28.4	258 119 Delgrane Highs 255 15 0.9 47.5	1987 Stock Price - or Div Y'15 Y'15 1991 109 488 -0.1 11-3 3.5 3.9 8.5 125 130 1.2 130 1.2 130 1.2 130 1.2 130 1	150 109 Sort More & Ts. 116 -7 c21 13 25 00 81 Sort Marshall Ts Inc. 87 -3 -1 1014 77 80 Steeped Pri 1011 +1 5.0 -6.8 1014 79 80 Steeped Pri 101 +1 5.0 -6.8 1014 79 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 8	360 138 Siduleter (Pr. 400) 32 -1 + -1 151 165 13 167 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17					
182 54 Leisare tw 10p 147 -15 1.65 6 1.4 6 1.4 1 1		1967 Stock Price - Net Gry Gry	239 163 Second Marker for Stp. 164 -6 sal2.2 0.2 130.2 90.3 Second Marker for Stp. 162 -9 30.1 0.4 279 190 Secret for Stp. 211 -2 10.47 1.2 9.5 130.2 90.3 Secret for Stp. 211 -2 10.47 1.2 9.5 130.5 130.5 Second for Stp. 134 -6 10.1 9.5 151 86 Seaber Can for Ta	130 151 152					
156 155 156	650 275 Careful Prop 200 559 +50 1357 0.6 0.5 - 2 3 390 280 Chase Prop 889 299 -201 22.6 4.3 1.2 28.0 27.1 495 Chasterfield 680 -15 11.2 2.1 3.0 20.1	194 129 Arks 1 to	95.5 62 1R Corp of London Dia 23 -5 12.56 1.0 4.8 1585 11.2 TP ind. 8 General 218 -61, 22 1.1 2.6 109 70 TR Natural Resources 84 -1 42.06 1.1 3.4 12.1 12.6 12.1 12.6 12.1 12.6 12.1 12.6 12.1 12.6 12.1 12.6 12.1 12.6 12.1 12.6 12.1 12.6 12.1 12.6 12.1 12.6 12.1 12.6 12.1 12.6 12.1 12.6 12.6	112 57 Prilococycle ASD. 72 La 13 70 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10					
98 34 SP (1975) SP (1975) Sp (1975) SP (1975)	1/U 764Clark Nickols 12000 1113.15 1.9 (36 US.7)	122 226 American 19. 8 127 10 -	90: 59 TR Technolog 73 -4 n0 95 12 18 155: 94 TR Trisses Corps 121 -0; 22 11 25	5 565					
256 67 Readrant Group 100 137 178 12. 14.24 3.1 1.1 18.6 16.3 43 Reado Chy W NV 133 -7	220 130 Cotry New T. 10p. 173 -5 2.25 19 1.8 34.8 4 28.8 149 Cotty Props ST10p. 215 -3 14.3 1.3 2.7 7.3 44.8 230 Cotsum Prop. Grg. 448ml 48 45.8 35 2.0 16.0 15.1	184 197 Bashke Gefford Japan 391 -3 0.1 0 -	**************************************	123 65 Decan Witter, 205					
1207 50 Rider Leisure 10n 120 4 - 53.1	111 71 6de Morgan 56 96 2 RLO 43 14 225 3 20 165 Octordan Fertie 50 209 2 13.25 23 22 77.0 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	100 100	120 120	188 58 Same Daring MS0.5 70 -3 Q11c 6 39 6 45 180 48 state 0 to 100 30 5ct 35 27 16 328 100 97 100 97 100 98 100					
337-) 147-Stantey Lettere 268 he3.0 3.7 1.5 243 97 477-TSW 50 834-5 2.7 4 45.4 404 210 477-97 100 312 -23 11.5 73 3.4 2.5 12.8 454 20 177-5 100 325 -14 11.0 33 3.9 11.0 88 57 47-tevision Sycs. 5(b) 73 -1	312 110 Do. 75cH 51 210	1772 105 Brusser in 125 2-45 12 2 0 10 2 7 12 5 10 2 7 12 5 10 2 7 12 5 10 5 10 2 7 12 5 10 5	148 162 Umrycory Trest 50p 133 -2 125 0 2.8 73 42 Value & Intare 19 10p. 53 -5 1.25 0.7 3.5 3.	1967					
256 64 Tortestam Helssor 145 -5 4.0 -3.4 -188 80 +Tribon 10s 153 -12 1.1 3.5 1.0 32.6 43 45 45 45 45 45 45 45	325 98 Enum New Witten. 259	27 15 Do. Warrants 27 155 1 105 Diag & Est for 50 50 115 1 20 15 Diag & Est for 50 50 115 1 20 15 1 20	300 115 Webs ted law 7s 5p. 275 - - - 161 116 Witan Im 132 -8 20 11 21 163 57 De, Warrants 70 -5 20 11 21 185 86 De, Cop. 1p 117 -1 19.25 10 112 185 86 De, Cop. 1p 117 -1 12 12 Finance, Land, etc	98 45 [Con. Plants M90.5 45 032214 66 131 47 Coman de sen 16m 188 -10 04, 6 05 6 127 70 Grand Central 100 100 -6 0.55 6 0.8 130					
117 18-14-Williams (Reiu 5p. 79:21-9 90.91) 14 16 403 189 Vorlestre IV 280 -3 16.25 29 31 15.3 136 73 Zetters 5p 108 1-2 5.5 3.5 7.0 5.6	165 78 Green Property 1250 135 +110 (30.6%) 2.1 2.8 25.9 2.7 47.3 246 Green 109 325 -23 2.75 3.2 1.2 244 1.1 1.2 1.3 1.2 1.3 1.2 1.3 1.2 1.3	153 78 154 155 78 155 78 155 1	1987 1987 1988 1	Teas Teas 53 29 Hamorbit Group 50. 38 68					
Motors and Cycles 254 150 15	1105 370 Nardanger Prop 10p. 925 -25 911.36 3.1 1.7 24.5 303 85 Hexcal Res 5p.	86 71 Durae (in.) 82 5.82 1.1 9.8 9.1 1.1 9.8 1 5.82 1.1 9.8 9.1 1.3 Decky ist in. 153 9.12 1.0 8.2 1.3 De Cap 109 509 509 10.7 1.0 2.9	335 133 Sectological Hidgs 300 -5 108.5 3.5 2.8 11.5 7.5 68 Dr. Sec Com Pri (1. 68 -7 42.0 12 15 16.8 7.1 -7 22.0 18 47.0 17.1 -7 17.1 -7 17.1 -7 17.1 18.8 1	220- 13 Morae Cl					
127 36 Roser 50s 90 10 279 31 24 2	345 163 Remish Prop. Sp 245 -45 83.75 3.3 2.1 19.6 90 40 Witty City Prop 90 40 18.6 5 43 51 84 9 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	223 Donyton Far East 229 -12 1.2 1.4 0.7	201 Armony Im. Als. 373 72 9 174 175 1	EIDS 1 597-gRandom Est. 92					
450 330 Sabbry Panels	245 415 Plant Leary Stc. 525 4-55 missini 18 2.5 21.4 2 275 41.00 Lear Stc. 525 4-55 missini 18 2.5 21.4 2 275 41.00 Lear Stc. 5650a=5 67.3 1.9 1.3 47.8 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	58 158 Electri (m. 78	213 144 Britanea Arree 149 -1 15.0 23 4.6 11.7 (224 1147 10 10 19c) 1224 1147 10 10 19c) 1224 1147 15.0 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12	204 120 Bracker 90c					
-43 296 FR Gross 256 -4 3.95 4.5 1.5 20.1 22.9 24.5 25.5	118 44 Lanin Seprific 15 56 6	35 Life Employs Natal Int Prid 295 5 50.45 Life 4 325 6 50 50 50 32 63 74 Ensign Trees 98 Life 1.4 1.2 1.4 77 (D. B. Tanah) Constant 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.4 1.2 3.8 73 1.5 3.9 74 1.5 3.5	338 45 (Carpin Robard 490c.) 215 425 956 10 -	130 72 Mariente R0.25 91 0800 0 19.5 distribution and rights. 0 37.5 08.00 19.5 08.00 0 19.5 0 1					
671 137 Branch (C. D.) 633 +e44,717.3 1.0 18.5 633 +e44,717.3 1.0 18.5 633 +e44,717.3 1.0 18.5 633 433 -15 7.5 2.5 12.5 4 13.5 13.	180 46 Startdesth 110 20 2 A 16 3.0 29.9 1.3 900 Marker Estates 800 4.0 6.7	94 60-jr & C Alliance hav 77 -4 bl.02 11 18 06 10 26 F & C Est Tsi Nap 289-112 0.12 18 06 110 25 F & C Est Tsi Nap 285 -13 160 110 75 & C Pacific Inc. 1. 124s - 37 11.0 12 11 12 12 12 13 12 12 12 13 12 12 12 13 12 12 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13	173 89 Fergess (1) 10p 165 -10	Tai-free to mon-estderts to a modification. Tai-free to mon-estderts of a modification. Tai-free to mon-estderts of a modification. Flagment or report available. Tai-free to mon-estderts of a modification. Flagment or report available. Tai-free to mon-estderts of a modification. Flagment or report available. Not deficially UK listed, dealines permatted under Rule 535(4)(a). USM, not listed on Stock Exchange and company not subjected to simple degree of regulation as fluid securities. Tai-free to mon-estderts of a modification. Tai-free to mon-e					
Pro Gladield Lawrence see Ketona (Recens) 195 195 MG-skem Motor Sp. 185 95 1.35 35 29 13.4 135 55 Marseel 110 -14 42.25 2.2 2.8 16.6 78 135 2.6 2.1 24.7 2.8 110 14.5 2.5 2.8	222 194 Measurielyh 213 7 3.0 9.0 1.0 7.9 5 180 1.0 1 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	33 342 First Sont Ann. 439 -14 113.33 11 42 12 45 First Sonneth 17.50 74 -2 -2 -3 12 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	532 375 Widen Oriental 50.10 495	EIBS 993 Orlebostra RI					
295 83 Mardiare Gr. 10p 290 914.07 1.8 1.9 37.1 231 1.65 Lancaster 195 12.75 3.5 1.9 278 Les Service 340 -34 110.6 1.6 3.6 25.5 25 12.8 25.5 25.5 25.5 25.5 25.5 25.5 25.5 2	C20 700 Palmerston LT. E19 5.07 1.1 0.4 - 1 200 0.6 Particisle Holiss 1.0 1.65 - 1.0 2.0 2.8 2.2 2.8 3 459 271 Passing 200 25 0.25 0 3.6 0 2 370 25 Peel Holos 323e 5 0.75 3.1 2.0 17.7 2.5	25 200 Flewing Chrestnam 275 -3 5.65 1.0 2.8 1.0 2.5 1.0 Flewing Enverynce 128 -10 1.2 1.0 2.5 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0	272 90 Writen Far SS	5884 1 208206 1.0 2 statement 208206 1.0					
633 1207 0111 011 137	137 1329-ja 1920 1420 1320 139 36.5%	144 140 Freeing Teck. Iar. 187 -4 0.6 1.5 0.4 1.5 0.4 1.5 0.4 1.5 0.4 1.5 0.5 1.5 0.5 1.5 0.5 1.5 0.5 1.5 0.5 1.5 0.5 1.5 0.5 1.5 0.5 1.5 0.5 1.5 0.5 1.5 0.5 1.5 0.5 1.5 0.	124 48 Investment Co. 89 -2 441.25 43 1.9 1.5 246 156 Investment Co. 205 -2 573 1.5 37 2.5 190 763- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	O.F.S. O.F.S.					
725 Z36 Ass. Book P. 20p 725 400 Ass. Rev. 504 -32 46.0 2.5 1.1 44.2 41.5 220 BPP Hop: 10p. 504 -32 15.0 2.5 1.2 1.2 1.3 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5	152- Regular 223 - 20	52 443 Fundament Inc	184 63 Lon Merchant	380 100 De Cars R 1980 by 380 583 183 183 183 183 183 183 183 183 183 1					
285 1857-Brigat Eart. Part 226 -15 7.75 1.5 4.5 20.4 21 226 -15 7.75 1.5 4.5 20.4 21 226 -15 7.75 1.5 4.5 20.4 21 226 -15 22	150 30 164 154 155	203 345 Carumor European 370 -10 225 15 0.8 174 135 Da. Warrants 145 45 -1 1.1 0.9 24 22 104 Da. Warrants 17 -1 1.1 0.9 24 25 25 25 26 26 27 27 27 27 27 27	143 110 Mekote Street Ins. 119 -1 1.4 1.2 1.7 7.3 1.3 24 Da. Warrants 46 44.25 5.2 1.0 21.9 1.5 1.5 1.5 4.1 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 4.1 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 4.1 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1	Diamond and Platinuss C18 C22 Inspirator C22 Inspirator C23 Inspirator C24 Inspirator C24 Inspirator C25 Inspirator C24	430 310 Haynet Pub 20p	C1194 F995 Do. 11 Ger. 2019	55 38 Do Warnett	199 42 Paraste 100 57 4 190.9 15 18 327 180 350 Parist 50 756m - 10 210 - 22 57.9 15 18 327 28 150 Parist 50 5 125 45 19 150 12 57.9 150 12 57.9 150 12 57.9 150 12 57.9 150 Warrants 47 - 1	Gentral African S10 170 Faton 250: 275
226 135 inflasteriii 20p 145 3.01 1.3 2.9 5.45 1.05 5.00 1.05 6.0	30 33 Friendras Pers. 30 30 4 42 4 5 5 70 255 [Trefford Pers. 425 8 5] 13.0 6 42 6 4 4 5 25 6 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	1324 128 Do. Step. Can. Pref 1322 7.3 7.4 7.4 7.5	351 149 Smith New Coart. 230 -40 8.0 3.0 4.8 9.2 183 117 Do. Caclus Rd Pl. Ste 128 -8 6.5 - 7.0 - 216 135 Sunt 100p 192 -1 3.7 1.4 2.7 -	160 63 Alex Carp US S1 50 160 08d 4.2 3.1 W Pro forma figure: 2 Dividend foral to date. 777 457 Ang. Am. Coal 50: 640 0235 4 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5					
985 470 Trinky in Hid 50a. 625 -30 172.0 24 54 1862 682 365 Ultra Resistent 464 -40 1716.5 1.5 4.9 18.3 PAPER, PRINTING, ADVERTISING	265 171 Mean-plate Ind. 59 198 -2 13.25 \$ 22 \$ \$ 294 132 Mates City of Lan 198 -18 254 1.6 1.8 42.1 1 270 100 Westmin & Country 215 28.5 1.8 2 132.2	10 274 Hambron Ine Tu 272 -9 5.0 1.0 3.0 466 67 00 Warrants 282 -9 5.0 1.0 3.0 465 Independent Ins 50 -1½ 10.33 1.5 2.3 1.7 865 Independent Ins 50 -1½ 10.33 1.5 2.3 1.7 1.5	280 Transcont Serv. Stc. 220ad (9.57) \$\.27 \\ \end{align*} 27 \\ \end{align*} = \frac{170}{170} \qquad \text{20} \text{ No. Werrards: } \qquad \text{105} \\ \end{align*} = \frac{278}{170} \qquad \text{277} \qquad \text{-278} \qquad \text{-278} \qquad \text{-278} \qquad \text{-278} \qquad \text{-283} \qquad \text{-12} \qquad \text{23.0} \qquad \text{-15} \qquad \text{-283} \qquad \text{-278} \qquad \qquad \text{-278} \qquad \qquad \text{-278} \qquad \qquad \text{-278} \qquad \qqqq \qqq \qqqq \qqqq \qqqq \qqqq \qqqq \qqqq \qqqq \qqq \qqqq \qqqq \qqq	160 90 90 90 90 90 90 90					
90 51 \$47A Selection 50 75 \$2 \$1.5 \$2.6 \$2.8 \$19.1 \$2.6 \$2.6 \$19.1 \$2.6 \$2.6 \$19.1 \$2.6 \$2.6 \$19.1 \$2.6 \$2.6 \$19.1 \$2.6 \$2.6 \$19.1 \$2.6 \$2.6 \$19.1 \$2.6 \$2.6 \$19.1 \$2.6 \$2.6 \$19.1 \$2.6 \$2.6 \$19.1 \$2.6 \$2.6 \$19.1 \$2.6 \$2.6 \$19.1 \$2.6 \$2.6 \$19.1 \$2.6 \$2.6 \$19.1 \$2.6 \$2	SHIPPING	23 231 15, Pac Wri SA Co Ord. 543		200-10 Madel Wit Sc. 200-1 Qlobel 17 23 Mart (Jost Sp. 111-ya Corral Inds. 146 120-ya Qlobel 17 23 Mart (Jost Sp. 1343 Dublin Cas. 146 120-ya Qlobel 17 23 Mart (Jost Sp. 1343 Dublin Cas. 146 120-ya Qlobel 17 24 Qlobel 17 25 Qlobel 18 Qlob					
145 85 R-BBB Desem Grop 5-1 25 +10	520,4 515 Radias-Larses St	98 740 love tim. Inc. 10p 99 15.79 1.0 8.9 100 36 Da. Cap. 2p 174 2 15.79 1.0 8.9 100 36 Da. Cap. 2p 174 2 15.79 1.0 8.9 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 10	Q: 9 (PAdelante Pet. III	715 300 Rand Min. Props. RI 600 7 0650 19 32 115 30 Wagets Zye 61 -14 0300 0 10.9 10.9 115 130 Wagets Zye 61 -14 0300 0 10.9 115 145 Neislow Gold Histo 50: 5 86 1-14 120 2260 14 7 TRADITIONAL OPTIONS					
985 217 BPCC	125 125	10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	245 199 Barract Enterly 10c. 199 - 250	215 11 Watro-West 20c 16 -2					
250 140 4CUste Heaper 5p 219 -25 2.5 3.7 1.6 22.5 3.7 1.6 22.5 3.7 1.6 22.5 2.5 3.7 1.6 22.5 2.5 3.7 1.6 22.5 2.5	675 300 Sharopto-ON Seam 5 655 20.0 2.5 4.2 12.0 3 460 230 Tophon 10p 385 -5 94.3 3.4 1.5 (21.2) 3 635 370 Thershall Scott 1.1 630 9.01 - 2.0 -	60 28 Do Warrents 28 - 2	83 66 Do Bor Pf. 61 77 56% 1 10.0 361 161 Briton 100 66s 100 168 -5 6 150 Zijabota Res Inf. 1025 77 660 Borrock 11 670 365 Borrock 12 680	22 7 Washing NF, NL 50 72 2016 11 8TP 36 R3C3 Elect 32 PMM 35 PMM 35 PMM 35 PMM 35 PMM 35 PMM 35 PMM 37 PMM 37 PMM 37 PMM 37 PMM 37 PMM 38 PMM					
145 83 *Cratin Lodge Ip 115 -3 * †22 3.0 22 17.6 310 1721 Cropper Clames 246 -10 40.81 9.3 0.5 24.4	SHUES AND LEATHER	17 A 1944 Do. Cap. 109	283 140 fftcliedward RFI J 238 -12 5 0 575 1400 Cate Group 50p 443 -7 1120 2.6 37 114.2 163 75 Carles Cupel 10p 116 -4 2.75 1.2 3.2 GH/9 4290 118 Careary 10p 228 -10 5.75 2.8 3.5 13.2 665 32 Carrental 5p 490 -7 9 576 224 Carrental 5p 228 754 75 (82.46) 1.9 5.4 9.7	250 118 Proceedings 125 -8					
180 4615 Delym Pack 50 115 -2 10.88 4.7 1.0 223 212 116 Examples 50 758 -50 104.0 7.0 0.5 28.2 413 21.0 FRB 6 rous 50 373 413 21.0 FRB 6 rous 50 373 415 21.2 32.8 413 28.8 Feruson led 375 78 419 21 3.5 18.5 21.6 153 Ferry Pick 10p 198 4.0 2.7 2.8 2.3 21.9 21.0 4.5 18.5 21.0 4.0 4.5 18.5 21.0 4.5 18.5 21.0 4.0 4.5 18.5 21.0 4.0 4.5 18.5 21.0 4.0 4.5 18.5 21.0 4.0 4.5 18.5 21.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4	405 196 Lambert Hth. 20p 366	120	67 29 WClarroun Pet NL 33 +4 9654 43 72 32 148 49 ACtot ON 212 -2	42 7 Encess Mining N 1 19 -1					
470 280 Fact & Do. 10p. 430 - 2 17.0 3.2 2.2 19.0 9.9 15 6.60 to 1 yes 10p. 45 - 2 1.5 - 3.2 - 4.0 4.4 0.7 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5	£14 £64 Anglo Am, Inc. R1 £234 (6190: 27 44 85 2	255 272 Misr Wynd Itst, Tst	116 62 Engrade Energy 100 76 9	155 62					
485 299 Holmas Marciant 10p. 348 -3 13.13 45 13 24.0 15 25 25 De Nort Vot W. 365 -5 15.0 41 1.5 22.1 25 40 247 House (Rouge L) 256 -5 150 41 1.6 18.7 25.9 168 110 Harve Ports 10p. 349 -5 15 25.0 1.5 25.9 168 110 Harve Ports 10p. 349 25 3.0 1.5 25.9 168 120 Harve Ports 10p. 349 25 3.0 1.5 25.9 15	411 VEL 67 ENG 196-1 777 T 14 THINK AND THE CONT. CONT. CONT. CONT. CONT.	221 178 Do. 8	125 17 Energy Caxed 12-p 46 9 400 155 PHE.R.I.C. \$1.25 380 + - 12 105 0.2 4.4 - 104 54 Ex. Co. London \$2.00 79 - 8 12 105 0.2 4.4 - 12 134 22 Exceptive 01 266 24-24 053-60 - 41 - 255 2 2-87 absoun Per. 1274-14 1274-14	240 66 Wrinsanti NL 340 +10					
173 62 Manufacture SO (1) 81 1 104.7c - 34 -		DZ 64 New Darlen On Tst. 9613-112 0.7 1.3 1.0	92 30 HFirstand 91 Up 72	106 49 Whith Minerals N.L 78 78 + Lucyte Serie					
297 118 lightenoxype Coro 10pl 200 -5 94.6 9.0 2.6 14.0	- 236 151 1571 1652 1652 1651 1652 1613 16	201 Pel 1947 Printer SCT 201 Pel 1 24/10/17 .		Langun Stock Exchaige Report Page.					

THE UK stock market renewed its slide yesterday, shedding much of the recovery of the previous session as concern over the setback in world securities markets was deepened by selling of Japanese stocks in London Additionally confirmation don. Additionally, confirmation of a missile attack in the Gulf

Helping to drive share prices lower was a £125m switch out of equities into UK Gilts by a ma-Jor London securities house.
At the day's lowest point, the FT-SE index was only 70 points above the year's low, before a late recovery reduced the day's loss. Turnover was very heavy, with Seaq-recorded bargains at

unsettled nerves in the City.

Equities fell sharply at midsession as London, in a demon-stration of its pivotal position in the time zone of the global marketplace, suffered a bout of selling of leading Japanese stocks, equivalent to an estimated fall of about 600 points on the Nikkei index, according to one specialist London began to anticipate a difficult opening

on Wall Street.
The sudden drop in Japanese stocks in London, accompanied by a halting of trading in Japaby a latting of training in Japa-nese share warrants following severe liquidity problems in the marketplace, dealt a blow to confidence in the City. Tokyo losses have not yet matched those in London and the US. UK analysts feared a renewed setback in Tokyo, as well as in New

However, Wall Street, encouraged by prime rates cuts at major banks, performed less badly than feared, and sparked a strong technical rally in the UK market, which had been on the point of tumbling through the

year's low points. The FT-SE 100 Index ended a net 100.6 down at 1833.2, after touching 1749.1 at its worst moment a level last recorded in the first week of January, this year. At 1435.3, the FT Ordinary Index fell 92 points.

The equity sector looked apprehensive ahead of today's closure of a trading account which has brought dreadful losses for many market firms as well as investors. Most marketmakers dington lost 14 to 165p for a sim-were refusing to allow clients to illar reason. Regional issues es-'cash and new', a market mech-anism enabling share positions to be carried over into the new

British Government bonds gave up 14 at 174p.

rose by a full point, following the upward trend of both the British and US bond futures tain, having fallen to 265p at one markets. Bonds are relatively stage, rallied strongly on re-cheap and certainly a much bet-vived takeover rumours to close

Further setback for equities but Government bonds

London was heartened by Wednesday's promises of li-quidity support for the US Fed-erals market by Mr Alan Green-span, chairman of the Rederal

The Gilt-edged sector ran short of stock and was helped twice by the Bank of England which responded to marketmak-ers' bids for stock during the

of new stock, to be available to NatWest provided on on one

of the day's outstanding performances with the shares advanc-ing a net 15 to 623p after a turnmajor banks lost ground al-though they generally closed well above the day's lowest levels. Barclays dropped to 463p before ending the session a 15 off at 485p. Lloyds slipped 27 to 288p, after 268p and Midland 38 to 415p, the latter as stale bulls continued to sall the stock 86,240, more than twice normal

Merchant banks suffered along with other financial issueswith Kleinwert Benson despite reassuring comment on the group's securities trading

ratically but all closed with losses on balance. In lifes Ab-bey slumped 35 to 233p on the appearance of substantial sell-ing orders while Legal & Gener-al retreated 30 to 283p. Pruden-tial shares, down to 785p in

The defensive qualities of

Brewery issues were forgotten amid the latest uncertainty. Wednesday's good gains were wiped out and some stocks seemed set to test the year's lows before short-covering induced a late recovery. Leading Brewers were the most vulnerabrewers were the most vulnera-ble with Allied-Lyons falling 20 to 359p, Bass losing 40 to 830p and Whitbread "A" dipping 15 to 291p. Guinness, beset by numer-ous problems over the past few-months, fought back well after dropping to 285p and closed only 6 down on the day at 298p. Scottish & Newcastle drifted back to 218p, down 6, as bid hopes evaporated while Bodcaped with lesser falls, Greenall Whitley ending 13 off at 209p and J.A.Devenish 19 cheaper at 309p. Cidermaker H.P.Bulmer

rise sharply on strong demand

		Oct.	Oct.	Oct.	Oct.	Year	. 19	1987 Since Compilation		mpilation	and BBB Design gained 10
	22	21	26 -	19	15	740	tilgh	Low	High	Low	. Wednesday's rally in t
Coverament Sécs	86.06	85.47	85.21	83.73	. 84.90	82.30	93.32 (8/5)	89.73 (19/10)	127.4	49.18 (3/1/75)	Property sector prov short-lived and prices fell aw again as nerves about the glo
Floed Interest	31.90	91.75	91,22	91.05	91 <u>.5</u> 0	88.75	. 99.12 ·	90.23 (2/1)	105.4 (28/11/47)	50.53 C00/75)	market became more fray Land Securities dipped 23
2rdicery ♥	1435.3	1527.3	1439.2	1629.2	1812.9	1249.9	1,926.2	1,320.2 (2/1)	1,926-2. (167/67)	49.4 (26/6/40)	475p and MEPC lost 25 at 44 Half-year profits some £
Gold Mines	399,0	396.8	421.5	444.2	436.3	277.2	497.5 (448)	288.2 (19/2)	734.7 (15/2/83)	43.5 (26/10/71)	above market estimates fail
Ord. Div. Yield	4.22	3.97	4.21	3.70	332	4.46		S.E. A	CTIVITY		to sustain Hammerson A whi fell 38 to 560p, the company a
Carmings Yid %(full)	10.41	9.72	10,33	9.07	815	10.28	· la	dices	0er 21	Oct. 20	revealed a new \$90m office
YE Ratio (set) (*) SEAQ Bargaios (5 pm)	11.78 86,240	12.58 103.680	11.84 78.969	13.49 56,790	25.01. 34,797	11.93	Equity Barr		707.8	154.9 524.7 5688.5	velopment in New York ale with the figures. Marier Esta
Equity Tompyer (Em)	· _	2838.13	2814.33	2525.34	1629.09	. 654.97	Equity Value 5-Day Ave		5736-6	f 1	were re-quoted at 800p- do
cosity Surgains	-	109.235	80,974	55,708	39,910	34,708		Bargains		125.6 342.4	475p on the suspension pri
Stares Traded (mi)		634.4	952.0	708.4	514.8	315.8	Equity Vale		4142.7	4666.2	following news that the p posed reverse takeover by
	10 a.m.		a.m.	Noon		p.m.	2 p.m		3 p.m.	4 p.m.	vately-owned Berkley Ho had been called off.
1508.7	1520.9	_	12.8	1460.		436.8	1407.		374.3	1426.7	Textiles joined in the late
Day's High 1533	3.9 Da	y's Low :	1372.9 B SE	sis 100 Se Activity 15	#L Secs 15 .67 ° NN =	/10/26, Fb: 11.62	red int 1928,	Ordinary 1/	7/35, Gold M	nes 12/9/55,	covery movement, but a closed with some substant

performance in recent days - closing 18 off at 432. SG War-burg, on the other hand, retreated 32 to 398p. Morgan Gres-fell dropped 21 to 398p.

Insurance shares moved at the control of t self contributed to another live-ley business in Barratt Develop-ments which settled 13 off at 192p. Elsewhere, Blue Circle suffered from a fresh bout of selling in an unwilling market and dipped 36to 368p.

and dipped 36to 368p.
ICI moved with the general trend and dipped to £11% at one stage prior to closing 1% lower at £11%. Laporte shed 39 to 461p; Solvay has increased its holding to 24.38 per cent, but has al-ready stated that it does not intend to make a full bid for the company. Amersham International were a weak market at 486p, down 41½.

1850, down 41%.
Interim results from Harris
Queensway - coming hard on the
heels of the latest board resignations - were labelled "appalling by one leading securities house; interim profits, ex-prop-erty sales, came out at £3.7m erty sales, came out at 23.7m cinded Fisous, down is at 231p, compared with pre-tax profits and Beecham, 29 lower at 402p, of £14.2 in the same period last. There was another big turnover year. Harris Queensway shares in Hanson Trust (some 28m ran back 30½ to 122p. Else-shares changed hands) which where, Sears initially edged up settled with a relatively modest to 141p following a note from Cifall of 5 at 134p. In complete the compared to the settled with a relatively modest to the compared of the settled with a relatively modest to 141p following a note from Cifall of 5 at 134p. In complete the settled with a relatively modest to 141p following a note from Cifall of 5 at 134p. In complete the settled with a relatively modest to 141p following a note from Cifall of 5 at 134p. Burton, regarded as a core hold-ing in the stores sector, touched

in the Press, before sliding

again and closed with wide-spread and sometimes substan-tial losses. Cadbury Schweppes fell 17% to 218p while Rewntree lost 31 at 412p. RHM were 17 lower at 297p and Dalgety 19 off at 308p. Falls in the region of 25 were seen in Hillsdown, 282p, and Booker, 381p. Leading Hotels soon relin-

14 to 228p.

International stocks were again dominated by the trend on Wall Street and, with transatiantic values falling sharply in the first hour of so of trading yesterday, domestic issues followed. However, a subsequent rally in the US prompted a recovery movement and stocks such as Glaze, still down % at £11%, closed above the day's lowest. Once again, trading conditions were extremely vols-

ticorp Scrimgeour Vickers des contrast, Renters took the previcribing the company as "one of ous day's recovery movement a the better defensive plays in the stage further, closing 9 to the sector", before sliding back to close a net 4 off at 132p after a turnover that topped 9m shares. while Reed International ran good at 552p. Elsewhere, British Aerospace reacted 49 to 414p, while Reed International ran back 44 to 410p and Pearson 42 to 768p. Blue Arrow were briskly traded before settling 3

cheaper on the day at 124p. Among the recently privatised

British Airways ended well above the worst at 166p, down 8, in a volume of 8.1m

pence of the year's low point be-fore recovering to end a net 39 lower at 409p. Rover also weakened noticeably to 70p, prior to settling only 10 off at 90p, while Lucas Industries encountered fresh pressure and lost 61 to 561p. Other casualties among Leading Hotals soon relin-quished Wednesday's gains fresh pressure and lost 61 to with Grand Metropolitan losing 561p. Other casualties among 17 to 458p and Ladbreke falling 24 at 376p. Trusthouse Forte lost 14 to 228p.

International stocks were again dominated by the trend on Wall Street and, with trans-

fall of 26 at 407p.

gave up 35 at 225p and Hartwell 14 to 110p. The tale of woe was repeated in Newspapers where United slumped 40 to 464p and Asseciated dipped 32 to 504p. Bund made a 1987 low of 174p before closing 20 lower 188p and DBG dropped 48 to 389p but remain-ing Paper/Printings were steadier. BPCC reacted 15 to

NEW HIGHS AND LOWS FOR 1987

BANKS (1), BUILDINGS (2), CHEMICALS (2), STORES (2), ELECTRICALS (3), ENGINEERING (2), FOODS (1), INDUSTRIALS (10), INSURANCE (1), MOTORS (1), PAPERS (1), PROPERTY (5), SHIPPING (1), TRUSTS (1), OVERSEAS TRADERS (1), MINES (5), THIRD MARKET (1).

Although down on Wednes-day's frenzied activity, business in Traded Options remained ac-Wednesday's rally in the Property sector proved short-lived and prices fell away again as nerves about the global short-lived and prices again as nerves about the global were transacten again as nerves about the global were transacten again as nerves about the global were transacten again as nerves about the global were transacten again as nerves about 123 to 40.041 calls and 45.071 puts. Authority and MEPC lost 25 at 440p. Hanson Trust were the most active stock and contibuted 3.519 above market estimates failed contract attracted 2.255 calls and 2.836 puts.

nervousness. All quality stocks sustained sizeable falls with Learns finishing 34 down at 251p and Incheape 47 lower at 680p. Harrisons & Crestield were also caught up in the uncertainty, losing 47 to 538p. I while Pelly Peck dipped 21 to 1280p. Although For rate indications see end of London Share Service

Stocks dealt in for the call included Barratt Developments, British Land, Burton, Tarmac, Dee Corporation, British Petrolome, STC, Ranson Trust, Trusthouse Forte, Boots, Blue Arrew, Tesco, Bolls-Reyce, Sears, Cluff Oll, ETZ, Lloyds Bank, Dares Estates, GEC, British Gas, Racel Evan International. Dunton Brothers, Ladbroke British Aerespace, Pentiand, British Airways, Leurho, Jaguar, Amstrad, Rothmuns, TSE, Sound Diffusion, Ahaco, Polly Peck, Scottish and Newcastle at

● First dealings Oct 5 ● Last dealings Oct 16 ● Last declarations Jan 7

TRADING VOLUME IN MAJOR STOCKS

following news that the pro-posed reverse takeover by privately-owned Berkley House had been called off. Textiles joined in the late re-covery movement, but still closed with some substantial losses. Courtuids ended 38 lower at 408p, while Dawson Inter-national settled 21 off at 271p. Bat Industries, down sharply at one stage, ended 41 cheaper at 498p, but Rethmans showed few signs of recovering, closing around the day's lowest with a Few miscellaneous Finan-cials escaped the market maul-ing. British & Commonwealth slipped 28 to 575p among a long list of losers. Independent mar-ketmakers. Smith New Court. In another heavy turnover, which topped 34m shares, BP initially moved up to 300p before slipping back to 270p and eventually ending the session a net 14½ lower at 282½; small investors were self to hear hear restors were said to have been tremes of 150p and 132p.

Overseas Traders wilted bad-

RISES AND FALLS YESTERDAY

away to close 5 down at 239p

These indices are the joint compilation of the Financial Times, the Institute of Actuaries and the Faculty of Actuaries

EQUITY GROUPS					Thursday October 22 1987					Wed Oct 21	Tae Oct 20	Mon Oct 19	Year ago (approx)	
& SUB-SECTIONS Figures in parentheses show number of stocks per section			ìnde No.		Es Earni 's Yiek ge (Ma	mas 1%	Grass Div. Yield% (Act at (27%)	Est. P/E Rado (Net)	ud adj. 1987 to date	index No.	Index No.	Index No.	index No.	
1	CAPITAL GOOD			798.	, -		78	3.54	14.32	18.17	854,68	815.65		645,00
2	Building Material Contracting, Cons		(55)	1026. 1531.			95 14	3.59 3.29	13,77	22.79 29.46	1994.94 1597.74	3038.98 3533.59		
4	Electricals (14)			2087.	90 -3	ع اعت	68	4.17	15.04	54.41	2169.45			
5	Electronics (34)						48	2.96	13.75	34.90	1839,83			1351.91
6	Mechanical Engir Metals and Metal			421			쑀	3.78 3.59	14.51 13.99	10.90 9.11	453.65 479.75			358.31 327.55
9	Motors (14)	rusining		303			59	3.70	12.77	5.86	333.19			
1Ó	Other Industrial A			1340.	47 -7	.0 7.	78	3.87	15.29	36.48	1442.07	1377.83	1566.12	1195,10
21 22	CONSUMER GROUP (183)			1081			설	3.25	16.66	18.23	1140.36			
22	Brewers and Distillers (22)		1918. 834.			89 83	3.62 3.72	12.77 14.63	17.52 16.66	1057.79 885.12				
25 26		Food Retailing (16)		2859.			33	2.87	18.63	39.17	2150.06			1867.60
27	Health and Household Products (10)					00	2.37	19.26	16.41	1972.42			1485.15	
29 31	Leisure (30)			1191. 568.			72 26	3.80 3.13	18.57 18.13	28.12 10.96	1253.94			394.46
32	Packaging & Paper (16) Publishing & Printing (15)						20 56	3.89	23.66	67.36	3983.86	597.06 3645.34		
34	Stores (35)			910			75]	323	17.48	1523	954.91	985.61		
35	Textiles (16)		(705.			95	3.27	12.92	12.45	763.68	726.28	818.49	527.59
40 41	OTHER GROUP!	5 (86)		307.			59) 35)	3.91	12.99 25.51	20.69 15.86	968.45 1248.15	915.23 1186.70		
42	Agencies (17) Chemicals (21)	******		1217. 1151.			56	1.86 3.99	14.29	32.85	1264.52			
43	Conglomerates (1	(5)		1161	15 -5		70	3.96	13.14	22.14	1243.76			
45	Shipping and Trai	rsport (II)	U	1923.	, -		ᄳ	4.28	14.91	51.44	2009.44	1950,28		
47 48	Telephone Netwo Miscellaneous (2)							4.56 3.59	11.65 18.39	18.98 32.87	%8.87 1412.98	997.58 1331.41	9%23 1583.31	732.77 1058.01
49	INDUSTRIAL G						46	3.50	14.89	19.44	3033.49	973.12		
51	Oil & Gas (17)						3	5.51	12.81	65.73	1867.38	_		
59	500 SHARE IND						اقة	3.79	14.55	23.43	1104.37			852.96
61	FINANCIAL GR		_	783			- 1	4.38		19.58	733.02			
62	Banks (8)			698			10	5.57	6.92	25.98	724.05	662.27	760.61	642.09
65	Insurance (Life)	(9)					Ì	4.58	-	31.49	1436.83	959,44		795.64
66	Insurance (Composite) (7)		537. 1833.			-el	5.12 5.54	11.91	15.97 38.19	552.42 1058.39	535.%	591.70	470.87	
67 68	Insurance (Brokers) (8)		431			" 3]	3.07	-	8.69	444.75	991.77 435.43	1101.37 490.68	1257.27 337.94	
69	Property (48)			1059.	39 -5	3 4	55]	2.81	28.42	15.63	1119.02	2068.57	1195.82	772,15
70	Other Financial (39	_332	17.23	18,24	501.94	469.51	539.98	348.84
71	Investment Trust	(88)		- 971			_	2.53		14.44	1614.24 492.30	971.98		
81 91	Mining Finance () Overseas Traders			479. 1002.			48 19	3.64 4.88	11.89 12.75	19.41 29.58	1689.10	512.24 1058.25	696.87 1211.61	325.29 725.02
99	ALL-SHARE IND			953			7	3.B4		22.01	1007.A7	951.95		782,16
	7.25 57.75			inde			.)	Day's	Oct	Oct	Oct	Des	Oct.	Year
				No.	Chan			Low	21	20	19	16	15	300
	FT-SE 100 SHAF	E INDE	K \$	183	.2 -110	1.6 195	9.9	1749.1	1943.5	3801.6	2052.3	2301.9	2361.9	
FIXED INTEREST						AVERAGE GROSS REDEMPTION YIELDS				Thu Oct 22	Wed Oct 21	Year ago (approx.)		
_	PRICE INDICES	This Oct 22	Day's change	Wed Oct 21	xd adj. today	xd ad). 1987 to date	2 3	Low Coupon	Efrema s	set Syears 15 years 25 rears		9.57 9.87 9.64	9.66 9.95 9.74	9.79 19.44 18.45
	British Government						1		9	Syears 5 years		10.17	10.28	11.22
1	I -	120.90	+0.18	120.69	_	9.45	5	Сопроп		15 years		10.05	10.18	10.81
2	5 years 5-15 years.,	133.87	+0.64	133.02		12.01	9	High		25 7025		9.82 10.25	9,91 19,35	10.45 11.33
3		141.73	+0.87	140.50		12.02	Ιá	111.	5	5 years 15 years		10.25	10.36	10.99
3 4	Over 15 years Irredeemables	157.80			_	8.81	9	1		25 year:		9.87	9.98	10.56
			_		_	11.20	10	Intelee	mables		 ‡_	9.84	9.97	30.20
- 3	5 All stocks				_			1-4-12-2						

Index-Linked
Inflation rate 5%
Inflation rate 10%
Inflation rate 10%

3.75 451 3.86 4.54

11.47 11.44 11.44

5yrs... (Nor 5 yrs... 5 yrs... Over 5 yrs...

3.78 4.53 3.90 4.56

11.63 11.63 11.44

11.03 11.55 11.55

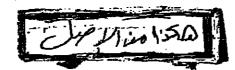
131.91 +0.53 131.21

114,11 +0.25 113.83

+0.37 | 104.78

6 5 years....

7 Over 5 years.



48 60 15 25 36 95 47 — 40 —

WORLD STOCK MARKETS Price + w Price - 170,000 - 4 1005,000 - 45 125,000 + 75 127,000 - 25 170,000 - 25 170,000 - 25 127,000 - 25 127,000 - 25 127,000 - 25 127,000 - 40 107,000 + 6 107,000 + 6 107,000 - 1,5 **CANADA** | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Price | Pric Sales Stack
19200 Company
19405 Commany
19405 Com Beth A
27300 Comiss Beth A
27300 Com Sale
19405 Cone Gan
4500 CTL Banh
4100 Contain Lid
21000 Costain A
22500 Deleon B
42250 Costain A
42250 Costain A
42250 Costain
42250 Fed Pion
42250 Gendel
42250 Gendel
42250 Gendel
42250 Gendel
42250 Gendel
42250 Gendel
42250 Gendel
42250 Gendel
42250 Gendel
42250 Hayes D
4440 Greythad
42250 Hayes D
4440 Greythad
42250 Hayes D
4440 Greythad
42250 Hayes D
4440 Greythad
42250 Hayes D
4440 Greythad
42250 Hayes D
4440 Greythad
42250 Hayes D
4440 Greythad
42250 Hayes D
4440 Greythad
42250 Hayes D
4440 Greythad
42250 Hayes D
4440 Greythad
42250 Hayes D
4440 Greythad
42250 Hayes D
4440 Greythad
42250 Hayes D
4440 Greythad
42250 Hayes D
4440 Greythad
42250 Hayes D
4440 Greythad
42250 Hayes D
4440 Greythad
42250 Hayes D
4440 Greythad
42250 Hayes D
4440 Greythad
42250 Hayes D
4440 Greythad
42250 Hayes D
4440 Greythad
42250 Hayes D
4440 Greythad
42250 Hayes D
4440 Greythad
42250 Hayes D
4440 Greythad
42250 Hayes D
4440 Greythad
42250 Hayes D
4440 Greythad
42250 Hayes D
4440 Greythad
42250 Hayes D
4440 Greythad
42250 Hayes D
4440 Greythad
42250 Hayes D
4440 Greythad
42250 Hayes D
4440 Greythad
42250 Hayes D
4440 Greythad
42250 Hayes D
4440 Greythad
42250 Hayes D
4440 Greythad
42250 Hayes D
4440 Greythad
42250 Hayes D
4440 Greythad
42250 Hayes D
4440 Greythad
42250 Hayes D
4440 Greythad
42250 Hayes D
4440 Greythad
42250 Hayes D
4440 Greythad
42250 Hayes D
4440 Greythad
42250 Hayes D
4440 Greythad ស្តីស្តី។ ១៧ប្រឹង្គមម៉ែត បានស្តីនារីដូក ៖ ស្តីនារីដូក ខែឧត្តៅ ម៉ែនសូចក្រុងនេះប្រឹក្សាលាក្រុងស្តីល្អ នារីស្តីនេះបានស្ថីនេះបានស្តីនេះបានស្ HONG KONG

Granker 19

Brack East Adda
Castly Paritie
Chem Kong
China Light
Entry
Hong Lang
Hong Lang
Hong Lang
Hong Lang
Hong China Light
King Severy Brack
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong China
Hong Chi DENMARK STALY indices australia 425.2(57)) 0et 16 0et 15 283.17 2.82 (25/8) 21/6/32 Det 14 43330 167.95 1223.20 1505.40(26/8) 8et 25 0±1 Set Set Set 21 20 19 High Low 1111 1,068 22 23 45 123.34 (15/10) SPAIN Madeid SE (50/)2/05) OVER-THE-COUNTER Nasdaq national market, 2.30pm prices 202.89(8/5 SWEDEN Jacobso & P. COLOZ/S&) 7111**19**(28/1) | Sales | High | Law | (Blads) | Law | (Blads) | Law | (Blads) | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | Law | L 8d. 21 Get 20 605.3 628.3 729,7(5/10) 2,598.1 2,598.5 2,398.8 2,962.6 1,597.5 (5/10/87) 1,988.2 (2/1/88) 3,987.6 - (a) 3,272.1 4,112.9 (13/8) 2,862.8 (20/18) WORLD M.S.Copical Incl. (1/1/70) | 1.5 490 | 114 | 1074 | 175 | 174 | 175 | 174 | 175 | 174 | 177 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 366.4 ല 1,548.56 1,811.30 1,404.04 1,604.15 2,224.77 (12/12) 1,481.84 (28/10) MITREAL Portíntio TOKYO – Most Active Stocks Thursday, October 22, 1987 Cleaking Prices 429 678 323 310 669 Classing Phica 1421/2 2821/2 134 187 823 Stocks Choing Traded Price 12,8c 287 18.8u 488 18.8u 353 9.4u 124 8.8u 132 - 30 - 34 - 61 - 44 - 10 - 40 - 29 - 41 - 34 - 36 - 49 - 14% - 20 - 53 - 48 Chief price changes LONDON (in pence-unless otherwise indicated) .389 .388 .414

Have your F.T. hand delivered in Norway

If you work in the business centres of BERGEN, OSLO or STAVANGER - gain the edge over your

Have your Financial Times personally delivered to your office at no extra charge and you will be fully briefed and alert to all the issues that influence or affect your

12 ISSUES FREE

market and your business.

When you take out your first subscription to the F.T., we'll send you 12 issues free. Then see for yourself why William Ungeheuer. Time magazine's senior financial correspondent, describes us as "the paper with the best coverage of international finance."

Rover Gr. _____ Smth New Crt .

- 40 - 32

Oslo (02) 684020 And ask Heidi Aastorp at Narvesen AS for details.

Travelling on Business to Athens? Enjoy reading your complimentary copy of the Financial Times when you're staying . . . at the Hotel Adheuseum, Astir Palace Hotel, Astir Vouliagments Hotel, Hotel Grande Bretagne, Hilton Hotel. FINANCIAL TIMES

Europe's Business Newspaper

| Fig. | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Single | Sin

YORK STOCK EXCHANGE COMPOSITE CLOSING PRICES 12 Mars | 12 Mars | 13 Mars | 14 Mars | 15 Mars | 15 Mars | 15 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mars | 16 Mar | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | Simple | S Smack 19h. Yell. 5100 High Parties of 19h. Yell. 52 1200 14h Parties of 12 1200 14h Parties Stock. Div.
MarshMe.40
MarshMe.40
MarshMe.40
MarshMe.40
MarshMe.40
MarshMe.40
MarshMe.40
MarshMe.40
Massimer.12a
Massimer.12a
Massimer.12a
Massimer.12a
Massimer.12a
Massimer.12a
Massimer.12a
MacDri wt
McDri vt
| 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 128 1-64 22 1887-24 1887-2 188 С CES In 50 32 27 |
CBI In 50 32 27 |
CBI In 50 32 27 |
CBI In 50 32 27 |
CBI In 50 32 27 |
CBI In 50 32 27 |
CBI In 50 32 27 |
CBI In 50 32 27 |
CBI In 50 32 27 |
CCR CIGNA 280 5.1 6 |
CIGNA 280 5.1 6 |
CIGNA 280 5.1 6 |
CIGNA 280 12 2 86 |
COM In 14 12 12 |
CAN IN 52 12 86 |
CPC 124 3.1 9 |
CPC 124 3.1 9 |
CPC 124 3.1 9 |
CPC 124 3.1 9 |
CPC 124 3.1 9 |
CPC 124 3.1 9 |
CPC 124 3.1 9 |
CPC 125 50 24 21 |
CAIL MA 3.10 CTS 50 24 21 |
CAIL MA 3.02 15 |
CAIL MA 4.3 10 CTS 50 24 21 |
CAIL MA 4.3 10 CTS 50 24 21 |
CAIL MA 4.3 10 CTS 50 24 21 |
CAIL MA 4.3 10 CTS 50 24 21 |
CAIL MA 4.3 10 CTS 50 24 21 |
CAIL MA 4.3 10 CTS 50 24 21 |
CAIL MA 4.3 10 CTS 50 24 21 |
CAIL MA 4.3 10 CTS 50 24 21 |
CAIL MA 4.3 10 CTS 50 24 21 |
CAIL MA 4.3 10 CTS 50 24 21 |
CAIL MA 4.3 10 CTS 50 24 21 |
CAIL MA 4.3 10 CTS 50 24 21 |
CAIL MA 4.3 10 CTS 50 24 21 |
CAIL MA 4.3 10 CTS 50 24 21 |
CAIL MA 4.3 10 CTS 50 24 21 |
CAIL MA 4.3 10 CTS 50 24 21 |
CAIL MA 4.3 10 CTS 50 24 21 |
CAIL MA 4.3 10 CTS 50 24 21 |
CAIL MA 4.3 10 CTS 50 24 21 |
CAIL MA 4.3 10 CTS 50 24 21 |
CAIL MA 4.3 10 CTS 50 24 21 |
CAIL MA 4.3 10 CTS 50 24 21 |
CAIL MA 4.3 10 CTS 50 24 21 |
CAIL MA 4.3 10 CTS 50 24 21 |
CAIL MA 4.3 10 CTS 50 24 21 |
CAIL MA 4.3 10 CTS 50 24 21 |
CAIL MA 4.3 10 CTS 50 24 21 |
CAIL MA 4.3 10 CTS 50 24 21 |
CAIL MA 4.3 10 CTS 50 24 21 |
CAIL MA 4.3 10 CTS 50 24 21 |
CAIL MA 4.3 10 CTS 50 24 21 |
CAIL MA 4.3 10 CTS 50 24 21 |
CAIL MA 4.3 10 CTS 50 24 21 |
CAIL MA 4.3 10 CTS 50 24 21 |
CAIL MA 4.3 10 CTS 50 24 21 |
CAIL MA 4.3 10 CTS 50 24 21 |
CAIL MA 4.3 10 CTS 50 24 21 |
CAIL MA 4.3 10 CTS 50 24 21 |
CAIL MA 4.3 10 CTS 50 24 21 |
CAIL MA 4.3 10 CTS 50 24 21 |
CAIL MA 4.3 10 CTS 50 24 21 |
CAIL MA 50 24 24 24 24 |
CAIL MA 50 24 24 24 24 |
CAIL MA 50 24 24 24 |
CAIL MA 50 24 24 24 |
CAIL MA 50 24 24 24 |
CAIL MA 50 24 24 24 |
CAIL MA 50 24 24 24 |
CAIL MA 50 24 24 24 |
CAIL MA 50 24 24 24 |
CAIL MA 50 24 24 24 |
CAIL MA 50 24 24 24 |
CAIL MA 50 24 24 24 |
CAIL MA 50 24 24 24 |
CAIL MA 50 24 24 24 |
CAIL MA 50 24 24 24 |
CAIL MA 50 24 24 24 |
CAIL 1876 4766 3 550 1 19 141 102 241 1 1 1672 1776 9 2335 4034 44 859 28 75 72 21 1319 7236 1114 14 2434 1812 15'2 16 8'3 21'14 40'4 40'4 40'4 8'3 72 20 12'2 64'2 11'8 12'49 18'4 | 20 | 10 | 120 | 160 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | Navistry
Nav writh
Nav writh
Nav writh
Nav writh
Nav pritty
Navistry
Nav pritty
Navistry
Navi 427721017643662027782788828825632555255577755521568

Financial Times Friday October 23 1987 Ø

The second of th

	A PROPERTY OF	OSING PRICES
M W	1/4/2	
. 7 4 1		

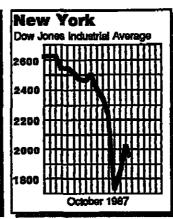
AMEX COMPOSITE CLOSING PRICES

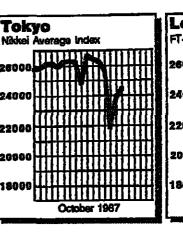
NISE COMPOSITE CLOSING PRICES	AMEX COMPOSITE CLOSING PRICES
12 No. 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Seed, 19, 17, 186, 186, 186, 186, 186, 186, 186, 186
274, 191, Phillip alle 4.1 8 3133 201, 191, 191, 191, 191, 191, 191, 191, 1	Stanck Subs High Law Last Chang Stanck Subs High Law Last Chan
274, 191, Phillip alle 4.1 8 3133 201, 191, 191, 191, 191, 191, 191, 191, 1	(linds) (linds) (linds)
134 87 8L and 186 18. 12 38 176 86 28 635 254 114 171 171 20 187 171 254 127 115 114 115 115 115 115 115 115 115 115	Chirchia 51 130 152 14 144 3 February 232 242 242 247 2 Kaman 84 13 81 271 256 255 31 0 Okipt 5 172 172 172 172 173 173 173 173 173 173 173 173 173 173
4 St SHCHE 278 8 79 1154 11 Her An out t co led the that he	•

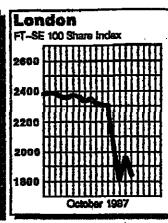
FINANCIAL TIMES

WORLD STOCK MARKETS









AMERICA-

Fed's move helps to trim falls

WALL STREET

REELING under another wave of a steep drop in prices yesterday, writes Roderick Oram in New York. The setback was seen in part as an inevitable, albeit violent, technical reaction to the strong partial re-covery stocks had made from Mon- A very poo

day's historic collapse. Bond markets were also hit by abnormal pressures which drove prices up more than three points and sent yields skidding sharply lower. A heavy supply of reserves to the banking system by the Federal Reserve in mid-morning helped

stabilise stock and bond markets. Many investors, particularly forigners, took advantage of Wednesday's relative strength to sell stocks sterday. Secondary and tertiary firmed later. stocks were hit harder than the blue chips. The deluge of orders delayed the opening of trading in two-clients that the volatility was likely thirds of the 30 stocks in the Down to continue for some time. Shearson Jones industrial average and many

recevered partially to close down 77.42 points at 1.950.43.

Broader market indices were relthe-counter composite index drop- see a "horrendous bear market."

week but remained heavy. The New York Stock Exchange crossed 393m shares compared with 449m and selling, Wall Street stocks suffered 608m on Wednesday and Tuesday,

The trend was strongly negative with the number of declining issues leading those advancing by a ratio

A very poor opening for Wall Street seemed on the cards from well before the opening as sell order flooded into brokers after a sharp sell-off of US stocks in Europe earlier in the day and wild gyr-ations on the London stock market. Rumours that Mr Robert Prech-

ter, a widely followed market guru, had told his clients prices had reached a resistance level and would fall to new lows blackened the mood. His pessimism was con-

A high degree of caution pre-vailed with analysts warning their Lehman Brothers advised investors "not to speculate" in the market for The index dropped nearly 130 now. It expects the Dow Industrials points in the first hour, but the to trade in a neutral zone between pressure eased somewhat later. It 1,800 and 2,000 for the next four

Chrysler said it was cutting the stock part of its pension fund by 15 atively worse off than the Dow, percentage points to 20 per cent Mr with the Standard & Poor's 500 los- Fred Zuckerman, treasurer of the ing 10.14 to 248.25, the New York third largest car maker and an of-Stock Exchange composite index ten-quoted funds manager said he falling 5.57 to 139.45 and the over-was "almost positive" the US will ing 15.73 to 336.13. "You ain't seen nothing yet be-Trading volume abated from the cause I do not believe it is politi-

financial community that we... will reverse the budget and trade deficits and begin to run our fiscal affaire in a responsible manner '

One of the few stocks bucking the renewed downward trend was Gerber Products which rose \$% to \$32. The baby food maker reported sharply higher third quarter re-

Santa Fe Southern Pacific, was up \$\% to \$51 on heavy volume. It has long been considered a takeover target and it is selling, under pressure from Washington antipressure from Washington anti-irust regulators, its Southern Pacif-97% yielding 9.11 per cent. ic railway subsidiary.

Rorer dropped \$1 to \$37% after it anounced it was negotiating to buy back 1.9m shares, or 8.6 per cent of its total, from Mr Alan Clore, the British investor

Among the latest companies to announce stock buybacks, NWA, parent of Northwest Airlines, fell \$1% to \$41%, Aristech, the chemical company spun-off by USX less than a year ago, slipped \$% to \$22%, and First Interstate Bancorp lost \$1% to

A number of companies reported higher third-quarter profits yester-day. BankAmerica fell \$% to \$9%, Union Pacific lost \$2% to \$54, Controi Data gave up \$2% to \$23%, Telerate declined \$2% to \$13%, Chubb dropped \$1% to \$60, Ashland Oil fell Montreal also took a tumble, falling

slaughtered yet again. Expectations ing trading to 1399.70.

nted levels earlier this cally possible to do what the count that money would flood into credit emained heavy. The New try has to do to reassure the world markets drove up the price of bonds

securities dropped by about one quarter of a point and the spread between Treasury and Eurodollar deposit rates doubled to almost two and a half points, underscoring the flight to quality. As the cost of money tumbled, many money centre banks cut their prime lending rate by quarter of a point to 9 per cent. By late afternoon, the price of the benchmark 8.75 per cent Treasury

CANADA

THIS week's extraordinary gyra-tions on the Toronto stock market continued yesterday, with prices plunging in very active trading to wipe out more than half of Wednesday's record gains, writes David Owen in Toronto.

By 4pm, the benchmark TSE-300 composite index was off 139.48 points at 3106.70. At the last count volume was running at some 6 per cent above Wednesday's levels when 66.8m shares had changed hands by the end of the day. Final figures were again expected to be somewhat delayed. The market portfolio index in

84.40 points to 1526.99. So did the Credit markets were rocked early in the session as word ran round Stock Exchange index, which plumwall Street that stocks would be metted 70.42 points in early morn-

EUROPE

Alexander Nicoll examines a continued crisis of confidence

London swings nervously lower

several points in less than half an ANYBODY who wanted to behour.

Yields on short-term government week were just a nasty blip, and that normal life in the world's stock markets would now resome had their illusions finally and rudely shattered yesterday.

European and North American markets were shown still to be extraordinarily fragile - susceptible to sudden big fluctuations on the basis of expecta-tions about other markets and to news which might otherwise have little effect.

By the end of the day, there was considerable concern about today's likely opening levels in Tokyo following sharp markdowns on Japanese share prices in the London market af-ter Tokyo had closed.

London again saw swings which before this week would have been inconceivable, but by now appear distressingly com-monplace. After a relatively steady start following gains in New York and Tokyo, the Lon-don market was hit by a belief that institutions would desert

equities for gilts. This was fuelled by one particularly large
portfolio switch from equities
into glit-edged securities.

Prospects for gilts, of which
institutions have been net seilers over a long and dull period
for the UK fixed income market,
have improved considerably in
line with those of the US and

London futures traders: full fall-out may be yet to come

Europe turns skittish

Street did indeed open lower. Then Wall Street came off its lows, and so did London in re....

V. 9 E.

1176

is and

M. T.

The result was that the FT-SE 100 Index, which struggled to climb 16.1 points higher during the morning, dropped to about 80 points lower by lunchtime, then hit a low 194.7 points down before recovering to end 110.6 points lower at 1,833.2. The narrower FT Ordinary index ended the day 92.0 points down at 1,435.3. European markets also lost substantial ground.

Although analysts believe that London and many other markets are now at levels which present buying opportunities based upon economic fundamentals, they also recgonise that the full fall-out from the crash may remain yet to be felt. Also overhanging the market

is the £7.2bn issue of British Petroleum shares, which is ever more likely to remain with the underwriters after applications

ASIA

Tokyo up despite lingering fears

TOKYO

THE TOKYO stock market vesterday continued to recover from the impact of the crash on Wall Street which earlier this week hit equity markets world-wide, writes Stefan Wagstyl in

Other stock markets have

The Nikkei index of leading stocks yesterday closed 457.05 higher at 24.404.45, as investors took heart from a record recovhelief that the Japanese econo-

HONG KONG remained closed but unofficial off-exchange trad-ing has continued in some shares. The Stock Exchange has

my is strong.

One senior Japanese equity trader said that Tokyo now had a duty to lead other markets to "normal trading condi-

of confidence there was also a fear that a sharp reverse on

Following the events of the last week, Tokyo, with a market capitalisation of \$2,540bn, has increased its lead over New

But behind this growing sense Wall Street could once again hit

However, traders drew confi-

the morning's gains, which at one stage briefly pushed the Nikkei over 1.000 points above the previous day's close.

The strongest performers were heavy industrial, construction and transport stocks reflecting hopes that Mr Nobobeen left trailing by the speed of the recovery in Tokyo, which has now recouped 65 per cent of the ground lost in Tuesday's record-breaking fall. in US growth would hit sales.

Shigeo Nishiwaki of Jiji Press.

the previous day lost ground on profit-taking in late trading. Hi-tachi slumped Y60 to Y1,260 afordered members to report all ter climbing Y60 at one stag ansettled transactions by today. Fujitsu Y80 to Y1,230, NEC Y1. a move which brokers say is to Y2,060 and Matsushita Ele aimed at forcing out illegal short tric industrial Y150 to Y2,150. ter climbing Y60 at one stage, Fujitsu Y80 to Y1,230, NEC Y110 to Y2,060 and Matsushita Elec-

Large-capitals, closed higher on a wide front: Nippon Steel stayed the most active stock, with 146.32m shares traded and firmed Y10 to Y420 after advancing Y24 momentarily, while Kawasaki Steel, second busiest with 70.33m shares, added Y8 to Y223 and Nippon Kokan Y2 TO Y330. Conversely, Sumitomo Metal weakened Y15 to Y295.

Electric railways and shippings accounted for four of the 10 most active stocks. Kawasaki Kisen Kaisha, fourth busiest with 53.18m shares, hardened Y30 to Y310, Nippon Yusen Y24 to Y669, Keisei Electric Railway Y39 to Y879 and Tokyu Y160 to

comber contract recovered the face value of Y100 at one stage but later slackened on investo

out later succeeded on investor concern over rapid rises. The yield on the benchmark 5.1 per cent government bond due in June 1996 rose from Wednes-day's 5.580 finish to 5.585 per cent after dipping to 5.555 per cent temporarily. On the Osaka Securities Exchange (OSE), the OSE stock average scored the third largest

gain on record of 566.26 points to 24.810.18, with buying centr-Volume expanded from 1.12bn to 1.41bn shares and advances led declines 701 to 242, with 76 issues unchanged, adds ing on domestic demand-related stocks. Turnover swelled 12.46m shares from the previous day to 114.70m shares. High-technology and other is-sues that had gained strongly

TAIPEI: The Taiwan market fell for the third consecutive session. Analysts attributed this to the daily 5 per cent maximum loss allowed by the Government which prevented prices falling further in the previous session.

BANGKOK: Prices consolidated after the previous two-day record drop as buyers sought bargains. But the recovery was marred by some late selling

KUALA LUMPUR: Buyers lured by low prices after two days of panic selling returned to Malaysian issues, driving them higher. But gains were trimmed late in the session.

AUSTRALIA

AN EARLY jamp in Australian markets faded away later in the day as Wednesday's sell-off in Tokyo scared investors. The All Ordinaries index, Neave \$\$1.50 to \$\$2.80 an which rose nearly 150 points Darby 80 cents to \$\$2.70.

dence from the fact that investors stayed calm during a big after having soared for two days ed up 59.6 at 1,628.5 while the bout of profit-taking yesterday on end. On the government gold index rose 195.1 to 2,611.1 afternoon. This cut sharply into clines for the first time this

> The December index futures contract closed at 1,500, up from Wednesday's 1,455, but well be low the day's high of 1,680 and also at a sharp discount to the stockmarket index.

Despite a rally in the gold price overnight, Homestake Gold of Australia, a unit of Ho-mestake Mining of the US, was quoted for the first time at A\$1.80 and about 2m shares changed hands. The share was issued recently at A\$2.30.

Elsewhere in golds, Poseidon jumped 70 cents to A\$4.50, Emperor Mines added a similar amount to A\$7 and Newmont Australia added 30 cents to A\$2.40.

SINGAPORE

BRISK trading helped Singa-pore stage a strong recovery and the Straits Times index regained 125.51 to 1,087.01 after its record plunge from 1,223.28 on

Local bargain hunters picke up blue chips and other quality issues while overseas investors continued their selling trend.

Banks dominated issues S\$1.10 to S\$7.50 and DBS advanced S\$2.40 to S\$11.80. Elsewhere, Singapore Air-lines, the most active stock with 3.5m shares traded, gained S\$1.90 to S\$10.60, Fraser and

among private investors." Yesterday's selling was pre-lominantly from foreign and in-Neave S\$1.50 to S\$8.80 and Sime

Frankfurt drops and is expected to stay shaky

WEST GERNAN share prices yesterday slid downhill again after their hrief mid-week recovery. Most analysts expect the market to remain shaky until clear signs emerge that the US economic problems are being tackled more energetically, writes Andrew Fisher in Frankfact.

The Commershank index, cal-culated at mid-session, shed 4 per cent to 1,707.3, having risen by nearly 7 per cent on Wednes-day, Last Friday, the index steed at 1,876.6. Again, trading was ex-tended to come with the volume ied to cope with the volume

"The market is going to remain range marmet is going to remain very, very volatile and continue going up and down, according to confidence on Wall Street rather than taking heed of domestic canditions," Mr Jeseph Booney, an analyst in German shares with 17% stockbrobers James Carrier 17% stockbrobers 17% stockbrobers 17% stockbrobers 17% s with UK stockbrokers James Capel. said

Although many German shares looked undervalued at present he added: 'If the outcome (of the plunge in US share values) is that consumer confidence is rocked in the US so that a recession sets in, then that throws a different perspective on the mar-All sectors showed substantia

All sectors snowed sassumus price declines. Among banks, Deutsche Bank lost DM37 to close at DM560, while VW (down DM20 to DM332) and Daimler-Benz (down DM70 to DM915)

Electrical Siemens dropped OM28 to DM560 and AEG fell DM20.50 to DM286.50. The index updated throughout the session by Boersen-Zeitung, the Frankfurt financial dally, showed a sharper full than Com-mersbank's. Its closing level, which took account of late sell-

ing, was 6.7 per cent lower at

and sellers erase gains

A NEEVOUS shudder over early falls in London and New York sent European bourses skidding to close lower, in large part nullifying Wednesday's gains, writes our markets staff.

BRUSSRIA dropped steeply in a deluge of selling as frantic as the previous day's buying, with investors keeping a worried eye on market weakness throughout Europe. The flood forced two extensions of the offorced two extensions of the of-ficial trading session, which finally closed 11/2 hours later than The cash market index lost

20.88 to 4,624.41, and although no forward index was released brokers said shares there fell by an average 5 per cent Blue chips sank back heavily. Petrofina saw BFr375 sliced from Wednesday's BFr500 gain to close at BF-11 075 and observi-

from Wednesday's BFr500 gain to close at BFr11,075 and chemical Solvay dived 6.3 per cent to BFr11,800, a BFr800 fall. Gevaert and UCB followed suit, tumbling BFr330 to BFr9,470 and BFr250 to BFr8,150.

Holdings were also hauled back, Reserve losing BFr245 to BFr3,065, Sofina BFr475 to BFr12,400 and Cohena BFr390 BFr12,400 and Cobepa BFr390 to BFr5,510. Banks, however, found some support and Kre-dietbank managed a BFr140 gain to BFr4.000.

AMSTERDAM moved steeply lower on pessimism over early Wall Street losses and news of Iran's attack on a Kuwaiti oil installation. The market drew some late spirit, however, from railies in London and New York The all-share trend index was 6.2 down at 78.6. At its worst, the index was 10.8 per cent down on Wednesday's

Internationals, however, took some punishment, with Akzo off some panishment, with Akzo off Fl 10 at Fl 134 and Royal Dutch 10.40 lower at Fl 215.15. Unilev-er shed Fl 5 to Fl113 and KLM landed Fl 2.80 down at Fl39.70. Philips was shaved Fl 4 to close at Fl 39.50 after saying it controlled 98 per cent of the shares in North American Phi-lins Corporation by the time its Ti's working like a yo-yo, said offer expired on Weomershalk, of the hourse movement.

The working like a yo-yo, said offer expired on Weomershalk of the Aircraft group Fokker, though, defiantly added 50 cents to F134.50 on speculation that the Dutch Government was to buy a stake in the companion of the compani ny to ease its financial prob-

> ZURICH slumped back in a flush of profit-taking spurred by

The Key Market Meniters have been dropped from today's edi-tion to accommedate more reports on market movements around the world. Market indi-ces, lists of the most active stocks and London's chief price changes can be found on Page 47.

pessimism over early US stock No sector escaped the gloom Union Bank gave up SFr450 to SFr4,000 and Credit Suisse fell SFr210 to SFr2,800, while Swiss Bank lost SFr37 to SFr430. Engineering issues continued to weaken, Brown Boveri by SFr150 to SFr2.475, Oerlikon-Buehrle by SFr65 to SFr1.325 and Georg Fischer by SFr205 to SFr1.225.

SFr1,225. Swiss Re dropped SFr500 to SFr16,500 as insurers dipped again. Zurich, which missed Wednesday's rally, shed SFr400 to SFr6,100 and Winterthur fell another SFr525 to SFr6,050. Other financials showed some resistance and Adia edged just SFr50 lower to SFr8,950. Foods fared poorly, though, with Nestle down SFr500 at SFr9,200 and Jacobs Suchard SFr450 off at SFr9,000. Chemi-

cal Ciba-Geigy, which unveiled a three-year plan to invest SFribn on safety and modernisation measures, fell SFr350 to

PARIS retreated from the previous two sessions' gains amid widespread scepticism

A speculative flight from blue chips left Elf a further FFr10 down at FFr279, Thomson-CSF FFr60 off at FFr940 and Peugeot FFr60 cheaper at FFr1,255.

News that Cie du Midi had re-News that the du mid had re-ceived UK approval for its take-over of insurance broker Equity and Law did not prevent its stock dipping FFr60 to FFr976. Better first half results also failed to stem slides for Michelin, off FFr9 to FFr264, and Perforecast of lower profits for the year knocked Schneider FF125 down to FF1300.

MILAN retreated broadly and nervously, with prices contin-uing to cheapen in trading after the close. The MIB closed 11 lower at 836.

Quality issues were well bid at the opening but lost Wednes-day's momentum when weak-ness in Montedison shifted the mood. It closed L36 lower at L1,990, but said after the close it was not planning to delay its L1,000bn rights issue. Olivetti dropped L350 to L10,050. Fiat opened firmer but slid as

market confidence waned to close L149 down at L10.710. Insurer Generali followed a similar pattern to end the day L475 off at L101,350. MADRID ended mixed to low-

er in directionless trade. The general index slipped 1.9 to 279.05. Foods and banks fell further, but chemicals edged higher, en-couraged by strong support ear-lier this week from the Kuwaiti Investment Office.

STOCKHOLM swung sharply lower in tandem with prices in London as private investors paced the market.

Among the biggest losers, Vol-vo lost SKr21 to SKr350, while Sash-Scania dipped SKr5 to SKr250. Skandia and Skanska both cheapened by SKr10 to SKr233 and SKr330 respective-ly.

OSLO finished mixed in hectic trade torn in opposite direc-tions as dealers differed over signals from the UK and US markets. The all-share index, fell 5.10 to 347.95.

HELSINKI was Europe's sole gainer, with the Unitas all-share index 0.6 per cent up at

formation on costs and produc-

bourse records, rebounded on Wednesday after the consecutive slumps of what has become known here, too, as Black Monday and Tuesday.

ing words from the Mexican The previous day, the 49-stock index rose 8.5 per cent, after re-cord falls of 18.5 per cent on Monday and 13.3 per cent on

the uniform retreat earlier in the week. Traditional stars like Penoles, the world's largest pri-vate silver producer, and Vitro,

The sharpest percentage leaps on Wednesday, however, were Telmex, the state-owner telecommunications company, and Mexicana, the governmentcontrolled airline. They rose 42 per cent and 37 per cent respec-

The recovery was led by intively, after losing about half should not trigger further falls dustrial and mining stocks their quoted value on Monday in the Mexico City market bewhich had been beaten back in and Tuesday.

on Tuesday.

Mr Gustavo Petricioli, the Finance Minister, attempting to New York is back to where it reassure investors, said the was in June 1966, the Mexico Government would "ensure the City market has fallen back to necessary strength and liquidi-where it was in August this

no involvement here.
The extent of the Mexican re-

This year's raging bull market

cent in the nine months to the end of September. In dollar terms, this was a leap of 329 per

In the third quarter alone, Mexico's rise exceeded that of any other bourse for the year as a whole.

The index went through the roof between the end of September and October 5, the first trading day after Planning Min-ister Carlos Salinas de Gortari was named to succeed President Miguel de la Madrid.

It put on an additional 13 per cent to reach an intra-day all-time high of 387,000 before the Government suspended-trading to prevent what it saw

middle of the year, these have pulled the market far beyond the revaluation of industrial shares which seemed justified by first half corporate results.

Johannesburg dips as computers fail again

rises in gold and platinum which developed from Iran's at-

tack on Kuwait's oil terminal. Gold shares again shifted into

Vaal Reefs slipped R2 to R408 ground with a R2.50 drop to R46.50 as analysts gave the company's planned R300m capital raising plans the thumbs down. Analysts left yesterday morning's presentation on Impala's new mine development plans disappointed at the company's refusal to disclose critical in-

Mexico: world's fastest climber braces for fall-out which in its dizzying rise this year has broken all known bourse records when the recovery was led by the bourse records when the recovery was led by the bourse records when the recovery was led by the bourse records when the recovery was led by the bourse records when the recovery was led by the bourse records when the recovery was led by the bourse records when the recovery was led by the bourse records when the recovery was led by

Yesterday the index opened at 250,221 and traders were the blue chip glass monopoly, tensing against further fall-out from Wall Street despite soothrose 20 per cent.

BY DAVID GARDNER IN MEDICO CITY

. Although some analysts suspected the Government was underpinning the rally, buyers began reappearing in the market in search of bargains from late that of Wall Street. As Mr Timother Proceeds:

ty of banks and brokerages. He year.' argued that events in New York Thi

thereby ensuring the continuity of structural economic reforms.

as a speculative bubble from bursting. Between October 5 and last Friday, a jittery market lost 17 per cent Most analysts had been ex-Most analysis had been ex-pecting a substantial further correction anyway, particularly to financial stocks. Since the

COMPUTER over-loading again plagued the Johannesburg Vaal Reef Stock Exchange yesterday with and Kloof Stock Exchange yesterday with and Kloof was unchanged at the start of trading set back R47.50 among heavyweight gold from its normal 9.30 am until issues. Impala Platinum lost lunchtime as brokers scrambled to complete the previous shortened day's orders, writes im Jones in Johannesburg. When trading did begin investors avoided the siren call of the

lower ground, though losses tion estimates.